05-SpringMVC

作业1整理回顾今天的内容,把代码自己敲一遍

作业2 构建一个springmvc应用

提供一个handler方法,要求使用到窄化请求。

请求参数限定包含username和password

请求头限定Content-Type的值为 "hello/world"

响应结果为json数据

```
package com.jinghuayuan.controller;
// Copyright 2021-2101 Pica.
import com.jinghuayuan.bean.User;
import com.jinghuayuan.vo.BaseRespVo;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
* @className UserServlet
* @Description TODO
* @Author 井华源
* @Date 2021/4/30 22:28
* @ModifyDate 2021/4/30 22:28
* @version 1.0
*/
@RestController
@RequestMapping("user")
public class UserServlet {
   @PostMapping(value = "login",params = {"username","password"},consumes =
{"hello/word"})
   public BaseRespVo login() {
       return BaseRespVo.ok("登录成功,post请求");
   @PostMapping(value = "register",params = {"username","password"})
   public BaseRespVo register() {
       User user = new User();
       user.setName("景天");
       user.setAge(20);
       user.setAddress("湖北省");
       return BaseRespVo.ok(user,"注册成功,post请求");
```

```
}

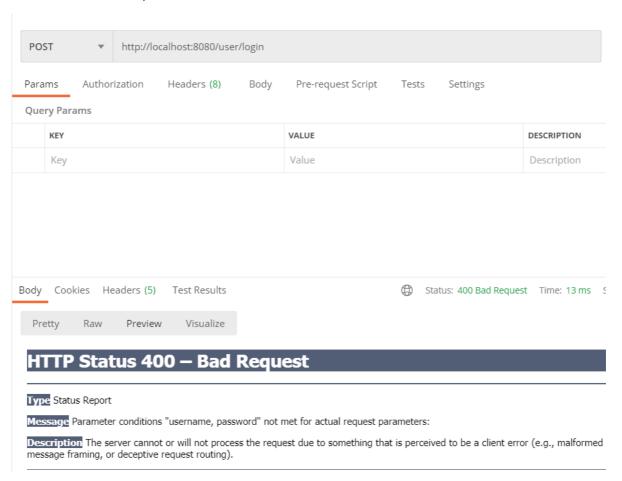
@GetMapping("logOut")

public BaseRespVo logOut() {

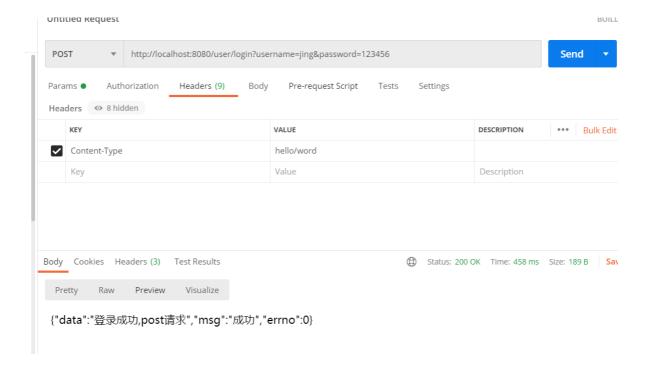
    User user = new User();
    return BaseRespVo.ok(user,"注册成功, get请求");
}
```

登录

• 没有username和password时



• 写了约束的报文头Content-Type和参数username和password



注册

