

Tutorial: HPC - Algorithms and Applications

WS 18/19

Complete the following assignments (alone or in a group), and hand in your source code *via Moodle* until Sunday, November 25th 2018.

Worksheet 2: Roofline Model, Profiling and Coalesced Access

T2.1: Roofline Model and Hardware Profiling

a) Create a roofline model for the matrix multiplication kernels.

- Create a graph with two logarithmic axes for operational intensity (x-axis) and floating point performance (y-axis). Look up peak Flop/s and memory bandwidth of the MAC Cluster (your own system) and draw the respective roofline into the graph.
- Include a ceiling into the model: Draw a line that represents the peak performance for uncoalesced memory access
- Find the computational intensity for basic matrix multiplication and tiled matrix multiplication kernels and mark the measured performance with a point in the graph for `TILE_SIZE = 4, 8, 16, 32`. Which performance optimization for the kernel seems to be the most feasible? Maximize 1) operational intensity, 2) memory bandwidth or 3) floating point performance?

T2.2: Coalesced memory access

- a) Reduce the number of memory accesses in the matrix multiplication kernel by using coalesced accesses to global memory.
 - Analyze the tiled kernel for possible uncoalesced accesses to global memory and shared memory
 - Implement the function `matrixMultKernel_coalesced` by modifying the tiled kernel accordingly.
- b) Measure the kernel performance and add the result to the roofline model from T2.1.

H2.1: Prefetching

Overlap computation and memory access in the matrix multiplication kernel in order to hide global memory latency.

- a) Implement `matrixMultKernel_overlapped` with the following steps:
 - i) Load the first tile into registers.
 - ii) For all tiles except the last one: copy current tile from the registers to shared memory, load the next tile into registers and compute the current tile with the data in shared memory.
 - iii) Compute the last tile with the data in the registers.
- b) Measure the kernel's performance and add the result to the roofline model from T2.1.
- c) (optional) Try to reach peak performance! Possible optimizations: reduction of register usage, loop unrolling, adjustment of thread granularity, ...