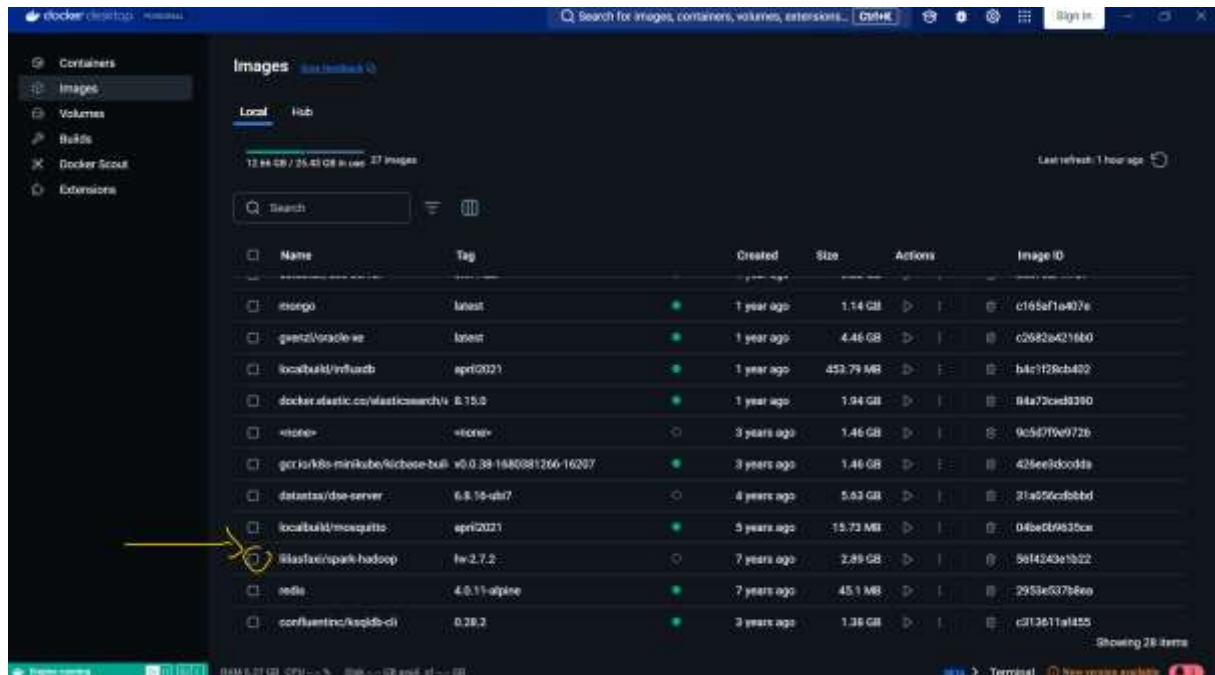


TP 1 BIG data

1. Télécharger l'image docker liliastaxi/spark-hadoop:hv-2.7.2 uploadée sur dockerhub.

La commande :

`docker pull liliastaxi/spark-hadoop:hv-2.7.2`



2. Créer les trois conteneurs à partir de l'image téléchargée. Pour cela:
 1. Créer un réseau bridge nommé hadoop qui permettra de relier les trois conteneurs.

```
C:\Users\T U F>docker network create --driver bridge hadoop
b26e85a42a3c85ce123f7e0c2d072301215665ae65d4a84a6e802b2412f76074

C:\Users\T U F>|
```

2. Créer les trois conteneurs à partir de l'image téléchargée. Pour cela:
 1. Créer un réseau bridge nommé hadoop qui permettra de relier les trois conteneurs.
 2. Créer et lancer les trois conteneurs :
 - Le conteneur hadoop-master expose les ports 50070, 8088 et 16010.
 - Les conteneurs hadoop-slave1 et hadoop-slave2 exposent le port 8042.

Pour le master on utilise les ports :

50070=>port pour HDFS (Le stockage distribuée)

8088=> Port pour YARN (gestion de ressources)

16010 => port pour l'interface HBASE => pour voir l'état de la base de données distribuée

```
C:\Users\T U F>docker run -it --name hadoop-master --hostname hadoop-master --network hadoop -p 50070:50070 -p 50888:8088
8 -p 56010:16010 liliastaxi/spark-hadoop:hv-2.7.2 /bin/bash
root@hadoop-master:~# |
```

Pour les **2 slaves** :

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.6896]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\T U F>docker run -d --name hadoop-slave1 --hostname hadoop-slave1 --network hadoop -p 8042:8042 liliasfazi/spark-hadoop:hy-2.7.2 /bin/bash -c "sleep infinity"
8f8e849848eda9b7b2934f5983b548a88dbbb733c57e3a3528bd1d796ce5f076

C:\Users\T U F>

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.6896]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

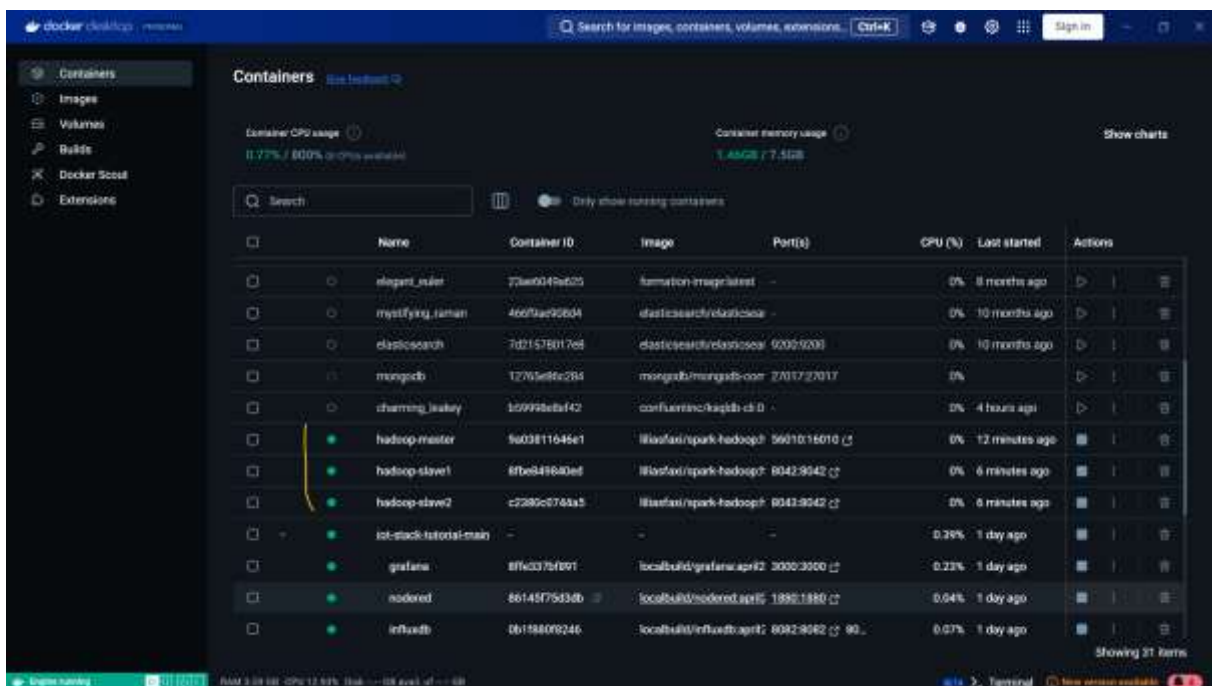
C:\Users\T U F>docker run -d --name hadoop-slave2 --hostname hadoop-slave2 --network hadoop -p 8043:8042 liliasfazi/spark-hadoop:hy-2.7.2 /bin/bash -c "sleep infinity"
c2388c97d44a59b2f238f44128c360ea59d7742a53a26cb861ee76c6e3431a9ac4

C:\Users\T U F>
```

C'est eux qu'ils vont executer les taches

le port 8042 => pour voir les ressources pris pour chaque slave et les conteneurs exécutés et les logs de chaque slave

ON VOIT LES CONTENEURS DANS DOCKER :



3. Entrer dans le conteneur master pour commencer à l'utiliser.

On démarre le serveur ssh dans tous les conteneurs master et slave :

```
root@hadoop-master:~# service ssh start
* Starting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd
root@hadoop-master:~# ./start-hadoop.sh
```

```
C:\Users\T U F>docker exec -it hadoop-slave1 /bin/bash
root@hadoop-slave1:~# service ssh start
* Starting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd
root@hadoop-slave1:~# |
```

```
C:\Users\T U F>docker exec -it hadoop-slave2 /bin/bash
root@hadoop-slave2:~# service ssh start
* Starting OpenBSD Secure Shell server sshd
root@hadoop-slave2:~# [ OK ]
```

Puis on lance haddop et Yarn dans le conteneur Master :

```
root@hadoop-master:~# ./start-hadoop.sh

Starting namenodes on [hadoop-master]
hadoop-master: Warning: Permanently added 'hadoop-master,172.27.0.2' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
hadoop-master: starting namenode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-root-namenode-hadoop-master.out
hadoop-slave1: Warning: Permanently added 'hadoop-slave1,172.27.0.3' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
hadoop-slave2: Warning: Permanently added 'hadoop-slave2,172.27.0.4' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
hadoop-slave2: starting datanode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-root-datanode-hadoop-slave2.out
hadoop-slave1: starting datanode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-root-datanode-hadoop-slave1.out
Starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]
0.0.0.0: Warning: Permanently added '0.0.0.0' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
0.0.0.0: starting secondarynamenode, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/hadoop-root-secondarynamenode-hadoop-master.out

starting yarn daemons
resourcemanager running as process 328. Stop it first.
hadoop-slave2: Warning: Permanently added 'hadoop-slave2,172.27.0.4' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
hadoop-slave1: Warning: Permanently added 'hadoop-slave1,172.27.0.3' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
hadoop-slave1: starting nodemanager, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/yarn-root-nodemanager-hadoop-slave1.out
hadoop-slave2: starting nodemanager, logging to /usr/local/hadoop/logs/yarn-root-nodemanager-hadoop-slave2.out

root@hadoop-master:~#
```

Premiers pas avec Hadoop :

- Créer un répertoire dans HDFS, appelé input.

```
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -ls /
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -mkdir /input
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 1 items
drwxr-xr-x  - root supergroup          0 2025-11-28 19:57 /input
root@hadoop-master:~#
```

- Nous allons utiliser le fichier **purchases.txt** comme entrée pour le traitement MapReduce. Ce fichier se trouve déjà sous le répertoire principal de votre machine master.
- Charger le fichier **purchases** dans le répertoire input que vous avez créé.

+et **Afficher le contenu du répertoire input.**

On telecharge le fichier et le transmettre vers le master

```
C:\Users\T U F>docker cp "C:\Users\T U F\Downloads\purchases.txt.gz" hadoop-master:/root/
Successfully copied 38.5MB to hadoop-master:/root/

C:\Users\T U F>
```

On copie le fichier dans le repertoire input créée :

```

root@hadoop-master:~# ls
hdfs purchases.txt purchases2.txt run-wordcount.sh start-hadoop.sh start-kafka-zookeeper.sh
root@hadoop-master:~# ls /root
hdfs purchases.txt purchases.txt.gz purchases2.txt run-wordcount.sh start-hadoop.sh start-kafka-zookeeper.sh
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -put -f /root/purchases.txt.gz /input/
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -ls /input
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r-- 2 root supergroup 38454568 2025-11-28 20:09 /input/purchases.txt.gz
root@hadoop-master:~#

```

- Afficher les dernières lignes du fichier **purchases**.

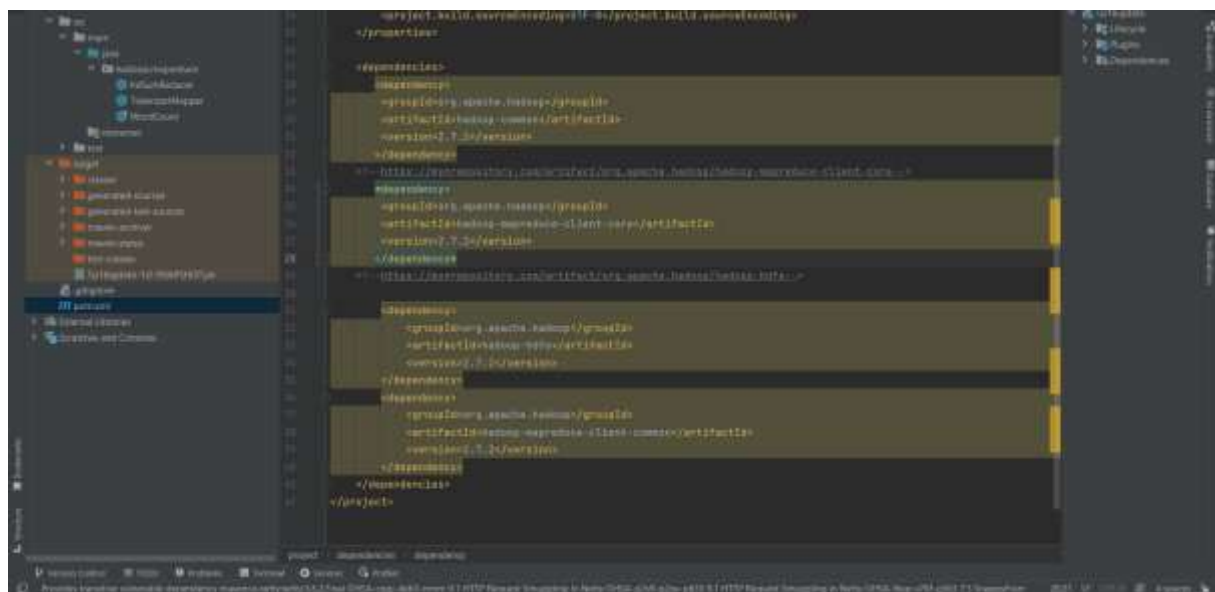
```

root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -cat /input/purchases.txt.gz | gunzip -c | head -n 10
2012-01-01 09:00 San Jose Men's Clothing 214.05 Amex
2012-01-01 09:00 Fort Worth Women's Clothing 153.57 Visa
2012-01-01 09:00 San Diego Music 66.08 Cash
2012-01-01 09:00 Pittsburgh Pet Supplies 493.51 Discover
2012-01-01 09:00 Omaha Children's Clothing 235.63 MasterCard
2012-01-01 09:00 Stockton Men's Clothing 247.18 MasterCard
2012-01-01 09:00 Austin Cameras 379.6 Visa
2012-01-01 09:00 New York Consumer Electronics 296.8 Cash
2012-01-01 09:00 Corpus Christi Toys 25.38 Discover
2012-01-01 09:00 Fort Worth Toys 213.88 Visa
cat: Unable to write to output stream.
root@hadoop-master:~#

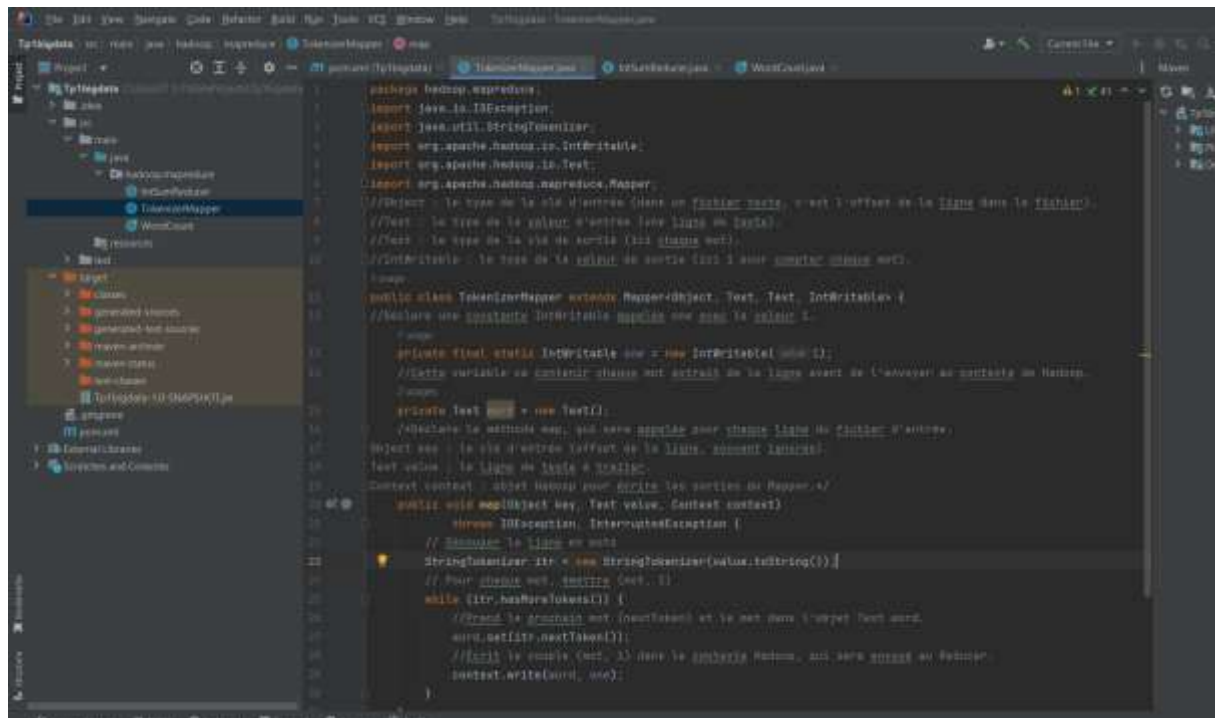
```

MAP REDUCE PROCESS :

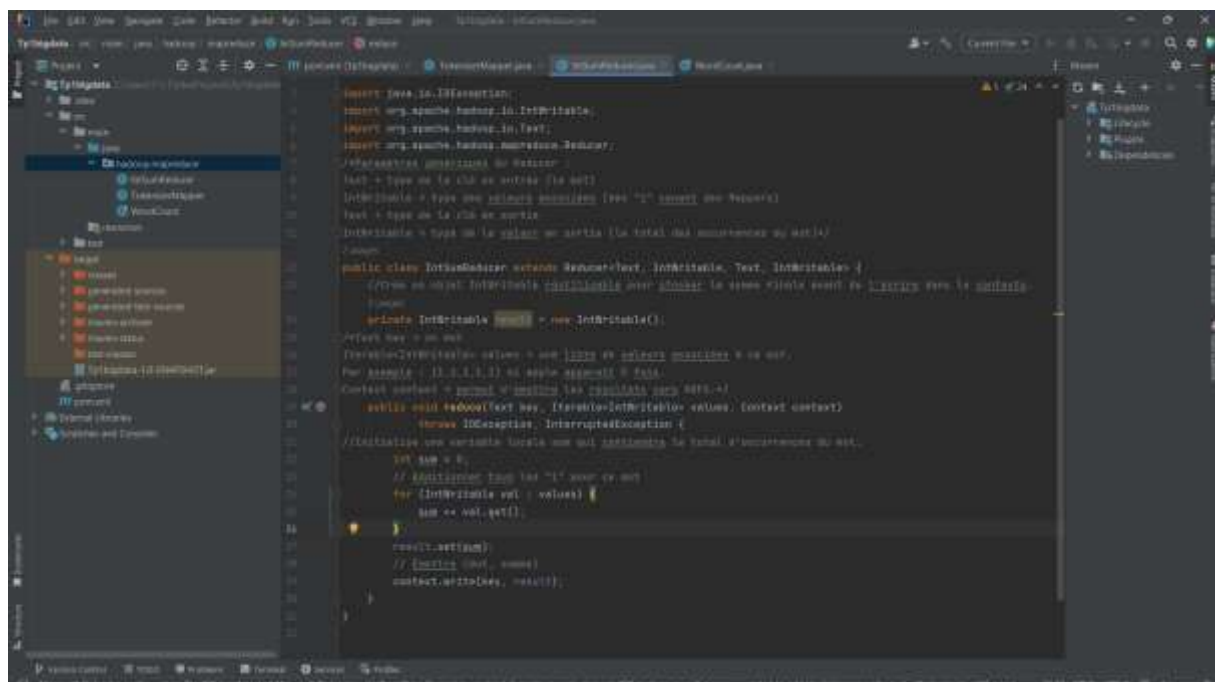
1/ dans le fichier pom.xml on ajoute les dépendances demandées



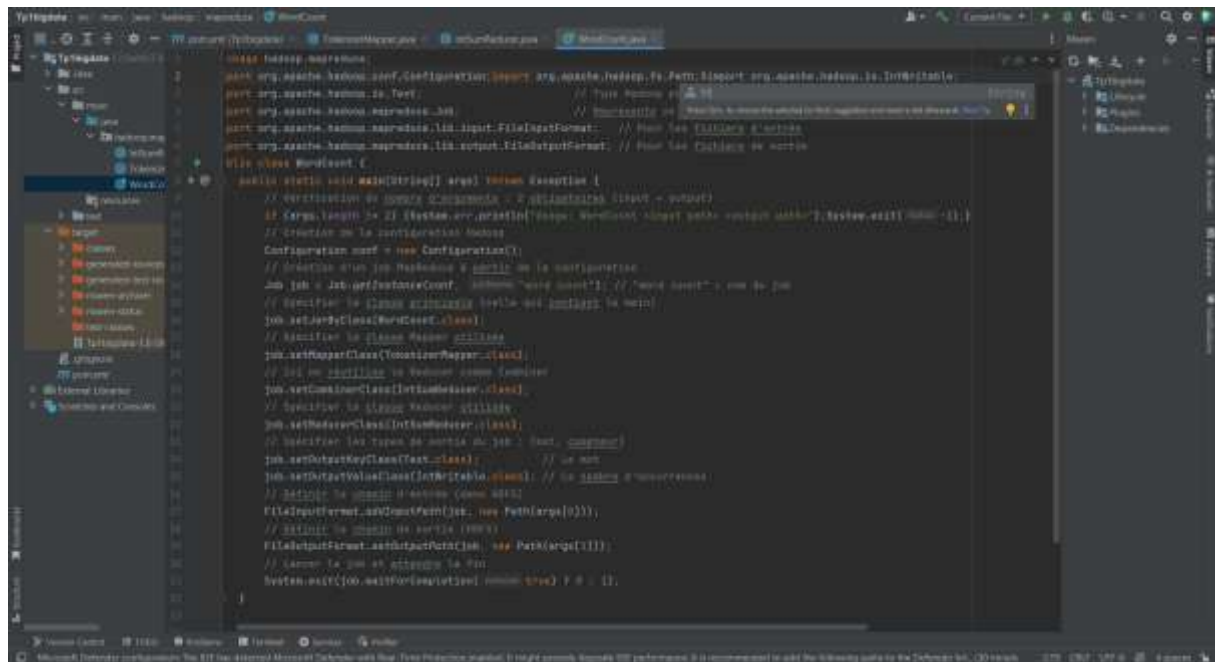
- Créer la classe **TokenizerMapper** qui représente la classe MAP.



- Créer la classe **IntSumReducer** qui représente la classe REDUCE.



- Enfin, créer la classe **WordCount** qui représente la classe Driver.



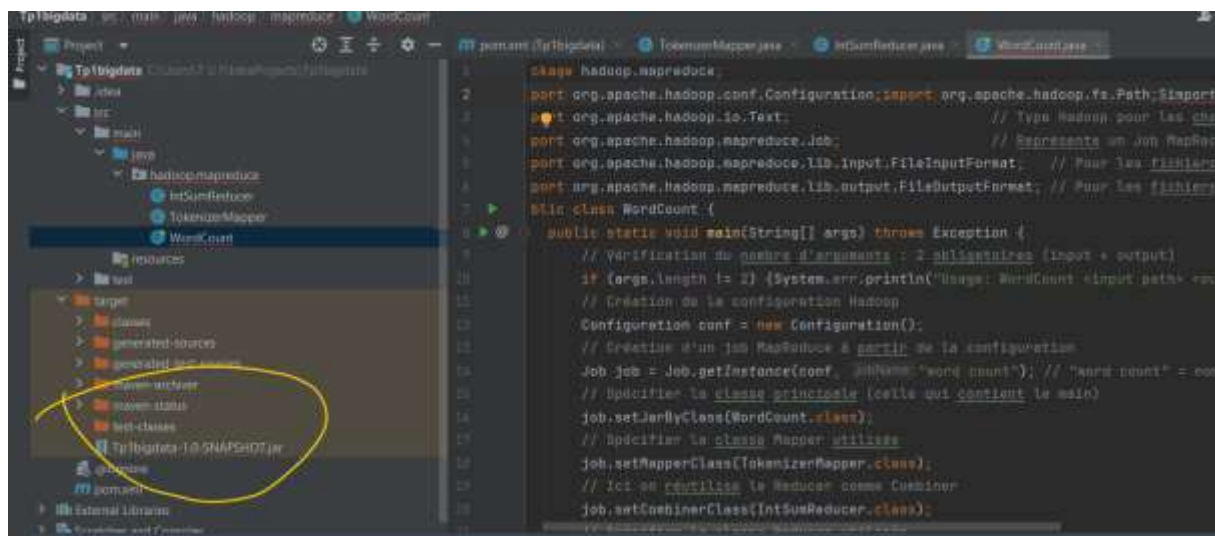
Dans votre projet IntelliJ :

- Générer le fichier **jar** de l'application.
- Copier le fichier **jar** créé dans le conteneur **master**.
- Revenir au shell du conteneur master et lancer le job map reduce sur le fichier purchases.txt que vous aviez préalablement chargé dans le répertoire input de HDFS..
- Afficher le contenu du fichier généré.

On fait:

Tp1bigdata/target/Tp1bigdata-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar

Le fichier Jar est généré:



On copie le JAR vers le master :

```
P5 C:\Users\T U F\IdeaProjects\tpbigdata> docker cp target\tpbigdata-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar hadoop-master:/root/
Successfully copied 6.66kB to hadoop-master:/root/
P5 C:\Users\T U F\IdeaProjects\tpbigdata>
```

Maintenant on lance notre jib dans le conteneur laster

```
root@hadoop-master:~# ls
tpbigdata-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar  purchases.txt  purchases2.txt  start-hadoop.sh
root@hadoop-master:~# hadoop jar tpbigdata-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar hadoop.mapreduce /input/purchases.txt.gz /output
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: hadoop.mapreduce
    at java.net.URLClassLoader.findClass(URLClassLoader.java:382)
    at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadClass(ClassLoader.java:426)
    at java.lang.ClassLoader.loadClass(ClassLoader.java:357)
    at java.lang.Class.forName0(Native Method)
    at java.lang.Class.forName(Class.java:348)
    at org.apache.hadoop.util.RunJar.run(RunJar.java:214)
    at org.apache.hadoop.util.RunJar.main(RunJar.java:136)
root@hadoop-master:~# hadoop jar tpbigdata-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar hadoop.mapreduce.WordCount /input/purchases.txt.gz /output
25/11/28 21:19:43 INFO client.RMPProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at hadoop-master/172.27.0.2:8032
25/11/28 21:19:43 WARN mapreduce.JobResourceUploader: Hadoop command-line option parsing not performed. Implement the Tool interface and execute your application with ToolRunner to remedy this.
25/11/28 21:19:43 INFO input.FileInputFormat: Total input paths to process : 1
25/11/28 21:19:44 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: number of splits:1
25/11/28 21:19:44 INFO mapreduce.JobSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1764358966858_0001
25/11/28 21:19:44 INFO http.YarnClientV1Protocol: Submitted application application_1764358966858_0001
25/11/28 21:19:44 INFO mapreduce.Job: The url to track the job: http://hadoop-master:8888/proxy/application_1764358966858_0001/
25/11/28 21:19:44 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job_1764358966858_0001
25/11/28 21:19:51 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job_1764358966858_0001 running in uber mode : false
25/11/28 21:19:51 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 0% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:02 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 16% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:05 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 23% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:08 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 31% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:11 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 38% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:14 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 45% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:17 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 52% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:21 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 60% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:24 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 67% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:25 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 0%
25/11/28 21:20:29 INFO mapreduce.Job: map 100% reduce 100%
25/11/28 21:20:29 INFO mapreduce.Job: Job job_1764358966858_0001 completed successfully
25/11/28 21:20:29 INFO mapreduce.Job: Counters: 49
File System Counters
  FILE: Number of bytes read=6904951
  FILE: Number of bytes written=7837676
  FILE: Number of read operations=0
  FILE: Number of large read operations=0
  FILE: Number of write operations=0
```

```
FILE: Number of write operations=0
HDFS: Number of bytes read=38454681
HDFS: Number of bytes written=690688
HDFS: Number of read operations=6
HDFS: Number of large read operations=0
HDFS: Number of write operations=2
Job Counters
  Launched map tasks=1
  Launched reduce tasks=1
  Data-local map tasks=1
  Total time spent by all maps in occupied slots (ms)=30933
  Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=1778
  Total time spent by all map tasks (ms)=30933
  Total time spent by all reduce tasks (ms)=1778
  Total user-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=30933
  Total user-milliseconds taken by all reduce tasks=1778
  Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=31675392
  Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all reduce tasks=1828672
Map-Reduce Framework
  Map input records=4118476
  Map output records=27982895
  Map output bytes=323244584
  Map output materialized bytes=647726
  Input split bytes=111
  Combine input records=26081122
  Combine output records=569279
  Reduce input groups=51053
  Reduce shuffle bytes=647726
  Reduce input records=51053
  Reduce output records=51053
  Spilled Records=688332
  Shuffled Maps=1
  Failed Shuffles=0
  Merged Map outputs=1
  GC time elapsed (ms)=285
  CPU time spent (ms)=35588
  Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=453177344
  Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=2904143604
  Total committed heap usage (bytes)=327688800
Shuffle Errors
  BAD_ID=0
  CONNECTION=0
  IO_ERROR=0
  WRONG_LENGTH=0
```

```
WRONG_MAP=0  
WRONG_REDUCE=0  
File Input Format Counters  
  Bytes Read=38454568  
File Output Format Counters  
  Bytes Written=499048  
root@hadoop-master:~# |
```

FINAL RESULT :

On execute :

```
hdfs dfs -cat /output/part-r-00000 | head -n 50
```



```
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -ls /output
Found 2 items
-rw-r--r-- 2 root supergroup 0 2025-11-28 21:20 /output/_SUCCESS
-rw-r--r-- 2 root supergroup 499048 2025-11-28 21:20 /output/part-r-00000
root@hadoop-master:~# hdfs dfs -cat /output/part-r-00000 | head -n 50
0      86
0.01   78
0.02   83
0.03   80
0.04   89
0.05   82
0.06   81
0.07   70
0.08   85
0.09   84
0.1     81
0.11   87
0.12   97
0.13   83
0.14   75
0.15   90
0.16   86
0.17  102
0.18   78
0.19   78
0.2     76
0.21   87
0.22   89
0.23   91
0.24   94
0.25   81
0.26   79
0.27   78
0.28   69
0.29   83
0.3    104
0.31   89
0.32   95
0.33   79
0.34   70
0.35   88
0.36   79
0.37   86
0.38   76
0.39   72
0.4     75
0.41   86
0.42   89
0.43  102
0.44   80
0.45   78
0.46   78
0.47   88
0.48   88
```

```
0.17    102
0.18    78
0.19    78
0.2     76
0.21    87
0.22    89
0.23    91
0.24    94
0.25    81
0.26    79
0.27    78
0.28    69
0.29    83
0.3     104
0.31    89
0.32    95
0.33    79
0.34    70
0.35    88
0.36    79
0.37    86
0.38    76
0.39    72
0.4     75
0.41    86
0.42    89
0.43    102
0.44    80
0.45    78
0.46    78
0.47    88
0.48    88
0.49    92
cat: Unable to write to output stream.
root@hadoop-master:~# |
```