

# Project Euler

Wafik Aboualim

June 16, 2022

## Problem 2

Naive algorithm: we iterate over  $n$  and check for even Fibonacci number and sum them. Given we use the optimal Fibonacci algorithm, the algorithm will take  $\mathcal{O}(n \log(n))$  time.

Optimal solution: We recall an important fact about Fibonacci numbers. If we take every term in the Fibonacci sequence  $\Phi(n) \pmod{2}$ , we get the following sequence:

$$0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, \dots$$

In other words, for every natural number  $n$ , we have the following:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi(n) = f(3n) \text{ is even } \mathbf{and} \\ f(3n + 1) \text{ is odd } \mathbf{and} \\ f(3n + 2) \text{ is odd.} \end{aligned}$$

*Proof.* We induct over  $n$ ,  $n=0$  is trivial since the first 3 numbers of Fibonacci sequence are 0,1,1. Now suppose the above holds for  $n = k$ , we need to prove that it holds for  $n = k + 1$ . Now consider  $\Phi(3(k + 1))$ :

$$\Phi(3(k + 1)) = \Phi(3k + 3) = \Phi(3k + 2) + \Phi(3k + 1)$$

Since the sum of two odd numbers is even, hence  $\Phi(3(k + 1))$  is even. In the same manner it is easy to prove that both  $\Phi(3(k + 2))$ ,  $\Phi(3(k + 3))$  are odd.  $\square$

Using that fact, we can only iterate on the multiples of 3 until  $n$ . Unfortunately, that reduces our run time only by a constant.