Pen and Paper Task 1

Subtask A

- $sun \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 7$
- nice \rightarrow 1, 5, 6
- water \rightarrow 5, 6, 8, 9
- is $\rightarrow 6$
- beer $\rightarrow 10$

Subtask B

•
$$sun \to 1, 2, 3, 4, 7$$

• nice
$$\rightarrow 1$$
, 5, 6

• water
$$\rightarrow$$
 5, 6, 8, 9

• is
$$\rightarrow$$
 6

• beer
$$\rightarrow 10$$

Example query: nice AND is

- 1. Comparisons without skip pointers: 1 & 6, 5 & 6, 6 & 6 \Rightarrow 3 comparisons
- 2. Comparisons with skip pointers: 1 & 6, 6 & 6 \Rightarrow 2 comparisons

Without skip pointers we must compare the terms step by step, although 5 in **nice** is still smaller than 6 in **is**. With skip pointers we can skip the 5 in **nice** and directly go to the 6 in **nice**.

Pen and Paper Task 2

```
tokenize(text: string):
           token = ''
           list_of_tokens = []
           for char in text:
    if char == ' ': #whitespace
                    list_of_tokens.add(token)
                    token = '' #empty string
               if char is a symbol:
                    list_of_tokens.add(token)
                    list_of_token.add(char)
11
                    token = '' #empty string
12
               else:
13
                    token += char
14
15
           return list_of_tokens
16
```

Programming Task 1

```
import csv, re, nltk
  def index(filename: str ='code/postillon.csv'):
      index = \{\}
      dictionary = {}
      postings_lists = []
      tokenizer = nltk.RegexpTokenizer(r"\w+")
      with open(filename, 'r') as file:
          reader = csv.reader(file, delimiter = '\t')
          postings = []
13
          #iterate through each row of the table
14
          for row in reader:
15
               (doc_id, url, pub_date, title, news_text) = row
16
               #tokenize and normalize news text
18
19
               #this procedure will remove symbols like !?() etc.
               #the set data structure will remove all duplicates
21
               news_text_norm = set(tokenizer.tokenize(news_text.lower()))
               #generate postings
23
               #iterate through each term
24
               for term in news_text_norm:
25
                   postings.append((term, doc_id))
26
          #sort postings
28
          postings = sorted (postings [1:], key = lambda tup: tup [0])
29
30
31
32
          post_id = 0
33
          post\_size = 0
          #iterate through postings
34
          for posting in postings:
               term, doc_id = posting
36
               if term not in dictionary:
38
                   #upate the dictionary with the new term
39
                   #initialize the postings size
40
                   #save the postings id,
41
                   #witch is the position of the postings list
42
                   #into the postings lists
43
                   dictionary.update({term: [post_size+1, post_id]})
44
45
                   #initialize a new postings list
46
                   postings\_lists.append([doc\_id])
47
48
                   #update postings id
49
                   post_id +=1
50
51
                   #update size of posting
                   dictionary [term][0] += 1
```

```
54
                      #update postings list
55
                      postings_lists[-1].append(doc_id)
56
57
       return dictionary, postings_lists
58
59
60
  def query(term_1: str , term_2: str = ''):
    if term_2 == '':
61
62
            #only term_1
63
            pass
64
       else:
65
            #term_1 AND term_2
66
            pass
67
       pass
68
69
70
  if __name__ == "__main__":
71
       index()
```

code/script.py