



Linnaeus University

1DT301 - Computer Technology 1 Assignment 4

Group number: Group I

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Task1

```

@
@ Assembler program to flash one LED controlled by two buttons
@ connected to the Raspberry Pi GPIO writing to the registers
@ directly.
@

#include "hardware/regs/addressmap.h"
#include "hardware/regs/sio.h"
#include "hardware/regs/io_bank0.h"
#include "hardware/regs/pads_bank0.h"

    .EQU LED_PIN, 0
    .EQU BUTTON_1, 1
    .EQU BUTTON_2, 2

.thumb_func
.global main                @ Provide program starting address

    .align 4                @ necessary alignment
main:

MOV     R0,    #LED_PIN      @ Initialize the LED and set it to output
BL      gpioinit
MOV     R0,    #BUTTON_1    @ Initialize BUTTON_1 and set it to input
BL      gpioinit
MOV     R0,    #BUTTON_2    @ Initialize BUTTON_2 and set it to input
BL      gpioinit

button_1:
MOV R0, #BUTTON_1
BL gpio_get
CMP R0, #1    @ compare the value in R0 with 1
BNE led_off  @ if not equal to 1, branch to led_off
B button_2   @ if equal to 1, branch to button_2

button_2:
MOV R0, #BUTTON_2
BL gpio_get
CMP R0, #1    @ compare the value in R0 with 1
BNE led_on   @ if not equal to 1, branch to led_on
B button_1   @ if equal to 1, branch to button_1

led_on:
MOV     R0,    #LED_PIN      @ turn on the LED
BL      gpio_on
B       button_2
BX      lr

led_off:
MOV     R0,    #LED_PIN      @ turn off the LED
BL      gpio_off
B       button_1
BX      lr

@ Initialize the GPIO to SIO. r0 = pin to init.

gpioinit:
@ Initialize the GPIO
MOV     R3,    #1
LSL     R3,    R0              @ shift over to pin position
LDR     R2,    gpiobase       @ address we want
STR     R3,    [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OE_SET_OFFSET]

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        STR        R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OUT_CLR_OFFSET]

@ Enable input and output for the pin
        LDR        R2, padsbank0
        LSL        R3, R0, #2                @ pin * 4 for register address
        ADD        R2, R3                    @ Actual set of registers for pin
        MOV        R1, #PADS_BANK0_GPIO0_IE_BITS
        LDR        R4, setoffset
        ORR        R2, R4
        STR        R1, [R2, #PADS_BANK0_GPIO0_OFFSET]

@ Set the function number to SIO.
        LSL        R0, #3                    @ each GPIO has 8 bytes of registers
        LDR        R2, iobank0 @ address we want
        ADD        R2, R0                    @ add the offset for the pin number
        MOV        R1, #IO_BANK0_GPIO3_CTRL_FUNCSEL_VALUE_SIO_3
        STR        R1, [R2, #IO_BANK0_GPIO0_CTRL_OFFSET]
        BX         LR

@ Turn on a GPIO pin.
gpio_on:
        MOV        R3, #1
        LSL        R3, R0 @ shift over to pin position
        LDR        R2, gpiobase @ address we want
        STR        R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OUT_SET_OFFSET]
        BX         LR

@ Turn off a GPIO pin.
gpio_off:
        MOV        R3, #1
        LSL        R3, R0 @ shift over to pin position
        LDR        R2, gpiobase @ address we want
        STR        R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OUT_CLR_OFFSET]
        BX         LR

@ Get the state of a push button
gpio_get:
        MOV        R3, #1
        LSL        R3, R0 @ shift over to pin position
        LDR        R2, gpiobase @ address we want
        @ load the address we want in R1
        LDR        R1, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_IN_OFFSET]
        @ compare R3 and R1 by using AND, store it in R3
        AND        R3, R3, R1
        @ shift right and return one bit digit, storing it in R0
        LSR        R3, R3, R0
        MOV        R0, R3
        BX         LR

        .align 4 @ necessary alignment

gpiobase: .word    SIO_BASE @ base of the GPIO registers
iobank0:  .word    IO_BANK0_BASE @ base of io config registers
padsbank0: .word    PADS_BANK0_BASE
setoffset: .word    REG_ALIAS_SET_BITS

```

Task2

```

@
@ Assembler program to flash four LEDs connected to the
@ Raspberry Pi GPIO using timer interrupts to show 0000 to
@ 1111 in hexadecimal mode.
@

#include "hardware/regs/addressmap.h"
#include "hardware/regs/sio.h"
#include "hardware/regs/timer.h"
#include "hardware/regs/io_bank0.h"
#include "hardware/regs/pads_bank0.h"
#include "hardware/regs/m0plus.h"

    .EQU RESET_BUTTON, 0
    .EQU LED_PIN1, 1
    .EQU LED_PIN2, 2
    .EQU LED_PIN3, 3
    .EQU LED_PIN4, 4

    .EQU alarm0_isr_offset, 0x40

.thumb_func          @ Needed since SDK uses BX to call us
.global main         @ Provide program starting address

    .align 4         @ necessary alignment
main:
    BL      stdio_init_all          @ initialize uart or usb

@ Init the reset button and four pins for the four LEDs as output
    MOV     R0, #RESET_BUTTON
    BL      gpioinit
    MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
    BL      gpioinit
    MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
    BL      gpioinit
    MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
    BL      gpioinit
    MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
    BL      gpioinit

    BL      set_alarm0_isr          @ set the interrupt handler
    LDR     R0, alarmtime           @ load the time to sleep
    BL      set_alarm0             @ set the first alarm

loop:
    MOV     R7, #0                  @ counter

    LDR     R0, =printstr           @ string to print
    MOV     R1, R7                  @ counter
    BL      printf                  @ print counter
    MOV     R0, #1                  @ add 1
    ADD     R7, R0                  @ to counter

    B       loop                   @ loop forever

set_alarm0:
    @ Set the next alarm on alarm 0
    @ R0 is the length of the alarm

    @ Enable timer 0 interrupt
    LDR     R2, timerbase
    MOV     R1, #1                  @ for alarm 0
    STR     R1, [R2, #TIMER_INTE_OFFSET]

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        @ Set alarm
        LDR        R1, [R2, #TIMER_TIMELR_OFFSET]
        ADD        R1, R0
        STR        R1, [R2, #TIMER_ALARM0_OFFSET]

        BX        LR

.thumb_func @ necessary for interrupt handlers
@ Alarm 0 interrupt handler and state machine.
alarm_isr:
        PUSH        {LR}        @ calls other routines
        @ Clear the interrupt
        LDR        R2, timerbase
        MOV        R1, #1        @ for alarm 0
        STR        R1, [R2, #TIMER_INTR_OFFSET]

        @ Disable/enable LEDs based on state
        LDR        R2, =state @ load address of state
        LDR        R3, [R2]    @ load value of state
        MOV        R0, #1
        ADD        R3, R0        @ increment state
        STR        R3, [R2]    @ save state
step1:    MOV        R1, #1        @ case state == 1
        CMP        R3, R1
        BNE        step2        @ not == 1 check next
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL        gpio_off
        B        finish
step2:    MOV        R1, #2        @ case state == 2
        CMP        R3, R1
        BNE        step3        @ not == 2 then case next
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL        gpio_off
        B        finish
step3:    MOV        R1, #3        @ case state == 3
        CMP        R3, R1
        BNE        step4        @ not == 3 then case next
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL        gpio_off
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL        gpio_off
        B        finish
step4:    MOV        R1, #4        @ case state == 4
        CMP        R3, R1
        BNE        step5        @ not == 4 then case next
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV        R0, #LED_PIN2

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BL      gpio_on
MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
BL      gpio_off
MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
BL      gpio_off
B       finish
step5:  MOV     R1, #5      @ case state == 5
        CMP     R3, R1
        BNE     step6     @ not == 5 then case next
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL      gpio_off
        B       finish
step6:  MOV     R1, #6      @ case state == 6
        CMP     R3, R1
        BNE     step7     @ not == 6 then case next
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL      gpio_off
        B       finish
step7:  MOV     R1, #7      @ case state == 7
        CMP     R3, R1
        BNE     step8     @ not == 7 then case next
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL      gpio_off
        B       finish
step8:  MOV     R1, #8      @ case state == 8
        CMP     R3, R1
        BNE     step9     @ not == 8 then case next
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL      gpio_on
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL      gpio_off
        B       finish
step9:  MOV     R1, #9      @ case state == 9
        CMP     R3, R1
        BNE     step10    @ not == 9 then case next
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL      gpio_off
        MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL      gpio_on

```

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B          finish
step10:    MOV     R1, #10      @ case state == 10
          CMP     R3, R1
          BNE     step11      @ not == 10 then case next
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
          BL      gpio_on
          B       finish
step11:    MOV     R1, #11      @ case state == 11
          CMP     R3, R1
          BNE     step12      @ not == 11 then case next
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
          BL      gpio_on
          B       finish
step12:    MOV     R1, #12      @ case state == 12
          CMP     R3, R1
          BNE     step13      @ not == 12 then case next
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
          BL      gpio_on
          B       finish
step13:    MOV     R1, #13      @ case state == 13
          CMP     R3, R1
          BNE     step14      @ not == 13 then case next
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
          BL      gpio_on
          B       finish
step14:    MOV     R1, #14      @ case state == 14
          CMP     R3, R1
          BNE     step15      @ not == 14 then case next
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN2
          BL      gpio_off
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN3
          BL      gpio_on
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN4
          BL      gpio_on
          B       finish
step15:    MOV     R1, #15      @ case state == 15
          CMP     R3, R1
          BNE     step16      @ not == 15 then case else
          MOV     R0, #LED_PIN1

```

```

        BL        gpio_off
        MOV       R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV       R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV       R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL        gpio_on
        B         finish
step16:  MOV       R0, #LED_PIN1           @ case else
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV       R0, #LED_PIN2
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV       R0, #LED_PIN3
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV       R0, #LED_PIN4
        BL        gpio_on
        MOV       R3, #15                 @ set state back to 15
        LDR       R2, =state @ load address of state
        STR       R3, [R2] @ save state == 15

finish:

        MOV R0, #RESET_BUTTON
        BL gpio_get           @ get the state of the reset button
        CMP R0, #1           @ compare it with value 0
        BEQ reset @ if equal to 1, means the button is pressed, branch to reset

        LDR       R0, alarmtime @ sleep time
        BL        set_alarm0 @ set next alarm
        POP       {PC}        @ return from interrupt

reset:

        MOV       R3, #0           @ set state back to 0
        LDR       R2, =state @ load address of state
        STR       R3, [R2] @ save state
        B         step1

set_alarm0_isr:
        @ Set IRQ Handler to our routine
        LDR       R2, ppbbase
        LDR       R1, vtoroffset
        ADD       R2, R1
        LDR       R1, [R2]
        MOV       R2, #alarm0_isr_offset @ slot for alarm 0
        ADD       R2, R1
        LDR       R0, =alarm_isr
        STR       R0, [R2]

        @ Enable alarm 0 IRQ (clear then set)
        MOV       R0, #1           @ alarm 0 is IRQ0
        LDR       R2, ppbbase
        LDR       R1, clearint
        ADD       R1, R2
        STR       R0, [R1]
        LDR       R1, setint
        ADD       R1, R2
        STR       R0, [R1]

        BX        LR

@ Initialize the GPIO to SIO. r0 = pin to init.
gpioinit:
@ Initialize the GPIO
        MOV       R3, #1

```



```

LSL      R3, R0      @ shift over to pin position
LDR      R2, gpiobase @ address we want
STR      R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OE_SET_OFFSET]
STR      R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OUT_CLR_OFFSET]

```

@ Enable input and output for the pin

```

LDR      R2, padsbank0
LSL      R3, R0, #2 @ pin * 4 for register address
ADD      R2, R3      @ Actual set of registers for pin
MOV      R1, #PADS_BANK0_GPIO0_IE_BITS
LDR      R4, setoffset
ORR      R2, R4
STR      R1, [R2, #PADS_BANK0_GPIO0_OFFSET]

```

@ Set the function number to SIO.

```

LSL      R0, #3      @ each GPIO has 8 bytes of registers
LDR      R2, iobank0 @ address we want
ADD      R2, R0      @ add the offset for the pin number
MOV      R1, #IO_BANK0_GPIO3_CTRL_FUNCSEL_VALUE_SIO_3
STR      R1, [R2, #IO_BANK0_GPIO0_CTRL_OFFSET]
BX       LR

```

@ Turn on a GPIO pin.

gpio_on:

```

MOV      R3, #1
LSL      R3, R0      @ shift over to pin position
LDR      R2, gpiobase @ address we want
STR      R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OUT_SET_OFFSET]
BX       LR

```

@ Turn off a GPIO pin.

gpio_off:

```

MOV      R3, #1
LSL      R3, R0      @ shift over to pin position
LDR      R2, gpiobase @ address we want
STR      R3, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_OUT_CLR_OFFSET]
BX       LR

```

@ Get the state of a push button

gpio_get:

```

MOV R3, #1
LSL R3, R0      @ shift over to pin position
LDR R2, gpiobase @ address we want
LDR R1, [R2, #SIO_GPIO_IN_OFFSET] @ load the address we want in R1
AND R3, R3, R1  @ compare R3 and R1 by using AND, store it in R3
LSR R3, R3, R0  @ shift right and return one bit digit, storing it

```

in R0

```

MOV R0, R3
BX   LR

```

```

.align 4 @ necessary alignment
gpiobase: .word SIO_BASE @ base of the GPIO registers
iobank0: .word IO_BANK0_BASE @ base of io config registers
padsbank0: .word PADS_BANK0_BASE
setoffset: .word REG_ALIAS_SET_BITS
timerbase: .word TIMER_BASE
ppbbase: .word PPB_BASE
vtoroffset: .word M0PLUS_VTOR_OFFSET
clearint: .word M0PLUS_NVIC_ICPR_OFFSET
setint: .word M0PLUS_NVIC_ISER_OFFSET
alarmtime: .word 2000000
printstr: .asciz "Couting %d\n"

```

```

.data
state: .word 0

```