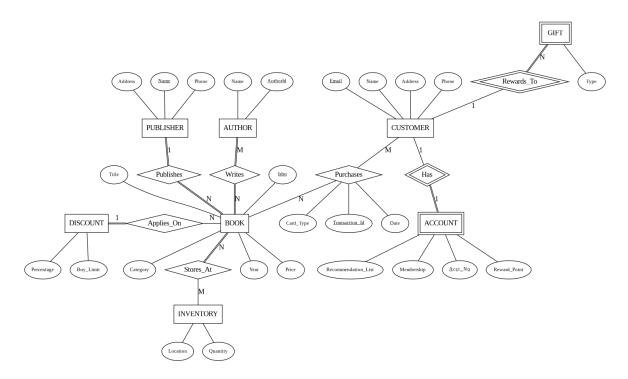
The Final Report

Wally Yang, Tina Liang, Wei Zong, Chuwen Sun, Xingyu Yan April 20, 2020

0.1 Database Description

1. ER-model of the Database Design



2. Relational Schema for the Database



The bold field refers to the primary keys of the relational schema

3. Levels of normalization for each table: All tables achieve BCNF.

4. Indices for the Database

We chose the Tree-based index for our BOOK table since the tree-based index is good for looking up values based on range tests. It will speed up our queries when we want to retrieve the book based on the range of the year or the range of the price. Also it is not too bad for looking up values based on equality tests, so it also can slightly speed up our queries when we are trying to look up books based on the titles, categories, authors, and publishers.

5. Views for the Database

View A

Description: This view is able to show all the titles and their dates of purchase made by each customer. And this could be useful to make book recommendations for a customer by looking at his or her purchase history.

Relational algebra expression:

$$R1 \leftarrow PURCHASE \bowtie_{Customer=Email} Customer$$

 $R2 \leftarrow BOOK \bowtie_{Isbn=Book} R1$
 $Result \leftarrow \pi_{Name, Title, Date} R2$

```
CREATE VIEW CUSTOMER_P AS

SELECT C.Name, B.Title, P.Date

FROM BOOK AS B, PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C

WHERE B.Isbn = P.Book AND P.Customer = C.Email
```

Sample output:

| Luqman Finnegan | OCP: | 07/01/16 |
|-----------------|--|----------|
| | Oracle9i Certification Kit | |
| Phebe Christian | SQL Server 2000 | 09/16/18 |
| | for Experienced DBA's | |
| Charlie Dolan | The Data Warehouse Toolkit: | 07/20/18 |
| | The Complete Guide to Dimensional Modeling | |
| Kiya Mcguire | How To Do Everything with Your Tablet PC | 01/26/19 |
| Amal Terrell | Data Mining: | 06/15/17 |
| | Practical Machine Learning Tools | |
| | and Techniques with Java Implementations | |

• View B

Description: This view is able to show the total number of books purchased by each customer. And this could be useful to see if this customer deserves a gift by making a certain amount of purchases in this store.

Relational algebra expression:

$$R1 \leftarrow PURCHASE \bowtie_{Customer=Email} Customer$$

$$Result \leftarrow_{Customer} \mathcal{F}_{COUNT\ Book}(R1)$$

```
CREATE VIEW CUSTOMER_N AS

SELECT P.Customer, COUNT(Book)

FROM PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C

WHERE P.Customer = C.Email

GROUP BY P.Customer
```

Sample output:

| Ahmed.12@osu.edu | 1 |
|---------------------|---|
| Christian.2@osu.edu | 1 |
| Dolan.3@osu.edu | 1 |
| Finnegan.1@osu.edu | 1 |
| Firth.9@osu.edu | 1 |

6. Sample Transactions for the Database

• Transaction A

Description: The customer adds a book to a order and update the book quantity in the inventory

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION NEW_P;
2
      INSERT INTO PURCHASE
3
      VALUES (22,
               'Finnegan.1@osu.edu',
5
               '782140661',
              DATE(),
               'AMEX');
9
10
   UPDATE Inventory
11
       SET Quantity = Quantity - 1
12
      WHERE Isbn = '782140661' AND Location = 'warehouse';
13
14
   COMMIT;
```

• Transction B

Description: A certain amount(10) of books(Isbn: 616601654) transmitted from one inventory(warehouse) to another(in-sotre)

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION MOVE;

UPDATE Inventory

SET Quantity = Quantity + 10

WHERE Isbn = '782140661' AND Location = 'warehouse';

UPDATE Inventory

SET Quantity = Quantity - 10

WHERE Isbn = '782140661' AND Location = 'in-store';

COMMIT;

COMMIT;
```

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION NEW_GIFT;

UPDATE ACCOUNT

SET Reward_point = Reward_point - 100

WHERE Email = 'Finnegan.1@osu.edu';

INSERT INTO GIFT

VALUES ('Finnegan.1@osu.edu', 'keychain');

COMMIT;
```

0.2 User Manual

1. Database Description

| Table | Entity | Attribute | Data type | Description | Constraints |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|--|--|
| воок | book | Isbn | CHAR(13) | The unique identifier of the book; The primary key | NOT NULL; fixed length of 13 |
| | | Title | VARCHAR(100) | Title of the book | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Author | VARCHAR(100) | Author of the book | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Price | DECIMAL(5,2) | Price of the book | NOT NULL; total 5 digits, two digits after the decimal point |
| | | Year | INT | Year of the book got published | NOT NULL |
| | | Category | VARCHAR(100) | Category of the book | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| INVENTORY | inventory | Isbn | CHAR(13) | The foreign key references to BOOK table; the primary key | NOT NULL; fixed length of 13 |
| | | Location | VARCHAR(100) | Location of the inventory | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Quantity | INT | the number of books in inventory | |
| DISCOUNT | discount | Isbn | CHAR(13) | The foreign key references to BOOK table | NOT NULL; fixed length of 13 |
| | | Buy_limit | INT | Purchase limit to apply the discount | |
| | | Percentage | REAL | The discount applied to the book | NOT NULL |
| CUSTOMER | customer | Email | VARCHAR(100) | The unique identifier of the customer; The primary key | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Name | VARCHAR(100) | The name of the customer | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Phone | CHAR(10) | The phone of the customer | fixed length of 10 |
| | | Address | VARCHAR(100) | The address of the customer | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| AUTHOR | author | Authorld | INT | The unique identifier of the author; The primary key | NOT NULL |
| | | Name | VARCHAR(100) | The name of the author | NOT NULL |
| PUBLISHER | publisher | Name | VARCHAR(100) | The unique identifier of the publisher; The primary key | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Phone | CHAR(10) | The phone of the publisher | fixed length of 10 |
| | | Address | VARCHAR(100) | The address of the publisher | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| GIFT | gift | Email | VARCHAR(100) | The foreign key references to CUSTOMER table; The primary key | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Туре | VARCHAR | The type of the gift | |
| ACCOUNT | account | Account_no | INT | The unique identifier of the account; The primary key | NOT NULL |
| | | Email | VARCHAR(100) | The foreign key references to CUSTOMER table | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Reward_point | INT | The reward point of the account | |
| | | Recommendation_list | VARCHAR(500) | The recommendation list for the customer | Up to length 500 |
| | | membership | INT | The level of the membership | |
| WRITES | author, book | Isbn | CHAR(13) | The foreign key references to BOOK table; One of the primary key | NOT NULL; fixed length of 13 |
| | | Authorid | INT | The foreign key references to AUTHOR table; One of the primary key | |
| PUBLISHES | book, publisher | Isbn | CHAR(13) | The foreign key references to BOOK table | NOT NULL |
| | | Publisher | VARCHAR(100) | The foreign key references to PUBLISHER table | NOT NULL |
| PURCHASE | customer, book | Transaction_id | INT | The unique identifier of the purchase; The primary key | NOT NULL |
| | | Customer | VARCHAR(100) | The foreign key references to CUSTOMER table | NOT NULL; Up to length 100 |
| | | Book | CHAR(13) | The foreign key references to BOOK table | NOT NULL |
| | | Date | DATE | The date of purchase | |
| | | Card_type | VARCHAR(100) | The type of the card that customer use to purchase | Up to length 100 |
| | | Actural_Price | DECIMAL(5,2) | The price of the transaction | NOT NULL; total 5 digits, two digits after the decimal point |
| | | | | | |

2. Sample SQL Queries

(a) Find the titles of all books by Pratchett that cost less than \$10 Return a table that contains the title of that books written by Pratchett and cost less than \$10

$$BOOKS \leftarrow \Pi_{Title}(\sigma_{Price < 10ANDAuthor ='Pratchett'}(BOOK))$$

```
SELECT Title
FROM BOOK AS B
WHERE B.Price < 10 AND B.Author = 'Pratchett';
```

(b) Find the titles of all books by Pratchett that cost less than \$10

Return a table that contains the title and date of the purchases made by a single customer

$$BOOKS \leftarrow BOOK \bowtie_{Isbn=Book} (\sigma_{Customer=Email}(PURCHASE))$$

 $RESULT \leftarrow \pi_{Title,Date}(BOOK)$

```
SELECT B.Title, P.Date
FROM BOOK AS B, PURCHASE AS P, C AS CUSTOMER
WHERE B.Isbn = P.Book AND P.Customer = C.Email;
```

(c) Find the titles and ISBNs for all books with less than 5 copies in stock Return a table that contains the title and ISBN for all books with less than 5 copies in inventory

```
STOCK(Isbn, Quantity) \leftarrow_{Isbn} \mathcal{F}_{SUM \ Quantity}(INVENTORY)

RESULT \leftarrow \pi_{Title,Isbn}(\sigma_{Quantity} < 5(STOCK))
```

```
SELECT B.Title, B.Isbn
FROM BOOK AS B, INVENTORY AS I
WHERE B.Isbn = I.Isbn
GROUP BY B.Title, B.Isbn
HAVING sum(I.Quantity) < 5;
```

(d) Give all the customers who purchased a book by Pratchett and the titles of Pratchett books they purchased

Return a table that contains the customers who purchased a book by Pratchett and the titles of Pratchett books they purchased

```
PRATCHETTS \leftarrow (\sigma_{Author=Pratchett}(PUBLISH) * BOOK)

SALES \leftarrow (PRATCHETTS * PURCHASE)

RESULT \leftarrow (\pi_{Email,Name,Title}(SALES))
```

```
SELECT C.Email, C.Name, B.Title
FROM CUSTOMER AS C, BOOK AS B, PUBLISHES AS P, PURCHASE AS PUR
WHERE P.Isbn = B.Isbn AND P.Author = 'Pratchett' AND PUR.Book = B
```

(e) Find the total number of books purchased by a single customer Return a table that contains the total number of books a customer has purchased and the email of the customer

```
COUNT(Customer, \# of Books) \leftarrow_{Customer} \mathcal{F}_{COUNT BOOK}(PURCHASE)

RESULT \leftarrow \sigma_{Customer=Email}(COUNT)
```

```
SELECT P.Customer, COUNT(Book)
FROM PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C
WHERE P.Customer = C.Email;
```

(f) Find the customer who has purchased the most books and the total number of books they have purchased

Return a table that contains the customer who has purchased the most books and the amount of the books they have purchased

$$COUNT(Customer, No) \leftarrow_{Customer} \mathcal{F}_{COUNT \ BOOK}(PURCHASE)$$

 $RESULT \leftarrow_{Customer} \mathcal{F}_{MAX \ No}(COUNT)$

```
SELECT L.Customer, L.Num
FROM PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C,
(SELECT P.Customer AS Customer, COUNT(Book) AS Num
FROM PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C
WHERE P.Customer = C.Email) AS L
WHERE L.Num = MAX(L.Num);
```

(g) Find the CUSTOMER with the most Reward_point on his or her account Return a table that contains the email and name of the customer who has the most reward point on his or her account

$$RESULT \leftarrow \pi_{Email, Name}(E_{mail, Name}\mathcal{F}_{MAX Reward point}(CACCT))$$

```
SELECT Email, Name
FROM CUSTOMR C, ACCOUNT A
WHERE C.Email = A.Email
GROUP BY C.Email, C.Name
HAVING A.Reward_point = MAX(A.Reward_point)
```

(h) Return a table that contains the email and name of the customer who has the most reward point on his or her account

Return a table that contains ISBN and title of books that has the most expensive price with applied discount

$$DIS_BOOKS \leftarrow BOOK \bowtie DISCOUNT$$

$$RESULT \leftarrow_{Isbn.\ Title} \mathcal{F}_{MAX(Price*percentage)}(DIS_BOOKS)$$

```
SELECT Isbn, Title
FROM (BOOK LEFT OUTER JOIN DISCOUNT)
WHERE Percentage IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY Isbn, Title
HAVING Price*Percentage = MAX(Price*Percentage);
```

(i) Find the total price of all the BOOK for each stock (quantity * price)
Return a table that contains the total price of all the books and their ISBN for each stock

$$STOCK \leftarrow BOOK *_{Isbn} \mathcal{F}_{SUM\ Quantity}(INVENTORY)$$

 $RESULT \leftarrow \pi_{Isbn,Quantity} *_{Price}(STOCK)$

```
SELECT Isbn, Quantity*Price
FROM BOOK NATURAL JOIN INVENTORY
GROUP BY Isbn
HAVING Quantity*Price=SUM(Quantity);
```

(j) Provide a list of customer names, along with the total dollar amount each customer has spent.

Provide a list of customer names, along with the total dollar amount each customer has spent.

$$Customer_spend \leftarrow CUSTOMER * (_{CUSTOMER} \Im_{SUMActual_Price}(PURCHASE))$$

$$RESULT \leftarrow \Pi_{Name,SUM(Actual_Price)} Customer_spend$$

```
SELECT C.Name, SUM(P.Actual_Price)
FROM PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C
WHERE P.Customer = C.Email
GROUP BY P.Customer
```

(k) Provide a list of customer names and e-mail addresses for customers who have spent more than the average customer.

Return a table that contains the names and e-mail addresses of the customers who have spent more than the average customer

```
\rho_{Total(Email,Total\_amount)}(CUSTOMER\mathcal{F}_{SUMActual\_Price}(PURCHASE));

CUSINFO \leftarrow Total * CUSTOMER;

RESULT \leftarrow \Pi_{Name,Email}(\sigma_{Total\_amount}) + AVGTotal\_amount(CUSINFO))
```

```
SELECT Name, Email
FROM CUSTOMER NATURAL JOIN (SELECT SUM Actural_Price AS Total_amount)

FROM PURCHASE AS P
GROUP BY P.Customer ) AS TOTAL
HAVING TOTAL.Toal_amount > AVG (TOTAL.Total_amount)
```

(l) Provide a list of the titles in the database and associated total copies sold to customers, sorted from the title that has sold the most individual copies to the title that has sold the least.

Return a table that contains the total number of each book that has been sold to customers, and the titles of those books, sorted by the number of books in descending number.

```
SOLD \leftarrow PURCHASE \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} BOOK
COUNT \leftarrow_{Isbn} \Im_{COUNTBook}SOLD
RESULT \leftarrow \Pi_{Title,COUNTBook}COUNT
```

```
SELECT B.Title, COUNT(P.Book)
FROM PURCHASE AS P, BOOK AS B
WHERE P.Book = B.Isbn
GROUP BY P.Book
ORDER BY COUNT(P.Book) DESC
```

(m) Provide a list of the titles in the database and associated dollar totals for copies sold to customers, sorted from the title that has sold the highest dollar amount to the title that has sold the smallest.

Return a table that contains the total dollar amount of each book that has been sold to customers, and the titles of those books, sorted by the dollar amount in descending order.

```
SOLD \leftarrow PURCHASE \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} BOOK
\rho_{Total\_book(Isbn,count)} Isbn \Im_{COUNT(Book)}(SOLD)
RESULT \leftarrow \Pi_{Title,Count*Actual\_Price}(Total\_book)
```

```
SELECT B.Title, COUNT(P.Book)
FROM PURCHASE AS P, BOOK AS B
WHERE P.Book = B.Isbn
GROUP BY P.Book
ORDER BY COUNT(P.Book) DESC
```

(n) Find the most popular author in the database (i.e. the one who has sold the most books)

Return a table that contains the name of the author who sold the most books

```
SOLD \leftarrow (PURCHASE \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} BOOK) \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} WRITES
\rho_{R1(Total\_amount)}(AuthorId \Im_{COUNTBook}(SOLD))
RESULT \leftarrow Name \Im_{MAX(Total\_amount)}(R1)
```

```
SELECT A.Name, MAX(Total)
FROM AUTHOR AS A, (SELECT A.AuthorId, COUNT(P.Book) AS Total
FROM PURCHASE AS P, BOOK AS B, WRITE
WHERE P.Book = B.Isbn AND B.Isbr = W.Isbn
GROUP BY W.AuthorId) AS R:
WHERE R1.AuthorId = A.AuthorId
GROUP BY A.AuthorId, A.Name
```

(o) Find the most profitable author in the database for this store (i.e. the one who has brought in the most money)

Return a table that contains the name of the author who brought in the most money and the dollar amount

```
SOLD \leftarrow (PURCHASE \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} BOOK) \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} WRITES
\rho_{R1(Total\_amount)}(AuthorId \Im_{COUNTBook}(SOLD))
MAX \leftarrow \Im_{MAX(Actual\_Price*Total\_amount)} Total\_Dollar) * Total\_dollar
RESULT \leftarrow \Pi_{Name,Actual\_Price*Total\_amount} MAX
```

```
SELECT A.Name, MAX(Total)

FROM AUTHOR AS A, (SELECT A.AuthorId, P.Actual_Price * COUNT(P.Book) AS Too
FROM PURCHASE AS P, BOOK AS B, WRITE

WHERE P.Book = B.Isbn AND B.Isbn = W.Isbn

GROUP BY W.AuthorId) AS R1

WHERE R1.AuthorId = A.AuthorId
GROUP BY A.AuthorId, A.Name
```

(p) Provide a list of customer information for customers who purchased anything written by the most profitable author in the database.

Return a table that contains the information of customers who purchased anything written by the most profitable author

```
SOLD \leftarrow (PURCHASE \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} BOOK) \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} WRITES
\rho_{R1(Total\_amount)}(Author_{Id} \Im_{COUNTBook}(SOLD))
Total\_dollar \leftarrow \Pi_{Name,Author_{Id},Actual\_Price*Total\_amount}R1
Max\_author \leftarrow ((Name,Author_{Id}) \Im_{MAX(Actual\_Price*Total\_amount})Total\_Dollar)
CUS \leftarrow CUSTOMER \bowtie_{Email=Customer} PURCHASE
Cust\_author \leftarrow (CUS \bowtie_{Book=Isbn} WRITES) * Max\_author
RESULT \leftarrow \Pi_{Name,Email,Phone,Address}(Cust\_author)
```

```
SELECT C.Name, C.Email, C.Phone, C.Address
FROM (SELECT A.AuthorId, MAX(Total)
FROM (SELECT A.AuthorId, P.Actual_Price * COUNT(P.Book) AS Total
FROM PURCHASE AS P, BOOK AS B, WRITES AS W
```

```
WHERE P.Book = B.Isbn AND B.Isbn = W.Isbn
GROUP BY W.AuthorId) AS R1,
AUTHOR AS A
WHERE R1.AuthorId = A.AuthorId
GROUP BY A.AuthorId) AS R2, CUSTOMER AS C
WHERE P.Book = B.Isbn AND B.Isbn = W.Isbn AND W.AuthorId = R2.AuthorId
```

(q) Provide the list of authors who wrote the books purchased by the customers who have spent more than the average customer.

Return a table that contains the name of the authors whose books are purchased by the customers who have spent more than average customer

```
Author\_sold \leftarrow (WRITES * AUTHOR) \bowtie_{Isbn=Book} PURCHASE
\rho_{Spent(Email,total\_spent)}(customer \Im_{SUMActual\_Price} PURCHASE)
CUS \leftarrow \sigma_{total\_spent} >_{AUGtotal\_spent} Spent
RESULT \leftarrow Author\_sold \bowtie_{customer=Email} CUS
```

```
SELECT A.Name

FROM AUTHOR AS A, WRITES AS W, PURCHASE AS P, CUSTOMER AS C,

(SELECT C1.Email AS Email, sum(P1.Actual_Price) AS Spent

FROM PURCHASE P1, CUSTOMER C1

WHERE P1.Customer = C1.Email

GROUP BY P1.Customer) AS personal_sum

WHERE A.AuthorId = W.AuthorId AND W.Isbn = B.Isbn AND C.Email = personal_sum
```

3. INSERT Syntax

```
INSERT INTO BOOK
2
    VALUES ('782140661',
3
             'OCP: Oracle9i Certification Kit',
4
             2002,
5
             104.97,
6
             'Computer'
    );
8
9
10
    INSERT INTO INVENTORY
11
```

```
VALUES ('782140661',
12
            'warehouse',
13
14
   );
15
16
   -- Insert the AUTHOR of the BOOK, give a unique author ID
17
   INSERT INTO AUTHOR
18
   VALUES (1, 'Chip Dawes');
19
20
   INSERT INTO AUTHOR
21
   VALUES (2, 'Biju Thomas');
22
23
   INSERT INTO AUTHOR
24
   VALUES (3, 'Doug Stuns');
26
   INSERT INTO AUTHOR
   VALUES (4, 'Matthew Weishan');
28
   INSERT INTO AUTHOR
30
   VALUES (5, 'Joseph C. Johnson');
31
32
   -- Insert the WRITES relation between BOOK and AUTHOR
33
34
   INSERT INTO WRITES
35
   VALUES ('782140661', 1);
36
37
   INSERT INTO WRITES
38
   VALUES ('782140661', 2);
39
40
   INSERT INTO WRITES
41
   VALUES ('782140661', 3);
42
43
   INSERT INTO WRITES
   VALUES ('782140661', 4);
45
   INSERT INTO WRITES
47
   VALUES ('782140661', 5);
49
   INSERT INTO PUBLISHER
51
   VALUES ('Sybex',
52
            '000000000',
53
            '123 North Ave, Columbus, Ohio, 43210' -- Address
54
```

```
56
57
   INSERT INTO PUBLISHES
58
   VALUES ('782140661', 'Sybex');
59
60
61
   INSERT INTO DISCOUNT
62
   VALUES ('782140661',
63
           10,
64
65
   );
66
67
   INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
69
   VALUES ('brutus.1@osu.edu',
            'Buckeye Brutus',
71
            '000000000',
72
            '123 North Ave, Columbus, Ohio, 43210' -- Address
73
   );
74
75
76
   INSERT INTO ACCOUNT
77
   VALUES ('brutus.1@osu.edu',
78
           1000,
79
            'Sci-fi, Novel',
80
81
   );
82
83
   -- Insert GIFT information
84
   INSERT INTO GIFT
  VALUES ('brutus.1@osu.edu', 'Book') -- Customer Email & Gift Type
```

4. DELETE Syntax

```
-- Delete a BOOK
DELETE FROM BOOK
WHERE ISBN = '0782140661';

DELETE FROM AUTHOR
WHERE (SELECT ISBN
FROM (AUTHOR LEFT OUTER JOIN WIRTES)
WHERE ISBN = '0782140661');
```

```
DELETE FROM WRITES
10
     WHERE ISBN = '0782140661';
12
   DELETE FROM PUBLISHER
13
     WHERE (SELECT ISBN
14
                     FROM (PUBLISHER LEFT OUTER JOIN PUBLISHES)
             WHERE ISBN = '0782140661');
16
17
   DELETE FROM PUBLISHES
18
    WHERE ISBN = '0782140661';
19
20
21
    DELETE FROM PUBLISHER
22
    WHERE Name = 'Sybex';
23
24
   DELETE FROM AUTHOR
25
    WHERE (SELECT Authorid
26
                     FROM WRITES
27
                    WHERE (SELECT ISBN
28
                                    FROM PUBLISHES
29
                                   WHERE Publisher = 'Sybex'));
30
31
   DELETE FROM WRITES
     WHERE (SELECT ISBN
33
                     FROM PUBLISHES
34
                    WHERE Publisher = 'Sybex');
35
36
   DELETE FORM BOOK
37
     WHERE (SELECT ISBN
38
              FROM (PUBLISHERES RIGHT OUTER JOIN BOOK)
39
             WHERE PUBLISHER.Publisher = 'Sybex');
40
41
   DELETE FROM PUBLISHES
42
    WHERE Publisher = 'Sybex';
43
44
45
   DELETE FROM AUTHOR
^{46}
     WHERE AuthoreId = '12345';
47
48
   DELETE FROM PUBLISHER
     WHERE (SELECT Publisher
50
                     FROM PUBLISHES
51
                    WHERE (SELECT ISBN
52
                                    FROM WRITES
```

```
WHERE AuthorId='12345'));
54
55
   DELETE FROM PUBLISHES
    WHERE (SELECT ISBN
57
                    FROM WRITES
                   WHERE AuthorId='12345');
59
60
   DELETE FORM BOOK
61
    WHERE (SELECT ISBN
62
              FROM (WRITES RIGHT OUTER JOIN BOOK)
63
             WHERE AuthorId='12345');
64
65
   DELETE FROM WRITES
66
    WHERE AuthorId='12345';
67
68
   -- Delete a CUSTOMER
   DELETE FROM ACCOUNT
70
    WHERE Email = 'email@email.com'
71
72
   DELETE FROM CUSTOMER
73
   WHERE Email = 'email@email.com'
```