

✓ A sandbox is a type of database environment used for? *	1000 A
User acceptance testing	
Proofs of concept and to test hypotheses	1
O Low-budget projects	
O Production backups	
Remote users	
	(E)
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
A sandbox is a type of database environment used for Proofs of concept and to test hypotheses.	
✓ Every enterprise is subject to many governmental and industry	<u></u>
regulations, many of which regulate how data and information are used and managed. Part of the Data Governance function is to?	F
Perform ad-hoc audits of possible regulations to report to the Data Governance Council on an information-only basis	
Enforce enterprise-wide mandatory compliance to regulations	
This is a risk and audit responsibility; Data Governance plays no role in this	ğ
 Monitor and ensure that organizations meet any regulatory compliance requirements 	S
This is about data. Data Governance is accountable for the whole process, with	
and audit reporting to Data Governance	ΩΛ
Feedback	<u> </u>
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	羀
Add to your notes: Part of the DG function is to Monitor and ensure that organizations meet any regulatory	
compliance requirements.	9
All of the following are TRUE statements on relationship types except: *	1
 A recursive relationship relates instances of an entity to other instances of the same entity. 	*
 A one-to-many relationship says that a child entity may have one or more paren entities. 	t Egy
A one-to-many relationship says that a parent entity may have one or more child entities.	
A many-to-many relationship says that an instance of each entity may be associated with many instances of the other entity, and vice versa.	
A one-to-one relationship says that a parent entity may have one and only one of	h _
entity.	
Feedback	3
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	*
Add to your notes: relationship types NOT TRUE statement: A one-to-many relationship says that a child en	
may have one or more parent entities.	(9)
✓ Which of the following is NOT a stage in the Shewhart – Deming Cycle	
that drives the Data Quality Improvement Lifecycle?	
○ Act	
Plan	Â
Investigate	
○ Check	
O Do	
Facilitati	(a)
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	ž.
Add to your notes:	Ē
Investigate is NOT a stage in the Shewhart – Deming Cycle that drives the DQ Improvement Lifecycle.	
	<u>F</u>
	Z

When defining your business continuity plan, which of the following should you consider doing? Write a report and discuss the required budget with management. Have the contracts in place to acquire new hardware in case of technical problem define policies. Consider written policies and procedures, impact mitigating measures, required recovery time and acceptable amount of disruption, the criticality of the documents. Determine the risk, probability and impact, check document backup frequency. Make sure that the data is retained sufficiently long, check that critical data is encrypted, check access rights. Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: When defining your business continuity plan, Consider written policies and procedures, impact mitigating measures, required recovery time and acceptable amount. ✓ Star and Snowflake are concepts of which Data Modeling schema? ★ Dimensional Object-oriented Fact-based NoSQL	
()	
()	7
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✓ Star and Snowflake are concepts of which Data Modeling schema?	
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Dimensional Object-oriented	ý
Dimensional Object-oriented	4
Object-oriented	Ì
O Frankrick	Ĩ
Fact-based NoSQL	il il
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: Star and Snowflake are concepts of Dimensional Data Modeling schema. In data security, which of the following is not one of the four "A's": * Audit Audit Available Authentication Access	
Feedback	5
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	e e
Add to your notes: Star and Snowflake are concepts of Dimensional Data Modeling schema.	5
✓ In data security, which of the following is not one of the four "A's": *	1
	9
Audit Available	±
Authentication	a A
Access	3
Feedback	2
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	Ş
In data security, Available is NOT one of the four "A's".	i
G G	
	3)
In 2009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and information. GARP stands for:	-/1 1
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✓ In 2009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and information. GARP stands for: Generally Available Recordkeeping Practices	The state of the s
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Akram AI Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: In 2009, ARMA International published GARP for managing records and information. GAR	

	ard.
Which of the following is the best example of the Data Quality dimension of 'consistency'?	1
The source data for the end of month report arrived one week late	
The revenue data in the dataset is always \$100 out	Ž
The phone numbers in the customer file do not adhere to the standard format The customer file has 50% duplicated entries	<u>C</u>
All the records in the CRM have been accounted for in the data warehouse	ğ
Feedback (
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: All the records in the CRM have been accounted for in the data warehouse is the best	
example of the DQ dimension of 'consistency'.	9
	5
X Which of the following is a Meta-Data scheme focused specifically on documents?	1
	<u> </u>
Preservation Meta-Data	5
Structural Meta-Data (a) Administrative Meta-Data	ē
Business Meta-Data	3
Descriptive Meta-Data	
Correct answer	Ĭ
Preservation Meta-Data	7 8
Feedback	•
Akram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	
	2
The Data Quality Management cycle has four stages. Three are Plan, Monitor, and Act. What is the fourth stage?	1 3
Improve	Ž
Manage	
Prepare Deploy	
Reiterate	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	i w
Add to your notes: The DQ Management cycle has four stages. Three are Plan, Monitor, and Act. Deploy.	
	2
✓ According to DMBoK, which of these is NOT a valid dimension of Data	
Quality?	2
Reasonableness	8
Currency	jo Jo
Relevance	
Timeliness	2
○ Completeness	Ī
Feedback	<u></u>
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	3
Relevance is NOT a valid dimension of DQ.	
į	
	딩
•	
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, F	

✓ The Data Governance Steering Committee is best described as? *	100
The primary and highest authority responsible for the oversight and support of Data Governance activities	
The representatives of data use on project steering committees	
The local or divisional council working under auspices of the CDO	2
A burden to the agile delivery in a modern enterprise	
The community of interest focused on specific subject areas or projects	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	<u> </u>
Add to your notes: The DG Steering Committee is best described as the primary and highest authority responsible for the oversight and support of DG activities.	
responsible for the oversight and support of DO detimiles.	
✓ According to the DAMA DMBoK, the Data Governance Council (DGC) is	
the highest-authority organization for Data Governance in an organization. Who should typically chair this Council?	
The chair should rotate across the Data Owners	
Any executive/c-level participant in the DGC	
The Chief Data Architect	100 E
Chief Data Steward (Business)/Chief Data Officer	
The Chief Information Officer (CIO)	×
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Chief Data Steward (Business)/Chief Data Officer typically chair the DG Council (DGC) .	
In the Information Management Lifecycle, the Data Governance activity	
"Define the Data Governance Framework" is in which Lifecycle stage?	
Maintain and use	
Enable	
Create and acquire	***
Specify Plan	Ŷ
S	
Feedback	<i>y</i>
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: In the Information Management Lifecycle, the DG activity "Define the DG Framework" is i the Plan Lifecycle stage.	
X As part of the reference Data Stewardship process, it is helpful to capture	
basic data about each reference data set. Which answer best describes which data should be captured?	
Maturity models that access the organization's readiness to accept Data	
Governance The names of everyone who is a business or technical user of the reference dat	
Enterprise Architecture, programming logic, workflows, and ETL relating to any reference data	
Steward name, originating organization, expected frequency of updates, and	
processes using the reference data Metrics to quantify reference data's value to the organization	
Correct answer	
Steward name, originating organization, expected frequency of updates, and processes using the reference data	
Feedback	2
Akram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	
	2
	×
	#
	.400

✓ Which of these statements is true? *	
Data Quality Management is usually a one-off project	3
Data Quality Management is a synonym for Data Governance	
Data Quality Management only addresses structured data	
Data Quality Management is a continuous process	
Data Quality Management is the application of technology to data problems	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	
DQ Management is a continuous process.	
✓ SMART is an acronym for objectives in projects and programs. SMART	7
stands for?	
	ğ
Structured, Manageable, Accurate, Robust, Tested	8
Specific, Manageable, Agile, Realistic, Topical	S.
Systems, Management, Architecture, Resources, Technology	<u> </u>
Specific, Measurable, actionable, Realistic, Timely	Š
Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Robust, Timely	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	7
Add to your notes: SMART is an acronym for objectives in projects and programs. SMART stands for Spe Measurable, actionable, Realistic, Timely	cifi
measurable, accionable, realistic, rimely	
	()
✓ Implementing a Services-Oriented Architecture (SOA) will often use? *	2
	Š
An enterprise services bus	
A data lake	
○ ETL servers	
O Data Visualization tools	
A Data Modeling tool	<u> </u>
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Implementing a Services-Oriented Architecture (SOA) will often use: An enterprise ser	vice
bus.	Y
	*
What area do you not consider when developing a Data Governance	M/1
What area do you not consider when developing a Data Governance Operating Model?	
Operating Model?	
Operating Model? The availability of industry data models	
Operating Model? The availability of industry data models The business model – decentralized versus centralized	
Operating Model? The availability of industry data models The business model – decentralized versus centralized Cultural factors such as acceptance of discipline and adaptability to change	
Operating Model? The availability of industry data models The business model – decentralized versus centralized Cultural factors such as acceptance of discipline and adaptability to change The value of data to the organization	
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✓ Which of the following should staff do to guarantee optimum database	50/1 50/1
performance of data operations?	8
Decide what type of storage will be acquired	严
Discuss performance requirements with the data architects	廔
Revoke the access rights of heavy users	
Discuss the amount of time a user can wait on a screen	
Reduce the number of rows in the tables	
Reduce the number of rows in the tables	
	0
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	9
Add to your notes:	ē
To guarantee optimum database performance of data operations, staff should Discuss performance requirements with the data architects.	
	#
	2
/ Which of the course NOT the of Date Courses 22	፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟
✓ Which of these are NOT true of Data Governance? *	E 1
C DC is a southwester research of data improvement	
DG is a continuous process of data improvement	Ö
DG is the exercise of authority and control over the management of data assets	
T is a key stakeholder in DG	₩
A DG initiative should always be led by the IT department	
There are different organization models for DG	
Feedback	Ä
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: NOT true of DG: A DG initiative should always be led by the IT department.	
Not take of Do. A Do linicative should always be led by the first department.	
	6
	魯
✓ OLAP, conceptually illustrates as a? *	₩ 1
O 111 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	
Hierarchical structure	2
Multi-columnar structure	<u>e</u>
Relational table	7
Recursive structure	
© Cube	<u>e</u>
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	#
Add to your notes:	1.21
OLAP concentually illustrates as a Cube.	90
OLAP, conceptually illustrates as a Cube.	
OLAP, conceptually illustrates as a Cube.	
✓ An employee may work for one other employee and may manage one or	
✓ An employee may work for one other employee and may manage one or more employees. There is an indeterminate number of levels in this	DANK GOTTON DESIGNATION
✓ An employee may work for one other employee and may manage one or more employees. There is an indeterminate number of levels in this	
✓ An employee may work for one other employee and may manage one or more employees. There is an indeterminate number of levels in this management hierarchy. What type of relationship would work best?	
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✓ Complete the following statement: A business rule? *	<u>1</u>
Measures a business process	
Only exists at the level of the physical data model	65 0
Defines constraints on what can and cannot be done	
O Defines an entity	Č.
Identifies an entity instance	
	8
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: A business rule defines constraints on what can and cannot be done.	3
	## 600
Who is responsible for communicating and promoting awareness of the value of Data Governance in the organization?	
value of Data Governance in the organization:	ě
Senior Management Executive Forum	
Central Communications and Corporate Awareness	
The Chief Executive Officer	<u>\$</u>
Data stewards	
Everyone in the Data Management community	<u> </u>
	(2)
	7
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: Everyone in the DM community is responsible for communicating an	Ø
promoting awareness of the value of DG in the organization.	
Identify who has "primary" responsibility for data capture and usage design within programs?	
uesign within programs?	
Software Architects or Developers	9
Business Data Stewards or Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)	
Data Management Executive or BI Analysts or Data Security Administrator	
Data Architects or Data Analysts or Database Administrators	
Suppliers or Consumers	
Q 177	
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	
Software Architects or Developers: have "primary" responsibility for data capture and usage design within programs.	•
✓ The purpose for adding redundancy to a data model (denormalisation) is	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY.
to:	3
make it easier for developers to join tables.	
ensure surrogate keys are retaining their unique values in all satellite tables.	
optimise overall database performance across both data access and data	
update requests.	
avoid the loss of data by storing key values more than once.	全
fully utilise all the indexes.	
	Ę Š
Feedback	*
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	3
The purpose for adding redundancy to a data model (denormalisation) is to: optimise overall database performance across both data access and data update requests.	9
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	蕎
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The Project Management Institute The Data Management Institute The Data Management Authority The Data Productioner Association The Data Productioner Association The Data Analysis Association The Data Management Association Peedback Arran Al Hossairy: Cornect! Add to your notes: The DM Body of Knowledge is produced by The DM Association. Database performance depends upon two independent facets. These are? Number of users and number of tables Choice of DBMS and programming language Hardware and network Distance to data center and network bandwidth Add to your notes: Database performance depends upon two independent facets. These are Availability and speed Feedback Arran Al Hossairy: Cornect! Add to your notes: One to one. many-to-one. One-to-many. many-to-one. One-to-many. many-to-one. One-to-many. many-to-one. One-to-many. many-to-one. One-to-many. To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for the Data Integration effort To identify potential sources of data for		-
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	goal of collecting and documenting business rules: To identify the requirements for the	
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	- Control
✓ A 'Data Lake' is an environment where a vast amount of data can be: *	
ingested, screened, obfuscated and purged.	2
updated, obfuscated, nullified and cleansed	9
purged, sorted, split and scanned.	
ingested, shared, assessed and analysed.	
digested, processed, deleted and visualised	
	9
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: A 'Data Lake' is an environment where a vast amount of data can be: ingested, shared,	ğ
assessed and analysed.	7
✓ What are relationship labels? *	X
The nullability setting on a foreign key.	X
A relationship without cardinality.	G
A foreign key that has been role-named.	
A non-identifying relationship.	
The verb phrases describing the business rules in each direction between two entities.	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	()
Add to your notes: relationship labels: The verb phrases describing the business rules in each direction	
between two entities.	4
	M
✓ What are the primary responsibilities of a data steward? *	
	•
 A business role appointed to take responsibility for the quality and use of their organization's data assets 	
The data analyst who is the subject matter expert (SME) on a set of reference	da
O Identifying data problems and issues	8
The manager responsible for writing policies and standards that define the Da Management program for an organization	ta 🥸
Analyzing Data Quality	
Feedback	2
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: primary responsibilities of a data steward: A business role appointed to take responsib for the qualify and use of their organization's data assets.	ilit 💢
for the quality and use of their organization's data assets.	
✓ A Data Quality dimension is? *	
	3
A measurable feature or characteristic of data	
A core concept in dimensional modeling	
The value of a particular piece of data	S2
One aspect of Data Quality used extensively in Data Governance	
A valid value in a list	0
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	ź
A DQ dimension is a measurable feature or characteristic of data.	
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✓ Which of these is NOT a primary deliverable of Data Quality Management?	# ₁
Analysis from data profiling	
Data Quality service level agreements	<u>e</u>
Data Quality strategy and framework	
Data attribute definitions	
Data Quality reports	
C sala quality reports	
5 11 1	
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	Ž
Add to your notes:	
Data attribute definitions is NOT a primary deliverable of DQ Management.	
The main part of a data vault that houses and integrates data from various source systems is referred to as?	
·	œ.
Metrics mart	
Raw data vault	
Persisted staging area	
Business data vault	Š
☐ Information mart	
Feedback	Ī
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
The main part of a data vault that houses and integrates data from various source systems is referred to as: Raw data vault.	
According to the DMBoK, which is not a component of a Data	
Management strategy?	
 Descriptions of Data Management roles and organizations, along with a sur 	nma ()
of their responsibilities and decision rights	
A summary business case for Data Management with selected examples	<u> </u>
Identifying individuals for Data Management roles	
A draft implementation roadmap with projects and action items	
A compelling vision for Data Management	
Feedback	ě
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Identifying individuals for DM roles is NOT a component of a DM strategy	
	8
✓ Data differs with regards to other assets because: ★	3 ,
	=
It uses automation	9
t has value	
lt can be used yet still retain value	
It is regulated	3
lt is big	
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	ğ
Add to your notes:	<u> </u>
Data differs with regards to other assets because It can be used yet still retain value	· 🖺
	254
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X An effective Data Security Strategy needs to consider as well as technical security?	
Obusing (decises hard anni)	
Physical (devices, hard copy) Operational (function, flexibility)	
Functional (timing, structures)	
Conceptual (metadata, Business Glossary)	B. (P. 18)
Correct answer	Ē
Physical (devices, hard copy)	ă
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	
	*
✓ Is the data model important in establishing Master Data Management?★	١
Only if Master Data Management needs to know the processing steps for all dat	<u></u>
No, not if the organization has complex systems with multiple ways of capturing data	Š
Yes, Master Data Management needs consistent logical definitions	*
No, not if the data model is physically instantiated in multiple platforms	1
No, within a given source, data representing the same entity can be different	
Feedback	ij.
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
data model is important in establishing Master DM because Master DM needs consister logical definitions.	
✓ What kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled?*	
A user interface	=
An independent interface	G Č
A batch interface	
A legacy interface	
A synchronous interface	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
kind of interface is in place when systems are tightly coupled: A synchronous interface.	Ż
✓ Information needs to be managed because: *	
• Information reced to be managed because.	
It contains financial facts	
It is stored in Database systems	
It is an asset of the organization	
The volumes are large	
Feedback	產
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Information needs to be managed because It is an asset of the organization.	
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	ii.
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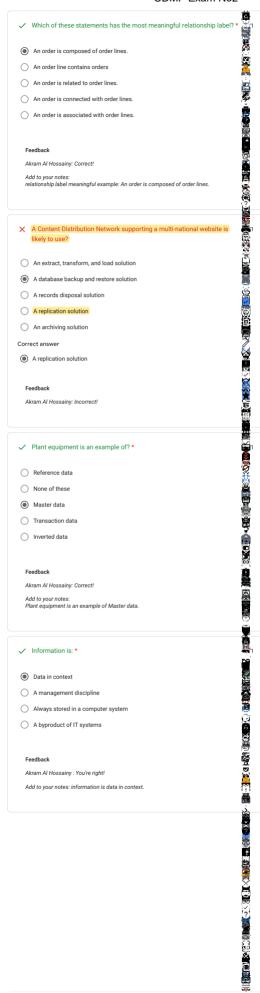
A Data Quality Service Level Agreement (SLA) would normally include which of these?	1
Detailed technical specifications for data transfer	
Respective roles and responsibilities for Data Quality	
A business case for data improvement	
A breakdown of the costs of Data Quality improvement	
An enterprise data model	
Feedback	(B)
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: A DQ Service Level Agreement (SLA) would normally include Respective roles and	無
responsibilities for DQ.	៊ី
✓ In its broadest context, the data warehouse includes: *	41
in its broadest context, the data watchouse includes.	
Any data stores or extracts used to support the delivery for BI purposes	8
All the data in the enterprise	
Either an Inmon or Kimball approach	
An integrated data store, ETL logic, and extensive data cleansing routines	
Data stores and extracts that can be transformed into star schemas	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	Ě
Add to your notes: In its broadest context, the data warehouse includes: Any data stores or extracts used to	
support the delivery for BI purposes.	3
Whose responsibility should it be to identify and report occurrences of	
defects in information and data?	2
The Information Quality team	奎
☐ The IT department	
Customers	•
Regulatory compliance officers	6.0
Any employee	\. \. \.
	⊙
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Any employee is responsible for identifying and reporting occurrences of defects in	
information and data.	9
✓ Which of these is NOT a typical activity in Data Quality Management? *	3 1
	*
Creating inspection and monitoring processes	
O Defining business requirements and business rules	
Enterprise Data Modelling	
Analyzing Data Quality	
Identifying data problems and issues	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Enterprise Data Modeling is NOT a typical activity in DQ Management.	Ē
	8
	暗沒
	3
	3
	¥.
	100

When new governmental and industry regulations are formulated and enacted, Data Governance plays a key role in the process of identifying the data and information components for compliance. What is the most enacted, Data Governance plays a key role in the process of identifying important role in any regulatory compliance project? Provide access to any possible data set to the compliance team and allow them mine the data for non-compliance Create a Data Governance "in-house" project with a team of Data Stewards to create a standard response Working with business and technical leadership to find the best answers to a standard set of regulatory compliance questions (How, Why, When, etc) Work in isolation and mine the data and information for compliance and non-Take no part in any project at all, declaring it an audit and risk project Feedback Akram Al Hossainv: Correct! Adu to your notes.

The most important role in any regulatory compliance project is working with business and technical leadership to find the best answers to a standard set of regulatory compliance questions (How, Why, When, etc.) ✓ Data Governance touchpoints throughout the project lifecycle are facilitated by this organization? ○ The Data Governance Steering Committee The Data Governance Office The Master Data Office ACCES TO THE O The Project Management Office ○ The Data Stewards Office Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: DG touchpoints throughout the project lifecycle are facilitated by The DG Office. ✓ What is the technique for log-based change of data capturing? * The source system populates specific data elements in the target system Source Database Management System create data activity logs which are nonitored and applied on the target database Ompare the current state of the source system to a previous copy The source system processes copy data that has changed into separate objects part of source data update The source system processes add to a simple list of changed objects and identifiers on data update Ä Feedback Akram Al Hossainv: Correct! Add to your notes:
The technique for log-based change of data capturing: Source Database Management
System create data activity logs which are monitored and applied on the target database Information Governance and Data Governance should be? * Managed as integrated functions, with Information Governance reporting to Da Managed as integrated functions, with Data Governance reporting to Information Managed by the Chief Information Office Managed as a single function Managed as separate functions Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! ation Governance and DG should be Managed as a single function.

	S
✓ A type of Master data architecture is: *	(jin
	C
Repository	ă
Registry	
Virtualised	
All of the above	Ē
Hybrid	٧
O Tryund	
	2
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	
Types of Master data architecture include: o Hybrid	₩.
o Registry o Virtualised	8
o Repository	
	Ť
✓ The stated goals of Data Security Management are? *	P 1
B. Understand and comply with all relevant regulations and policies for privacy protection, and confidentiality	· 🖺
A. Enable appropriate, and prevent inappropriate, access to enterprise data ass	40
All of the above	
All but C	
C. Ensure that the privacy and confidentiality needs of all stakeholders are enfo and audited	oro
- and addited	
	画
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: The stated goals of Data Security Management are:	
o Enable appropriate, and prevent inappropriate, access to enterprise data assets o Understand and comply with all relevant regulations and policies for privacy, protectic	(<u>O</u>
and confidentiality o Ensure that the privacy and confidentiality needs of all stakeholders are enforced and	, 6
audited.	
	3
✓ Which of these is not a Knowledge Area in DMBoK v2? *	Š.
O Data Governance	Ě
Master & Reference Data Management	
Data Quality Management	Ž
Data Security Management	
Big Data & Data Science	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy : You're right!	
Add to your notes:	Ø
Big Data & Data Science is not a Knowledge Area in DMBoK v2.	(C)
	Ŧ
✓ Which statement is correct? *	1
	00
Data Governance should not be embedded within broader governance framew	or
Data Governance is informed by the Enterprise Information Architecture	<u>.</u>
() None are correct	
None are correct	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices	
_	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices	A CHIEN ET
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices	A CHARLES A
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback	A SERVICE SERVICES
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback	THE REAL NOTION OF THE BEAUTY
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Data Management is designed to "govern" Data Governance practices All are correct Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	

~	Which of these are increasingly driving legislation for information security and data privacy?	李 亭
	A desire for economic protectionism	
_		
_	A recognition of ethical issues in Information Management	료
O	ANSI 859	
0	An objective of making life more challenging for Information Management professionals	Ž.
0	A resistance to open data and transparency	
Fe	redback	
	cram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
A	dd to your notes:	
	recognition of ethical issues in Information Management is driving legislation for formation security and data privacy	
		a
×	Which of these is NOT an expected role of a Data Quality Oversight	
	Board?	*
0	Developing and maintaining Data Quality	の国家の英
_	Producing certification and compliance policies	
_	Setting Data Quality improvement priorities	2
	Data profiling and analysis	Ĝ
_		
	Establishing communications and feedback mechanisms	1
_	ect answer	©
•	Data profiling and analysis	
_		
	redback rram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	*
Al	aani Ai riossainy. Incorrect:	9
/	Which statement best describes the relationship between documents and	
	records?	
0	Documents and records are the same thing	
\bigcirc	Documents are a subset of records	
_	Records are a subset of documents	
_	Documents and records are not related	
_		
0	Documents are written and records are audio	
		Ä
Fe	redback	
	rram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
st	ld to your notes: atement best describes the relationship between documents and records: Records are best of decuments.	Ħ
SL	bset of documents.	
	A best practice for BI monitoring and tuning is to define and display which	
*	set of customer-facing satisfaction metrics?	
_		愚
0	Number of users per day/week/month	(A)
0	Usage statistics and patterns	
0	Average query response time	
•	All of the above	
0	Regular survey of DW-BIM customers satisfaction	
Fe	redback	
	cram Al Hossainy: Correct!	0
A	ld to your notes:	
A fa	best practice for BI monitoring and tuning is to define and display a set of customer- cing satisfaction metrics including:	E
0	Average query response time Number of users per day/week/month	
0	Regular survey of DW-BIM customers satisfaction Usage statistics and patterns.	
		ě
		×
		\$



	u
Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to be carefully managed or the data lake will become?	10 5 1
○ A biased report	<u> </u>
Business relevance needs to be considered as a Data Quality metric in its own	ri
An organizational statistic	黨
A data model	
A data swamp	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Data for big data ingestion can also be called the data lake. This needs to be carefully	Ž
managed or the data lake will become A data swamp.	<u> </u>
X A project scope includes the collection, exchange and reporting of data	
from multiple systems. Conceptual, logical and physical data models are	e 🚆 '
maintained. How many models of each type can be expected?	6
The same number of each of the model types.	<u>~</u>
More logical data models than physical data models, and more logical data m	od
than conceptual data models. More conceptual data models than logical data models, and more logical data	6
models than physical data models.	
Only 1 conceptual data model, 1 logical data model and 1 physical data mode	I. 🐔
More physical data models than logical data models, and more logical data m than conceptual data models.	od
Correct answer	
More physical data models than logical data models, and more logical data models	od E
than conceptual data models.	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	٥
	ĕ
✓ All of the following are properties of a logical data model except: *	1
technology-independent	Ē
ontains attributes.	
ontains relationship cardinality	A
ontains primary keys.	
technology-dependent	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: technology-dependent is NOT a property of a LDM.	喜
connoted to the property of a conn	
	医静口球炎 经经营的工作证据 法国际 医甲甲氏性 医甲甲氏氏征 医甲甲氏氏征 医甲甲氏氏征 医甲甲氏试验检尿病 医甲甲氏试验检尿病
X Master and reference data are forms of?*	
Data Quality	
O Data Security	
O Data Architecture	8
Data Integration	
O Data Mapping	
Correct answer	
Data Integration	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	
	T
	(E)
	œ5
	23

×	Communicating the value of Data Governance can be approached in a number of ways. Which of the following approaches is NOT a recognized way of doing this?	
0	Publishing a regular newsletter via hardcopy or email	
•	Providing only negative communications on ongoing data issues to key	₩ ₩
_	executive stakeholders	
_	Creating a series of "elevator pitches" for the appropriate audience	592 ~
0	Promoting participation in a DM forum or community	Ē
0	Maintaining an intranet website	
	ect answer	
•	Creating a series of "elevator pitches" for the appropriate audience	
Fe	eedback	
Al	kram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	77
_	One of the difficulties when integrating multiple source systems is? *	
_		
_	Completing the Data Architecture on time for the first release	3
_	Modifying the source systems to align to the enterprise data model	Š.
•	Determining valid links or equivalences between data elements	9
	Maintaining documentation describing the data warehouse operation Having a Data Quality rule applicable to all source systems	
0	naving a Data Quality rule applicable to all source systems	
_		<u>~</u>
	eedback kram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
A	dd to your notes:	
	ne of the difficulties when integrating multiple source systems is Determining valid link equivalences between data elements.	
v	Which of these is a key process in defining Data Quality business rules?	
^	minum of these is a key process in admining state quality submisses rules.	
0	De-duplicating data records	
0	Separating data that does not meet business needs from data that does	
•	Matching data from different data sources	
0	Producing Data Management policies	Š
0	Producing Data Quality reports and dashboards	ō
_	ect answer	<u>v</u>
•	Separating data that does not meet business needs from data that does	
Fe	eedback	蠆
Al	kram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	
_	What is one of the benefits of Services-Oriented Architecture (SOA)? *	The same
	(60.y)	8
0	Allows access to the underlying data structures	25
0	Provides an optimized user experience for the data consumer	
•	Enables application independence and the ability to replace systems without significant changes to interfacing systems	Ŋ.
0	Provides oversight and control to the integration development lifecycle	
0	Is the fastest way to develop a new interface	
Fe	eedback	
	kram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
or	dd to your notes: he the benefits of Services-Oriented Architecture (SOA): Enables application dependence and the ability to replace systems without significant changes to interfaci	
	dependence and the ability to replace systems without significant changes to interfact stems.	
		2
		MA
		P

✓ Data standards used by the enterprise must? *	
Only be necessary for the Data Governance team	<u>▼</u>
Set by a standards organization and not by the enterprise	
Promote consistent results but periodically be reviewed and updated	
Be a guideline for the organization but open to interpretation	ā
O Promote consistent results so they are only written once and never updated	Ź
	Ž.
Feedback	量
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Data standards used by the enterprise must promote consistent results but periodically reviewed and updated.	<u></u>
reviewed and updated.	
✓ When the DMBoK calls Data Quality Management a program, not a	
project, it means?	
Data Quality practices can stop at the end the project	3
Data Quality is more tightly scoped and planned than ordinary projects	Š.
Data Quality management is really expensive	
Data Quality has both project and maintenance work along with	
communications and training Data Quality managers can be paid more than project managers	
Data quality managers can be paid more than project managers	
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	
When the DMBoK calls DQ Management a program, not a project, it means: DQ has both project and maintenance work along with communications and training.	
In the BASE vs ACID model for Transaction Processing, "E" is best described which of these statements?	
	3
Business Availability of Secure data ELEMENTS	
C Extra Validation	
Eventual Data Consistency	
End to End data consistency	
Eventual Availability of Data as described by the CAP theorem	2
	豐
Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes:	<u></u>
In the BASE vs ACID model for Transaction Processing, "E" is best described as: Eventua Data Consistency.	魯
Database monitoring tools measure key database metrics, such as? *	
Capacity, design, normalization, and user access	
Capacity, availability, cache performance, and user statistics	
Create, read, update, and delete	©
Capacity, availability, backup instances, and Data Quality	2
Create, read, normalization, and user access	
	Œ.
Feedback	髼
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	ā
Add to your notes: Database monitoring tools measure key database metrics, such as Capacity, availability,	
cache performance, and user statistics.	#
	Ĭ
	F

 ✓ The requirement to enter a username, a password and then a code sent to an authentication app is called: ② 2-factor authentication. ○ biometric authentication. ○ proactive authentication. ③ 3-factor authentication. ✓ Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The requirement to enter a username, a password and then a code sent to an authentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. ✓ The Information Lifecycle: * Has the same stages as the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Is used primarily for Data archiving Is only important in regulated industries Is not relevant in an Agile environment ⑤ Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Feedback 	
2-factor authentication. biometric authentication. proactive authentication. 3-factor authentication. Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The requirement to enter a username, a password and then a code sent to an authentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. The Information Lifecycle: * Has the same stages as the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Is used primarily for Data archiving Is only important in regulated industries Is not relevant in an Agile environment Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Feedback	
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S-factor authentication. Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The requirement to enter a username, a password and then a code sent to an authentication app is called: 2-factor authentication. ✓ The Information Lifecycle: * Has the same stages as the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Is used primarily for Data archiving Is only important in regulated industries Is not relevant in an Agile environment Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Feedback	
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Is only important in regulated industries Is not relevant in an Agile environment Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Feedback	
Is not relevant in an Agile environment Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Feedback	© (2)
Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle Feedback	Ħ
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: The Information Lifecycle: Exists beyond the Systems Delivery Lifecycle.	ž
	5
✓ A Data Quality program should limit its scope to? *	9
The data that changes most often	
All the data stored in the enterprise	
The data most critical to the enterprise and its customers	
The highest-profile program with the best benefits The data that is of interest to the Chief Executive Officer	
Feedback	P
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: A DQ program should limit its scope to: The data most critical to the enterprise and its customers.	2
In the common enterprise architecture model coded BIAT, the 'I' stands for?	
Instance	8
Information	
Identification	<u> </u>
Interoperability	0
☐ Integration	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: In the common enterprise architecture model coded BIAT, the 'I' stands for Information.	

A document that stipulates the responsibilities and acceptable use of data to be exchanged, is commonly referred to as a?	1
Data Sharing Agreement	
O Project Charter	2
Data Quality Assessment	8
O Data Model	
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	ä
A document that stipulates the responsibilities and acceptable use of data to be exchanged, is commonly referred to as a Data Sharing Agreement.	
Which of the following business rules should NOT appear on a logical data model?	1 200
Each Company must employ one or many Persons.	西西
Each Order can contain one or many Order Lines.	
Each Person can work for zero to many Companies	Z
Customer Last Name requires a non-unique index to improve retrieval perform	man
Each Policy must belong to one Policy Owner.	*
orrect answer	3
 Customer Last Name requires a non-unique index to improve retrieval perforr 	nan 📆
Feedback	=
Akram Al Hossainy: Incorrect!	
When discussing the Data Quality Management Cycle, what part of the	
cycle typically deals with: acting to resolve any identified issues to improve Data Quality and better meet business expectations?	
Act	
Do/Deploy	N
Check	<u></u>
) Plan	2
Proceed	
Feedback	2
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: When discussing the DQ Management Cycle, Act part of the cycle typically deals with acting to resolve any identified issues to improve DQ and better meet business expectations.	
✓ When considering a Data Governance program, communication is a ke	y 1 1
element. There are many ways of managing this communication, with one of the most effective being a Data Management intranet. Which of the following would you typically NOT put onto such a communication vahicle?	
vehicle?	X
Link to a "raise an issue" log	\$
The data steward team profiles	
Raw data results of an investigation into a possible data privacy breach	F
Description of the DG organization, its key members, and contact details	8
Executive message regarding significant Data Management issues	Dame?
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: NOT an effective way to communicate a DG program: Raw data results of an investig.	atior a
into a possible data privacy breach put on a DM intranet.	
	<u> </u>
	266 ≤6

	200
The data operations team assures that data is recoverable by which of the following methods?	1
Defining and executing the data recovery plan	<u>iiii</u>
Guaranteeing the applications take proper exports of the data	
Making sure the disks are checked regularly for write errors	
Maintaining a test, development, and production environment	
Analyzing database error logs	
	8
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: The data operations team assures that data is recoverable by Defining and executing	the 🙀
data recovery plan.	
	the
A a condition do also DMD-I/ also conducted the analysis of the observation of the observ	M
According to the DMBoK, the system that contains the "best version" of the master data is the?	8
O Oddraward	<u>ි</u> බව
Golden record Spoke	
-	
Consuming system Source system	
	2
System of record	
	惠
Feedback	
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
the system that contains the "best version" of the master data is the: System of recon	d.
	Ž
Contribution in the structure (Contribution Contribution	9
✓ Ontology is the study of? *	
Being and existence	3
Beginning	7
○ Knowledge	
Reality	
○ Existence	<u>.</u>
Feedback	6
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Add to your notes: Ontology is the study of: Being and existence.	
Onlongy is the study of Deling and existence.	_
✓ Which is a valid Environmental component of data management? ★	1
	₽
O Database Management	
Practices & Techniques	
Motivation	
Hardware Management	
Project Management	
Feedback	2
Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes:	
Practices & Techniques is a valid Environmental component of DM.	<u>*</u>
	>
	20.6
	=
	**
	9

Matter Swamp' is a data lake that has become: * Messy, unclean and inconsistent. Sultable for frops, toads and salamanders modelled, managed and muddy Overly catalogued, holding information and data. a data asset that uses machine learning. Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: A Data Swamp' is a data lake that has become: messy, unclean and inconsistent. Which of the following is not a goal of Data Quality? * Develop a governed approach to make data fit for purpose The delivery of a Data Quality strategy and firamework Define standards, requirements, and specifications for Data Quality controls Implement process to measure, monitor, and report on Data Quality Advocate for opportunities to improve the quality of data Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The delivery of a DQ strategy and firamework is NOT a goal of DQ. The Data Quality attribute that most closely matches the description "the difference between when the data is available and needed" is what? All of the above Timeliness Privacy Validity Consistency What is an Architecture Domain in TOGAF®? * Data Architecture All for the above Technology Architecture All of the above Technology Architecture Business Architecture Business Architecture Business Architecture Business Architecture Feedback Akam Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The Charticy architecture Business Architecture Parameter Business Architecture, Buta Architecture, Pata Architecture, Application Architecture, and Technology Architecture. Parameter Business Architecture Parameter Architecture Parameter Business Architecture, Buta Architecture, Application Architecture, and Technology Architecture. Parameter Business Architecture, Pata Architecture, Application Architecture, and Technology Architecture.	on "the 17?
suitable for frogs, toads and salamanders modelled, managed and muddy overly catalogued, holding information and data. a data asset that uses machine learning. Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: A 'Data Swamp' is a data lake that has become: messy, unclean and inconsistent. Which of the following is not a goal of Data Quality? * Develop a governed approach to make data fit for purpose The delivery of a Data Quality strategy and framework Define standards, requirements, and specifications for Data Quality Advocate for opportunities to improve the quality of data Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The delivery of a DQ strategy and framework is NOT a goal of DQ. The Data Quality attribute that most closely matches the description 'the difference between when the data is available and needed' is what? All of the above Timeliness Privacy Validity Consistency Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct! Add to your notes: The DQ attribute that most closely matches the description 'the difference between when the data is available and needed' is what?	on "the 21 17"
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What is an Architecture Domain in TOGAF®? * Data Architecture All of the above Application Architecture Technology Architecture Business Architecture Feedback Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
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Akram Al Hossainy: Correct!	, I=1.
Add to your notes:	
Add to your notes: Architecture domains In TOGAF® are: Business Architecture, Data Architecture, Application Architecture, and Technology Architecture.	

~	For countries, is there an internationally recognized set of codes to use?*	
•	Yes, ISO 3166 is the internationally standardized set of codes used by most organizations	- B
\circ	No, you should use whatever your organization wants to use	A
		2
0	No, organizations should develop their own set of codes to use because the dat used internally	
0	No, there is no internationally recognized set of codes because each country wat to develop their own	
0	Yes, the standards set are the codes used by your country's postal service	
Fe	redback	
Ak	cram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Fo	Id to your notes: countries, ISO 3166 is the internationally standardized set of codes used by most ganizations.	
~	Which of the following activities are performed by data operations staff? *	
•	Implement and control database environments, plan for data retention, keep track of database licenses, monitor and tune database performance	
\circ	Tune the file systems	
0	Clean data that is of bad quality	B
\bigcirc	Manage the tape libraries	ĕ
\circ	Grant access to tables and rewrite SQL statements	
		青崗
Fe	edback	
Ak	rram Al Hossainy: Correct!	8
	ld to your notes:	
pla	ta operations staff activities include Implement and control database environments, an for data retention, keep track of database licenses, monitor and tune database	Ð
pe	rformance.	1
		⊕
~	A comparatively new architectural approach is where volatile data is	<u>¥</u> ⊘ 1
	provisioned in a data warehouse structure to provide transactional systems with a combination of historical and near real time data to meet customer needs. This is a definition of:	
	customer needs. This is a definition of.	
\circ	On Line Analytical Processing Cube	Ð
0	Operational Data Store	
0	On Line Transactional Processing System	×
(1)	Active Data Warehousing	Ŕ
0	Behavioural Decision Support Systems	
	edback	
	rram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
Ac da	Id to your notes: tive Data Warehousing: A comparatively new architectural approach is where volatile ta is provisioned in a data warehouse structure to provide transactional systems with a mbination of historical and near real time data to meet customer needs.	
	You are facilitating a committee that is developing data quality metrics. Some of the committee members think that SMART (Specific, Measurable, Accountable, Results-Focused, Time-Bound) is a good model. Select the statement that best describes why business relevance needs to be considered as a characteristic of Data Quality metrics?	
	Business relevance needs to be considered as a Data Quality metric in its own ri	e be
	The value of a metric is limited unless it can be linked to some aspect of a	☑ ĕ
•	business. The metric's acceptability threshold needs to correlate with business expectations	
0	Unless you use business terms the end-users won't understand and lose interes the program	
0	Any IT program must have some business relevance defined, or it is a waste of t	Ö
0	Expressing business relevance in requirements assists the metadata strategy	P
		<u>8</u>
Fe	eedback	
	rram Al Hossainy: Correct!	
bu va	did to your notes: siness relevance needs to be considered as a characteristic of DQ metrics because: Ti lue of a metric is limited unless it can be linked to some aspect of a business. The etric's acceptability threshold needs to correlate with business expectations.	

1/11/23, 3:52 PM CDMP Exam No2

Google Forms

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