

In [1]: "Alzheimer Disease predection using SVM"

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In [2]: `import pandas as pd`
`import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`
`import numpy as np`
`import seaborn as sns`

In [3]: `data = pd.read_csv(r"oasis_longitudinal.csv")`

In [4]: `data.head(5)`

Out[4]:

	Subject ID	MRI ID	Group	Visit	MR Delay	M/F	Hand	Age	EDUC	SES	MMSE	CDR
0	OAS2_0001	OAS2_0001_MR1	Nondemented	1	0	M	R	87	14	2.0	27.0	0.0
1	OAS2_0001	OAS2_0001_MR2	Nondemented	2	457	M	R	88	14	2.0	30.0	0.0
2	OAS2_0002	OAS2_0002_MR1	Demented	1	0	M	R	75	12	NaN	23.0	0.0
3	OAS2_0002	OAS2_0002_MR2	Demented	2	560	M	R	76	12	NaN	28.0	0.0
4	OAS2_0002	OAS2_0002_MR3	Demented	3	1895	M	R	80	12	NaN	22.0	0.0

In [5]: `data.shape`

Out[5]: (373, 15)

In [6]: *#check null value present in dataset*
`data.isnull().sum()`

Out[6]:

Subject ID	0
MRI ID	0
Group	0
Visit	0
MR Delay	0
M/F	0
Hand	0
Age	0
EDUC	0
SES	19
MMSE	2
CDR	0
eTIV	0
nWBV	0
ASF	0
dtype:	int64

In [7]: *# Handle NaN values if needed*
`data = data.dropna()`
`data.isnull().sum()`
`data.shape`

Out[7]: (354, 15)

```
In [8]: #Before Lable  
data[['Group', 'Hand', 'M/F']].head(15)
```

Out[8]:

	Group	Hand	M/F
0	Nondemented	R	M
1	Nondemented	R	M
5	Nondemented	R	F
6	Nondemented	R	F
7	Nondemented	R	M
8	Nondemented	R	M
9	Nondemented	R	M
13	Nondemented	R	F
14	Nondemented	R	F
15	Demented	R	M
16	Demented	R	M
17	Demented	R	F
18	Demented	R	F
19	Nondemented	R	F
20	Nondemented	R	F

```
In [9]: # Encode 'Group' using Label encoding  
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler  
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()  
data['Group'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data['Group'])  
data['Hand'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data['Hand'])  
data['M/F'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data['M/F'])  
data[['Group', 'Hand', 'M/F']].head(15)
```

Out[9]:

	Group	Hand	M/F
0	2	0	1
1	2	0	1
5	2	0	0
6	2	0	0
7	2	0	1
8	2	0	1
9	2	0	1
13	2	0	0
14	2	0	0
15	1	0	1
16	1	0	1
17	1	0	0
18	1	0	0
19	2	0	0
20	2	0	0

In [10]: data.describe()

Out[10]:

	Group	Visit	MR Delay	M/F	Hand	Age	EDUC	SES
count	354.000000	354.000000	354.000000	354.000000	354.0	354.000000	354.000000	354.000000
mean	1.432203	1.884181	601.353107	0.423729	0.0	77.033898	14.703390	2.460452
std	0.675078	0.925330	640.596081	0.494848	0.0	7.811808	2.895662	1.134005
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	60.000000	6.000000	1.000000
25%	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	71.000000	12.000000	2.000000
50%	2.000000	2.000000	559.500000	0.000000	0.0	77.000000	15.000000	2.000000
75%	2.000000	2.000000	882.500000	1.000000	0.0	82.000000	16.750000	3.000000
max	2.000000	5.000000	2639.000000	1.000000	0.0	98.000000	23.000000	5.000000

```
In [11]: # Drop non-numeric columns
non_numeric_columns = ['Subject ID', 'MRI ID']
data = data.drop(non_numeric_columns, axis=1)
```

```
In [12]: ##Model selection
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X = data.drop(['Group'], axis=1)
y = data['Group']
```

```
In [13]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=
```

```
In [14]: from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
# Create SVM model
svm_model = SVC(kernel='linear', C=1)
svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Predictions
y_pred = svm_model.predict(X_test)

# Model performance
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
```

Accuracy: 0.8873239436619719

```
In [15]: # Example prediction for a new data point feature by feature

# Define feature names in the same order as your dataset
# feature_names = ['Visit', 'MR Delay', 'M/F', 'Hand', 'Age', 'EDUC', 'SES', 'MMSE', '']

# Initialize an empty list to store feature values
new_data_point = [1, 0, 0, 1, 75, 12, 2.0, 23.0, 0.5, 1678, 0.736, 1.046]

# Collect values for each feature
# for feature_name in feature_names:
#     value = input(f"Enter the value for {feature_name}: ")
#     new_data_point.append(float(value)) # Ensure the input is converted to the appropriate data type

# Reshape the list to a 2D array as the model expects
new_data_point = [new_data_point]

# Map for human-readable labels
label_mapping = {2: 'Nondemented', 1: 'Demented'}

# Make a prediction
predicted_group = svm_model.predict(new_data_point)

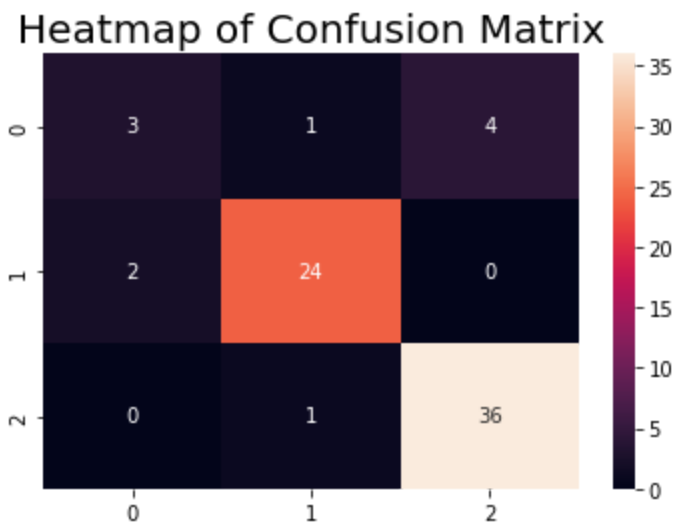
# Map the predicted label to human-readable label
predicted_label = label_mapping[predicted_group[0]]

print(f"Predicted Group: {predicted_label}")
```

Predicted Group: Demented

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but SVC was fitted with feature names
warnings.warn(

```
In [16]: #confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
plt.title("Heatmap of Confusion Matrix", fontsize=20)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.60	0.38	0.46	8
1	0.92	0.92	0.92	26
2	0.90	0.97	0.94	37
accuracy			0.89	71
macro avg	0.81	0.76	0.77	71
weighted avg	0.87	0.89	0.88	71

```
In [ ]:
```