Maximum Path Sum of RB-Tree

Plagiarism is forbidden.

Write your program with C++11.

Problem Description

- 1. A path in a binary tree is a sequence of nodes where each pair of adjacent nodes in the sequence has an edge connecting them. A node can only appear in the sequence at most once. Note that the path does not need to pass through the root.
- 2. The **path sum** of a path is the sum of the node's values in the path.
- 3. Given a sequence of nodes,
 - a. Build a Red-Black Tree by "inserting all of nodes" in order.
 - b. Return
 - i. the sequence of pre-order traversal
 - ii. the maximum path sum of any non-empty path

Example of Maximum Path-Sum in Binary Tree

NOT RB-Tree Example

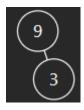
• EX_1:



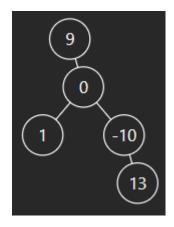
• Maximum path sum = 9

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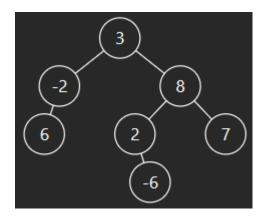
• EX_2:



- Maximum path sum = 12
- EX_3:



- Maximum path sum = 13
- EX_4:



• Maximum path sum = 22

Sample I/O Format

• Input:

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· -1 -3 5 3 8 -2 0
```

• Output:

Input Constraint

- ullet Assume the number of nodes is N,
 - 0 < N < 100
- Assume the value of node $k = v_k$,
 - For all k,
 - $-2^{31} \le v_k \le 2^{31} 1$
 - ullet v_k is INT
 - \circ For all i
 eq j, $v_i
 eq v_j$

Grading

 The score is evaluated by the OJ system. TA will evaluate your grades based on the most recent version of your submissions.

E3 Submission

- Submit 1 source file to E3 system
 - o [Student_ID_Number]_hw2.cpp (.c)
- Please submit the source code of your latest submission for each question on the OJ.
- Please make sure that all characters of the filename are in lower case. For example, if your student number is 9711592, the name of your source file should be "9711592_hw2.cpp".
- Remember the submission rules mentioned above, or you will get punished on your grade by -15.

Due Date

• The upload deadline would be at 23:59 on November 28, 2023

Problems

- If you have any problem, please post it on E3 forum.
- Alternatively, you can send emails to anson.twhu.ee11@nycu.edu.tw

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