## PRELIMINARY RESULTS

#### Output matrix:

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

### Assumption:

 $C_2$  has full rank  $\Rightarrow C_2B$  invertible

Let  $V_1 \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times (n-m)}$  whose column space is  $\mathcal{N}(C_2)$  $\Rightarrow \operatorname{rank}(V_1) = n - m$ 

$$\overline{V}_1 = (V_1^{\mathsf{T}} V_1)^{-1/2} V_1^{\mathsf{T}} , \ \overline{C}_2 = (C_2 C_2^{\mathsf{T}})^{-1/2} C_2$$

$$V = \left| \begin{array}{c} \overline{V}_1 \\ \overline{C}_2 \end{array} \right| \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \text{ orthogonal}$$

# Transformation 1:

$$x \mapsto Vx = \operatorname{col}(x_1, x_2)$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = \overline{A}_{11}x_1 + \overline{A}_{12}x_2 + \overline{B}_1(u+d)$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = \overline{A}_{21}x_1 + \overline{A}_{22}x_2 + \overline{B}_2(u+d)$$
(2)

where  $x_1 \in \mathbb{R}^{n-m}$  and  $x_2 \in \mathbb{R}^m$ 

$$\overline{A} = VAV^{\mathsf{T}} = \begin{bmatrix} \overline{V}_1 A \overline{V}_1^{\mathsf{T}} & \overline{V}_1 A \overline{C}_2^{\mathsf{T}} \\ \overline{C}_2 A \overline{V}_1^{\mathsf{T}} & \overline{C}_2 A \overline{C}_2^{\mathsf{T}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overline{B} = VB = \begin{bmatrix} \overline{V}_1 B \\ \overline{C}_2 B \end{bmatrix} \quad \overline{C} = CV^{\mathsf{T}} = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \overline{V}_1^{\mathsf{T}} & C_1 \overline{C}_2^{\mathsf{T}} \\ 0 & C_2 \overline{C}_2^{\mathsf{T}} \end{bmatrix}$$

## PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Transformation 2: (nonsingular)

$$z = U \operatorname{col}(x_1, x_2) = \operatorname{col}(z_1, z_2)$$

Where 
$$U=\begin{bmatrix}I_{n-m}&-\overline{B}_1\overline{B}_2^{-1}\\0&\overline{B}_2^{-1}\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{z}_1 = \widetilde{A}_{11} z_1 + \widetilde{A}_{12} z_2 \tag{3a}$$

$$\dot{z}_2 = \widetilde{A}_{21} z_1 + \widetilde{A}_{22} z_2 + u + d$$
 (3b)

$$y = \widetilde{C}z = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{C}_1 \\ \widetilde{C}_2 \end{bmatrix} z = \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{C}_{11} & \widetilde{C}_{12} \\ 0 & \widetilde{C}_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (3c)$$

System and input matrix:

$$\widetilde{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{A}_{11} & \widetilde{A}_{12} \\ \widetilde{A}_{21} & \widetilde{A}_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \widetilde{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ I_m \end{bmatrix}$$

### Lemma 1:

If the pair  $(\widetilde{A}_{11}, \widetilde{C}_{11})$  is observable, then the pair  $(\widetilde{A}, \widetilde{C})$  is observable.

$$C_2 V_1 = C_2 A V_1 = 0$$

The pair  $(\widetilde{A},\widetilde{C})$  is observable iff the pair  $(\widetilde{A}_{11},\widetilde{C}_{11})$  is observable