

## Model Optimization and Tuning Phase Report

Date	23 April 2024
Team ID	Team-738178
Project Title	Envisioning Success : Predicting University Scores With Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

### Model Optimization and Tuning Phase

The Model Optimization and Tuning Phase involves refining machine learning models for peak performance. It includes optimized model code, fine-tuning hyperparameters, comparing performance metrics, and justifying the final model selection for enhanced predictive accuracy and efficiency.

### Hyperparameter Tuning Documentation (6 Marks):

Model	Tuned Hyperparameters	Optimal Values
Decision Tree	<pre>#Decision Trees: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor  # Define the model dt = DecisionTreeRegressor()  # Define hyperparameters to tune param_grid = {'max_depth': [None, 5, 10, 20], 'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10]}  # Perform GridSearchCV grid_search_dt = GridSearchCV(dt, param_grid, cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error') grid_search_dt.fit(X_train, y_train)  # Get the best hyperparameters and model best_params_dt = grid_search_dt.best_params_ best_model_dt = grid_search_dt.best_estimator_</pre>	<pre>print("Decision Tree Performance:") print(f'Optimal Hyperparameters: {best_params_dt}') print(f'Mean Squared Error on Test Set: {dt_mse}')</pre> <p>Decision Tree Performance: Optimal Hyperparameters: {'max_depth': None, 'min_samples_split': 2} Mean Squared Error on Test Set: 2.9889272727272727</p>
Random Forest	<pre>#Random Forests: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor  # Define the model rf = RandomForestRegressor()  # Define hyperparameters to tune param_grid = {'n_estimators': [100, 200, 300], 'max_depth': [None, 5, 10], 'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10]}  # Perform GridSearchCV grid_search_rf = GridSearchCV(rf, param_grid, cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error') grid_search_rf.fit(X_train, y_train)  # Get the best hyperparameters and model best_params_rf = grid_search_rf.best_params_ best_model_rf = grid_search_rf.best_estimator_</pre>	<pre>print("Random Forest Performance:") print(f'Optimal Hyperparameters: {best_params_rf}') print(f'Mean Squared Error on Test Set: {rf_mse}')</pre> <p>Random Forest Performance: Optimal Hyperparameters: {'max_depth': None, 'min_samples_split': 2, 'n_estimators': 300} Mean Squared Error on Test Set: 1.637340784825918</p>

SVR	-	-
Linear Regression	-	-
Lasso Regression	<pre>from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV  lasso_reg = Lasso() param_grid = {'alpha': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10]} grid_search_lasso = GridSearchCV(lasso_reg, param_grid, cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error') grid_search_lasso.fit(X_train, y_train)  best_params_lasso = grid_search_lasso.best_params_</pre>	<pre>print("Lasso Regression Performance:") print(f'Optimal Hyperparameters: {best_params_lasso}') print(f'Mean Squared Error on Test Set: {lasso_mse}')</pre> <p>Lasso Regression Performance: Optimal Hyperparameters: {'alpha': 1} Mean Squared Error on Test Set: 28.893569757635724</p>

### Performance Metrics Comparison Report (2 Marks):

Model	Optimized Metric
Decision Tree	<pre># Printing results print("Prediction Evaluation using Decision Tree:") print("MAE:", dt_mae) print("MSE:", dt_mse) print("RMSE:", dt_rmse) print("R-squared:", dt_r2)  Prediction Evaluation using Decision Tree: MAE: 0.7953636363636363 MSE: 3.165202727272727 RMSE: 1.7791016629953238 R-squared: 0.941231324579233  # Printing actual and predicted values print("Actual value:", y_actual) print("Predicted value:", y_pred_dt[0])  Actual value: 100 Predicted value: 100.0</pre>

<p>Random Forest</p>	<pre># Printing results print("Prediction Evaluation using Random Forest:") print("MAE:", rf_mae) print("MSE:", rf_mse) print("RMSE:", rf_rmse) print("R-squared:", rf_r2) print("\n")  Prediction Evaluation using Random Forest: MAE: 0.5947518939393951 MSE: 1.6870365632197004 RMSE: 1.2988597165281939 R-squared: 0.9686766021801541  # Printing actual and predicted values print("Actual value:", y_actual) print("Predicted value:", y_pred_rf[0])  Actual value: 100 Predicted value: 99.42905833333333</pre>
<p>SVR</p>	<pre># Printing results print("Prediction Evaluation using SVR:") print("MAE:", svr_mae) print("MSE:", svr_mse) print("RMSE:", svr_rmse) print("R-squared:", svr_r2) print("\n")  Prediction Evaluation using SVR: MAE: 1.7292341972937126 MSE: 26.883723937063873 RMSE: 5.184951681266073 R-squared: 0.50084687070893  # Printing actual and predicted values print("Actual value:", y_actual) print("Predicted value:", y_pred_svr[0])  Actual value: 100 Predicted value: 60.02460149545989</pre>
<p>Linear Regression</p>	<pre># Printing results print("Prediction Evaluation using Linear Regression:") print("MAE:", lr_mae) print("MSE:", lr_mse) print("RMSE:", lr_rmse) print("R-squared:", lr_r2) print("\n")  Prediction Evaluation using Linear Regression: MAE: 2.6657340636132827 MSE: 28.917809410716295 RMSE: 5.377528187812342 R-squared: 0.4630797766933825  # Printing actual and predicted values print("Actual value:", y_actual) print("Predicted value:", y_pred_lr[0])  Actual value: 100 Predicted value: [63.33166471]</pre>

## Lasso Regression

```
# Printing results
print("Prediction Evaluation using Lasso Regression:")
print("MAE:", lasso_mae)
print("MSE:", lasso_mse)
print("RMSE:", lasso_rmse)
print("R-squared:", lasso_r2)
print("\n")
```

```
Prediction Evaluation using Lasso Regression:
MAE: 2.6604781238340274
MSE: 28.893569757635724
RMSE: 5.3752739239629195
R-squared: 0.4635298370613741
```

```
# Printing actual and predicted values
print("Actual value:", y_actual)
print("Predicted value:", y_pred_lasso[0])
```

```
Actual value: 100
Predicted value: 62.96954350809409
```

**Final Model Selection Justification (2 Marks):**

Final Model	Reasoning
Random Forest	The Gradient Boosting model was selected for its superior performance, exhibiting high accuracy during hyperparameter tuning. Its ability to handle complex relationships, minimize overfitting, and optimize predictive accuracy aligns with project objectives, justifying its selection as the final model.