

# Cinema by Florian EPAIN

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## Tutorial

To run the project, run the function `main` in the `Cinema.java` file with "animation" as argument.

## Overview

I decided to concept this solution using the java monitor. `Customer` and `SuperWorker` are `Threads`. `Room` is the shared object.

## Objects

### Cinema

I've paved the way for several cinema's rooms, but in the test setup (`main` function) only one is used.

### Customer

First I wanted to represent the customers path like that

```
@Override
public void run() {
    while (this.movieSeen) {
        /* ----- Waiting the room to open ----- */
        while (room.getRoomState() != RoomState.OPEN) {
        }

        if (this.potentialSeat.isEmpty() && room.getRoomState() ==
RoomState.OPEN)
            this.potentialSeat = this.room.stand(this);
        /* ----- Waiting the flim to start ----- */
        while (room.getRoomState() != RoomState.PROJECTING) {
        }

        if (room.getRoomState() == RoomState.PROJECTING) {
            // Appreciate the flim
        }

        /* ----- Waiting the flim to finish Sadge ----- */
        while (room.getRoomState() != RoomState.EXITING) {
        }

        if (this.potentialSeat.isPresent() && room.getRoomState() ==
RoomState.EXITING) {
            this.room.freeSeat(potentialSeat.get());
            this.potentialSeat = Optional.empty();
            this.movieSeen = true;
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
} // in `Customer.java`
```

But the customers now are stubborn and will try endlessly to take a seat if they have a ticket, and will try to leave instantly. But they will be stopped by a room's state check. They will be woken up by the super-worker in the changing room's state by a `notifyAll()`. We ensure that their wake-up is valid with a while loop.

## Super-Worker

The super-worker is in an infinite loop (`while (true)`) and will be interrupted when all other threads (except the main thread) are stopped.

I didn't represent the super-worker entering the room, but we can imagine it.

## Room's life

I thought like giving life to the room, which will switch state itself but for now we give fullpower to the `SuperWorker`.

I put `nextRoomState()` on `synchronized` to ensure that everyone has the good room's state.

## Problems

- The super-worker won't clean the room, even if everyone has left, in this configuration:

```
@Override
public void run() {
    // ...

    /* ----- Exiting Phase ----- */
    this.rooms[0].nextRoomState();

    while (!this.rooms[0].isRoomEmpty()) {
        // System.out.println("still waiting...");
    }

    /* ----- Cleaning Phase ----- */
    this.rooms[0].nextRoomState();

    // ...
} // In `SuperWorker.java`
```

Surprisingly, when I uncomment the debug message in the while loop, the blocking disappears.

I solved this problem by creating a room method called `clean()`, the `SuperWorker` will be put to sleep and should be woken by the departure of the last client. We can limit the complexity by a simple combination `if / notify`, as the only one waiting will be the super-worker.

```

public synchronized void freeSeat(Customer customer, Pair<Integer,
Integer> seat) {
    // ...

    // if last make sure to wake the super worker :)
    if (this.isRoomEmpty())
        notify();

    // ...
}

/* ----- Super Employee Methods -----
----- */

public synchronized void clean(SuperWorker superWorker) {
    // as all the customers left, the only one waiting is the super-
    worker
    if (!this.isRoomEmpty()) {
        try {
            wait();
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            Logger.getGlobal()
                .warning("Super Worker got interruded in their
sleep (waiting for cleaing).\n" + e.toString());
            superWorker.interrupt();
        }
    }
}
} // In `Room.java`

```

All the other problems were conception or bad implementation problems.

## Notes

We also checked that the code was free of deadlocks after removing the simulation sleep (when the clients moved around the cinema).