

## PA3 – Memory

### Student Information

**Integrity Policy:** All university integrity and class syllabus policies have been followed. I have neither given, nor received, nor have I tolerated others' use of unauthorized aid.

I understand and followed these policies:                      Yes                      No

Name:

Date:

### Submission Details

Final **Changelist** number:

Verified build:                      Yes                      No

Number Tests Passed:

Required Configurations:

Discussion (What did you learn):

## Verify Builds

- Follow the Piazza procedure on submission
  - Verify your submission compiles and works at the changelist number.
- Verify that only MINIMUM files are submitted
  - No – Generated files
    - \*.pdb, \*.suo, \*.sdf, \*.user, \*.obj, \*.exe, \*.log, \*.pdb, \*.db, \*.user
    - Anything that is generated by the compiler should not be included
  - No – Generated directories
    - /Debug, /Release, /Log, /ipch, /.vs
- Typical files project files that are required
  - \*.sln, \*.cpp, \*.h
  - \*.vcxproj, \*.vcxproj.filters, CleanMe.bat

## Standard Rules

### Submit multiple times to Perforce

- Submit your work as you go to perforce several times (at least 5)
  - As soon as you get something working, submit to perforce
  - Have reasonable check-in comments
    - Points will be deducted if minimum is not reached

### Write all programs in cross-platform C++

- Optimize for execution speed and robustness
- Working code doesn't mean full credit

### Submission Report

- Fill out the submission Report
  - No report, no grade

### Code and project needs to compile and run

- Make sure that your program compiles and runs
  - Warning level ALL ...
  - NO Warnings or ERRORS
    - Your code should be squeaky clean.
  - Code needs to work "as-is".
    - No modifications to files or deleting files necessary to compile or run.
  - All your code must compile from perforce with no modifications.
    - Otherwise it's a 0, no exceptions

### Project needs to run to completion

- If it crashes for any reason...
  - It will not be graded and you get a 0

### No Containers

- NO STL allowed {Vector, Lists, Sets, etc...}
  - Except for <Unorder Set> used in registration
  - No automatic containers or arrays
  - You need to do this the old fashion way - **YOU EARNED IT**

### Leave Project Settings

- Do NOT change the project or warning level
  - Any changing of level or suppression of warnings is an integrity issue

### Simple C++

- No modern C++
  - No Lambdas, Autos, **templates**, etc...
  - No Boost
- NO Streams
  - Used fopen, fread, fwrite...
- No code in MACROS
  - Code needs to be in cpp files to see and debug it easy
- **Exception:**
  - implicit problem needs templates

### Leaking Memory

- If the program leaks memory
  - There is a deduction of 20% of grade
- If a class creates an object using new/malloc
  - It is responsible for its deletion
- Any **MEMORY** dynamically allocated that isn't freed up is **LEAKING**
  - Leaking is **HORRIBLE**, so you lose points

### No Debug code or files disabled

- Make sure the program is returned to the original state
  - If you added debug code, please return to original state
- If you disabled file, you need to re-enable the files
  - All files must be active to get credit.
  - Better to lose points for unit tests than to disable and lose all points

### Allowed to Add files to this project

- This project will work "as-is" do not add files...

### UnitTestFixture file (if provided) needs to be set by user

- Grading will be on the UnitTestFixture settings
  - Please explicitly set which tests you want graded... no regrading if set incorrectly

## Due Dates

- See Piazza for due date and time
- Submit program performance in your student directory assignment supplied.
- Fill out your this **Submission Report** and commit to performance
  - **ONLY** use Adobe Reader to fill out form, all others will be rejected.
  - Fill out the form and discussion for full credit.

## Goals

- Create a Simple Memory system
  - Learn how to use Heaps, Memory Allocations, Debug Information
  - Learn how to wrap a system in to a library
  - Learn Win32 API

## Assignments

### 1. Create the Memory program in C++, for Visual Studio 2022

- a. Document the code
- b. Code should be Warning Level 4 free
  1. It doesn't compile → 0 for grade
- c. Compiles in all 2 configurations
  - Debug x86
  - Release x86
- d. **Adding files – Allowed – CHANGES in VS 2022**
  - You need to add to both DEBUG and RELEASE projects
  - Suggestion
    1. Develop in Debug
      - a. Add files, pass unit tests
    2. After Debug working...
      - a. Build the Release versions
      - b. Add **EXISTING** Files to the Release project

### 2. Program should be able to create and destroy a memory system.

- a. Memory system should support multiple heaps
  1. Ability to create and destroy heaps
- b. Allocation from specific heaps
- c. Per Allocation track debug information
  1. File
  2. Line number

- d. Tracking blocks
  - 1. Heaps should also have the same tracking information as the other memory blocks of your existing memory system.
    - 1. Such as `__FILE__`, `__LINE__`
    - 2. Ability to dump the blocks on a specific heap
  - 3. Heap tracking info
    - a. Num of used blocks
    - b. Peak num of used blocks
    - c. Total size of heap
    - d. Heap name
- 3. **Memory system must wrap existing win32 memory systems**
  - a. Use Win32 memory system calls like:
    - 1. `HeapCreate()`, `HeapDestroy()`, `HeapAllocate()`, `HeapFree()`
    - 2. `HeapReAlloc()`, `HeapSize()`
- 4. **Add debug information to allocations**
  - a. Overload the `new` and `new[]` operator to add more parameters
  - b. Feel free to add macros if desired to store even more implicit parameters like
    - 1. `__FILE__`
    - 2. `__LINE__`
  - c. You can restrict this to `malloc` and `free` allocations, but be careful to insure that all `new/delete` operators are being wrapped with your `malloc` and `free` operations.
- 5. **Adding alignment**
  - a. Your system should allow the ability to add alignment.
    - 1. Common alignments are:
      - 1. 4,8,16,32,64,128,256 alignments
      - 2. Enumerations are very useful to keep interfaces clean
  - b. You can have a default alignment setting if desired.
    - 1. Generally, that's 4-Byte aligned.
- 6. **Debugging**
  - a. Make sure you can walk and dump a list of every allocation
    - 1. Per Heap
  - b. Make sure you can walk and dump a list of every allocation
    - 1. Across the complete engine
  - c. Enough of debug info to find an arbitrary memory leak.

## 7. General Testing

- a. Make sure your memory system can support several heaps
- b. Different allocations
- c. Different alignments
- d. Several debug functions to help you track blocks of memory

### Validation

*Simple checklist to make sure that everything is submitted correctly*

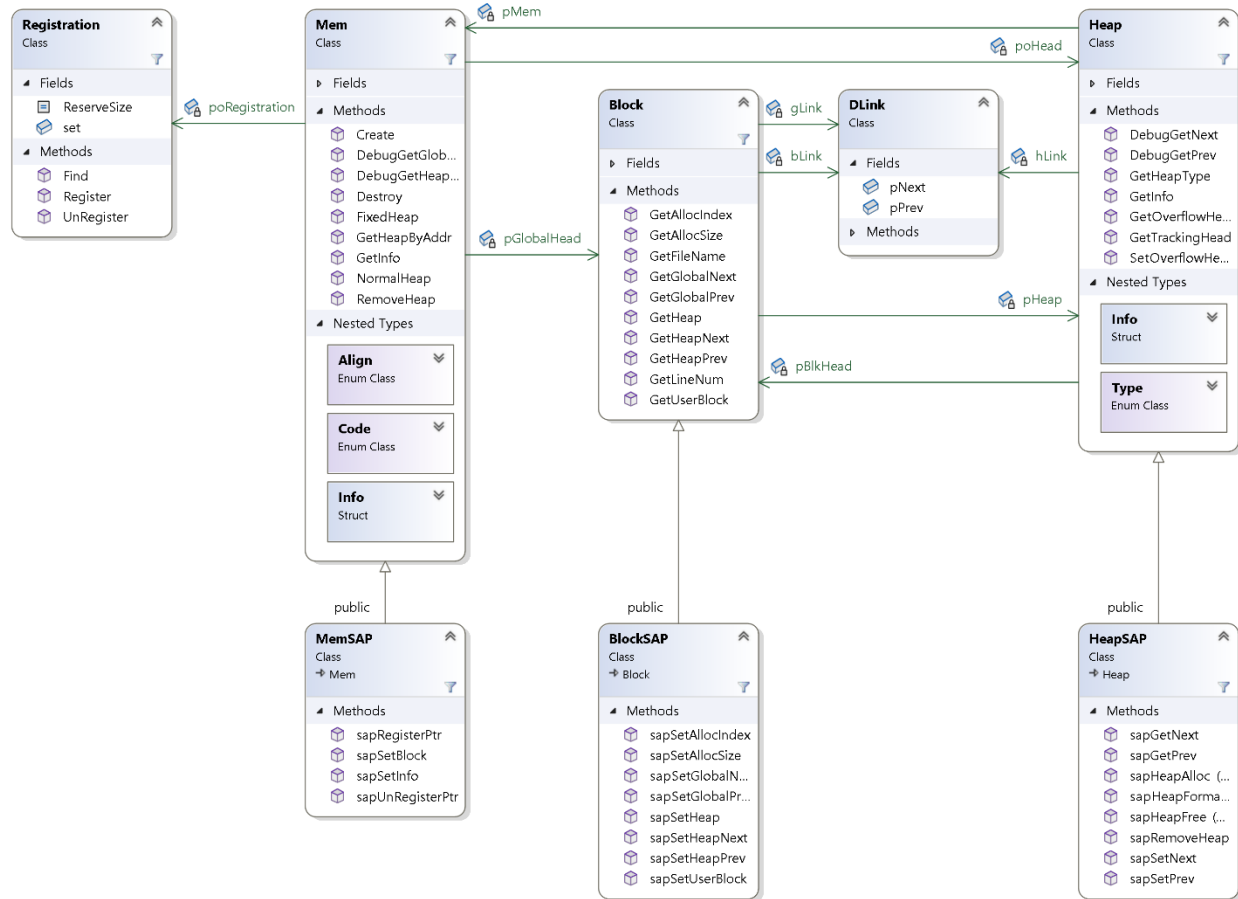
- Is the project compiling and running without any errors or warnings?
- Does the project run **ALL** the unit tests execute without crashing?
- Is the submission report filled in and submitted to performe?
- Follow the verification process for performe
  - Is all the code there and compiles “as-is”?
  - No extra files
- Is the project leaking memory?

### Hints

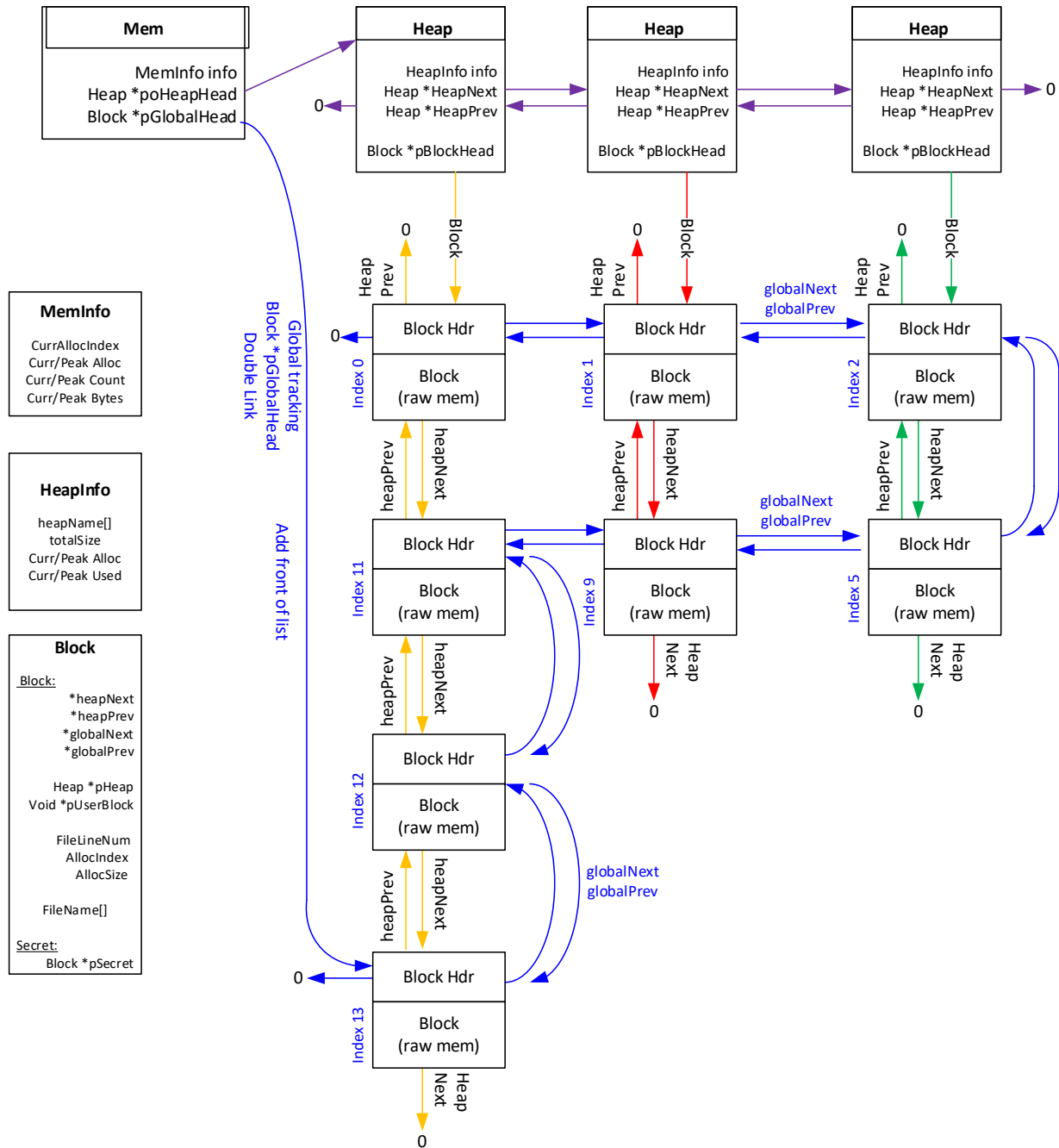
Most assignments will have hints in a section like this.

- Do this assignment by iterating and slowly growing your project
- Write your use cases first
- Write your API first and try to write your test code first.
- Don't be a cowboy or cowgirl
  - Write a wrapper on top of system calls like HeapAllocate()...
  - If you get this completely done, and you still want to..., then add a custom memory system.

## UML Memory system



## Heap-Based Memory System





## Block Layout

