Which of the following is NOT an activity that would enable business acceptance and user satisfaction? Furnishing an end-to-end verifiable data lineage Defining different types of reporting tools to be used for future business needs Ensuring perceptions of the quality of the data in the BI system are managed Promoting scheduled meetings with user representatives Understanding the data and defining the operations team's responsiveness to identified issues When defining Data Quality indicators, care must be taken to ensure that they have what? Items in a dashboard showing their improvement over time A direct link to the Data Governance strategy The core dimensions of Data Quality Timeliness, Validity, and Accuracy Measurability, Relevance, and Acceptability Since data technology is rapidly becoming more diverse, one should consider which of the following when acquiring a new type of technology? The number of servers that are currently installed data technology The number of servers that are currently in use The current data retention policy The problem for which technology means to solve and the solution stack for which you have already installed The number of users that are connected to the current solution What is the difference between a Data Security policy and an information The problem for which security policy? The Data Governance Council should have no role in Data Security Information technology security policies are defined by external standards Data Security policies are more granular in nature and take a data-centric approach There is no difference A sandbox is a type of database environment used for? * User acceptance testing Proofs of concept and to test hypotheses Low-budget projects Production backups Remote users Every enterprise is subject to many governmental and industry regulations, *1 point and the production backups Remote users	CDMP Exam No2
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many of which regulate how data and information are used and managed.	Remote users
	many of which regulate how data and information are used and managed.
Perform ad-hoc audits of possible regulations to report to the Data Governance Council on an information-only basis	
Enforce enterprise-wide mandatory compliance to regulations	Enforce enterprise-wide mandatory compliance to regulations
This is a risk and audit responsibility; Data Governance plays no role in this	This is a risk and audit responsibility; Data Governance plays no role in this
O Monitor and ensure that organizations meet any regulatory compliance requirements	O Monitor and ensure that organizations meet any regulatory compliance requirements
\ensuremath{O} This is about data. Data Governance is accountable for the whole process, with risk and audit reporting to Data Governance	

All C	of the following are TRUE statements on relationship types except: * 1 point
0	A recursive relationship relates instances of an entity to other instances of the same entity.
0	A one-to-many relationship says that a child entity may have one or more parent entities.
0	A one-to-many relationship says that a parent entity may have one or more child entities.
0	A many-to-many relationship says that an instance of each entity may be associated
_	with many instances of the other entity, and vice versa. A one-to-one relationship says that a parent entity may have one and only one child
0	entity.
	ch of the following is NOT a stage in the Shewhart – Deming Cycle that * 1 point es the Data Quality Improvement Lifecycle?
0	Act
0	Plan
_	Investigate
_	Check
0	Do
	en defining your business continuity plan, which of the following should $$ * 1 point consider doing?
0	Write a report and discuss the required budget with management.
0	Have the contracts in place to acquire new hardware in case of technical problems, define policies.
0	Consider written policies and procedures, impact mitigating measures, required recovery time and acceptable amount of disruption, the criticality of the documents.
0	Determine the risk, probability and impact, check document backup frequency.
0	Make sure that the data is retained sufficiently long, check that critical data is encrypted, check access rights.
Star	and Snowflake are concepts of which Data Modeling schema? * 1 point
0	Dimensional
_	Object-oriented
_	Fact-based
_	NoSQL
0	Time-based
In d	ata security, which of the following is not one of the four "A's": *
\cap	
\sim	Audit
_	Audit Available
0	
0	Available
O O In 2	Available Authentication
O O In 2 info	Available Authentication Access 009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and * 1 point
O O In 2 info	Available Authentication Access D09, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and * 1 point rmation. GARP stands for:
O O O In 2 info	Available Authentication Access D09, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and * 1 point rmation. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices
	Available Authentication Access 1009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and rmation. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices Global Accredited Recordkeeping Principles
O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	Available Authentication Access 2009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and rmation. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices Global Accredited Recordkeeping Principles G20 Approved Recordkeeping Principles
In 2 info	Available Authentication Access 2009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and matternation. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices Global Accredited Recordkeeping Principles G20 Approved Recordkeeping Principles Generally Acceptable Recordkeeping Principles Generally Acceptable Recordkeeping Principles
In 2 info	Available Authentication Access D09, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and * 1 point rmation. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices Global Accredited Recordkeeping Principles G20 Approved Recordkeeping Principles Generally Acceptable Recordkeeping Principles Gregarious Archive of Recordkeeping Processes ch of the following is the best example of the Data Quality dimension of * 1 point
In 2 info	Available Authentication Access DO9, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and * 1 point rmation. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices Global Accredited Recordkeeping Principles G20 Approved Recordkeeping Principles Generally Acceptable Recordkeeping Principles Generally Acceptable Recordkeeping Processes ch of the following is the best example of the Data Quality dimension of * 1 point sistency?
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	ch of the following is a Meta-Data scheme focused specifically on * 1 points 12
doci	uments?
0	Preservation Meta-Data
0	Structural Meta-Data
0	Administrative Meta-Data
0	Business Meta-Data
0	Descriptive Meta-Data
The	Data Quality Management cycle has four stages. Three are Plan, * 1 poin
	itor, and Act. What is the fourth stage?
0	Improve
0	Manage
0	Prepare
0	Deploy
_	Reiterate
Acc Qua	ording to DMBoK, which of these is NOT a valid dimension of Data * 1 pointity?
0	Reasonableness
0	Currency
_	Relevance
_	Timeliness
_	Completeness
The	Data Governance Steering Committee is best described as? * 1 poin
\cap	The primary and highest authority responsible for the oversight and support of Data
_	The primary and nignest authority responsible for the oversight and support of Data Governance activities
_	The representatives of data use on project steering committees
_	The local or divisional council working under auspices of the CDO
0	A burden to the agile delivery in a modern enterprise
0	The community of interest focused on specific subject areas or projects
	ording to the DAMA DMBoK, the Data Governance Council (DGC) is the * 1 point
	est-authority organization for Data Governance in an organization. Who uld typically chair this Council?
\circ	The chair should rotate across the Data Owners
_	Any executive/c-level participant in the DGC
	The Chief Data Architect
_	Chief Data Steward (Business)/Chief Data Officer
_	The Chief Information Officer (CIO)
0	The Cilief Information Officer (CIO)
	le Information Management Lifecycle, the Data Governance activity * 1 point in the Data Governance Framework' is in which Lifecycle stage?
0	Maintain and use
0	Enable
0	Create and acquire
_	Specify
	Plan
basi	nart of the reference Data Stewardship process, it is helpful to capture * 1 points of data about each reference data set. Which answer best describes the data should be captured?
******	Maturity models that access the organization's readiness to accept Data Governance
_	
0	The names of everyone who is a business or technical user of the reference data
0	Enterprise Architecture, programming logic, workflows, and ETL relating to any
0	Enterprise Architecture, programming logic, workflows, and ETL relating to any reference data
0 0 0	Enterprise Architecture, programming logic, workflows, and ETL relating to any

CDMP Exam No2

Which of these statements is true? *	1 point
Data Quality Management is usually a one-off project	
Data Quality Management is a synonym for Data Governance	
Data Quality Management only addresses structured data	
Data Quality Management is a continuous process	
Data Quality Management is the application of technology to data problems	
O state quality management to the application of technology to data proteins	
SMART is an acronym for objectives in projects and programs. SMART stands for?	* 1 point
Structured, Manageable, Accurate, Robust, Tested	
Specific, Manageable, Agile, Realistic, Topical	
Systems, Management, Architecture, Resources, Technology	
Specific, Measurable, actionable, Realistic, Timely	
Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Robust, Timely	
Implementing a Services-Oriented Architecture (SOA) will often use? *	1 point
An enterprise services bus	
A data lake	
O ETL servers	
O Data Visualization tools	
A Data Modeling tool	
What area do you not consider when developing a Data Governance Operating Model?	* 1 point
The availability of industry data models	
The business model – decentralized versus centralized	
Cultural factors such as acceptance of discipline and adaptability to change	
Cultural factors such as acceptance of discipline and adaptability to change The value of data to the organization	
The value of data to the organization	
The value of data to the organization	* 1 point
The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database	* 1 point
The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database performance of data operations?	* 1 point
The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database performance of data operations? Decide what type of storage will be acquired	* 1 point
The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database performance of data operations? Decide what type of storage will be acquired Discuss performance requirements with the data architects	* 1 point
The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database performance of data operations? Decide what type of storage will be acquired Discuss performance requirements with the data architects Revoke the access rights of heavy users	* 1 point
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The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database performance of data operations? Decide what type of storage will be acquired Discuss performance requirements with the data architects Revoke the access rights of heavy users Discuss the amount of time a user can wait on a screen Reduce the number of rows in the tables Which of these are NOT true of Data Governance? * DG is a continuous process of data improvement DG is the exercise of authority and control over the management of data asso IT is a key stakeholder in DG ADG initiative should always be led by the IT department There are different organization models for DG OLAP, conceptually illustrates as a? * Hierarchical structure Multi-columnar structure Relational table	1 point
The value of data to the organization Impact of regulation Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database performance of data operations? Decide what type of storage will be acquired Discuss performance requirements with the data architects Revoke the access rights of heavy users Discuss the amount of time a user can wait on a screen Reduce the number of rows in the tables Which of these are NOT true of Data Governance? DG is a continuous process of data improvement DG is the exercise of authority and control over the management of data asso IT is a key stakeholder in DG ADG initiative should always be led by the IT department There are different organization models for DG OLAP, conceptually illustrates as a? Hierarchical structure Multi-columnar structure	1 point

O Availability and speed

O Distance to data center and network bandwidth

A bank applies the business rule that each Customer may own one or many Accounts and each Account must be owned by one or many Customers. Which relationship type would be most appropriate?	* 1 point
one-to-one.	
many-to-one.	
one-to-many.	
many-to-many.	
recursive.	
What is the goal of collecting and documenting business rules? *	1 point
To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort	
To identify the requirements for the Data Quality	
To design user-experience	
To reuse existing Data Integration solutions	
To direct when to manually trigger events and alerts	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
A 'Data Lake' is an environment where a vast amount of data can be: *	1 point
ingested, screened, obfuscated and purged.	
Updated, obfuscated, nullified and cleansed	
O purged, sorted, split and scanned.	
ingested, shared, assessed and analysed.	
digested, processed, deleted and visualised	
What are relationship labels? *	1 point
The nullability setting on a foreign key.	
A relationship without cardinality.	
A foreign key that has been role-named.	
A non-identifying relationship.	
The verb phrases describing the business rules in each direction between two	
entities.	
What are the primary responsibilities of a data steward? *	1 point
A business role appointed to take responsibility for the quality and use of their organization's data assets	
O The data analyst who is the subject matter expert (SME) on a set of reference of	data
O Identifying data problems and issues	
O The manager responsible for writing policies and standards that define the Dat Management program for an organization	а
Analyzing Data Quality	
A Data Quality dimension is 2 *	4
A Data Quality dimension is? *	1 point
A measurable feature or characteristic of data	
A core concept in dimensional modeling	
The value of a particular piece of data	
One aspect of Data Quality used extensively in Data Governance	
A valid value in a list	
Which of these is NOT a primary deliverable of Data Quality Management? *	1 point
Analysis from data profiling	
-	
O Data Quality service level agreements	
Data Quality service level agreements Data Quality strategy and framework	

	main part of a data vault that houses and integrates data from various ce systems is referred to as?	* 1 poin
_	Metrics mart	
_	Raw data vault	
_		
	Persisted staging area	
_	Business data vault	
O	Information mart	
	and in the DMD K which is not a superior of a Data Management	
strat	ording to the DMBoK, which is not a component of a Data Management egy?	* 1 poin
	Descriptions of Data Management roles and organizations, along with a summ their responsibilities and decision rights	ary of
_	A summary business case for Data Management with selected examples	
_	Identifying individuals for Data Management roles	
_	A draft implementation roadmap with projects and action items	
_	A compelling vision for Data Management	
0	A compening vision for Data Management	
Data	differs with regards to other assets because: *	1 poin
\circ	It uses automation	
_	It has value	
_	It can be used yet still retain value	
	It is regulated	
_	It is big	
	it is bug	
	ffective Data Security Strategy needs to consider as well	* 1 poir
_	chnical security?	
_	Physical (devices, hard copy)	
_	Operational (function, flexibility)	
_	Functional (timing, structures)	
0	Conceptual (metadata, Business Glossary)	
Is the	e data model important in establishing Master Data Management? *	1 poir
\circ	Only if Master Data Management needs to know the processing steps for all da	ata
	No, not if the organization has complex systems with multiple ways of capturin	
	data	
0	Yes, Master Data Management needs consistent logical definitions	
	No, not if the data model is physically instantiated in multiple platforms	
0		
_	No, within a given source, data representing the same entity can be different	
0		1
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? *	1 poir
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface	1 poir
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface	1 poin
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface	1 poin
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface	1 poin
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface A batch interface	1 poin
What	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface A batch interface A legacy interface	
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface A batch interface A legacy interface A synchronous interface mation needs to be managed because: *	
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface A batch interface A legacy interface A synchronous interface mation needs to be managed because: *	
Wha	t kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled? * A user interface An independent interface A batch interface A legacy interface A synchronous interface mation needs to be managed because: *	1 poin

_	Detailed technical energiaesians for data to the
	Detailed technical specifications for data transfer
_	Respective roles and responsibilities for Data Quality
_	A business case for data improvement
_	A breakdown of the costs of Data Quality improvement
0	An enterprise data model
In it	s broadest context, the data warehouse includes: * 1 point
0	Any data stores or extracts used to support the delivery for BI purposes
0	All the data in the enterprise
0	Either an Inmon or Kimball approach
0	An integrated data store, ETL logic, and extensive data cleansing routines
0	Data stores and extracts that can be transformed into star schemas
	use responsibility should it be to identify and report occurrences of * 1 point cts in information and data?
_	
-	The Information Quality team The IT department
_	The II department Customers
_	Regulatory compliance officers
_	Any employee
_	
Whi	ch of these is NOT a typical activity in Data Quality Management? *
0	Creating inspection and monitoring processes
0	Defining business requirements and business rules
0	Enterprise Data Modelling
0	Analyzing Data Quality
0	Identifying data problems and issues
	cted, Data Governance plays a key role in the process of identifying the
imp	and information components for compliance. What is the most ortant role in any regulatory compliance project? Provide access to any possible data set to the compliance team and allow them to mine the data for non-compliance
imp	and information components for compliance. What is the most ortant role in any regulatory compliance project? Provide access to any possible data set to the compliance team and allow them to
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Data by t	and information components for compliance. What is the most ortant role in any regulatory compliance project? Provide access to any possible data set to the compliance team and allow them to mine the data for non-compliance Create a Data Governance "in-house" project with a team of Data Stewards to create a standard response Working with business and technical leadership to find the best answers to a standard set of regulatory compliance questions (How, Why, When, etc) Work in isolation and mine the data and information for compliance and non-compliance issues Take no part in any project at all, declaring it an audit and risk project a Governance touchpoints throughout the project lifecycle are facilitated * 1 points organization? The Data Governance Steering Committee The Data Governance Steering Committee The Data Governance Office The Master Data Office The Data Stewards Office

	rmation Governance and Data Governance should be?*
\bigcirc	Managed as integrated functions, with Information Governance reporting to Data
0	Governance Managed as integrated functions, with Data Governance reporting to Information
_	Governance Managed by the Chief Information Office
	Managed as a single function
_	Managed as separate functions
	managed do departer informer
A ty	pe of Master data architecture is: * 1 poin
0	Repository
0	Registry
0	Virtualised
0	All of the above
0	Hybrid
The	stated goals of Data Security Management are? * 1 poin
\sim	B. Understand and comply with all relevant regulations and policies for privacy,
O	protection, and confidentiality
0	A. Enable appropriate, and prevent inappropriate, access to enterprise data assets
0	All of the above
0	All but C
0	C. Ensure that the privacy and confidentiality needs of all stakeholders are enforced and audited
Whi	ch of these is not a Knowledge Area in DMBoK v2? * 1 poin
_	Data Governance
_	Master & Reference Data Management
_	Data Quality Management
_	Data Security Management
0	Big Data & Data Science
Whi	ch statement is correct? * 1 poin
_	
\circ	Data Governance should not be embedded within broader governance frameworks
_	Data Governance should not be embedded within broader governance frameworks Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture
0	
0	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct
0 0	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices
0 0	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct
O O O Whi	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices
O O O Whit and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security
O O O Whit and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 poin data privacy?
Whi and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 point data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism
O O O Whit and O O O	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 poin data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859 An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management
O O O Whit and O O O	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security 1 point data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859
Whit and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 poin data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859 An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management
Whit and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 point data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859 An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management professionals
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Whi and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 point data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859 An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management professionals A resistance to open data and transparency ch of these is NOT an expected role of a Data Quality Oversight Board? * 1 point Developing and maintaining Data Quality
Whi and	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 point data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859 An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management professionals A resistance to open data and transparency ch of these is NOT an expected role of a Data Quality Oversight Board? * 1 point Developing and maintaining Data Quality Producing certification and compiliance policies
Whi and O	Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture None are correct Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct ch of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security * 1 point data privacy? A desire for economic protectionism A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management ANSI 859 An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management professionals A resistance to open data and transparency ch of these is NOT an expected role of a Data Quality Oversight Board? * 1 point Developing and maintaining Data Quality

CDMP Exam No2

records?
O Documents and records are the same thing
O Documents are a subset of records
Records are a subset of documents
Documents and records are not related
Documents are written and records are audio
O became at million and resolution and state of
A best practice for BI monitoring and tuning is to define and display which * 1 point set of customer-facing satisfaction metrics?
Number of users per day/week/month
Usage statistics and patterns
Average query response time
All of the above
Regular survey of DW-BIM customers satisfaction
Which of these statements has the most meaningful relationship label? * 1 point
An order is composed of order lines.
An order line contains orders
An order is related to order lines.
An order is connected with order lines.
An order is associated with order lines.
A Content Distribution Network supporting a multi-national website is likely * 1 point to use?
An extract, transform, and load solution
A database backup and restore solution
A records disposal solution
A replication solution
An archiving solution
Plant equipment is an example of? * 1 point
Plant equipment is an example of? * 1 point Reference data
Reference data
Reference data None of these
Reference data None of these Master data
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system A byproduct of IT systems Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to * 1 point
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Inverted data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system A byproduct of IT systems Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to * 1 point be carefully managed or the data lake will become? A biased report
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system A byproduct of IT systems Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to 2 point be carefully managed or the data lake will become? A biased report Business relevance needs to be considered as a Data Quality metric in its own right
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system A byproduct of IT systems Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to be carefully managed or the data lake will become? A biased report Business relevance needs to be considered as a Data Quality metric in its own right An organizational statistic
Reference data None of these Master data Transaction data Information is: * 1 point Data in context A management discipline Always stored in a computer system A byproduct of IT systems Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to 2 point be carefully managed or the data lake will become? A biased report Business relevance needs to be considered as a Data Quality metric in its own right

A project scope includes the collection, exchange and reporting of data	
from multiple systems. Conceptual, logical and physical data models are maintained. How many models of each type can be expected?	* 1 poir
The same number of each of the model types.	
More logical data models than physical data models, and more logical data m than conceptual data models.	odels
More conceptual data models than logical data models, and more logical data	9
models than physical data models. Only 1 conceptual data model, 1 logical data model and 1 physical data mode	ı
More physical data models than logical data models, and more logical data models.	
than conceptual data models.	
All of the following are properties of a logical data model except: *	1 poir
technology-independent	
ontains attributes.	
ontains relationship cardinality	
ontains primary keys.	
technology-dependent	
Master and reference data are forms of? *	1 poir
O Data Quality	
O Data Security	
O Data Architecture	
O Data Integration	
O Data Mapping	
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0	a standards used by the enterprise must? *	1 point
	Only be necessary for the Data Governance team	
0	Set by a standards organization and not by the enterprise	
0	Promote consistent results but periodically be reviewed and updated	
0	Be a guideline for the organization but open to interpretation	
0	Promote consistent results so they are only written once and never updated	
Wh	en the DMBoK calls Data Quality Management a program, not a project,	* 1
	eans?	i point
0	Data Quality practices can stop at the end the project	
0	Data Quality is more tightly scoped and planned than ordinary projects	
0	Data Quality management is really expensive	
0	Data Quality has both project and maintenance work along with communication	ons
_	and training	
O	Data Quality managers can be paid more than project managers	
In th	ie BASE vs ACID model for Transaction Processing, "E" is best	* 1 point
des	cribed which of these statements?	
0	Business Availability of Secure data ELEMENTS	
0	Extra Validation	
0	Eventual Data Consistency	
0	End to End data consistency	
0	Eventual Availability of Data as described by the CAP theorem	
0	Capacity, design, normalization, and user access Capacity, availability, cache performance, and user statistics Create, read, update, and delete Capacity, availability, backup instances, and Data Quality Create, read, normalization, and user access	
	requirement to enter a username, a password and then a code sent to authentication app is called:	* 1 point
an a		* 1 point
an a	uthentication app is called: 2-factor authentication.	* 1 point
an a	uthentication app is called:	* 1 point
an a	uthentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. biometric authentication.	* 1 point
an a	uthentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. biometric authentication. proactive authentication.	* 1 point
an a	uthentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. biometric authentication. proactive authentication.	
an a	uthentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. biometric authentication. proactive authentication. 3-factor authentication.	
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The O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	uthentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. biometric authentication. proactive authentication. 3-factor authentication. Information Lifecycle: * Has the same stages as the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Is used primarily for Data archiving Is only important in regulated industries Is not relevant in an Agile environment Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle ata Quality program should limit its scope to? * The data that changes most often All the data stored in the enterprise	1 point

_	e common enterprise architecture model coded BIAT, the 'I' stands for? * 1 poin
\cap	
O	Instance
0	Information
0	Identification
0	Interoperability
0	Integration
	ocument that stipulates the responsibilities and acceptable use of data * 1 point e exchanged, is commonly referred to as a?
0	Data Sharing Agreement
0	Project Charter
0	Data Quality Assessment
0	Data Model
Whi	ch of the following business rules should NOT appear on a logical data * 1 poin lel?
0	Each Company must employ one or many Persons.
0	Each Order can contain one or many Order Lines.
0	Each Person can work for zero to many Companies
0	Customer Last Name requires a non-unique index to improve retrieval performance.
0	Each Policy must belong to one Policy Owner.
	·
cycl	In discussing the Data Quality Management Cycle, what part of the * 1 point typically deals with: acting to resolve any identified issues to improve Quality and better meet business expectations? Act
_	Do/Deploy
\sim	,,
$\overline{}$	Chack
_	Check
0	Plan
0	
0	Plan
O Whe elen of th	Plan
Wheelen	Plan Proceed In considering a Data Governance program, communication is a key nent. There are many ways of managing this communication, with one ne most effective being a Data Management intranet. Which of the wing would you typically NOT put onto such a communication vehicle?
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CDMP Exam No2

Ontology is the study of? *	1 point
Being and existence	
Beginning	
○ Knowledge	
Reality	
Existence	
Which is a valid Environmental component of data management? *	1 point
O Database Management	
Practices & Techniques	
Motivation	
Hardware Management	
O Project Management	
A 'Data Swamp' is a data lake that has become: *	1 point
messy, unclean and inconsistent.	
osuitable for frogs, toads and salamanders	
modelled, managed and muddy	
overly catalogued, holding information and data.	
a data asset that uses machine learning.	
Which of the following is not a goal of Data Quality? *	1 point
Develop a governed approach to make data fit for purpose	
The delivery of a Data Quality strategy and framework	
Define standards, requirements, and specifications for Data Quality controls	
Implement process to measure, monitor, and report on Data Quality	
Advocate for opportunities to improve the quality of data	
Advocate for opportunities to improve the quality of data	* 1 point
	* 1 point
Advocate for opportunities to improve the quality of data The Data Quality attribute that most closely matches the description "the	* 1 point
Advocate for opportunities to improve the quality of data The Data Quality attribute that most closely matches the description "the difference between when the data is available and needed" is what?	* 1 point
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Whi	
	ch of the following activities are performed by data operations staff? * 1 poin
0	Implement and control database environments, plan for data retention, keep track of database licenses, monitor and tune database performance
0	Tune the file systems
0	Clean data that is of bad quality
0	Manage the tape libraries
0	Grant access to tables and rewrite SQL statements
prowith	omparatively new architectural approach is where volatile data is * 1 point visioned in a data warehouse structure to provide transactional systems a combination of historical and near real time data to meet customer ds. This is a definition of:
0	On Line Analytical Processing Cube
0	Operational Data Store
0	On Line Transactional Processing System
0	Active Data Warehousing
0	Behavioural Decision Support Systems
Son Acc stat	are facilitating a committee that is developing data quality metrics. * 1 points e of the committee members think that SMART (Specific, Measurable, ountable, Results-Focused, Time-Bound) is a good model. Select the ement that best describes why business relevance needs to be sidered as a characteristic of Data Quality metrics?
Son Acc stat	ne of the committee members think that SMART (Specific, Measurable, ountable, Results-Focused, Time-Bound) is a good model. Select the ement that best describes why business relevance needs to be
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Son Acc stat	ne of the committee members think that SMART (Specific, Measurable, ountable, Results-Focused, Time-Bound) is a good model. Select the ement that best describes why business relevance needs to be sidered as a characteristic of Data Quality metrics? Business relevance needs to be considered as a Data Quality metric in its own right. The value of a metric is limited unless it can be linked to some aspect of a business. The metric's acceptability threshold needs to correlate with business expectations. Unless you use business terms the end-users won't understand and lose interest in

1/11/23, 2:03 PM CDMP Exam No2