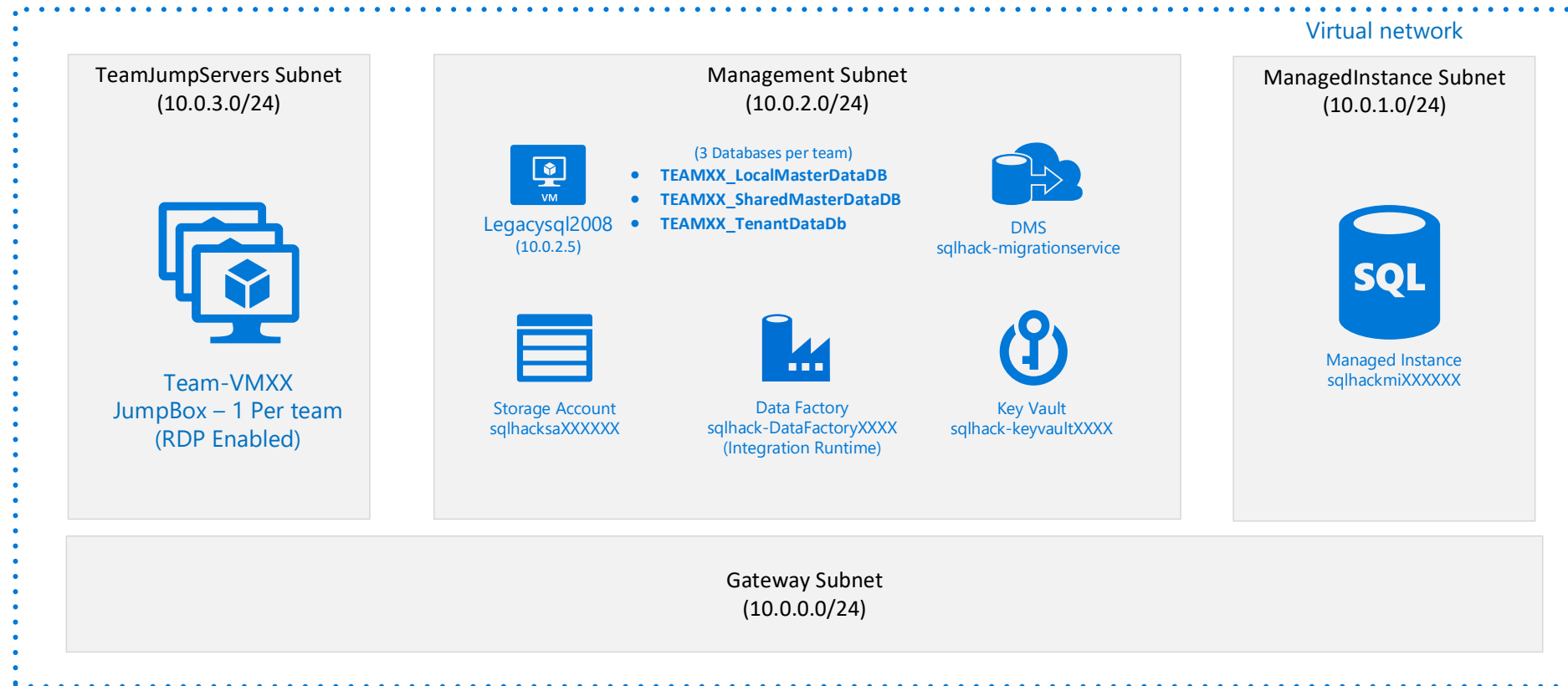


SQL Moderation Hack Database Migration Lab Step-by-step

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Migration architecture and Azure components

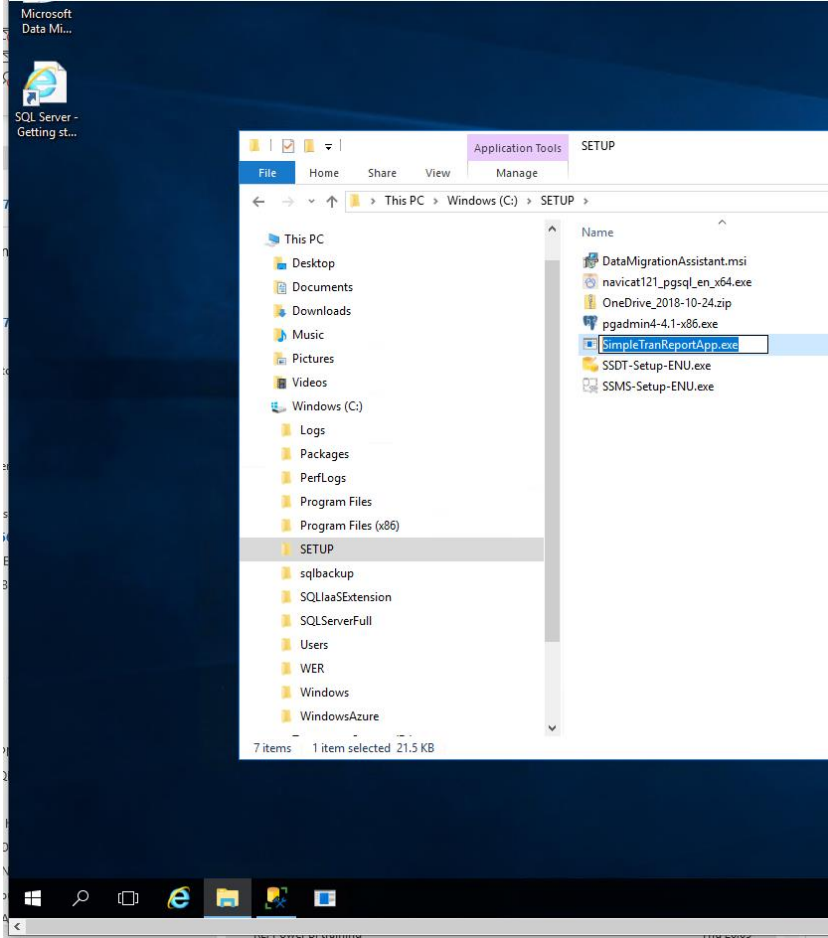


Generic Migration Content

Narrative	Notes
<i>Notes for outside of the workshop:</i> <i>Familiarise yourself with Microsoft migration tools and the Azure Database Migration Guide</i>	Azure Database Migration Guide: https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/default.aspx DMA & download link: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/dma/dma-overview?view=sql-server-2017 Microsoft Migration Portal: https://datamigration.microsoft.com/

1. Start the 'Online Transaction Monitor' application

In this section we'll connect the legacy Online Transaction Monitor application to the legacy SQL2008 databases and see it running.

Narrative	Screenshot	Notes
<p>We will set the sample application running to demonstrate how Azure Database Migration Services can be used to perform a an “on-line” migration of a running database with minimal downtime.</p> <p>RDP onto the Win10 management VM using the IP Address from Labs and Parameters” doc</p> <p>On the Task Bar– select ‘SimpleTranReportApp’ Or Windows Explorer - ‘SimpleTranReportApp.exe’</p>		<p>In this scenario the legacy app has lost its source code, so only exists as an executable. We are not, however, blocked from migrating to Azure.</p>

Once running, select the '**Settings**' tab and enter the following parameters into the fields identified:

ServerName:

LEGACYSQL2008

Initial Catalog:

TEAMXX_TenantDataDb

Username:

TEAMXX

Password:

TEAMXX

Click the "**Change Connection String**" button to apply the connection string modifications

Online Transaction Monitor (TenantID = 414)

App Data Settings

Build / change connection string

ServerName
10.1.0.5

Initial catalog
TenantDataDB

Username
rootuser

Password
[masked]

Change Connection String

Connection String

Data Source=sqlrelay-vm;Initial Catalog=TenantDataDB;Integrated Security=False;User ID=demoUser;Password=@BuildHandsOnLab2018;Application Name=UserTransactionsApp

Use the parameters from the Appendix in the "Hands-on Lab - Data Migration" document.

The connection string will now have been set to connect to the legacy SQL host – **LEGACYSQL2008** with appropriate Team database and login details.

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Select 'App Data' tab and click the "Run" button.

Online Transaction Monitor (TenantID = 414)

App Data Settings

Source Database Server: Instance name: 10.1.0.5, version: 12.00.5600, db compat level: 110

Country Transaction Summary

CountryName	NumberOfTran	MinAmount	MaxAmount
France	2467	62.00	108955.00
*			

Customer with TOP 10 transactions

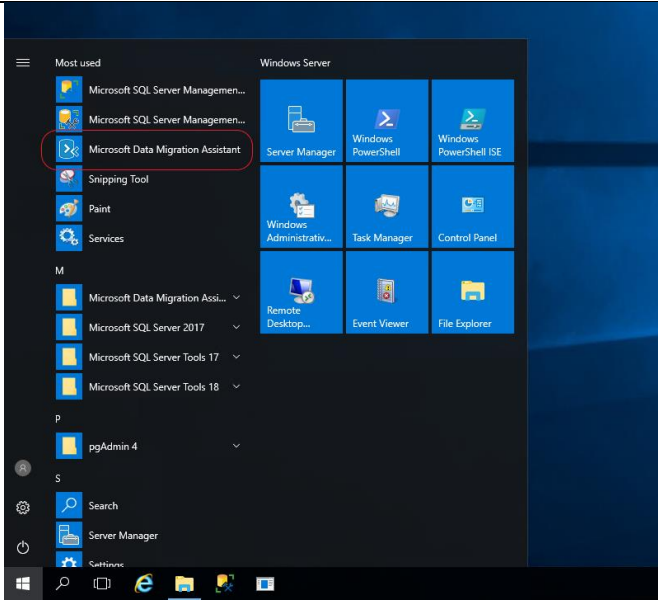
Userid	UserName	CountryId	TranDate	TranCode	TranAmount	AmountWithTax
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 7	106899.00	119726.88
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 5	105039.00	117643.68
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 7	103876.00	116341.12
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 3	102969.00	115325.28
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 8	102757.00	115087.84
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 5	100903.00	113011.36
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 7	100456.00	112510.72
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 5	99680.00	111641.6
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 7	97799.00	109534.88
19	User 19	3	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 9	96885.00	108511.2

Run Pause

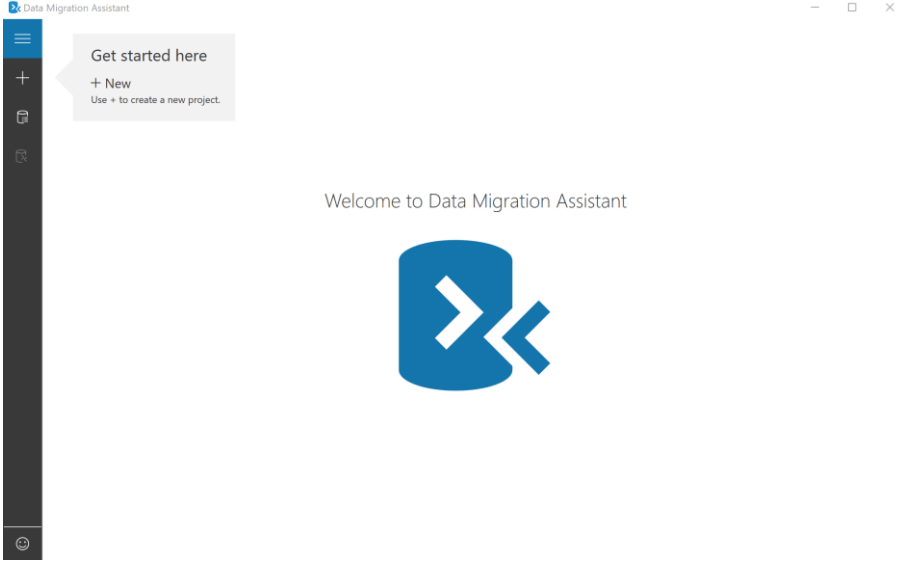
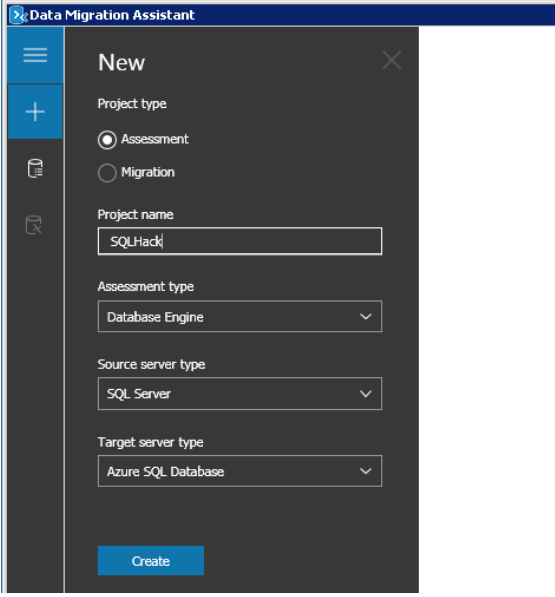
The application will generate simulated transactional data. Notice how the 'Source Database Server' information at the top of the app reflects the parameters given in the previous step.

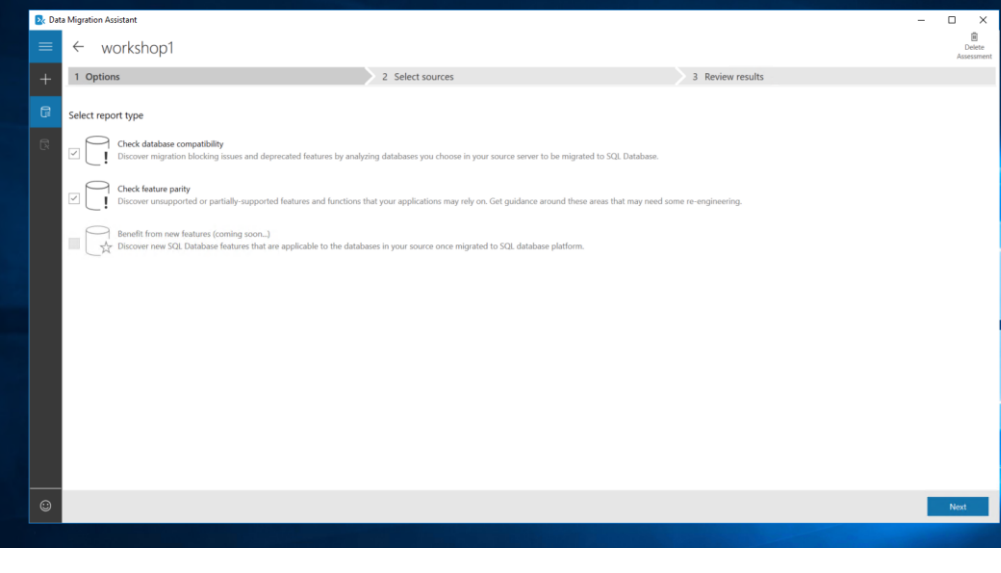
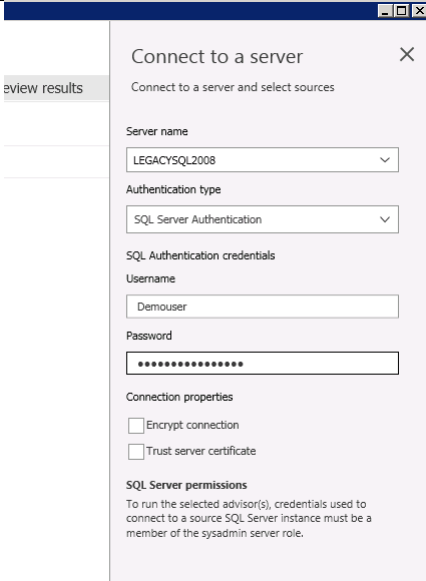
2. Assess the application databases for Azure SQL Database suitability

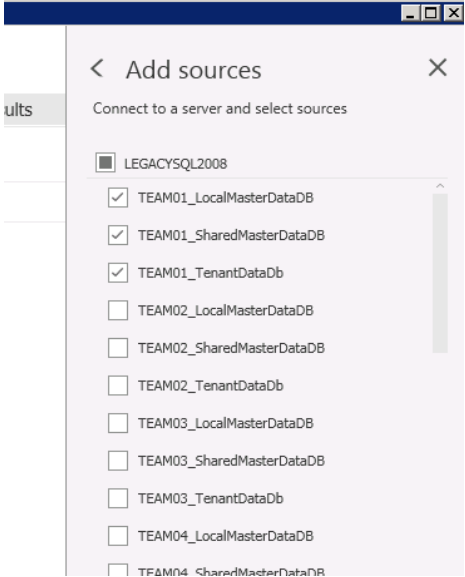
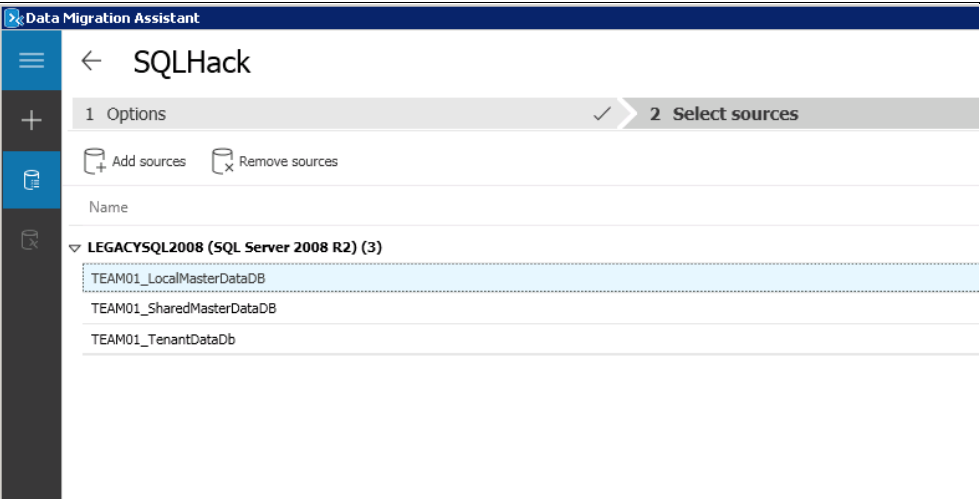
In this section we will use the Data Migration Assistant (DMA) to assess the applications database for suitability for migration to Azure Cloud.

Narrative	Screenshot	Notes
<p>We need to determine the suitability of the database(s) for migration to Azure. This includes checking for compatibility and feature support with Azure Database.</p> <p>RDP onto your teams Win10 Management VM (TEAM-VMXX) and run DMA from the Start or Desktop icon.</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the Windows Server Start menu. The 'Most used' section is visible, and the 'Microsoft Data Migration Assistant' icon is highlighted with a red circle. Other icons in the 'Most used' section include Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio, Snipping Tool, Paint, and Services. The 'All apps' list on the left shows categories like M, P, and S, with 'Microsoft Data Migration Assistant' listed under the 'M' category.</p>	<p>See link above if you need to download DMA.</p>

SQL Modernisation Open Hack

<p>You should see this screenshot to the right.</p> <p>Select the “+” to create a new assessment project</p>		
<p>Select/Enter the following details:</p> <p>Project name: Workshop1</p> <p>Assessment type: Database Engine</p> <p>Source server type: SQL Server</p> <p>Target server type: Azure SQL Database</p> <p>Click ‘Create’</p>		<p>Our first project assessment assumes we will be migrating to Azure SQL DB, so the selections shown in the screenshot need to be selected.</p>

<p>Select the assessment checks (Report Type) to be made:</p> <p>Check database compatibility</p> <p>Check feature parity</p> <p>Click 'Next'</p>		<p>DMA can test for both database compatibility and feature parity compliance against the Azure target.</p> <p>As this is the initial evaluation, we are assessing a database(s) we will perform all of these tests.</p>
<p>Enter the source/legacy SQL details:</p> <p>Server Name: 10.0.2.4</p> <p>Authentication Type: SQL Server Authentication</p> <p>Username: Demouser</p> <p>Password: Demo@pass1234567</p> <p>Untick "Encrypt connection"</p> <p>Click 'Connect'</p>		<p>When performing this within your own subscription you will enter the host, authentication and connection types according to your company guidelines and practices.</p> <p><i>Bear in mind that DMA needs to connect to a source SQL Server using an account that belongs to the sysadmin role.</i></p> <p>As this document is produced within a workshop environment Active Directory, Certificates and encryption has not been setup.</p>

<p>Select only the 3 database used by your 'Online Transaction Monitor' app. These will have a TEAMXX prefix where XX should be replaced by your team number.</p> <p>TEAMXX_LocalMasterDataDb TEAMXX_SharedMasterDb TEAMXX_TenantDataDb</p> <p>Click 'Add' to add them to the assessment.</p>		<p>DMA will show all databases located on the Source host and display them so you can decide which ones to include in this assessment project.</p> <p>Note that you can assess multiple databases at the same time.</p>
<p>You should now see the screen on the right with the relevant TEAMXX databases listed.</p> <p>Select 'Start Assessment'</p>		<p>Note: DMA allows you to either 'Add' or 'Remove' additional data sources as needed at this point.</p> <p>Also note that DMA has identified what compatibility level each source database is running under.</p>

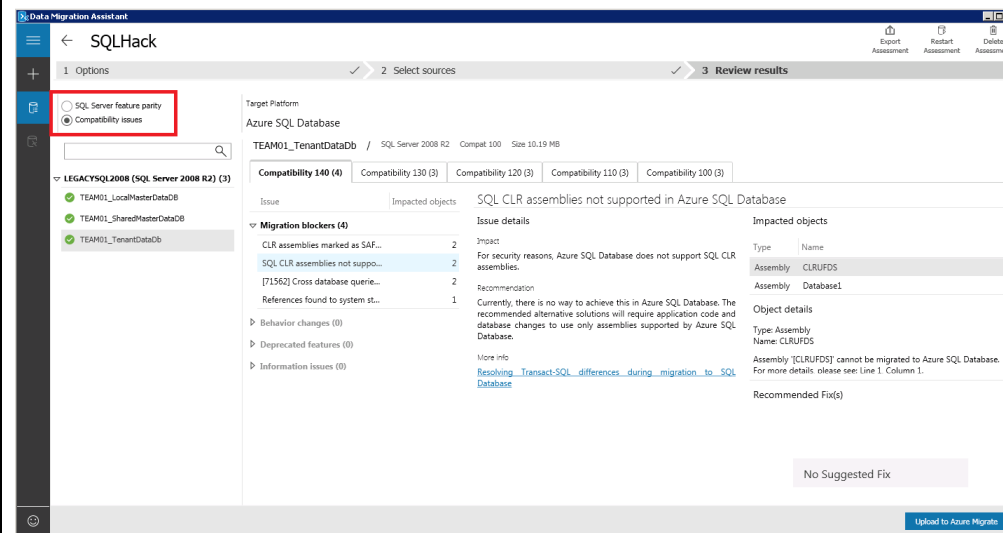
DMA will now show the results of the assessment using 2 separate reports:

‘SQL Server feature parity’ which is a server level report highlighting any server functionality (e.g. MSDTC) that the source DBs are using that isn’t fully supported on the target – in this case Azure SQL Database. In our assessment here is one ‘Unsupported feature’ here (cross database queries).

‘Compatibility Issues’ which is a database level report detailing individual objects that have compatibility issues.

Select **‘TEAMXX_TenantDataDb’**. Note the 4 ‘Migration blockers’ including CLR which the database uses.

CLR is not supported on Azure SQL DB but is supported by Azure SQL Database Managed Instance (SQLMI).

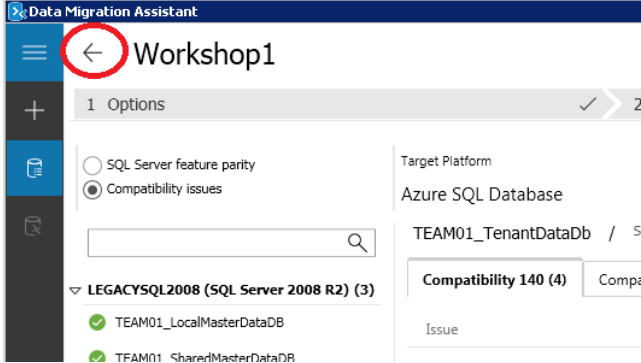
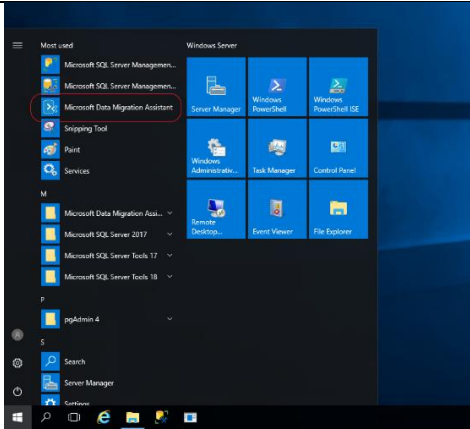


Note: Toggle the parity and compatibility issues radio button (top left) to switch between the 2 reports.

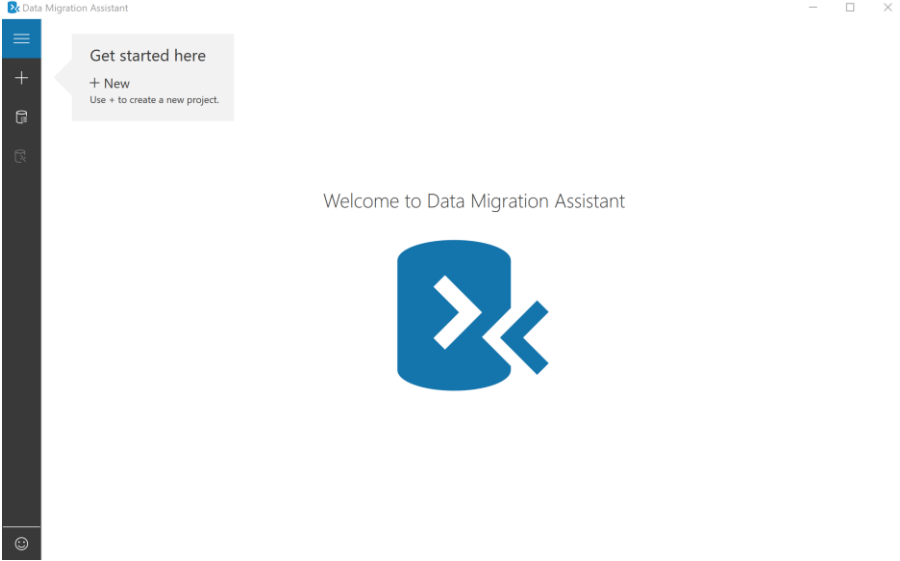
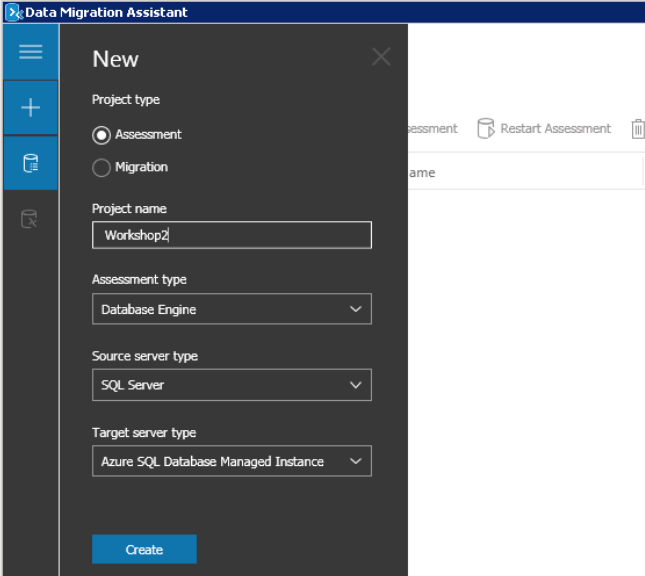
‘SQL Server feature parity’ shows what features are not supported in the target data source. Under ‘Details’ and ‘Databases’ you will find remedial action that are required and the databases impacted.

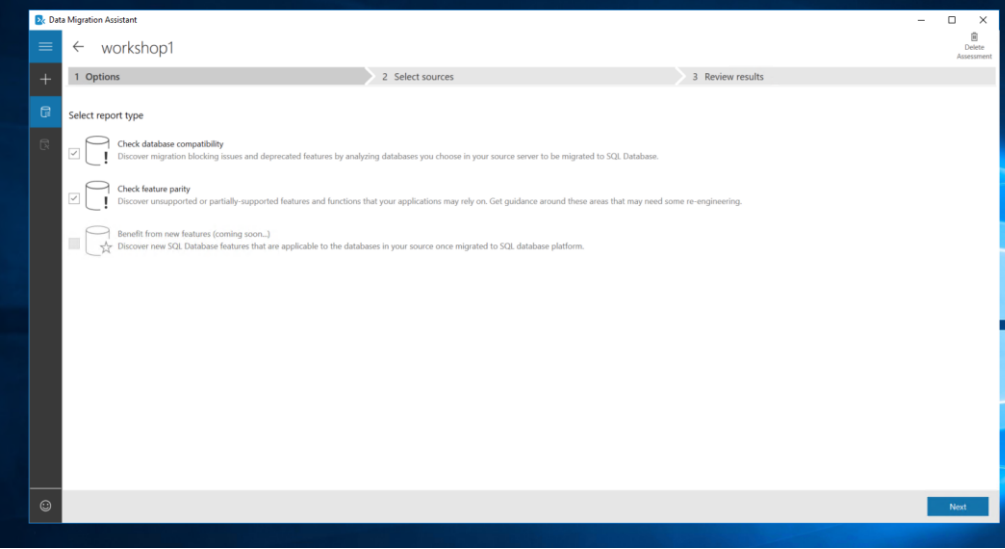
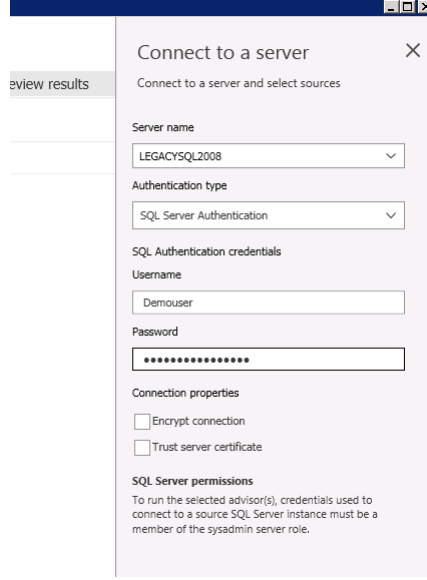
‘Compatibility Issues’ shows, over the compatibility tabs, issues that need to be addressed to permit the database(s) to run, in the chosen compatibility level (e.g. 140, 130, 120, 110).

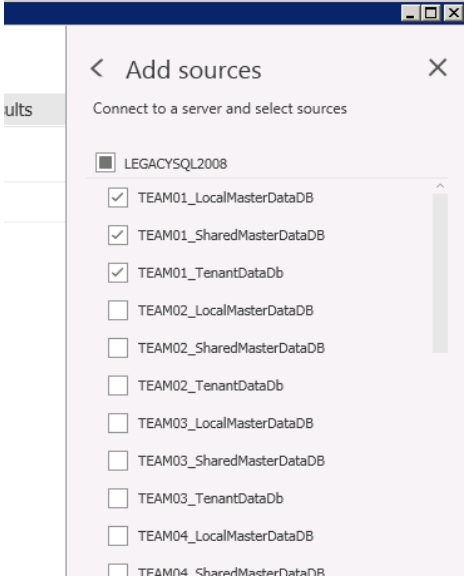
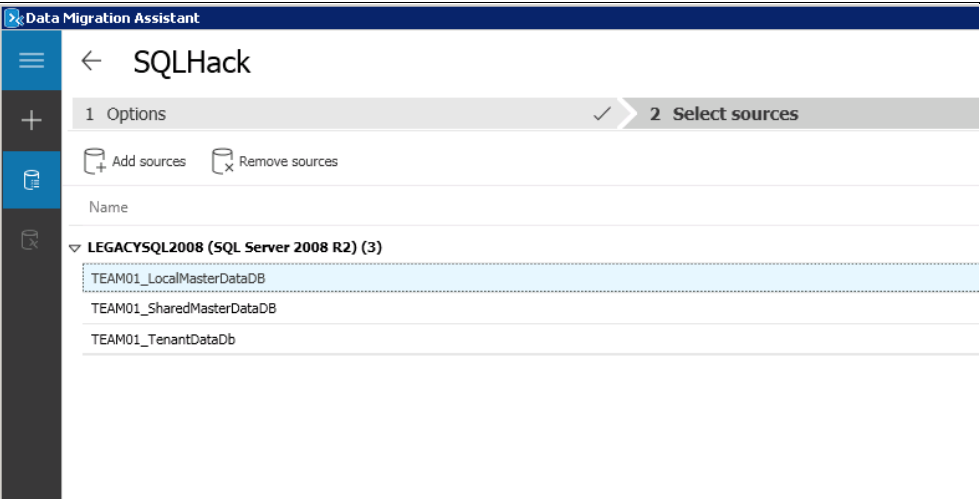
If you have multiple databases, as with the example screenshot, you need to highlight EACH database to see the compatibility issues.

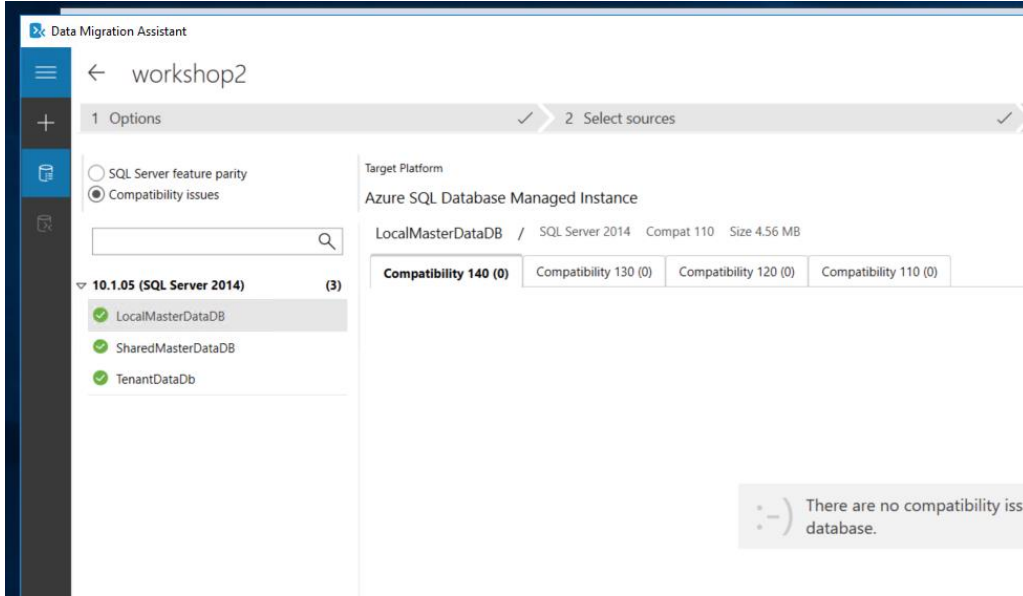
<p>Once you're reviewed the assessment click the back arrow to see a list of current DMA projects.</p>		
	<p>Due to the need for CLR, we need to repeat the assessment with Azure SQL DB Managed Instance as the target.</p>	
<p>We need to determine the suitability of the database(s) for migration to Azure. This includes checking for compatibility and feature support with Azure Database.</p> <p>Logon onto your teams Win10 management VM and run DMA from the Start or Desktop icon.</p>		<p>See link above if you need to download DMA.</p>

SQL Modernisation Open Hack

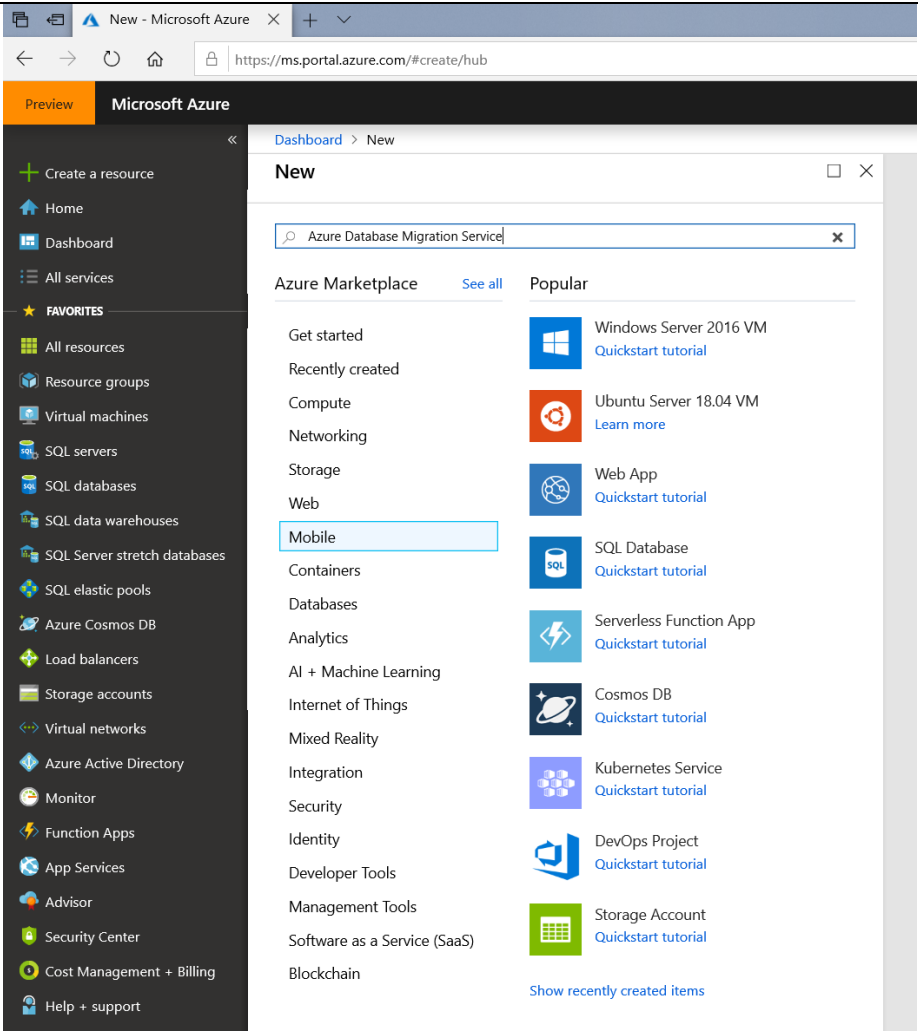
<p>You should see this screenshot to the right.</p> <p>Select the “+” to create a new assessment project.</p>		
<p>Select/Enter the following details:</p> <p>Project name: Workshop2</p> <p>Assessment type: Database Engine</p> <p>Source server type: SQL Server</p> <p>Target server type: Azure SQL Database Managed Instance</p> <p>Click ‘Create’</p>		<p>Our 2nd assessment project assumes we will be migrating to Azure SQL DB Managed Instance, so the selections shown in the screenshot need to be selected.</p>

<p>Select the assessment checks (Report Type) to be made:</p> <p>Check database compatibility</p> <p>Check feature parity</p> <p>Click 'Next'</p>		<p>As we saw previously DMA can test for both database compatibility and feature parity compliance against the chosen target.</p> <p>As before we will assess all the databases against all of the tests.</p>
<p>Enter the source/legacy SQL details:</p> <p>Server Name: LEGACYSQL2008</p> <p>Authentication Type: SQL Server Authentication</p> <p>Username: Demouser</p> <p>Password: Demo@pass1234567</p> <p>Untick "Encrypt connection"</p> <p>Click 'Connect'</p>		<p>When performing this within your own subscription you will enter the host, authentication and connection types according to your company guidelines and practices.</p> <p><i>Bear in mind that DMA needs to connect to a source SQL Server using an account that belongs to the sysadmin role.</i></p> <p>As this document is produced within a workshop environment Active Directory, Certificates and encryption has not been setup.</p>

<p>Select only the 3 database used by your 'Online Transaction Monitor' app. These will have a TEAMXX prefix where XX should be replaced by your team number.</p> <p>TEAMXX_LocalMasterDataDb TEAMXX_SharedMasterDb TEAMXX_TenantDataDb</p> <p>Click 'Add' to add them to the assessment.</p>		<p>DMA will show all databases located on the Source host and display them so you can decide which ones to include in this assessment project.</p> <p>Note that you can assess multiple databases at the same time.</p>
<p>You should now see the screen on the right with the relevant TEAMXX databases listed.</p> <p>Select 'Start Assessment'</p>		<p>Note: DMA allows you to either 'Add' or 'Remove' additional data sources as needed at this point.</p> <p>Also note that DMA has identified what compatibility level each source database is running under.</p>

<p>As before DMA will now show the results from the assessment as the 2 reports.</p> <p>Note the 'SQL Server feature parity' report will either be clean or it will show a single issue for the system SQL Agent Job 'syspolicy_purge_history' which is not applicable to Azure SQL DB Managed Instance & can be ignored.</p> <p>The 'Compatibility Issues' report should be clear for all 3 databases showing that they can be migrated to Azure SQLDB Managed Instance without changes.</p>		<p>Note: Toggle the parity and compatibility Issues radio button (top left) to see how DMA.</p> <p>'SQL Server feature parity' shows what features are not supported in the target datasource. Under 'Details' and 'Databases' you will find remedial action that are required and the databases impacted.</p> <p>'Compatibility Issues' shows, over the compatibility tabs, issues that need to be addressed to permit the database(s) to run, in the chosen compatibility level (e.g. 140, 130, 120, 110).</p> <p>If you have multiple databases, as with the example screenshot, you need to highlight EACH database to see the compatibility issues.</p>
	<p>We are now ready to migrate the application databases to Azure SQL Database Managed Instance</p>	

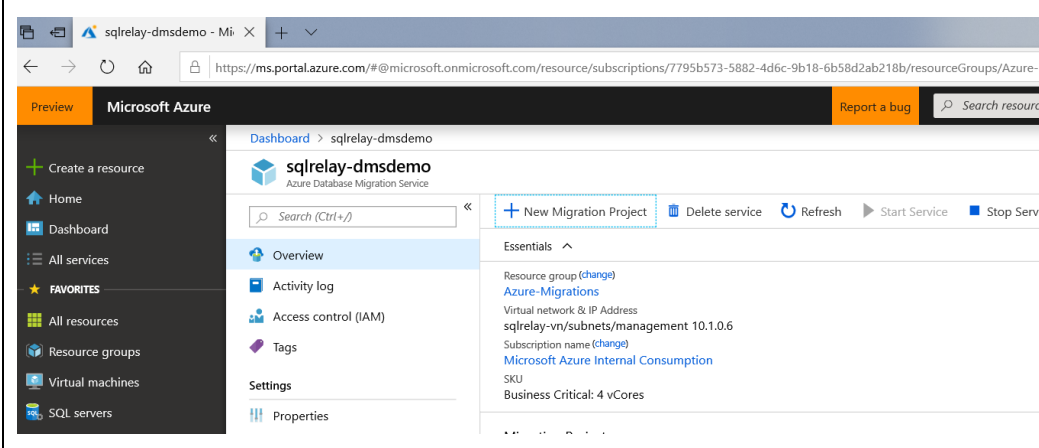
3. Use Azure Database Migration Service (DMS) to migrate the 3 application databases

Narrative	Screenshot	Notes
<p>We will be using Azure Database Migration Service (DMS) to migrate the legacy databases to Azure.</p> <p>For the workshop DMS will already been provisioned. In your own subscription if you do not have DMS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • select '+ Create a Resource' • enter and search for 'Database Migration' • select 'Azure Database Migration Service' <p>Follow the setup blades according to your organisational guidelines.</p>		<p>DMS is provisioned as a service which hosts & runs multiple migration Projects. Each Project is responsible for migrating one or more databases.</p> <p>Although a Project can migrate multiple databases each Project can only migrate databases from a single source host to a single target destination.</p> <p>In this lab we will use a single Project to migrate 3 databases from the same legacy SQL2008 host to SQL Managed Instance.</p> <p>DMS can host and run different types of database migration Projects under the same e.g. separate Project for separate source servers.</p> <p>Overview of DMS: Azure Database Migration Service</p> <p>DMS tutorials: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/</p>

For this workshop:

In the Azure portal, open the workshop Resource Group and locate the Azure Database Migration Service and open it.

On the DMS Overview blade click 'New Migration Project'



On the "New migration project" blade use the following settings:

Project name:

TEAMXX_migration
(replace XX with your team number)

Source server type:

SQL Server

Target Server type:

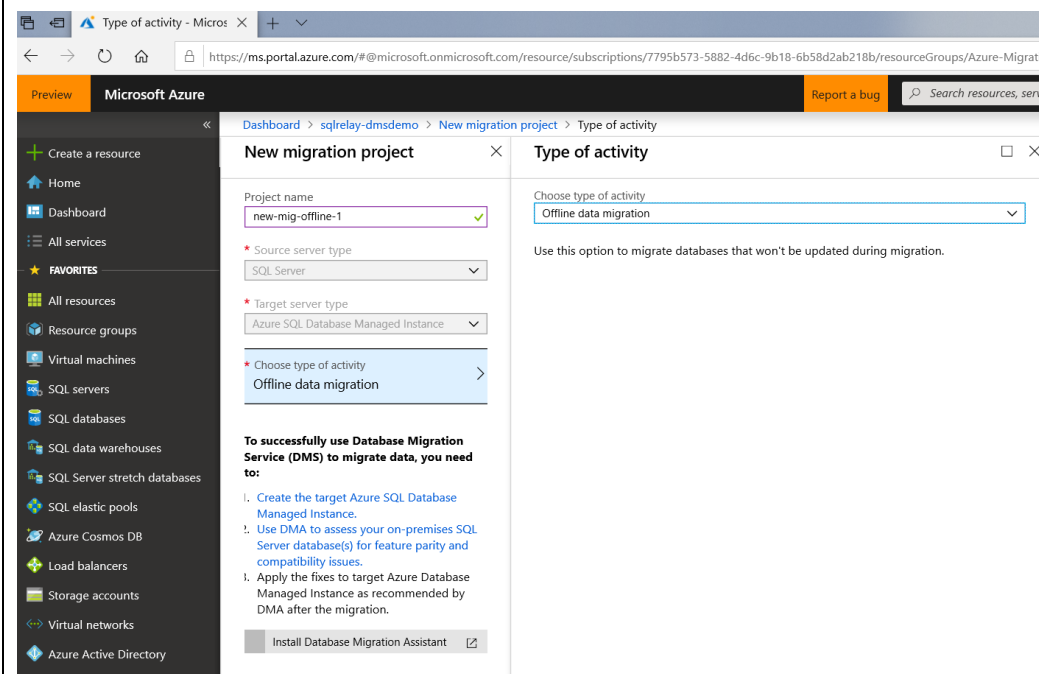
Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Choose type of activity:

Offline data migration

Click 'Save'

Select 'Create and run activity'



DMS can perform two types of database migrations:

- **Offline**
- **Online**

Offline migrations use backup files. The backups can be provided to DMS or DMS can create the backup as part of a project.

Whilst the simplest to perform taking the backup, moving it to Azure and restoring it can cause significant downtime.

Online migrations use a replication or log shipping approach to keep the source & target in sync. Whilst more complex it significantly reduces database downtime.

DMS will now launch the migration configuration blades. Use the following values for each of the configuration steps:

STEP 1: Select Source

This uses the source database host VM LEGACYSQL2008 details from the “Lab and parameters” doc.

Source SQL Server:

10.0.2.4

Authentication Type:

SQL Authentication

User Name:

Demouser

Password

Demo@pass1234567

For this lab ***only*** uncheck both “Connection Properties” options as per the screenshot.

Click ‘**Save**’.

This will perform a connection test.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Migration Wizard interface. The left sidebar contains navigation options like 'Create a resource', 'Home', 'Dashboard', 'All services', 'FAVORITES', 'Cost Management + Billing', 'All resources', 'Resource groups', 'SQL managed instances', 'SQL databases', 'Analysis Services', 'Virtual machines', 'Azure Active Directory', 'Azure Cosmos DB', 'Storage accounts', 'Virtual networks', and 'Monitor'. The main area displays the 'Migration Wizard' for 'TEAM01_migration'. The wizard steps are: 1. Select source (completed), 2. Select target, 3. Select databases, 4. Select logins, 5. Configure migration settings, and 6. Summary. The 'Migration source detail' pane on the right shows the configuration for the source SQL Server instance. The 'Source SQL Server instance name' is '10.0.2.5', 'Authentication type' is 'SQL Authentication', 'User Name' is 'Demouser', and 'Password' is masked. Under 'Connection properties', both 'Encrypt connection' and 'Trust server certificate' are unchecked.

The account that DMS uses to connect to the source instance must be a member of sysadmin.

STEP 2: Select Target

This uses the target Azure SQL Managed Instance details from the "Lab and parameters" doc.

Target SQL Server:

(Use the Fully Qualified Domain Name for the SQL Managed Instance)
SqlhackmiXXXXXX
See *C:_SQLHACK_\LABS\01-Data_Migration\ManagedInstanceFDQN.txt*

Authentication Type:

SQL Authentication

User Name:

Demouser

Password:

Demo@pass1234567

Click 'Save'.

This will perform a connection test.

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Azure portal interface for the 'Migration Wizard' (TEAM01_migration). The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Migration Wizard' selected. The main content area shows the wizard steps: 1. Select source (checked), 2. Select target (checked and highlighted), 3. Select databases, 4. Select logins, 5. Configure migration settings, and 6. Summary. On the right, the 'Migration target details' panel is open, showing the following fields: Target server name (sqlhackmi-zzphhct7xa7uw.aaed7e9092a2.da...), Authentication type (SQL Authentication), User Name (Demouser), and Password (masked with dots). The top navigation bar includes 'Preview', 'Microsoft Azure', 'Report a bug', and a search bar.

STEP 3: Select Databases

The application has 3 databases supporting it. Select the 3 database for you team.

TEAMXX_LocalMasterDataDb

TEAMXX_SharedMasterDb

TEAMXX_TenantDataDb

(replace XX with your team number)

Select 'Save'

STEP 4: Select Logins

As with a traditional on-premise migration the SQL Server level logins must be migrated alongside the database. Select the database logins, from the list, that are required for the application.

Select ***only*** your '**TEAMXX**' account.

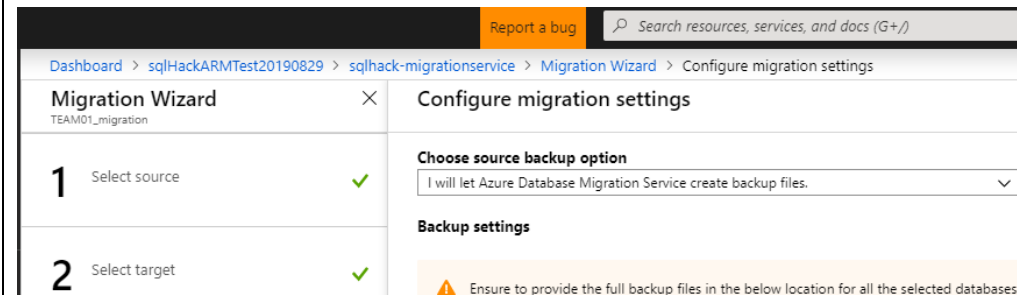
Select 'Save'

LOGIN TYPE	DEFAULT DATABASE	STATUS
SQL	master	Enabled
NT SERVICE\MSSQLSERVER	master	Enabled
TEAM07	master	Enabled
NT SERVICE\SQLSERVERAGENT	master	Enabled
TEAM20	master	Enabled
sa	master	Disabled
TEAM11	master	Enabled
TEAM18	master	Enabled
LEGACYSQL2008\DemoUser	master	Enabled
##MS_PolicyTsqlExecutionLogin##	master	Disabled
TEAM15	master	Enabled

Step 5a: Configure migration Settings**(Source Backup Option)**

We are running an offline migration which will use backups of the DBs to be migrated.

We want DMS to perform the backup, so select this option from the “Choose source backup option” (as shown).

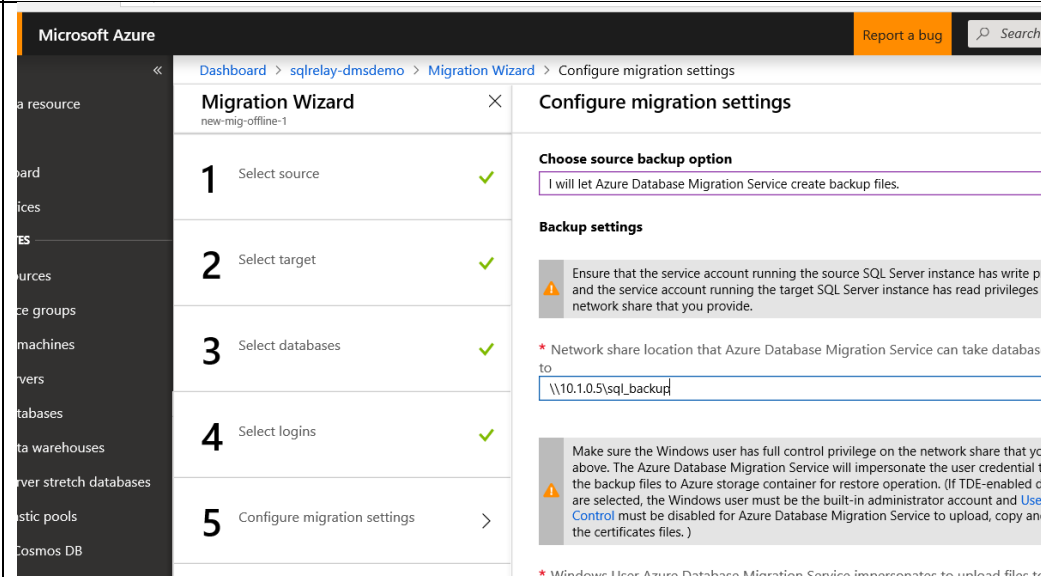


DMS can either use backup files provided or take the backups as part of the migration activity.

Step 5b: Configure migration Settings**(backup location)**

We can now enter the Windows share that the source will write the database backups to. This is a Windows share which we'll enter in the format:

\\IPAddress\FILESHARE



Step 5c: Configure migration Settings (source database access)

We now provide the username and password of the windows account that will permit the DMS service to run the backups on the source host and save them to the share on the legacy server.

Storage (Username):

LEGACYSQL2008\Demouser

Password:

Demo@pass1234567

Microsoft Azure

Dashboard > sqlrelay-dmsdemo > Migration Wizard > Configure migration settings

Migration Wizard
new-mig-offline-1

1 Select source ✓

2 Select target ✓

3 Select databases ✓

4 Select logins ✓

5 Configure migration settings >

6 Summary >

Configure migration settings

Choose source backup option

I will let Azure Database Migration Service create backup files.

Backup settings

Ensure that the service account running the source SQL Server instance has write privileges and the service account running the target SQL Server instance has read privileges on the network share that you provide.

* Network share location that Azure Database Migration Service can take database backups to

\\10.1.0.5\\sql_backup

Make sure the Windows user has full control privilege on the network share that you created above. The Azure Database Migration Service will impersonate the user credential to upload the backup files to Azure storage container for restore operation. (If TDE-enabled databases are selected, the Windows user must be the built-in administrator account and [User Account Control](#) must be disabled for Azure Database Migration Service to upload, copy and delete the certificates files.)

* Windows User Azure Database Migration Service impersonates to upload files to Azure Storage

Sqlrelay2014\\rootuser

Password

..... ✓

Step 5d: Configure migration Settings (Azure storage account settings)

DMS is an Azure Cloud Service. We have to provide the Shared Access Signature URI (SAS URI for short) to permit DMS to upload the backup files, from the share on the LEGACYSQL2008 host to Azure blob storage.

The SAS URI is provided in the “Lab and Parameters” doc.

Enter the SAS URI key located in:

C:_SQLHACK_\LABS\01-Data Migration\SASKey.txt

and click ‘Save’.

This will perform a connection test and if successful will display the Migration Summary blade.

4 Select logins ✓

5 Configure migration settings ✓

6 Summary >

created above. The Azure Database Migration Service will impersonate the user credential to upload the backup files to Azure storage container for restore operation. (If TDE-enabled databases are selected, the Windows user must be the built-in administrator account and [User Account Control](#) must be disabled for Azure Database Migration Service to upload, copy and delete the certificates files.)

* Windows User Azure Database Migration Service impersonates to upload files to Azure Storage

LEGACYSQL2008\Demouser

Password

.....

Storage account settings

⚠ Provide the SAS URI that allows Azure Database Migration Service to access your storage account container that Azure Database Migration Service will upload the backup files to and use for migrating the databases to SQL DB Managed instance. Use this [link for creating SAS URI](#), make sure to select all permissions (Read, Write, Delete and List)

* SAS URI for Azure Storage container that Azure Database Migration Service will upload the files to

https://sqlhacksazphct7xa7uw.blob.core.windows.net/sqlhack?sp=racwdl&st=2019-08-3...

▼ Advanced settings

Save

Once DMS has taken backups of the databases to be migrated it needs to move these backups to Azure storage. This is so the target SQL Managed Instance can access them to restore them.

STEP 5e: Configure migration settings**(Migration Summary)**

DMS displays the migration configuration settings.

Now we need to use these settings to actually perform a migration. To do this we create an "Activity".

Use the following values:

Activity Name

workshop_migration_1

Validation option:

Validate my database(s)

Select 'Save'

The screenshot displays the 'Migration Wizard' interface with the 'Migration summary' step selected. The wizard is titled 'new-mig-offline-1'. The left sidebar shows a progress list with six steps: 1. Select source, 2. Select target, 3. Select databases, 4. Select logins, 5. Configure migration settings, and 6. Summary. Steps 1 through 5 are marked with green checkmarks, and step 6 has a right arrow. The main panel shows the 'Migration summary' details:

- Activity name:** workshop_migration_1 (with a green checkmark)
- Target server name:** sqlrelay-mi.d650cf8e8e77.database.windows.net
- Target server version:** Azure SQL Database Managed Instance 12.0.2000.8
- Source server name:** 10.1.0.5
- Source server version:** SQL Server 2014 12.0.5600.1
- Databases to migrate:** 3 of 3
- Login(s) to migrate:** 1/11

At the bottom, there is a section for 'Validation option' with a right arrow and the text 'Configure required settings'. To the right of the wizard, a 'Choose validation option' panel is visible, showing two radio buttons: 'Do not validate my database(s)' and 'Validate my database(s)'. The 'Validate my database(s)' option is selected. Below these options, there is a checkbox for 'Query correctness' with an information icon.

STEP 5f: Migration Summary
(run the migration)

The migration activity is now configured and saved and is ready to run.

Select '**Run migration**'

Microsoft Azure

Dashboard > sqlrelay-dmsdemo > Migration Wizard > Migration summary

Migration Wizard
new-mig-offline-1

1 Select source ✓

2 Select target ✓

3 Select databases ✓

4 Select logins ✓

5 Configure migration settings ✓

6 Summary >

Migration summary

Activity name
workshop_migration_1

Target server name
sqlrelay-
mi.d650cf8e8e77.database.windows

Target server version
Azure SQL Database Managed Insta
12.0.2000.8

Source server name
10.1.0.5

Source server version
SQL Server 2014
12.0.5600.1

Databases to migrate
3 of 3

Login(s) to migrate
1/11

* Validation option
Do not validate

SQL Modernisation Open Hack

DMS will now run the migration activity.

Initially this screen will be displayed.

Select '**Refresh**' to monitor the progress of your migration.

Notice the database counts under the following columns as you keep selecting '**Refresh**':

"IN PROGRESS"

"COMPLETED"

"FAILED"

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for a migration activity named 'workshop_migration_1'. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with options like 'resource', 'ard', 'ces', 'S', 'urces', 'e groups', 'achines', 'vers', 'abases', 'a warehouses', 'ver stretch databases', 'tic pools', and 'osmos DB'. The main content area shows the migration details. At the top, there are links for 'Delete migration', 'Stop migration', 'Refresh', and 'Download report'. Below this, the 'Source server' is listed as '10.1.0.5' and the 'Target server' is 'sqlrelay-mi.d650cf8e8e77.database.windows.net'. The 'Source version' and 'Target version' are both '---'. The 'Server objects' section shows a count of '4' and a search bar with the text 'Search to filter items...'. Below this is a table with columns: 'SERVER OBJ...', 'NOT STARTED', 'IN PROGRESS', 'COMPLETED', 'WARNING', 'FAILED', 'STOPPED', and 'SKIPPED'. The table currently displays 'No server objects found.'

SQL Modernisation Open Hack

Microsoft Azure

Report a bug

Dashboard > sqlrelay-dmsdemo > workshop_migration_1

workshop_migration_1

Delete migration

Stop migration

Refresh

Download report

Source server

10.1.0.5

Target server

sqlrelay-mi.d650cf8e8e77.database.windows.net

Source version

SQL Server 2014

Target version

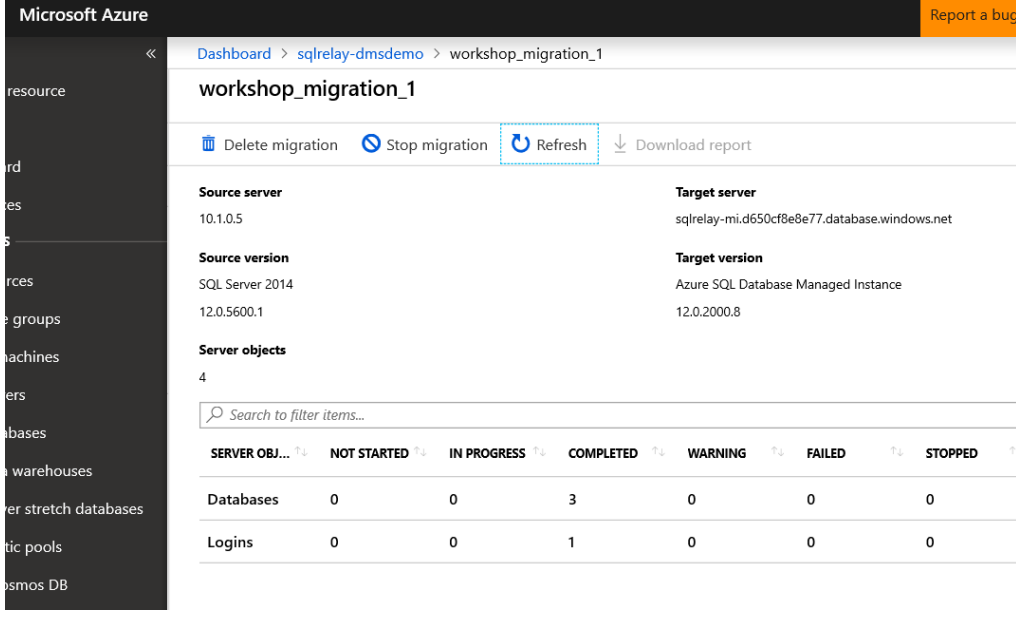
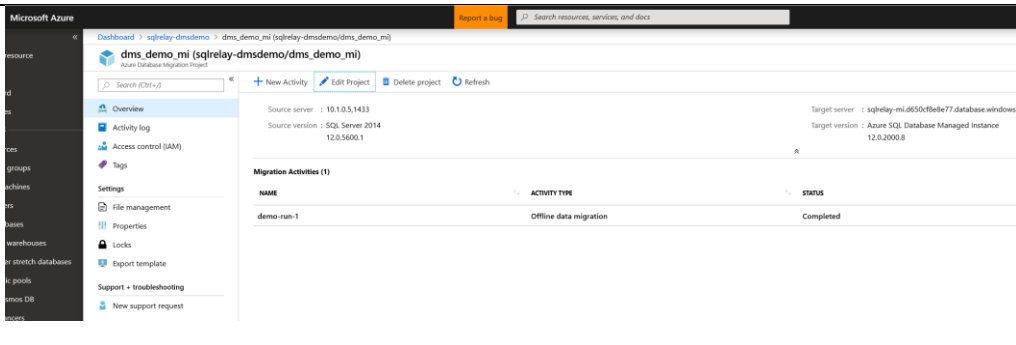
Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Server objects

4

Search to filter items...

SERVER OBJ...	NOT STARTED	IN PROGRESS	COMPLETED	WARNING	FAILED	STOPPED	SKIPPED
Databases	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Logins	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<p>Under “COMPLETED”, when the number of databases says “3” the migration activity has completed.</p>	 <p>Microsoft Azure</p> <p>Dashboard > sqlrelay-dmsdemo > workshop_migration_1</p> <p>workshop_migration_1</p> <p>Delete migration Stop migration Refresh Download report</p> <p>Source server 10.1.0.5</p> <p>Target server sqlrelay-mi.d650cf8e77.database.windows.net</p> <p>Source version SQL Server 2014 12.0.5600.1</p> <p>Target version Azure SQL Database Managed Instance 12.0.2000.8</p> <p>Server objects 4</p> <p>Search to filter items...</p> <table><tr><th>SERVER OBJ...</th><th>NOT STARTED</th><th>IN PROGRESS</th><th>COMPLETED</th><th>WARNING</th><th>FAILED</th><th>STOPPED</th></tr><tr><td>Databases</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>3</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Logins</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	SERVER OBJ...	NOT STARTED	IN PROGRESS	COMPLETED	WARNING	FAILED	STOPPED	Databases	0	0	3	0	0	0	Logins	0	0	1	0	0	0	<p>If there any warnings, errors or skipped databases they will have a database count under the corresponding headings in the status page.</p> <p>It is assumed, for the workshop, that all three databases have migrated successfully.</p>
SERVER OBJ...	NOT STARTED	IN PROGRESS	COMPLETED	WARNING	FAILED	STOPPED																	
Databases	0	0	3	0	0	0																	
Logins	0	0	1	0	0	0																	
<p>Close the migration activity.</p> <p>On the migration project blade notice that your migration activity is displayed.</p>	 <p>Microsoft Azure</p> <p>Dashboard > sqlrelay-dmsdemo > dms_demo_mi (sqlrelay-dmsdemo/dms_demo_mi)</p> <p>dms_demo_mi (sqlrelay-dmsdemo/dms_demo_mi)</p> <p>Search (Ctrl+Q)</p> <p>+ New Activity Edit Project Delete project Refresh</p> <p>Source server : 10.1.0.5,1433 Source version : SQL Server 2014 12.0.5600.1</p> <p>Target server : sqlrelay-mi.d650cf8e77.database.windows.net Target version : Azure SQL Database Managed Instance 12.0.2000.8</p> <p>Migration Activities (1)</p> <table><tr><th>NAME</th><th>ACTIVITY TYPE</th><th>STATUS</th></tr><tr><td>demo-run-1</td><td>Offline data migration</td><td>Completed</td></tr></table>	NAME	ACTIVITY TYPE	STATUS	demo-run-1	Offline data migration	Completed	<p>DMS keeps a history of activity runs for migration projects. A migration activity can be edited and ran again.</p>															
NAME	ACTIVITY TYPE	STATUS																					
demo-run-1	Offline data migration	Completed																					

4. Confirm application databases have been migrated & configure

We can also validate the migration by using SSMS.

Log into your teams Windows 10 management VM . Open SQL Management Studio and connect to the target Azure SQL Database Managed Instance using these details:

Server:

(Use the Fully Qualified Domain Name for the SQL Managed Instance)

SQL Authentication

Username:

TEAMXX

Password:

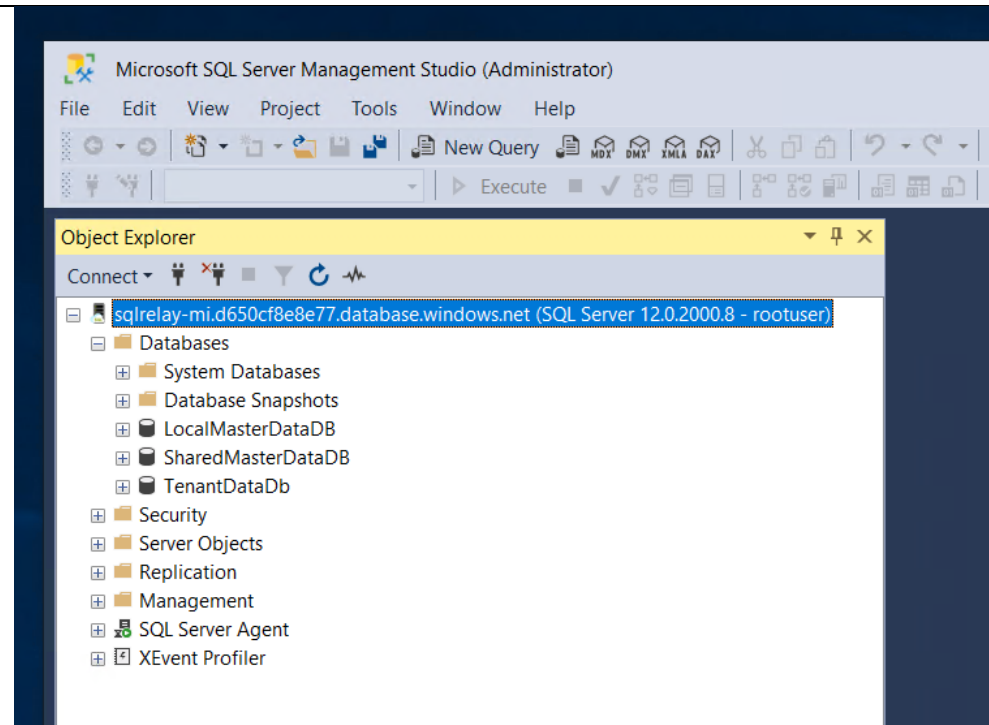
TEAMXX

Open the 'Databases' folder and verify the three databases have been migrated and are online.

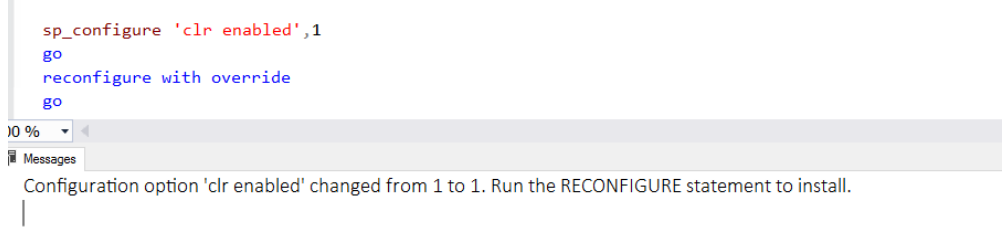
TEAMXX_LocalMasterDataDb

TEAMXX_SharedMasterDb

TEAMXX_TenantDataDb

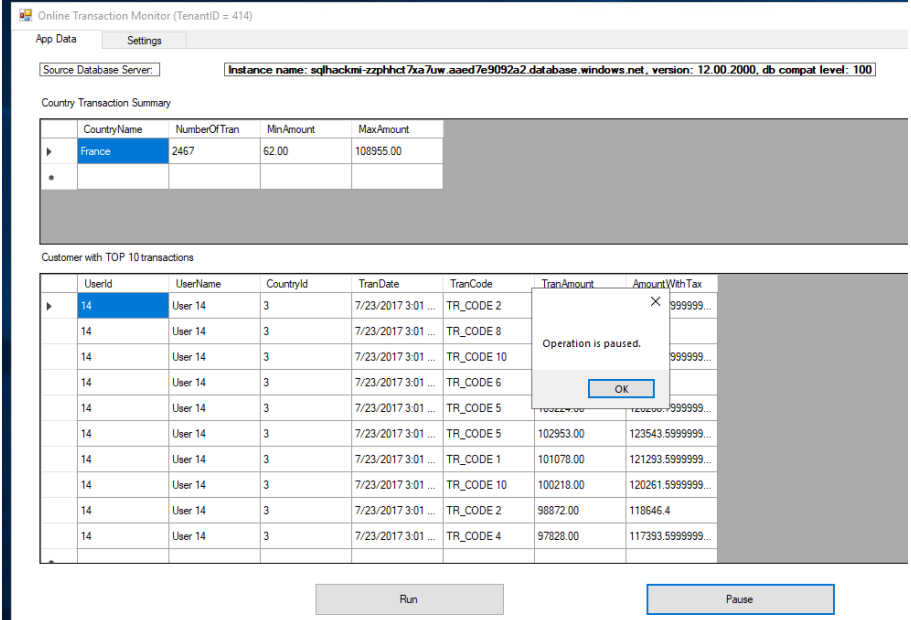


SSMS should be installed, for this workshop, on the Windows VM.

<p>Before we can test the application will run with the newly migrated databases we need enable CLR on the SQL Managed Instance.</p> <p>In SQL Server Management Studio open a new query window. <i>Make sure that you use the sysadmin account (below) for this new query window</i></p> <p>Sysadmin account: Username: Demouser Password: Demo@pass1234567</p> <p>Once the query window has opened enter and run the TSQL statements opposite to enable CLR in the SQL Managed Instance.</p>	<pre>sp_configure 'clr enabled',1 go reconfigure with override go</pre>  <p>The screenshot shows the SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The left pane displays the 'Server Properties' window for the 'Server' node, with the 'Messages' tab selected. The right pane shows the configuration change for 'clr enabled' from 1 to 1. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Configuration option 'clr enabled' changed from 1 to 1. Run the RECONFIGURE statement to install.'</p>	<p>Remember that this application must migrate to Azure SQL Database Managed Instance (SQL instance as a service) as it uses CLR. CLR is NOT available on Azure SQL DB (database as a service).</p>
---	--	---

5. Connect 'Online Transaction Monitor' to Azure SQL DB Managed Instance

Now that we have migrated the databases to Azure we need to restart the application to use the new database.

Narrative	Screenshot	Notes
<p>On your team Win10 management VM run the SimpleTranReportApp application.</p> <p>Note: You will likely already have the app loaded from the earlier stage in this workshop. IF it is still running simulated transactions, click 'Pause'</p>		

Reconfigure the applications connection string so it's connects to the newly migrated databases on the SQL Managed Instance.

Once running, select the 'Settings' tab

Enter the following parameters into the fields identified:

ServerName:

Fully qualified Managed

Instance Name:

SqlhackmiXXXXXXX

Initial Catalog:

TEAM01_TenantDataDb

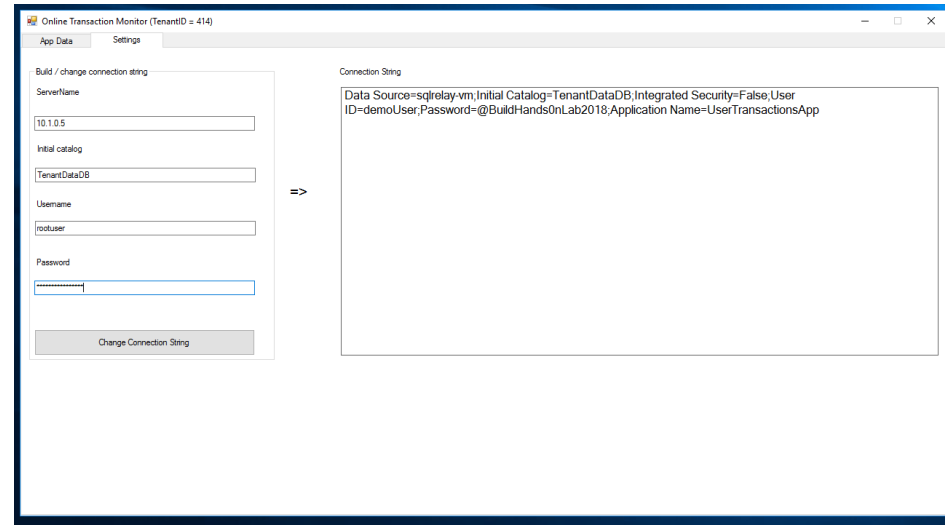
UserName:

TEAMXX

Password:

TEAMXX

Click 'Change Connection String' to apply these new settings.



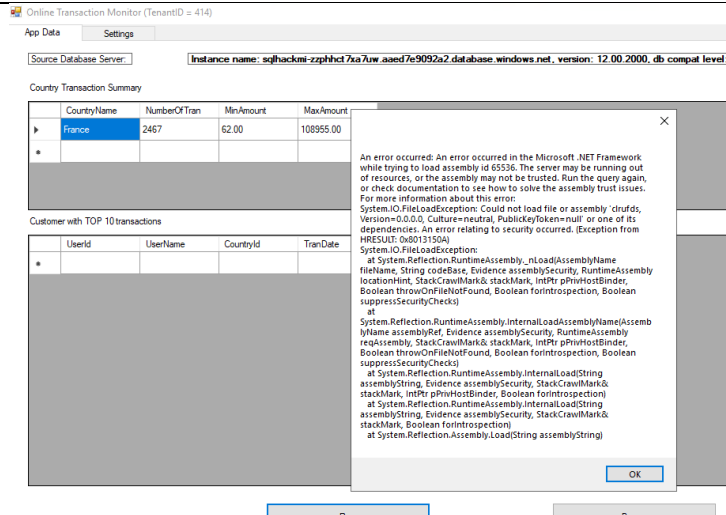
Use the parameters from your "Workshop Sheet – Parameters".

Select the 'App Data' tab
Click 'Run'

GOTCHA

If you get a long-winded error when you run the application it's because the CLR databases don't have the correct trust settings.

Run the 3 ALTER DATABASE statements below and try starting the application again.



-- CHANGE BELOW TO YOUR TEAM NUMBER (REPLACE XX)

```
USE [TEAMXX_TenantDataDb]
GO
```

EXEC dbo.sp_changedbowner 'sa'

```
alter database [LocalMasterDataDB] set trustworthy on
go
alter database [SharedMasterDataDB] set trustworthy on
go
alter database [TenantDataDb] set trustworthy on
go
```

The application will generate simulated transactional data. Notice how the 'Source Database Server' connection reflects the SQL Managed Instance proving that the database migration has been completed successfully.

Online Transaction Monitor (TenantID = 434)

App Data Settings

Source Database Server: **Instance name: sqlrelay-4556cf5a5e77.database.windows.net, version: 12.00.2000, db.comput.level: 110**

Country Transaction Summary

CountryName	NumberOfTran	MinAmount	MaxAmount
UK	2547	16.00	108995.00

Customer with TOP 10 transactions

UserId	UserName	CountryId	TranDate	TranCode	TranAmount	AmountWithTax
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 7	106910.00	119729.2
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 2	106841.00	119661.92
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 1	105504.00	118164.48
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 3	104702.00	117299.84
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 7	104329.00	116848.48
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 9	103348.00	115749.76
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 8	99112.00	111005.44
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 3	98035.00	110919.2
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 10	98050.00	110488
8	User 8	2	7/23/2017 3:01 ...	TR_CODE 2	95966.00	110393.92

Run Pause