

SUPERVISED BY:

Prof. Nazeef Ul Haq

SUBMITTED BY:

Waleed Ahmed 2022-CS-41

SUBJECT:

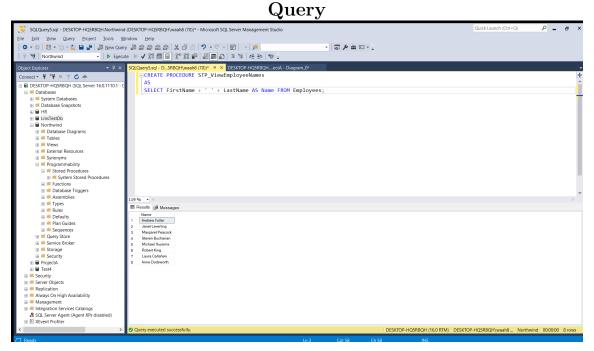
Lab 11 Hometask

SECTION:

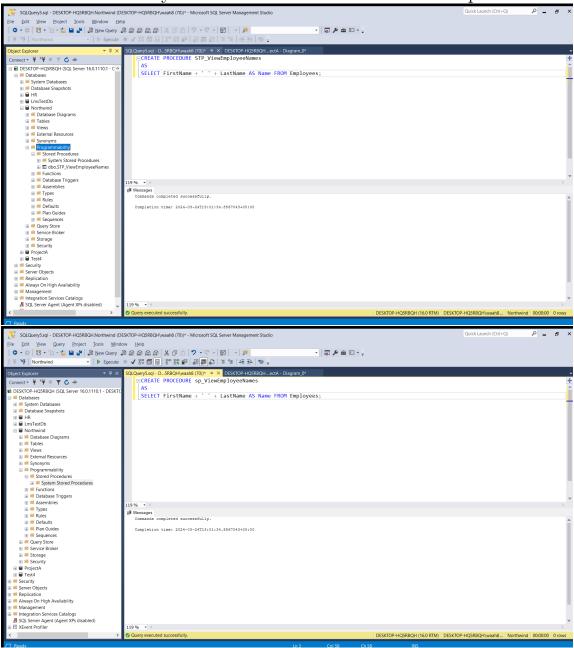
Α

In this report, I have displayed how you can create and use stored procedures for an optimized usage in your database:

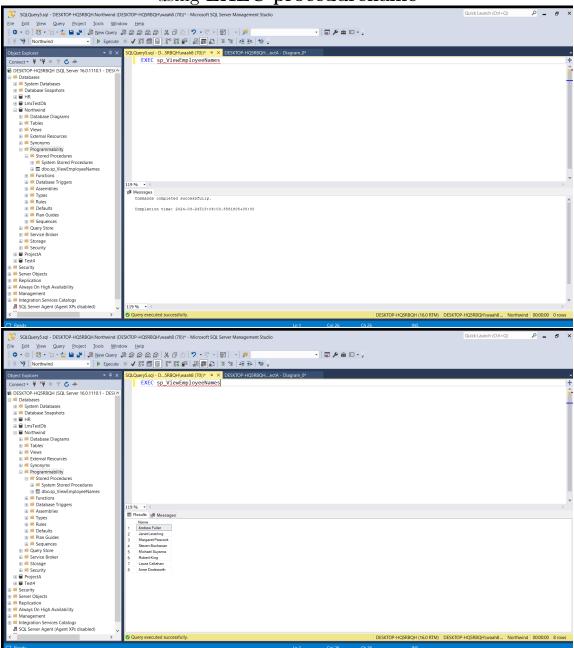
As you can see, currently there isn't any stored procedure currently present in the stored procedure directory. You can create a stored procedure using **CREATE storedprocedurename AS SQL**



After I execute the written query you may need to refresh the database directory in order to view the created stored procedure.



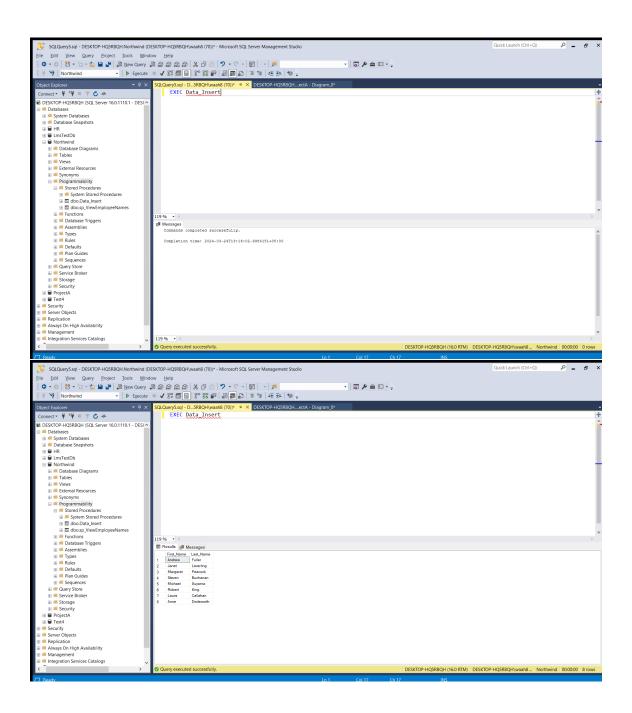
Now after successfully creating a stored procedure we can use it by using \mathbf{EXEC} procedurename

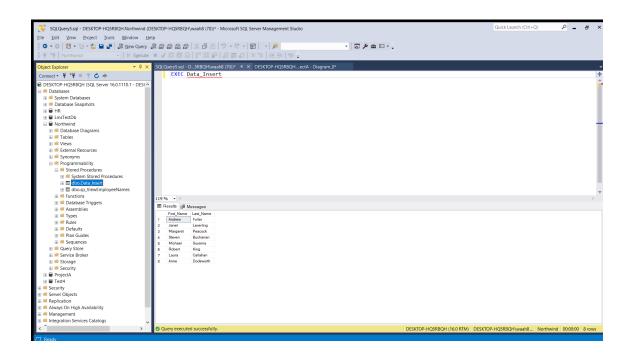


You can also use stored procedures to create certain table as per desired by the database requirements by using **CREATE OR**

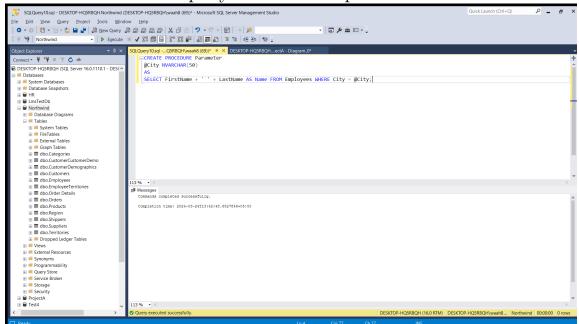
INSERT INTO tablename functions of database. CREATE TABLE Employee_Names First_Name varchar(50), Last_Name varchar(50) INSERT INTO Employee_Names
SELECT FirstName,LastName FROM Employees; SELECT * FROM Employee_Names; · 🖟 🔑 🖮 🖂 - 👵 Database Snapshots
HR
LmsTestDb | SELECT FirstName,LastName FROM Employees; SELECT * FROM Employee_Names; letion time: 2024-03-24T13:16:02.9984151+05:00

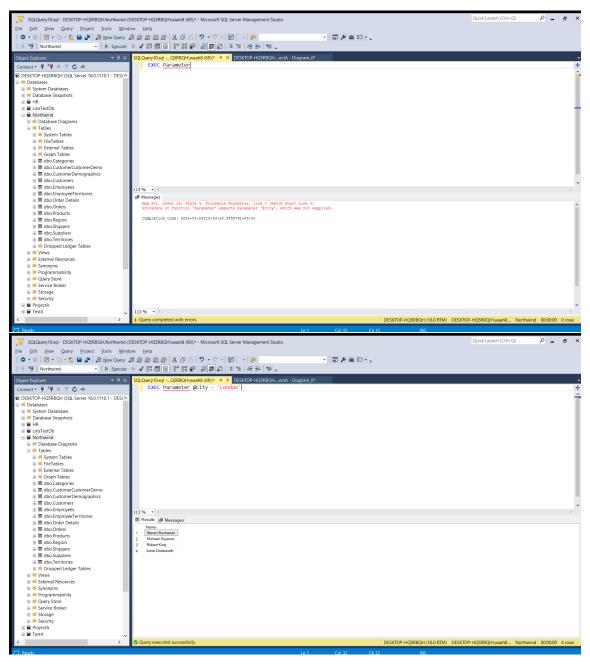
| DESKTOP-HQSRBQH (16.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-HQSRBQH\waah8 ... | Northwind | 00:00:00 | 0 ro





There is also another method to create a stored procedure that can only be accessed if it is only given the required parameters as specified in the stored query. A parametered stored query can be created by using **CREATE OR ALTER StoredProcedureName @Parameter**. The specified parameter may or may not be used in the query inside stored procedure.





It is inpportant to note that a parametered stored procedure will not execute if the parameter is not passed.