

# Lab1 Report

110011149 練韋辰

- **Outline :**

Purpose of Lab1 is let us to familiar with HLS design flow.

By Vitis\_HLS , turn C++ code to RTL ip. And then import ip into Vivado , to synthesize , implement and generate bitstream.

Finally , using PYNQ-Z2 to verify design on Jupyter notebook.

( This HLS test design is a 32-bits multiplier. )

- **What is observed & learned :**

Observe that resource utilization in Vitis\_HLS and Vivado are different.

Learn how to use HLS tool and Integrate it on Vivado.

- Screen dump :

Performance & Resource Estimates

Modules & Loops	Issue Type	Violation Type	Distance	Slack	Latency(cycles)	Latency(ns)	Iteration Latency	Interval	Trip Count	Pipelined	BRAM	DSP	FF	LUT	URAM
• multip_2num				-	3	30.000	-	4	-	no	0	3	409	307	0

↑ C Synthesis Performance & Utilization

Performance Estimates

Modules & Loops	Avg II	Max II	Min II	Avg Latency	Max Latency	Min Latency
• multip_2num	24	28	24	3	3	3

↑ Cosimulation Performance

HW Interfaces

S\_AXILITE Interfaces

Interface	Data Width	Address Width	Offset	Register
s_axi_control	32	6	16	0

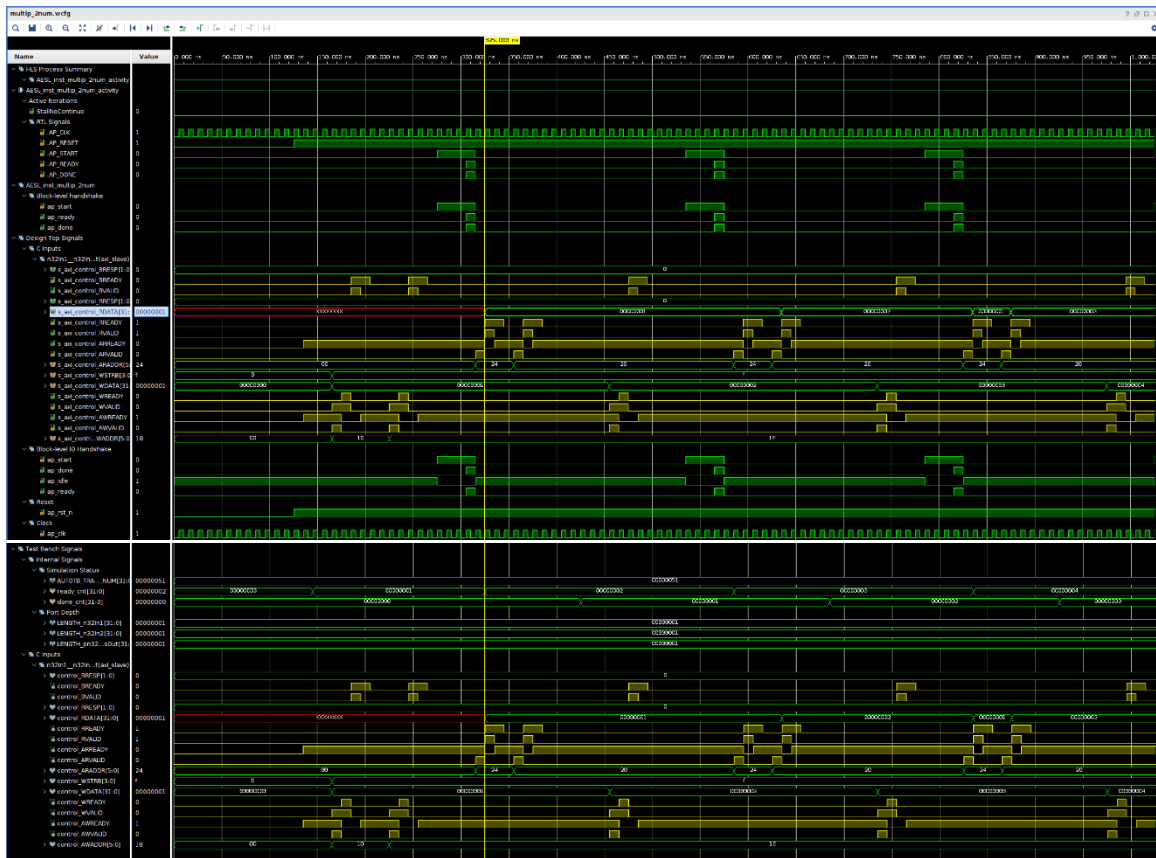
S\_AXILITE Registers

Interface	Register	Offset	Width	Access	Description	Bit Fields
s_axi_control	n32In1	0x10	32	W	Data signal of n32In1	
s_axi_control	n32In2	0x18	32	W	Data signal of n32In2	
s_axi_control	pn32ResOut	0x20	32	R	Data signal of pn32ResOut	
s_axi_control	pn32ResOut_ctrl	0x24	32	R	Control signal of pn32ResOut	0=pn32ResOut_ap_vld

TOP LEVEL CONTROL

Interface	Type	Ports
ap_clk	clock	ap_clk
ap_rst_n	reset	ap_rst_n
ap_ctrl	ap_ctrl_none	

↑ C Synthesis Interface



↑ Co-simulation waveform

```
In [1]:
# coding: utf-8

# In[ ]:

from __future__ import print_function

import sys, os

sys.path.append('/home/xilinx')
os.environ['XILINX_XRT'] = '/usr'
from pynq import Overlay

if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Entry:", sys.argv[0])
    print("System argument(s):", len(sys.argv))

    print("Start of \"\" + sys.argv[0] + \"\"")

    ol = Overlay("/home/xilinx/jupyter_notebooks/Multip2Num.bit")
    regIP = ol.multip_2num_0

    for i in range(9):
        print("=====")
        for j in range(9):
            regIP.write(0x10, i + 1)
            regIP.write(0x18, j + 1)
            Res = regIP.read(0x20)
            print(str(i + 1) + " * " + str(j + 1) + " = " + str(Res))
        print("=====")
    print("Exit process")
```

Entry: /usr/local/share/pynq-venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py  
 System argument(s): 3  
 Start of "/usr/local/share/pynq-venv/lib/python3.8/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py"

```

=====
1 * 1 = 1
1 * 2 = 2
1 * 3 = 3
1 * 4 = 4
1 * 5 = 5
1 * 6 = 6
1 * 7 = 7
1 * 8 = 8
1 * 9 = 9
=====
2 * 1 = 2
2 * 2 = 4
2 * 3 = 6
2 * 4 = 8
2 * 5 = 10
2 * 6 = 12
2 * 7 = 14
2 * 8 = 16
2 * 9 = 18
=====
3 * 1 = 3
3 * 2 = 6
3 * 3 = 9
3 * 4 = 12
3 * 5 = 15
3 * 6 = 18
3 * 7 = 21
3 * 8 = 24
3 * 9 = 27
=====
4 * 1 = 4
4 * 2 = 8
4 * 3 = 12
4 * 4 = 16
4 * 5 = 20
4 * 6 = 24
4 * 7 = 28
4 * 8 = 32
4 * 9 = 36
=====
5 * 1 = 5
5 * 2 = 10
5 * 3 = 15
5 * 4 = 20
5 * 5 = 25
5 * 6 = 30
5 * 7 = 35
5 * 8 = 40
5 * 9 = 45
=====
6 * 1 = 6
6 * 2 = 12
6 * 3 = 18
6 * 4 = 24
6 * 5 = 30
6 * 6 = 36
6 * 7 = 42
6 * 8 = 48
6 * 9 = 54
=====
7 * 1 = 7
7 * 2 = 14
7 * 3 = 21
7 * 4 = 28
7 * 5 = 35
7 * 6 = 42
7 * 7 = 49
7 * 8 = 56
7 * 9 = 63
=====
8 * 1 = 8
8 * 2 = 16
8 * 3 = 24
8 * 4 = 32
8 * 5 = 40
8 * 6 = 48
8 * 7 = 56
8 * 8 = 64
8 * 9 = 72
=====
9 * 1 = 9
9 * 2 = 18
9 * 3 = 27
9 * 4 = 36
9 * 5 = 45
9 * 6 = 54
9 * 7 = 63
9 * 8 = 72
9 * 9 = 81
=====
Exit process

```

↑ Jupyter Notebook execution results