Wrapper-Filter Feature Selection Algorithm Using a Memetic Framework

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Zombie + PSO

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Schedule

- Memetic Framework
- PSO Zombie
- Comparative Results

Memetic Algorithm



Memetic = Evolutionary + Local Search

"Memetic Algorithms are population-based metaheuristics (...) inspired by Darwin's principles of natural evolution and Dawkins' notion of a meme defined as a unit of cultural evolution that is capable of **local refinement**."

(Zhu et al., 2007)

Memetic Algorithm

```
Procedure
  Begin
     Initialize: Randomly generate an initial population;
      While (Stopping conditions are not satisfied)
         Evaluate all the population;
        For each subset chosen to undergo the local improvement process
6
            Perform local search and replace it with locally improved
            solution in the spirit of Lamarckian learning;
        End For
        Perform evolutionary operators based on selection, crossover, and
         mutation;
9
     End While
10 End
```

Local Search Types

Run one of the following steps for some iterations:

- Binary: Flip a bit according to a criteria. Keep the new bit pattern if it improved the solution.
- <u>Continuous</u>: Add a gaussian noise to a <u>selected</u> dimension of the particle. Keep the change if it improved the solution.

Problem Representation

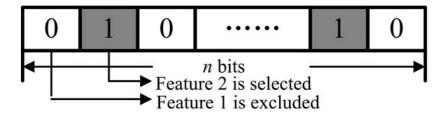
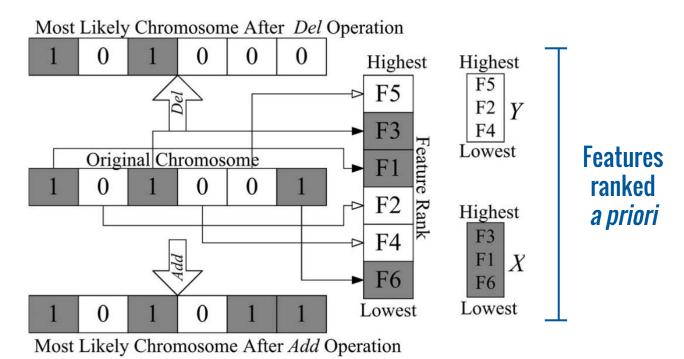


Fig. 2. Representation of chromosome as a binary bit string.

The objective function is defined by the classification accuracy or feature set reduction with a given max. loss

Local Search Step



Local Search Parameters

Intensity of LS is quantified by:

L : Local search length. Maximum number of ADD/DEL operations in each LS.

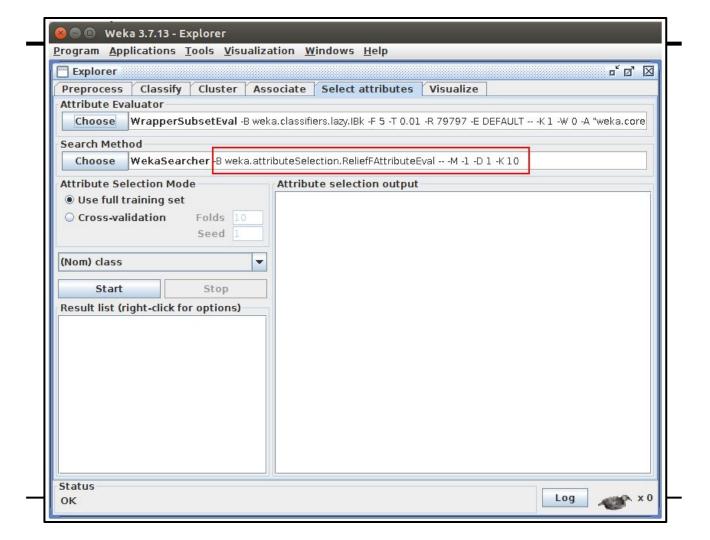
W: Local search interval. Specifies the number of elite chromosomes that undergo the improvement procedure in each generation.

Local Search Strategies [Impl. in WEKA]

Rankers	Stop Conditions	
ReliefF (-) if different in KNN of the same class, and (+) if different in KNN of other classes.	Improvement First Stop as soon as the first improvement is found.	
Gain Ratio Compare the general data entropy and the entropy given a subset of features.	Greedy Test all the L² possible combinations of ADD/DEL operations and select the best.	
Chi-Square Uses the Chi ² metric to discretize continuous variables. At the end, if a feature has a single possible value, then it is not relevant.	Sequential ADD the most relevant feature and DEL the least significant feature.	

Implementation

- + weka.attributeSelection
 - + AddDellMutation.java [extends Mutation]
 - + Object execute(Object object);
 - ObjectiveFunction.java [extends Problem]
 - + void evaluate(Solution sol);
 - + Optimizer.java
 - int[] run(SubsetEvaluator featureSetEvaluator, ASEvaluation featureRanker, Instances data);
 - + WekaSearcher.java [extends ASSearch implements OptionHandler]
 - + int[] search(ASEvaluation ASEval, Instances data);
 - + Enumeration<Option> listOptions();
 - + void setOptions(String[] options);
 - + void resetOptions();
 - + String[] getOptions();



PSO + Zombie

PSO	PSO + Zombie	
P _{best}	Humans naturally go to P _{best} with LS	
G _{best}	The most promising region is stored now	
P _{best} to G _{best} random motion	With a given probability (0.6), humans get closer to promising areas (a bit is made equals)	
-	With a given probability (0.1), zombies chase the closest human instead of making random moves (relevant to end-game)	

Implementation

- + algorithms
 - + BinaryZombieSearch.java [+ PSO]
 - + BitSet run();
 - + SpecifierInterface.java
- + weka.attributeSelection
 - + FeatureSelectionSpecifier.java [extends Specifier]
 - + double calcSubsetMerit(BitSet selection);
 - + int numAttributes();
 - + int numDimensions();
 - + Optimizer.java
 - + WekaSearcher.java [extends ASSearch implements OptionHandler]

Results

	Base	GA + LS [Best Result]	Zombie Swarm [Best Result]
	German Credit	0.733 [6]	0.7415 [3]
>	Ionosphere	0.94301 [8]	0.9487 [6]
	Supermarket	0.5246 [82]	0.452777 [78]
>	Sonar	0.92692 [27]	0.93269 [27]

Questions?