# libpynq

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library/empty-library/iic.c
library/empty-library/interrupt.c
library/empty-library/leds.c
library/empty-library/libpynq.c
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library/empty-library/util.c
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# **Module Documentation**

# 4.1 ADC library

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum adc_channel_t {
    ADC0 = ((0x240 / 4) + 1) , ADC1 = ((0x240 / 4) + 9) , ADC2 = ((0x240 / 4) + 6) , ADC3 = ((0x240 / 4) + 15) , ADC4 = ((0x240 / 4) + 5) , ADC5 = ((0x240 / 4) + 13) }
```

#### **Functions**

- bool initialized\_adc (void)
- void adc\_init (void)
- void adc\_destroy (void)
- double adc\_read\_channel (adc\_channel\_t channel)
- uint32\_t adc\_read\_channel\_raw (adc\_channel\_t channel)

# 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use the Analog to Digital Conversion (ADC) of analog pins (A0..A5).

Note that GPIO numbering (SWB\_A0..SWB\_A5) used in gpio.h and pinmap.h is different from A0..A5.

# 4.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 4.1.2.1 adc\_channel\_t

```
enum adc_channel_t
```

Enumerate the different available ADC channels.

#### **Enumerator**

ADC0	ADC channel for pin SWB_A0
ADC1	ADC channel for pin SWB_A1
Generated on	Sun-Sep 24 2023 11 26:26 for Supple A2Do
ADC3	ADC channel for pin SWB_A3
ADC4	ADC channel for pin SWB_A4

Definition at line 43 of file adc.h.

# 4.1.3 Function Documentation

#### 4.1.3.1 adc\_destroy()

```
void adc_destroy (
     void )
```

De-initialize the ADC library and free up the used memory in the shared memory space.

Definition at line 80 of file adc.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.1.3.2 adc\_init()

```
void adc_init (
     void )
```

Initialization of the ADC library.

Definition at line 78 of file adc.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.1.3.3 adc\_read\_channel()

#### **Parameters**

channel	The channel to read the analog value from. Read ADC channel #channel and return the read out	
	voltage.	

### Returns

a value between 0.0 and 3.3V.

# Warning

Fails with program exit when channel is outside valid range or has not been initialized...

Definition at line 87 of file adc.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

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# 4.1.3.4 adc\_read\_channel\_raw()

#### **Parameters**

channel The channel to read the analog value from. Read ADC channel #channel and return the raw value.

#### Returns

a value between 0 and 65535.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 97 of file adc.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.1.3.5 initialized\_adc()

Check if ADC has been initialized.

Returns

True when initialized, false otherwise.

Definition at line 57 of file adc.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 4.2 ARM MMIO library

#### **Data Structures**

• struct arm\_shared\_t

# **Typedefs**

typedef struct arm\_shared\_t arm\_shared

#### **Functions**

- void \* arm\_shared\_init (arm\_shared \*handle, const uint32\_t address, const uint32\_t length)
- void arm\_shared\_close (arm\_shared \*handle)

4.2 ARM MMIO library

# 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Do not use. Low-level functions for MMIO access to the FPGA fabric.

This library gives low-level memory-mapped access to the hardware units in the FPGA.

This is an internal library and should not be directly used.

# 4.2.2 Typedef Documentation

#### 4.2.2.1 arm\_shared

```
typedef struct arm_shared_t arm_shared
```

Object handle.

Definition at line 48 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h.

#### 4.2.3 Function Documentation

# 4.2.3.1 arm\_shared\_close()

#### **Parameters**

	handle	a handle to its internal state.			

closes the shared memory region, invalidating the previously accessed pointer.

Definition at line 70 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 4.2.3.2 arm shared init()

#### **Parameters**

handle	a handle to store it internal state.
address	address to access (should be in the shared memory range).
length	the length of the section to access.

Open a shared memory for reading and writing.

Returns

a pointer to the shared memory region.

Definition at line 32 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 4.3 Audio library

#### **Macros**

- #define LINE IN 0
- #define MIC 1
- #define IIC SLAVE ADDR 0x3B
- #define IIC SCLK RATE 400000
- #define I2S DATA RX L REG 0x00
- #define I2S\_DATA\_RX\_R\_REG 0x04
- #define I2S\_DATA\_TX\_L\_REG 0x08
- #define I2S DATA TX R REG 0x0C
- #define I2S STATUS REG 0x10

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum audio_adau1761_regs {
 R0_CLOCK_CONTROL = 0x00, R1_PLL_CONTROL = 0x02, R2_DIGITAL_MIC_JACK_DETECTION_CONTROL
 = 0x08, R3 RECORD POWER MANAGEMENT = 0x09,
 R4 RECORD MIXER LEFT CONTROL 0 = 0x0A, R5 RECORD MIXER LEFT CONTROL 1 = 0x0B,
 R6 RECORD MIXER RIGHT CONTROL 0 = 0x0C, R7 RECORD MIXER RIGHT CONTROL 1 = 0x0D
 R8 LEFT DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLUME CONTROL = 0x0E, R9 RIGHT DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLUME CONTROL
 = 0x0F, R10 RECORD MICROPHONE BIAS CONTROL = 0x10, R11 ALC CONTROL 0 = 0x11,
 R12_ALC_CONTROL_1 = 0x12 , R13_ALC_CONTROL_2 = 0x13 , R14_ALC_CONTROL_3 = 0x14 ,
 R15 SERIAL PORT CONTROL 0 = 0x15,
 R16 SERIAL PORT CONTROL 1 = 0x16, R17 CONVERTER CONTROL 0 = 0x17, R18 CONVERTER CONTROL 1
 = 0x18, R19\_ADC\_CONTROL = 0x19,
 R20_LEFT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME = 0x1A , R21_RIGHT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME = 0x1B ,
 R22 PLAYBACK MIXER LEFT CONTROL 0 = 0x1C , R23 PLAYBACK MIXER LEFT CONTROL 1
 = 0x1D,
 R24 PLAYBACK MIXER RIGHT CONTROL 0 = 0x1E, R25 PLAYBACK MIXER RIGHT CONTROL 1 =
 0x1F, R26 PLAYBACK LR MIXER LEFT LINE OUTPUT CONTROL = 0x20, R27 PLAYBACK LR MIXER RIGHT LINE
 R28 PLAYBACK LR MIXER MONO OUTPUT CONTROL = 0x22, R29 PLAYBACK HEADPHONE LEFT VOLUME CON
 = 0x23, R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x24, R31_PLAYBACK_LINE_OUTPUT_LEFT_VC
 R32 PLAYBACK LINE OUTPUT RIGHT VOLUME CONTROL = 0x26, R33 PLAYBACK MONO OUTPUT CONTROL
 = 0x27, R34_PLAYBACK_POP_CLICK_SUPPRESSION = 0x28, R35_PLAYBACK_POWER_MANAGEMENT
 = 0x29,
 R36 DAC CONTROL 0 = 0x2A , R37 DAC CONTROL 1 = 0x2B , R38 DAC CONTROL 2 = 0x2C ,
 R39 SERIAL PORT PAD CONTROL = 0x2D.
 R40_CONTROL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL_0 = 0x2F, R41_CONTROL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL_1 = 0x30,
 R42_JACK_DETECT_PIN_CONTROL = 0x31 , R67_DEJITTER_CONTROL = 0x36 ,
 R58 SERIAL INPUT ROUTE CONTROL = 0xF2, R59 SERIAL OUTPUT ROUTE CONTROL = 0xF3,
 R61 DSP ENABLE = 0xF5, R62 DSP RUN = 0xF6,
 R63_DSP_SLEW_MODES = 0xF7, R64_SERIAL_PORT_SAMPLING_RATE = 0xF8, R65_CLOCK_ENABLE_0
 = 0xF9 , R66_CLOCK_ENABLE_1 = 0xFA }
```

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#### **Functions**

- void audio\_init (void)
- void audio\_select\_input (int input)
- void write audio reg (unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data, int iic fd)
- void config\_audio\_pll (void)
- void config\_audio\_codec (void)
- void select\_line\_in (void)
- void select\_mic (void)
- void deselect (void)
- void audio\_bypass (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_
  index)
- void audio\_record (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, int uio\_← index)
- void audio\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_index)
- void audio\_repeat\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, unsigned int repetitions)
- void audio\_generate\_tone (unsigned int frequency, uint32\_t time\_ms, unsigned int volume)

#### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Low-level audio functions.

mic+ph and line in can be used as audio input and mic+ph as output.

An example of using this library to play audio from line\_in to mic+Ph:

```
#include <libpynq.h>
int main (void)
{
    pynq_init();
    audio_init();
    audio_select_input(MIC);
    while(1) {
        audio_bypass(64*1024, 32*1024, 50, 0);
    }
    deselect();
    pynq_destroy();
    return EXIT_SUCCES;
```

### 4.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 4.3.2.1 I2S\_DATA\_RX\_L\_REG

```
#define I2S_DATA_RX_L_REG 0x00
```

Definition at line 42 of file audio.h.

#### 4.3.2.2 I2S\_DATA\_RX\_R\_REG

```
\#define I2S_DATA_RX_R_REG 0x04
```

Definition at line 43 of file audio.h.

# 4.3.2.3 I2S\_DATA\_TX\_L\_REG

#define I2S\_DATA\_TX\_L\_REG 0x08

Definition at line 44 of file audio.h.

# 4.3.2.4 I2S\_DATA\_TX\_R\_REG

#define I2S\_DATA\_TX\_R\_REG 0x0C

Definition at line 45 of file audio.h.

#### 4.3.2.5 I2S\_STATUS\_REG

#define I2S\_STATUS\_REG 0x10

Definition at line 46 of file audio.h.

#### 4.3.2.6 IIC\_SCLK\_RATE

#define IIC\_SCLK\_RATE 400000

Definition at line 39 of file audio.h.

# 4.3.2.7 IIC\_SLAVE\_ADDR

#define IIC\_SLAVE\_ADDR 0x3B

Definition at line 36 of file audio.h.

# 4.3.2.8 LINE\_IN

#define LINE\_IN 0

Definition at line 32 of file audio.h.

# 4.3.2.9 MIC

#define MIC 1

Definition at line 33 of file audio.h.

# 4.3.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 4.3.3.1 audio\_adau1761\_regs

enum audio\_adau1761\_regs

4.3 Audio library

# Enumerator

7. 01 00W 00W 70W	_
R0_CLOCK_CONTROL	_
R1_PLL_CONTROL	
R2_DIGITAL_MIC_JACK_DETECTION_CONTROL	
R3_RECORD_POWER_MANAGEMENT	
R4_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0	
R5_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1	
R6_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0	
R7_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1	
R8_LEFT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL	
R9_RIGHT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL	
R10_RECORD_MICROPHONE_BIAS_CONTROL	
R11_ALC_CONTROL_0	_
R12 ALC CONTROL 1	_
R13 ALC CONTROL 2	_
R14 ALC CONTROL 3	_
R15 SERIAL PORT CONTROL 0	_
R16_SERIAL_PORT_CONTROL_1	
R17_CONVERTER_CONTROL_0	_
R18_CONVERTER_CONTROL_1	
R19_ADC_CONTROL	
R20_LEFT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME	_
R21_RIGHT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME	
R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0	
R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1	
R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0	
R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1	
R26_PLAYBACK_LR_MIXER_LEFT_LINE_OUTPUT_CONTROL	
R27_PLAYBACK_LR_MIXER_RIGHT_LINE_OUTPUT_CONTROL	
R28_PLAYBACK_LR_MIXER_MONO_OUTPUT_CONTROL	
R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL	
R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL	
R31 PLAYBACK LINE OUTPUT LEFT VOLUME CONTROL	
R32_PLAYBACK_LINE_OUTPUT_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL	_
R33 PLAYBACK MONO OUTPUT CONTROL	
R34 PLAYBACK POP CLICK SUPPRESSION	
R35 PLAYBACK POWER MANAGEMENT	_
R36 DAC CONTROL 0	_
R37 DAC CONTROL 1	
R38 DAC CONTROL 2	_
R39_SERIAL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL	
R40_CONTROL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL_0	_
R41_CONTROL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL_1	_
R42_JACK_DETECT_PIN_CONTROL	_
R67_DEJITTER_CONTROL	
R58_SERIAL_INPUT_ROUTE_CONTROL	
R59_SERIAL_OUTPUT_ROUTE_CONTROL	
R61_DSP_ENABLE	_
R62_DSP_RUN	

#### Enumerator

R64_SERIAL_PORT_SAMPLING_RATE	
R65_CLOCK_ENABLE_0	
R66_CLOCK_ENABLE_1	

Definition at line 49 of file audio.h.

#### 4.3.4 Function Documentation

#### 4.3.4.1 audio\_bypass()

```
void audio_bypass (
          unsigned int audio_mmap_size,
          unsigned int nsamples,
          unsigned int volume,
          int uio_index )
```

Record and play the audio without storing in DRAM.

#### **Parameters**

audio_mmap_size	is the address range of the audio codec.
nsamples	is the number of samples to read and output.
uio_index	is the uio index in /dev list.

Definition at line 304 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.3.4.2 audio\_generate\_tone()

```
void audio_generate_tone (
          unsigned int frequency,
          uint32_t time_ms,
          unsigned int volume)
```

Definition at line 570 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.3.4.3 audio\_init()

Initializes the audio register. Sets the sampling frequency. defines several values such as audio record volume and playback volume. output is always played over mic+ph aux output.

Definition at line 72 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

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### 4.3.4.4 audio\_play()

```
void audio_play (
          unsigned int audio_mmap_size,
          unsigned int * BufAddr,
          unsigned int nsamples,
          unsigned int volume,
          int uio_index )
```

Definition at line 430 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.5 audio\_record()

```
void audio_record (
          unsigned int audio_mmap_size,
          unsigned int * BufAddr,
          unsigned int nsamples,
          int uio_index )
```

Function to support audio recording without the audio codec controller.

Notice that the buffer has to be twice the size of the number of samples, because both left and right channels are sampled.

### **Parameters**

audio_mmap_size	is the address range of the audio codec.
BufAddr	is the buffer address.
nsamples	is the number of samples.
uio index	is the uio index in /dev list.

Definition at line 381 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.6 audio\_repeat\_play()

```
void audio_repeat_play (
          unsigned int audio_mmap_size,
          unsigned int * BufAddr,
          unsigned int nsamples,
          unsigned int volume,
          unsigned int repetitions )
```

Function to play one audio fragment for multiple repititions.

## **Parameters**

audio_mmap_size	is the address range of the audio codec.	
BufAddr	is the buffer address.	
nsamples	is the number of samples.	
Generaling on Sun Sep 24 2023 is 1 Pre-26 for Library by Poxygout.		
repetitions	is the number of repitions.	

Definition at line 502 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.7 audio\_select\_input()

```
void audio_select_input (
          int input )
```

selects the audio input channel.

#### **Parameters**

```
input defines the input. Can be 0 LINE_IN or 1 MIC
```

Warning

Fails with program exit when input is not valid.

Definition at line 77 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.3.4.8 config audio codec()

```
void config_audio_codec (
     void )
```

Definition at line 174 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.9 config\_audio\_pll()

Definition at line 102 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.10 deselect()

```
void deselect (
    void )
```

Function to deselect input, either LINE\_IN, or MIC.

Definition at line 286 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

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## 4.3.4.11 select\_line\_in()

Function to select LINE\_IN as input.

Definition at line 234 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.12 select\_mic()

```
void select_mic (
     void )
```

Function to select MIC as input.

Definition at line 257 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.3.4.13 write\_audio\_reg()

```
void write_audio_reg (
          unsigned char u8RegAddr,
          unsigned char u8Data,
          int iic_fd )
```

Definition at line 90 of file audio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 4.4 Button library

## Macros

- #define BUTTON NOT PUSHED 0
- #define BUTTON\_PUSHED 1
- #define SWITCH\_OFF 0
- #define SWITCH\_ON 1

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum button_index_t {
   BUTTON0 , BUTTON1 , BUTTON2 , BUTTON3 ,
   NUM_BUTTONS }
```

enum switches\_index\_t { SWITCH0 , SWITCH1 , NUM\_SWITCHES }

#### **Functions**

- void switches init (void)
- · void switches\_destroy (void)
- · void buttons init (void)
- · void buttons\_destroy (void)
- int get\_button\_state (const int button)
- int wait until button state (const int button, const int state)
- int sleep\_msec\_button\_pushed (const int button, const int msec)
- void sleep msec buttons pushed (int button states[], const int ms)
- int wait\_until\_button\_pushed (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_button\_released (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_any\_button\_pushed (void)
- int wait\_until\_any\_button\_released (void)
- int get\_switch\_state (const int switch\_num)

## 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Wrappers to simplify the use of buttons.

- Buttons are numbered 0..NUM\_BUTTONS-1, and return values are BUTTON\_PUSHED and BUTTON\_

  NOT PUSHED
- · Switches are numbered 0..NUM SWITCHES-1, and return values are SWITCH ON and SWITCH OFF.
- · wait\_ functions return early, i.e. as soon as the stated condition is true.
- sleep\_ functions do not return early, i.e. always wait until the specified number of milliseconds.

### An example of how to use this library.

```
#include <libpynq.h>
int main (void)
{
    // initialise all I/O
    pynq_init();
    buttons_init();

printf("Waiting until button 0 is pushed...\n");
    printf("Waited %d milliseconds\n\n", wait_until_button_pushed(0));
    printf("Waiting until button 0 is released...\n");
    printf("Waited %d milliseconds\n\n", wait_until_button_released(0));

// clean up after use
    buttons_destroy();
    pynq_destroy();
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

Buttons can also be used through GPIO (see gpio.h and pinmap.h). Note that GPIO numbering (SWB\_ BTN0..SWB\_BTN3) is then used instead of 0..NUM\_BUTTONS-1 (BUTTON0..BUTTON3). GPIO return values are GPIO\_LEVEL\_LOW/HIGH instead of BUTTON\_(NOT\_)PUSHED.

Switches can also be used through GPIO (see gpio.h and pinmap.h). Note that GPIO numbering (SWB\_← SW0..SWB\_SW1) is then used instead of 0..NUM\_SWITCHES-1 (SWITCH0..SWITCH1). GPIO return values are GPIO LEVEL LOW/HIGH instead of SWITCH ON/OFF.

## 4.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 BUTTON NOT PUSHED

```
#define BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED 0
```

Definition at line 74 of file buttons.h.

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## 4.4.2.2 BUTTON\_PUSHED

```
#define BUTTON_PUSHED 1
```

Definition at line 75 of file buttons.h.

## 4.4.2.3 SWITCH\_OFF

```
#define SWITCH_OFF 0
```

Definition at line 76 of file buttons.h.

## 4.4.2.4 SWITCH\_ON

```
#define SWITCH ON 1
```

Definition at line 77 of file buttons.h.

## 4.4.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 4.4.3.1 button\_index\_t

enum button\_index\_t

Enum of buttons.

Functions use a button numbered from 0..NUM\_BUTTONS-1. Alternatively, you can use BUTTONi instead of just i if you find that clearer.

## Enumerator

BUTTON0	
BUTTON1	
BUTTON2	
BUTTON3	
NUM_BUTTONS	

Definition at line 86 of file buttons.h.

## 4.4.3.2 switches\_index\_t

enum switches\_index\_t

Enum of switches. Functions use a switch numbered from 0..NUM\_SWITCHES-1. Alternatively, you can use SWITCHi instead of just i if you find that clearer.

### Enumerator

SWITCH0	
SWITCH1	
NUM_SWITCHES	

Definition at line 94 of file buttons.h.

## 4.4.4 Function Documentation

## 4.4.4.1 buttons\_destroy()

```
void buttons_destroy (
     void )
```

Unitialize the buttons.

Definition at line 50 of file buttons.c.

## 4.4.4.2 buttons\_init()

```
void buttons_init (
     void )
```

Initialise the buttons before they can be used.

Definition at line 39 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.4.4.3 get\_button\_state()

Return the state of the button (BUTTON\_(NOT\_)PUSHED).

#### **Parameters**

button	The button the state of which is returned.
--------	--

## Warning

Fails with program exit when button is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when the direction of the button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 71 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

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## 4.4.4.4 get\_switch\_state()

#### Returns

The state of the switch number (1 for on, 0 for off).

### Warning

Fails with program exit when switch is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when the direction of any switch was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 218 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.4.4.5 sleep\_msec\_button\_pushed()

Check if the given button is pushed in msec milliseconds. The function does NOT return early.

### **Parameters**

button	The button of which the state is monitored.
msec	The number of milliseconds to wait.

### Returns

BUTTON\_PUSHED or BUTTON\_NOT\_PUSHED.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when button is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when the direction of the button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 110 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.4.4.6 sleep\_msec\_buttons\_pushed()

Check if any button is pushed in msec milliseconds. The function does NOT return early.

#### **Parameters**

button states	The array of button states that a	are updated with BUTTON	PUSHED or BUTTON NO	OT PUSHED.
	<b>,</b>			

### Warning

Fails with program exit when the direction of any button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 141 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.4.4.7 switches\_destroy()

```
void switches_destroy (
     void )
```

Unitialize the buttons.

Definition at line 65 of file buttons.c.

### 4.4.4.8 switches init()

```
void switches_init (
     void )
```

Initialise the switches before they can be used.

Definition at line 56 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.4.4.9 wait\_until\_any\_button\_pushed()

Wait until any button is not pushed (which may be immediately).

## Returns

Wait until any button is pushed, return the number of the button that was pushed (0..NUM\_BUTTONS-1).

## Warning

Fails with program exit when the direction of any button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 177 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

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### 4.4.4.10 wait\_until\_any\_button\_released()

Wait until the given button is not pushed (which may be immediately).

#### Returns

Wait until any button is released, return the number of the button that was pushed (0..NUM BUTTONS-1).

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when the direction of any button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 198 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.4.4.11 wait\_until\_button\_pushed()

Wait until the given button is pushed (which may be immediately).

### **Parameters**

button	The button of which the state is monitored.
--------	---

### Returns

The number of milliseconds waited until the button was pushed.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when button is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when the direction of the button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 167 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.4.4.12 wait until button released()

Wait until the given button is not pushed (which may be immediately).

#### **Parameters**

button The button of which the state is monitored
---

## Returns

The number of milliseconds waited until the button was released.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when button is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when the direction of the button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 172 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.4.4.13 wait\_until\_button\_state()

Wait until the given button is in state (which may be immediately).

## Parameters

button	The button of which the state is monitored.
state	The state that is waited for. Must be BUTTON_PUSHED or BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED.

### Returns

The number of milliseconds that was waited.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when button is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when the direction of the button was not set to input (e.g. because buttons\_init was not called before).

Definition at line 84 of file buttons.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 4.5 Display library

### **Data Structures**

struct display\_t

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### **Macros**

- #define DISPLAY\_HEIGHT 240
- #define DISPLAY\_WIDTH 240

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum colors {
        RGB_RED = 0xf800 , RGB_GREEN = 0x07e0 , RGB_BLUE = 0x001f , RGB_BLACK = 0x0000 ,
        RGB_WHITE = 0xffff , RGB_GRAY = 0x8c51 , RGB_YELLOW = 0xFFE0 , RGB_CYAN = 0x07FF ,
        RGB_PURPLE = 0xF81F }
    enum directions {
        TEXT_DIRECTION0 = 0 , TEXT_DIRECTION90 = 1 , TEXT_DIRECTION180 = 2 , TEXT_DIRECTION270 = 3 ,
        NUM TEXT_DIRECTIONS }
```

#### **Functions**

- void display\_init (display\_t \*display)
- void display\_destroy (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDrawPixel (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawFillRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayFillScreen (display t \*display, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawLine (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRectAngle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawTriangleCenter (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawCircle (display t \*display, uint16 t x center, uint16 t y center, uint16 t r, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawFillCircle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x\_center, uint16\_t y\_center, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRoundRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- uint16\_t rgb\_conv (uint16\_t r, uint16\_t g, uint16\_t b)
- int displayDrawChar (display t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16 t x, uint16 t y, uint8 t ascii, uint16 t color)
- int displayDrawString (display\_t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint8\_t \*ascii, uint16\_t color)
- void displaySetFontDirection (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t dir)
- void displaySetFontFill (display t \*display, uint16 t color)
- void displayUnsetFontFill (display t \*display)
- void displaySetFontUnderLine (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayUnsetFontUnderLine (display t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInversionOff (display t \*display)
- void displayInversionOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDrawTriangle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t x3, uint16\_t y3, uint16\_t color)
- void display\_set\_flip (display\_t \*display, bool xflip, bool yflip)

## 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Wrappers to simplify the use of the TFT LCD display.

Define a display\_t display (called the display "handle"), initialise it, and pass this as the first parameter to all functions.

Warning

All functions fail with program exit if any pixel of the shape that is drawn is outside the display dimensions.

An example of how to use this library.

```
#include <libpynq.h>
int main (void)
  // initialise all I/O
  pynq_init();
display_t display;
display_init(&display);
  displayFillScreen(&display, RGB_RED);
  // drawing is simple
  displayDrawPixel(&display, 50, 50, RGB_YELLOW);
displayDrawFillRect(&display, 10, 100, 110, 200, RGB_RED);
  displayDrawCircle(&display, 60, 40, 15, RGB_RED);
   // text is more involved
  FontxFile fx16G[2];
  \ensuremath{//} the font file must be reachable from the directory
  // from which the executable is run -- see InitFontx
InitFontx(fx16G, "../../fonts/ILGH16XB.FNT", "");
GetFontx(fx16G, 0, buffer_fx16G, &fontWidth_fx16G, &
                                                                     &fontHeight_fx16G);
  displaySetFontDirection(&display, TEXT_DIRECTION0);
  uint8_t text[] = "hello";
  displayDrawString(&display, fx16G, 15, fontHeight_fx16G * 6, text1,
RGB_WHITE);
   // clean up after use
  display_destroy(&display);
  pynq_destroy();
   return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

## 4.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 4.5.2.1 DISPLAY\_HEIGHT

```
#define DISPLAY_HEIGHT 240
```

Definition at line 79 of file display.h.

#### 4.5.2.2 DISPLAY WIDTH

```
#define DISPLAY_WIDTH 240
```

Definition at line 80 of file display.h.

## 4.5.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 4.5.3.1 colors

```
enum colors
```

Colors that can be used with the display.

4.5 Display library

### Enumerator

RGB_RED RGB_GREEN RGB_BLUE RGB_BLACK RGB_WHITE RGB_GRAY RGB_YELLOW RGB_CYAN RGB_PURPLE		
RGB_BLUE RGB_BLACK RGB_WHITE RGB_GRAY RGB_YELLOW RGB_CYAN	RGB_RED	
RGB_BLACK RGB_WHITE RGB_GRAY RGB_YELLOW RGB_CYAN	RGB_GREEN	
RGB_WHITE RGB_GRAY RGB_YELLOW RGB_CYAN	RGB_BLUE	
RGB_GRAY RGB_YELLOW RGB_CYAN	RGB_BLACK	
RGB_YELLOW RGB_CYAN	RGB_WHITE	
RGB_CYAN	RGB_GRAY	
	RGB_YELLOW	
RGB_PURPLE	RGB_CYAN	
	RGB_PURPLE	

Definition at line 85 of file display.h.

### 4.5.3.2 directions

```
enum directions
```

Enum of directions the text can be printed on on the display.

## Enumerator

TEXT_DIRECTION0	
TEXT_DIRECTION90	
TEXT_DIRECTION180	
TEXT_DIRECTION270	
NUM_TEXT_DIRECTIONS	

Definition at line 100 of file display.h.

## 4.5.4 Function Documentation

## 4.5.4.1 display\_destroy()

Stop using the display.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.

Definition at line 3 of file display.c.

## 4.5.4.2 display\_init()

```
void display_init (
```

```
display_t * display )
```

Initialize the display display.

## **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
---------	--------------------

Definition at line 297 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.3 display\_set\_flip()

Flip the drawing off the screen.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display
xflip	Flip in the X direction
yflip	Flip in the Y direction

Definition at line 275 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.4 displayBacklightOff()

Turn off the display backlight.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.

Definition at line 1010 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.5 displayBacklightOn()

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Turn on the display backlight.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
, ,	. ,

Definition at line 1019 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.6 displayDisplayOff()

```
void displayDisplayOff ( \label{eq:display_t} {\tt display\_t * display })
```

Turn off the display.

### **Parameters**

display Handle to d	display.
---------------------	----------

Definition at line 399 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.7 displayDisplayOn()

Initialize DISPLAY screen.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
width	Width of screen in pixels.
height	Height of screen in pixels.
offsetx	Horizontal offset.
offsety	Vertical offset.

Definition at line 406 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.8 displayDrawChar()

```
FontxFile * fx,
uint16_t x,
uint16_t y,
uint8_t ascii,
uint16_t color )
```

Draws a character on the given coordinates of the display.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
fx	Pointer to font-file that is used for drawing the text.
Х	The x-coordinate of the text on the display.
У	The y-coordinate of the text on the display.
ascii	The ascii character to draw.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

#### Returns

The x-value of the next character to be printed on the display.

## Warning

The font-file path must be valid from the directory in which the executable is called, otherwise the error message "cannot get font from font file" will be thrown. Absolute paths (starting with /) are safe. See documentation for InitFontx.

Definition at line 778 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.9 displayDrawCircle()

Draw a circle without infill on the display.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x_center	X-coordinate of the center of the circle.
y_center	Y-coordinate of the center of the circle.
r	The radius of the circle in pixels.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 617 of file display.c.

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Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.10 displayDrawFillCircle()

Draw a circle with infill on the display.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x_center	X-coordinate of the center of the circle.
y_center	Y-coordinate of the center of the circle.
r	The radius of the circle in pixels.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 658 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.11 displayDrawFillRect()

Draw a filled rectangle to the display.

## **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x1	The X coordinate of the top-left corner of the rectangle.
y1	The Y coordinate of the top-left corner of the rectangle.
x2	The X coordinate of the bottom-right corner of the rectangle.
y2	The Y coordinate of the bottom-right corner of the rectangle.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 357 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.12 displayDrawLine()

Draw a line from two coordinates.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x1	Starting x-coordinate of line.
y1	Starting y-coordinate of line.
x2	Ending x-coordinate of line.
y2	Ending y-coordinate of line.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 421 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.13 displayDrawPixel()

Draw a single pixel to the display.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
X	The X coordinate of the pixel.
У	The Y coordinate of the pixel.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 313 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.14 displayDrawRect()

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```
uint16_t x1,
uint16_t y1,
uint16_t x2,
uint16_t y2,
uint16_t color )
```

Draw a filled rectangle.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x1	Top-left x-coordinate of rectangle.
y1	Top-left y-coordinate of rectangle.
x2	Bottom-right x-coordinate of rectangle.
y2	Bottom-right y-coordinate of rectangle.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 474 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.15 displayDrawRectAngle()

Draws a rectangle with rounded corners at a specified angle on the display.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
хс	X-coordinate of the center of the rectangle.
ус	Y-coordinate of the center of the rectangle.
W	Width of the rectangle.
h	Height of the rectangle.
angle	Angle of rotation in degrees.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 492 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.16 displayDrawRoundRect()

```
uint16_t x1,
uint16_t y1,
uint16_t x2,
uint16_t y2,
uint16_t r,
uint16_t color )
```

Draw a rectangle with rounded angles.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x1	Top-left x-coordinate of rectangle.
y1	Top-left y-coordinate of rectangle.
x2	Bottom-right x-coordinate of rectangle.
y2	Bottom-right y-coordinate of rectangle.
r	The radius of the circle that is used for the edges.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 704 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.17 displayDrawString()

Function to draw a string on the display.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
fx	Pointer to font-file that is used for drawing the text.
Х	The x-coordinate of the text on the display.
У	The y-coordinate of the text on the display.
ascii	The ascii characters to draw.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

### Returns

The x or y coordinate of the next character, depending on the orientation of the display.

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### Warning

The font-file path must be valid from the directory in which the executable is called, otherwise the error message "cannot get font from font file" will be thrown. Absolute paths (starting with /) are safe. See documentation for InitFontx.

Definition at line 947 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.18 displayDrawTriangle()

Draw a triangle without infill between the three given points in the given color.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
x1	The first X-coordinate of the triangle.
y1	The first Y-coordinate of the triangle.
x2	The second X-coordinate of the triangle.
y2	The second Y-coordinate of the triangle.
хЗ	The third X-coordinate of the triangle.
уЗ	The third Y-coordinate of the triangle.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 549 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.19 displayDrawTriangleCenter()

Draws a triangle at a specified angle on the display.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
хс	X-coordinate of the center of the rectangle.
ус	Y-coordinate of the center of the rectangle.
W	Width of the rectangle.
h	Height of the rectangle.
angle	Angle of rotation in degrees.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 576 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.20 displayFillScreen()

Fill entire display with a single color using the ldcDrawFillRect function.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
color	Fill color in RGB format.

Definition at line 413 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.21 displayInversionOff()

Turn off inversion of the colors.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.

Definition at line 1028 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.22 displayInversionOn()

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Turn on inversion of the colors.

#### **Parameters**

display Handle to displ
-------------------------

Definition at line 1035 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.5.4.23 displaySetFontDirection()

Changes the direction the characters will be printed.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
dir	The direction to set the font in the display handle.

Definition at line 978 of file display.c.

## 4.5.4.24 displaySetFontFill()

Enables the \_font\_fill and sets the \_font\_fill\_color in the display handle.

#### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
color	The fill-color the font should have

Definition at line 985 of file display.c.

## 4.5.4.25 displaySetFontUnderLine()

Turns on \_font\_underline in the display handle and sets the \_font\_underline\_color to the specified color.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
color	The 16-bit color value to write.

Definition at line 995 of file display.c.

## 4.5.4.26 displayUnsetFontFill()

Sets the \_font\_fill parameter to false in the display handle, turns off the font fill.

### **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
---------	--------------------

Definition at line 993 of file display.c.

## 4.5.4.27 displayUnsetFontUnderLine()

Turns off \_font\_underline in the display handle.

## **Parameters**

display	Handle to display.
---------	--------------------

Definition at line 1003 of file display.c.

## 4.5.4.28 rgb\_conv()

RGB conversion for generating a color.

## Parameters

- 4			
	r	Red value, 5 least significant bits.	
	g	Green value, 6 least significant bits.	
ĺ	b	Blue value, 5 least significant bits.	

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Definition at line 774 of file display.c.

## 4.6 Font library

## **Data Structures**

struct FontxFile

### **Typedefs**

typedef struct \_IO\_FILE FILE

#### **Functions**

- void AaddFontx (FontxFile \*fx, const char \*path)
- void InitFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, const char \*f0, const char \*f1)
- bool OpenFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void CloseFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void DumpFontx (FontxFile \*fxs)
- uint8\_t GetFontWidth (FontxFile \*fx)
- uint8\_t GetFontHeight (FontxFile \*fx)
- bool GetFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, uint8\_t ascii, uint8\_t \*pGlyph, uint8\_t \*pw, uint8\_t \*ph)
- void Font2Bitmap (uint8 t \*fonts, uint8 t \*line, uint8 t w, uint8 t h, uint8 t inverse)
- void UnderlineBitmap (uint8 t \*line, uint8 t w, uint8 t h)
- void ReversBitmap (uint8 t \*line, uint8 t w, uint8 t h)
- void ShowFont (uint8 t \*fonts, uint8 t pw, uint8 t ph)
- void ShowBitmap (uint8\_t \*bitmap, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph)
- uint8\_t RotateByte (uint8\_t ch)

## 4.6.1 Detailed Description

Do not use. Low-level library to work with bitmap fonts on the display.

It provides functionality for loading and manipulating font files, rendering fonts and bitmaps to the screen, and performing various transformations on bitmaps. The library also includes a struct, FontxFile, which represents a font file and contains metadata about the font.

This is an internal library and should not be directly used.

## 4.6.2 Typedef Documentation

## 4.6.2.1 FILE

```
typedef struct _IO_FILE FILE Definition at line 23 of file fontx.h.
```

## 4.6.3 Function Documentation

### 4.6.3.1 AaddFontx()

Adds a font file to the given FontxFile structure.

### **Parameters**

fx	Pointer to the FontxFile structure
path	Path to the font file

Definition at line 2 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.2 CloseFontx()

Closes the font file.

#### **Parameters**

fx	Pointer to the FontxFile structure
----	------------------------------------

Definition at line 5 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.3 **DumpFontx()**

```
void DumpFontx ( {\tt FontxFile} \ * \ fxs \ )
```

Dumps the font data stored in the FontxFile structure.

## **Parameters**

fxs	Pointer to the FontxFile structure

Definition at line 6 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.4 Font2Bitmap()

Converts a font data buffer into a bitmap.

## **Parameters**

fonts	Pointer to the font data buffer
line	Pointer to the bitmap buffer
W	Width of the bitmap in pixels
h	Height of the bitmap in pixels
inverse	If true, the bitmap will be inverted

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Definition at line 135 of file fontx.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.6.3.5 GetFontHeight()

Gets the height of a character in the font.

### **Parameters**

```
fx Pointer to the FontxFile structure
```

Returns

The height of a character in pixels

Definition at line 8 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.6 GetFontWidth()

```
uint8_t GetFontWidth (
          FontxFile * fx )
```

Gets the width of a character in the font.

**Parameters** 

```
fx | Pointer to the FontxFile structure
```

Returns

The width of a character in pixels

Definition at line 7 of file fontx.c.

### 4.6.3.7 GetFontx()

Gets the glyph data for the specified ASCII character.

### **Parameters**

fxs	Pointer to the FontxFile structure
ascii	ASCII value of the character to get the glyph for
pGlyph	Pointer to the buffer to store the glyph data
pw	Pointer to the variable to store the width of the glyph
ph	Pointer to the variable to store the height of the glyph

### Returns

True if the glyph was found, false otherwise

Definition at line 9 of file fontx.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.6.3.8 InitFontx()

Initializes the given FontxFile structure with the specified font files.

### **Parameters**

	fxs	Pointer to the FontxFile structure
	f0	Path to the 8x16 font file
ĺ	f1	Path to the 16x16 font file

Definition at line 3 of file fontx.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.6.3.9 OpenFontx()

```
bool OpenFontx (
          FontxFile * fx )
```

Opens the font file and reads the font data into the FontxFile structure.

### **Parameters**

fx	Pointer to the FontxFile structure

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#### Returns

True if the font file was opened successfully, false otherwise

### Warning

The font-file path must be valid from the directory in which the executable is called, otherwise the error message "cannot get font from font file" will be thrown. Absolute paths (starting with /) are safe.

Definition at line 4 of file fontx.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.6.3.10 ReversBitmap()

Reverses the bits in each byte of a bitmap.

#### **Parameters**

line	Pointer to the bitmap buffer
W	Width of the bitmap in pixels
h	Height of the bitmap in pixels

Definition at line 12 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.11 RotateByte()

Rotates a byte by 90 degrees.

#### **Parameters**

```
ch Byte to be rotated
```

### Returns

The rotated byte

Definition at line 15 of file fontx.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.6.3.12 ShowBitmap()

Displays a bitmap on the screen.

### **Parameters**

bitmap	Pointer to the bitmap buffer
pw	Width of the font in pixels
ph	Height of the font in pixels

Definition at line 14 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.13 ShowFont()

Displays a font on the screen.

## **Parameters**

fonts	Pointer to the font buffer
pw	Width of the font in pixels
ph	Height of the font in pixels

Definition at line 13 of file fontx.c.

## 4.6.3.14 UnderlineBitmap()

Adds an underline to a bitmap.

## Parameters

line	Pointer to the bitmap buffer
W	Width of the bitmap in pixels
h	Height of the bitmap in pixels

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Definition at line 11 of file fontx.c.

## 4.7 GPIO library

#### **Macros**

• #define gpio\_t pin\_t

#### **Enumerations**

- enum gpio\_direction\_t { GPIO\_DIR\_INPUT = 0 , GPIO\_DIR\_OUTPUT = 1 }
   enum gpio\_level\_t { GPIO\_LEVEL\_LOW = 0 , GPIO\_LEVEL\_HIGH = 1 }

### **Functions**

- void gpio\_init (void)
- void gpio\_destroy (void)
- void gpio\_reset\_pin (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_set\_direction (const pin\_t pin, const gpio\_direction\_t direction)
- gpio\_direction\_t gpio\_get\_direction (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio set level (const pin t pin, const gpio level t level)
- gpio level t gpio get level (const pin t pin)
- void gpio reset (void)
- bool gpio\_is\_initialized (void)

## 4.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions for General Purpose I/O (GPIO) access to leds, buttons, etc.

All functions use a GPIO number from 0..NUM PINS SWITCHBOX-1.

The LED and button libraries are built on top of this library, but do not expose the full functionality of this library. Use this library when that is required. Also see the I/O switchbox (switchbox.h) and pin mapping (pinmap.h).

In particular, be aware that the numbering used in the high-level libraries is different from the underlying GPIO numbering.

- The button library uses 0..3 or BUTTON0..BUTTON3, and 0..1 or SWITCH0..SWITCH1, whereas GPIO uses SWB BTN0..SWB BTN3 and SWB SW0..SWB SW1.
- The LED library uses 0..3 or LED0..LED1 for green LEDs whereas GPIO uses SWB\_LD0..SWB\_LD3. It uses
   0..1 or COLOR\_LED0..COLOR\_LED1 and the three color components (RGB) whereas GPIO uses SWB\_←
   LD4/5R/G/B.
- The PWM library uses 0..5 or PWM0..PWM5, whereas GPIO uses SWB\_PWM0..SWB\_PWM5.
- The UART library uses 0..1 or UART0..UART1, whereas GPIO uses SWB\_UART0..SWB\_UART1.
- The ADC library is slightly different. It uses ADC0..ADC5 (these are non-consecutive numbers), whereas GPIO uses SWB\_A0..SWB\_A5 (which are consecutive).

An example of using this library to turn LED0 on:

```
#include <libpynq.h>
int main (void)
{
    // initialize the Library
    gpio_init();
    // set LED 0 as output
    gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD0, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
    // turn LED 0 on
    gpio_set_level(SWB_LD0, GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH);
    sleep_msec(1000);
    // cleanup after use
    leds_destroy();    // turn LEDs off
    pynq_destroy();
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

## 4.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 4.7.2.1 gpio\_t

```
#define gpio_t pin_t
```

For backwards compatibility. Map gpio\_t to the pin\_t type.

Definition at line 102 of file gpio.h.

## 4.7.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 4.7.3.1 gpio\_direction\_t

```
enum gpio_direction_t
```

Enumerate the direction state (input/output) of the pin

### **Enumerator**

GPIO_DIR_INPUT	The GPIO pin is an input.
GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT	The GPIO pin is an output.

Definition at line 81 of file gpio.h.

## 4.7.3.2 gpio\_level\_t

```
enum gpio_level_t
```

Enumerate the signal level.

### Enumerator

GPIO_LEVEL_LOW	A low signal
GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH	A high signal

Definition at line 91 of file gpio.h.

## 4.7.4 Function Documentation

## 4.7.4.1 gpio\_destroy()

```
void gpio_destroy (
     void )
```

De-initialize the GPIO library. This releases the memory map and memory allocated by gpio\_init.

Definition at line 3 of file gpio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

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## 4.7.4.2 gpio\_get\_direction()

Returns the direction the set pin is initialized in.

**Parameters** 

pin The GPIO pin to read the direction set in the shared memory system on the ARM processor.

Warning

Fails with program exit when pin is outside valid range.

Definition at line 95 of file gpio.c.

### 4.7.4.3 gpio\_get\_level()

Return the level of the GPIO pin.

**Parameters** 

```
pin The GPIO pin to read it state.
```

Returns

the output level of pin using enum gpio\_level\_t.

Warning

Fails with program exit when pin is outside valid range.

Definition at line 118 of file gpio.c.

## 4.7.4.4 gpio\_init()

```
void gpio_init (
     void )
```

Initializes the GPIO library.

Definition at line 2 of file gpio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.7.4.5 gpio\_is\_initialized()

```
bool gpio_is_initialized ( \mbox{void} \ \ \ )
```

Check if gpio library is initialized.

Returns

true if initialize, false if not.

Definition at line 35 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 4.7.4.6 gpio\_reset()

Reset all GPIO pins.

Definition at line 18 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.7.4.7 gpio reset pin()

Function is currently a no-op placeholder for arduino compatibility.

### **Parameters**

```
pin The GPIO pin to reset.
```

Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 55 of file gpio.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.7.4.8 gpio\_set\_direction()

Set the GPIO pin as in input or output.

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#### **Parameters**

pin	The GPIO pin to modify direction for.
direction	The direction to set on the pin.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when pin or direction is outside valid range.

Definition at line 81 of file gpio.c.

## 4.7.4.9 gpio\_set\_level()

Set the level of the output GPIO pin. If the pin is configured as input, this function does nothing.

#### **Parameters**

pin	The GPIO pin to modify direction for
level	The level to set on the pin.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when pin is outside valid range.

Definition at line 104 of file gpio.c.

# 4.8 IIC library

## **Enumerations**

enum iic\_index\_t { IIC0 = 0 , IIC1 = 1 , NUM\_IICS = 2 }

### **Functions**

- void iic\_init (const iic\_index\_t iic)
- void iic\_destroy (const iic\_index\_t iic)
- bool iic\_read\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_←
  t length)
- bool iic\_write\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t length)

## 4.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use the Inter-Integrated Circuit (IIC).

High-level functions to read/write to clients connected to the two integrated IIC modules.

## 4.8.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 4.8.2.1 iic\_index\_t

```
enum iic_index_t
```

Enum of IICs. Functions use a switch numbered from 0..NUM\_IICS-1.

#### Enumerator

IIC0	
IIC1	
NUM_IICS	

Definition at line 42 of file iic.h.

## 4.8.3 Function Documentation

## 4.8.3.1 iic\_destroy()

Close the shared memory handle for the specified IIC index.

### **Parameters**

uart	The IIC index to remove from the shared memory space.
------	---

## Warning

Fails with program exit if the IIC channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 3 of file iic.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 4.8.3.2 iic\_init()

Initialize the IIC specified by the index with a shared memory handle and a buffer size of 4096 bytes.

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#### **Parameters**

uart The IIC index to initialize.
-----------------------------------

### Warning

Fails with program exit if the IIC channel is outside valid range or when the shared memory system has not been instantiated.

Definition at line 2 of file iic.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.8.3.3 iic\_read\_register()

#### **Parameters**

iic	The IIC index to initialize.
addr	The IIC address of the client to access.
reg	The clients register address.
data	Buffer where the register content is stored. [out]
length	The amount of data to read.

Reads the content of the register into data.

### Returns

0 if successful, 1 on error

Definition at line 4 of file iic.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.8.3.4 iic\_write\_register()

#### **Parameters**

iic	The IIC index to initialize.
addr	The IIC address of the client to access.
reg	The clients register address.
data	Buffer where new the register content is stored.
length	The amount of data to write.

Writes data to register.

#### Returns

0 if successful, 1 on error

Definition at line 7 of file iic.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.9 Interrupt library

#### **Functions**

- int gpio\_interrupt\_init (void)
- void gpio\_ack\_interrupt (void)
- void verify interrupt request (const pin t pin)
- void gpio\_print\_interrupt (void)
- void gpio\_enable\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_disable\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_disable\_all\_interrupts (void)
- uint64\_t gpio\_get\_interrupt (void)
- uint8\_t \* gpio\_get\_interrupt\_pins (uint8\_t \*positions)
- void gpio\_wait\_for\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

Functions for interrupt handling.

### An example of using this library

```
#include tibpynq.h
int main (void)
  gpio_init(void);
  gpio_reset (void);
  switchbox_init(void);
  switchbox_reset(void);
  gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD0, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
  // initialize the interrupt
  gpio_interrupt_init(void);
  gpio_enable_interrupt(SWB_BTN0);
  gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD0, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
  while(1) {
    gpio_wait_for_interrupt(64); //Wait untill an interupt arrives
    uint8_t* interruptPin = gpio_get_interrupt_pins(void);
if (interruptPin[0] == SWB_BTN0) {
      printf("interrupt on SWB_BTN0, turning on SWB_LD0\n");
      gpio_set_level(SWB_LD0, 1);
      printf("interrupt on pin %d\n",interruptPin[0]);
gpio_set_level(SWB_LDO, 0);
    gpio_ack_interrupt(void);
  gpio_destroy(void);
  switchbox destrov(void);
  return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

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### 4.9.2 Function Documentation

### 4.9.2.1 gpio\_ack\_interrupt()

acknowledges the raised interrupts and resets the interrupt word. Allows new interrupts to occur on the previously triggered pins.

Definition at line 3 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.9.2.2 gpio disable all interrupts()

Disables all interrupts from being raised.

Definition at line 8 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.9.2.3 gpio\_disable\_interrupt()

Disables interrupts from occuring on the specific pin. Hereafter, the pin will not trigger an interrupt.

#### **Parameters**

pin to be disabled from obtianing interrupts

Definition at line 72 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.9.2.4 gpio\_enable\_interrupt()

```
void gpio_enable_interrupt ( {\tt const\ pin\_t\ pin\ )}
```

enables a specific pin to raise interrupts.

#### **Parameters**

pin to raise interrupts

Definition at line 59 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.9.2.5 gpio\_get\_interrupt()

#### Returns

the 64 bits on which interrupts are indicated by a one. The bits are in accordance with the pins described in pinmap.h

Definition at line 9 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 4.9.2.6 gpio get interrupt pins()

Gets all pins on which an interrupt occurred.

#### Returns

a pointer to an array of maximum 64 intergers. The integers correspond to pins with a pending interrupt.

Definition at line 10 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.9.2.7 gpio\_interrupt\_init()

Enables interrupts to be set and read.

Definition at line 2 of file interrupt.c.

### 4.9.2.8 gpio\_print\_interrupt()

prints the current interrupt word

Definition at line 5 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.9.2.9 gpio\_wait\_for\_interrupt()

Waits untill an interrupt occurs on the specified pin or if the value of pin is larger than 63, if any interrupt has occurred.

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#### **Parameters**

pin The pin on which an interrupt should occur

Definition at line 138 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.9.2.10 verify interrupt request()

Checks for error in enabled pin. Terminates the process if the pin is not enabled.

#### **Parameters**

pin indicates a specific pin or if larger than 63, if any interrupt pin is enabled

Definition at line 96 of file interrupt.c.

# 4.10 LED library

#### Macros

- #define NUM LED COLORS 3 /\* # colors per color LED (RGB) \*/
- #define NUM\_LEDS (NUM\_GREEN\_LEDS + NUM\_COLOR\_LEDS)
- #define LED\_OFF 0
- #define LED\_ON 255

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum green_led_index_t {
    LED0, LED1, LED2, LED3,
    NUM_GREEN_LEDS }
```

enum color led index t { COLOR LED0 , COLOR LED1 , NUM COLOR LEDS }

#### **Functions**

- void leds\_init\_onoff (void)
- void green\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void color\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void leds\_destroy (void)
- void green\_led\_onoff (const int led, const int onoff)
- void green\_led\_on (const int led)
- void green\_led\_off (const int led)
- void color\_led\_red\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color\_led\_green\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color led blue onoff (const int onoff)
- void color led onoff (const int red onoff, const int green onoff, const int blue onoff)
- void color\_led\_on (void)
- void color\_led\_off (void)

### 4.10.1 Detailed Description

Wrappers to simplify the use of LEDs.

- Green LEDs are numbered 0 to NUM\_GREEN\_LEDS-1.
- Only color LED 0 is used.
- The color LED has three components R, G, B that can be set independently to mix to a color.

LEDs can be used in three modes:

- 1. on/off mode for all green LEDs and all color LEDs
- 2. PWM mode for green LEDs (PWM0..PWM3 are rounted to green LEDs 0..3)
- 3. PWM mode for color LED 0 (PWM0..PWM3 are routed to color LED 0)

An example of how to use this library.

```
#include <libpynq.h>
int main (void)
{
    // initialise all I/O
    gpio_reset();
    leds_init_onoff();

    for (int led = 0; led < NUM_GREEN_LEDS; led++)
        green_led_on(led);
    sleep_msec(500);
    for (int led = 0; led < NUM_GREEN_LEDS; led++)
        green_led_off(led);

    // clean up after use
    leds_destroy(); // switches all leds off
    pynq_destroy();
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}</pre>
```

LEDs can also be used through GPIO (see gpio.h and pinmap.h). Note that GPIO numbering (SWB\_LD0..SWB\_ LD3) is then used instead of 0..NUM\_GREEN\_LEDS-1 (LED0..LED3). In the PWM mode for color LED 0, SWB\_ PWM0..SWB PWM3 are routed to color LED 0 (GPIO SWB LD4R, SWB LD4G, SWB LD4B).

### 4.10.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 4.10.2.1 LED\_OFF

```
#define LED_OFF 0
```

Definition at line 102 of file leds.h.

#### 4.10.2.2 LED\_ON

```
#define LED_ON 255
```

Definition at line 103 of file leds.h.

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### 4.10.2.3 NUM\_LED\_COLORS

```
#define NUM_LED_COLORS 3 /* # colors per color LED (RGB) */
```

Definition at line 100 of file leds.h.

### 4.10.2.4 NUM\_LEDS

```
#define NUM_LEDS (NUM_GREEN_LEDS + NUM_COLOR_LEDS)
```

Definition at line 101 of file leds.h.

## 4.10.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 4.10.3.1 color\_led\_index\_t

```
enum color_led_index_t
```

Enum of color LEDs. Functions for color LEDs use a led number from 0..NUM\_COLOR\_LEDS-1. Alternatively, you can use COLOR\_LEDi instead of just i if you find that clearer.

#### Enumerator

COLOR_LED0	
COLOR_LED1	
NUM_COLOR_LEDS	

Definition at line 94 of file leds.h.

### 4.10.3.2 green\_led\_index\_t

```
enum green_led_index_t
```

Enum of green LEDs. Functions for green LEDs use a led number from 0..NUM\_GREEN\_LEDS-1. Alternatively, you can use LEDi instead of just i if you find that clearer.

### Enumerator

LED0	
LED1	
LED2	
LED3	
NUM_GREEN_LEDS	

Definition at line 80 of file leds.h.

### 4.10.4 Function Documentation

#### 4.10.4.1 color led blue onoff()

Switches on/off the blue component of color LED 0.

### **Parameters**

onoff

If the LEDs are in onoff mode then onoff must be either LED\_ON or LED\_OFF. If the LEDs are in one of the PWM modes then onoff must be 0.255.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 11 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.2 color\_led\_green\_onoff()

Switches on/off the green component of color LED 0.

#### **Parameters**

onoff

If the LEDs are in onoff mode then onoff must be either LED\_ON or LED\_OFF. If the LEDs are in one of the PWM modes then onoff must be 0.255.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 10 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 4.10.4.3 color led off()

Set color LED 0 to black. Same as color\_led\_onoff(LED\_OFF, LED\_OFF, LED\_OFF).

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#### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 15 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.4 color\_led\_on()

Set color LED 0 to white. Same as color\_led\_onoff(LED\_ON, LED\_ON, LED\_ON).

Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 14 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.5 color\_led\_onoff()

Switches on/off the red/green/blue components of color LED 0.

#### **Parameters**

onoff

If the LEDs are in onoff mode then \*\_onoff must be either LED\_ON or LED\_OFF. If the LEDs are in one of the PWM modes then \*\_onoff must be 0.255.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 12 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.6 color\_led\_red\_onoff()

Switches on/off the red component of color LED 0.

#### **Parameters**

onoff

If the LEDs are in onoff mode then onoff must be either LED\_ON or LED\_OFF. If the LEDs are in one of the PWM modes then onoff must be 0.255.

### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 9 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.7 color\_leds\_init\_pwm()

Initialize the color LEDs for use with variable intensity. The LED intensity can range from 0.255.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs have already been to another mode.

Definition at line 4 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.8 green led off()

Same as green\_led\_onoff(led, LED\_OFF). Works in all modes.

#### **Parameters**

led The green LED.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when led is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 8 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

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### 4.10.4.9 green\_led\_on()

Same as green\_led\_onoff(led, LED\_ON). Works in all modes.

#### **Parameters**

```
led The green LED.
```

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when led is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 7 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.10 green\_led\_onoff()

#### **Parameters**

led	The green LED.
onoff	If the LEDs are in onoff mode then onoff must be either LED_ON or LED_OFF. If the LEDs are in one of
	the PWM modes then onoff must be 0.255.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when led is outside valid range.

Fails with program exit when LEDs were not initialized with the correct mode.

Definition at line 6 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.11 green\_leds\_init\_pwm()

Initialize the green LEDs for use with variable intensity. The LED intensity can range from 0.255.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs have already been to another mode.

Definition at line 3 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.10.4.12 leds\_destroy()

Unitialize the LEDs, such that the mode of the LEDs can be changed. Switch all IEDs off.

Definition at line 5 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.10.4.13 leds\_init\_onoff()

Initialize the green LEDs for on/off use.

Warning

Fails with program exit when LEDs have already been to another mode.

Definition at line 2 of file leds.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.11 Logging library

#### **Macros**

- #define pynq\_info(...) pynq\_log(LOG\_LEVEL\_INFO, LOG\_DOMAIN, \_\_FUNCTION\_\_, \_\_LINE\_\_, \_\_VA\_← ARGS\_\_)
- #define pynq\_warning(...) pynq\_log(LOG\_LEVEL\_WARNING, LOG\_DOMAIN, \_\_FUNCTION\_\_, \_\_LINE
   —, \_\_VA\_ARGS\_\_)
- #define pynq\_error(...)

### **Typedefs**

• typedef enum LogLevel LogLevel

#### **Enumerations**

enum LogLevel { LOG\_LEVEL\_INFO, LOG\_LEVEL\_WARNING, LOG\_LEVEL\_ERROR, NUM\_LOG\_LEVELS }

### **Functions**

• void pynq\_log (const LogLevel level, char const \*domain, char const \*location, unsigned int lineno, char const \*fmt,...)

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### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

Functions for error handling and logging.

```
#include <log.h>
int main (void)
{
    pynq_log("Print my information message");
    pynq_warning("Print my warning message");
    pynq_error("Failed on error");
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

#### Or with a custom log domain

```
#include <log.h>
#undef LOG_DOMAIN
#define LOG_DOMAIN "MyApp"

int main ( int argc, char **argv) {
    pynq_log("Print my information message");
    pynq_warning("Print my warning message");
    pynq_error("Failed on error");
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

### 4.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 4.11.2.1 pynq\_error

#### **Parameters**



Wrapper around pynq\_log to print error messages. This expects LOG\_DOMAIN to be set.

Definition at line 118 of file log.h.

#### 4.11.2.2 pyng info

```
#define pynq_info(
... ) pynq_log(LOG_LEVEL_INFO, LOG_DOMAIN, __FUNCTION__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS↔
__)
```

#### **Parameters**



Wrapper around pynq\_log to print info messages. This expects LOG\_DOMAIN to be set.

Definition at line 100 of file log.h.

### 4.11.2.3 pynq\_warning

#### **Parameters**



Wrapper around pynq\_log to print warning messages. This expects LOG\_DOMAIN to be set.

Definition at line 109 of file log.h.

# 4.11.3 Typedef Documentation

### 4.11.3.1 LogLevel

```
typedef enum LogLevel LogLevel
```

# 4.11.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 4.11.4.1 LogLevel

```
enum LogLevel
```

### Enumerator

LOG_LEVEL_INFO	Informational messages.
LOG_LEVEL_WARNING	Warning messages
LOG_LEVEL_ERROR	Error messages
NUM_LOG_LEVELS	Number of log levels

Definition at line 65 of file log.h.

### 4.11.5 Function Documentation

### 4.11.5.1 pynq\_log()

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```
char const * domain,
char const * location,
unsigned int lineno,
char const * fmt,
```

#### **Parameters**

level	The LogLevel of this mssage.
domain	The log domain.
fmt	The format string.
location	The location string of the message origin.
lineno	The line number of the message origin.
	The arguments to the format string.

Print log messages with loglevel WARNING and higher. Messages of level ERROR will result in an abort().

Environment DEBUG will print out level LOG\_LEVEL\_INFO Environment FATAL\_WARNING will abort after a warning.

Definition at line 11 of file log.c.

# 4.12 I/O pin mapping

### **Macros**

- #define NUM ANALOG REFERENCE PINS 14 /\* # analog reference pins \*/
- #define NUM ANALOG IN PINS 6 /\* # analog input pins \*/
- #define PIN\_CHECK(pin)

### **Enumerations**

```
enum pin t {
 SWB AR0 = 0, SWB AR1 = 1, SWB AR2 = 2, SWB AR3 = 3,
 SWB_AR4 = 4, SWB_AR5 = 5, SWB_AR6 = 6, SWB_AR7 = 7,
 SWB_AR8 = 8, SWB_AR9 = 9, SWB_AR10 = 10, SWB_AR11 = 11,
 SWB_AR12 = 12, SWB_AR13 = 13, SWB_A0 = 14, SWB_A1 = 15,
 SWB_A2 = 16, SWB_A3 = 17, SWB_A4 = 18, SWB_A5 = 19,
 SWB_SW0 = 20, SWB_SW1 = 21, SWB_BTN0 = 22, SWB_BTN1 = 23,
 SWB BTN2 = 24, SWB BTN3 = 25, SWB LD0 = 26, SWB LD1 = 27,
 SWB LD2 = 28, SWB LD3 = 29, SWB AR SCL = 31, SWB AR SDA = 30,
 SWB LD4B = 32, SWB LD4R = 33, SWB LD4G = 34, SWB LD5B = 35,
 SWB_LD5R = 36, SWB_LD5G = 37, SWB_RBPI40 = 38, SWB_RBPI37 = 39,
 SWB_RBPl38 = 40 , SWB_RBPl35 = 41 , SWB_RBPl36 = 42 , SWB_RBPl33 = 43 ,
 SWB RBPI18 = 44, SWB RBPI32 = 45, SWB RBPI10 = 46, SWB RBPI27 = 47,
 SWB_RBPI28 = 48, SWB_RBPI22 = 49, SWB_RBPI23 = 50, SWB_RBPI24 = 51,
 SWB_RBPl21 = 52 , SWB_RBPl26 = 53 , SWB_RBPl19 = 54 , SWB_RBPl31 = 55 ,
 SWB_RBPI15 = 56, SWB_RBPI16 = 57, SWB_RBPI13 = 58, SWB_RBPI12 = 59,
 SWB RBPI29 = 60, SWB RBPI08 = 61, SWB RBPI07 = 62, SWB RBPI05 = 63,
 SWB NUM PINS = 64 }
```

#### **Variables**

• char \*const pin\_names [64]

### 4.12.1 Detailed Description

Definitions of I/O pin numbers and names for the switchbox and GPIO.

For example, when calling a function, use SWB\_AR0 to specify analog reference pin AR0. Specifically, symbolic pin names are prefixed with SWB\_ because they are used as inputs to switchbox functions, but the pin name when printed omits the SWB .

#### 4.12.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 4.12.2.1 NUM\_ANALOG\_IN\_PINS

```
#define NUM_ANALOG_IN_PINS 6 /* # analog input pins */
```

Definition at line 43 of file pinmap.h.

#### 4.12.2.2 NUM ANALOG REFERENCE PINS

```
#define NUM_ANALOG_REFERENCE_PINS 14 /* # analog reference pins */
```

Definition of the number of I/O pins we have for each category.

Definition at line 42 of file pinmap.h.

#### 4.12.2.3 PIN CHECK

```
#define PIN_CHECK(
    pin )
```

#### Value:

```
do {
  if (pin >= SWB_NUM_PINS) {
    pynq_error("pin %u is invalid, must be 0..%u-1.", pin, SWB_NUM_PINS);
  }
} while (0);
```

macro that checks if the pin number is valid, throws an error if not.

Definition at line 150 of file pinmap.h.

### 4.12.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 4.12.3.1 pin\_t

```
enum pin_t
```

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### Enumerator

SWB_AR0	Analog reference pins.
SWB_AR1	
SWB_AR2	
SWB_AR3	
SWB_AR4	
SWB_AR5	
SWB_AR6	
SWB_AR7	
SWB_AR8	
SWB_AR9	
SWB_AR10	
SWB_AR11	
SWB_AR12	
SWB_AR13	
SWB_A0	Analog input pins.
SWB_A1	
SWB_A2	
SWB_A3	
SWB_A4	
SWB_A5	
SWB_SW0	Switch input pins.
SWB SW1	
SWB_BTN0	Button input pins.
SWB BTN1	
SWB BTN2	
SWB_BTN3	
SWB_LD0	LED output pins.
SWB LD1	
SWB_LD2	
SWB_LD3	
SWB_AR_SCL	I2C pins.
SWB_AR_SDA	
SWB_LD4B	The RGB adresses for SWB_LD4 and SWB_LD5.
SWB_LD4R	
SWB_LD4G	
SWB_LD5B	
SWB_LD5R	
SWB_LD5G	
SWB_RBPI40	The RaspberryPi header-pin indexing.
SWB_RBPI37	-
SWB_RBPl38	
SWB_RBPI35	
SWB_RBPl36	
SWB_RBPI33	
SWB_RBPI18	
SWB_RBPl32	
SWB_RBPI10	
SWB_RBPI27	
SWB_RBPl28	

#### Enumerator

SWB_RBPl22	
SWB_RBPI23	
SWB_RBPI24	
SWB_RBPI21	
SWB_RBPI26	
SWB_RBPI19	
SWB_RBPI31	
SWB_RBPI15	
SWB_RBPI16	
SWB_RBPI13	
SWB_RBPI12	
SWB_RBPI29	
SWB_RBPI08	
SWB_RBPI07	
SWB_RBPI05	
SWB_NUM_PINS	

Definition at line 45 of file pinmap.h.

#### 4.12.4 Variable Documentation

### 4.12.4.1 pin\_names

```
char* const pin_names[64] [extern]
```

Pin names.

Definition at line 24 of file pinmap.c.

# 4.13 PWM library

### **Enumerations**

```
enum pwm_index_t {
    PWM0 , PWM1 , PWM2 , PWM3 ,
    PWM4 , PWM5 , NUM_PWMS }
```

### **Functions**

- bool pwm\_initialized (const int pwm)
- void pwm\_init (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- void pwm\_destroy (const int pwm)
- void pwm\_set\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm, const uint32\_t duty)
- void pwm\_set\_period (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_period (const int pwm)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm)
- void pwm\_set\_steps (const int pwm, const uint32\_t steps)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_steps (const int pwm)

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### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use Pulse Width Modulation (PWM).

Each of the 6 PWM channels (numbered 0..NUM\_PWMS-1) can be linked to any mappable pin (e.g. green or color LEDs, buttons).

PWM can also be used through GPIO (see gpio.h and pinmap.h). Note that GPIO numbering (SWB\_PWM0..SWB← PWM5) is then used instead of 0..NUM PWMS-1 (PWM0..PWM5).

### 4.13.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 4.13.2.1 pwm\_index\_t

```
enum pwm_index_t
```

Enum of PWM channels.

All functions use a PWM channel from 0..NUM\_PWMS-1. Alternatively, you can use PWMi instead of just i if you find that clearer.

#### Enumerator

PWM0	
PWM1	
PWM2	
PWM3	
PWM4	
PWM5	
NUM_PWMS	

Definition at line 47 of file pwm.h.

### 4.13.3 Function Documentation

### 4.13.3.1 pwm\_destroy()

```
void pwm_destroy ( {\rm const\ int\ } pwm\ )
```

Removes the instantiated shared memory system of the PWM channel.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	The PWM channel to destroy.

## Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range.

Definition at line 4 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.13.3.2 pwm\_get\_duty\_cycle()

Gets the duty cycle of the specified PWM channel.

#### **Parameters**

```
pwm The PWM channel.
```

#### Returns

The duty cycle of the specified PWM channel.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range or if pwm has not been initialized.

Definition at line 8 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.13.3.3 pwm\_get\_period()

Returns the period of a certain PWM channel.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	The PWM channel.
-----	------------------

#### Returns

The period of the specified PWM channel as an uint32\_t.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range or if pwm has not been initialized.

Definition at line 7 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

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#### 4.13.3.4 pwm\_get\_steps()

Get the number of steps a certain channel has taken so far.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	PWM channel.
-----	--------------

#### Returns

The number of steps that have been taken; 0 is off and -1 is continous.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range or if pwm has not been initialized.

Definition at line 10 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.13.3.5 pwm\_init()

Initializes the PWM channel with the specified period.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	the PWM channel to initialize.
period	The period to set for the PWM channel.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range.

Definition at line 3 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.13.3.6 pwm\_initialized()

Checks if the channel index is initialized.

#### **Parameters**

### Returns

True if initialized, false if not

#### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range.

Definition at line 2 of file pwm.c.

#### 4.13.3.7 pwm\_set\_duty\_cycle()

Sets the duty cycle for the specified PWM channel.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	The PWM channel.
duty	The duty cycle to set for the PWM channel.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range or if pwm has not been initialized.

Definition at line 5 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.13.3.8 pwm\_set\_period()

Sets the period for the specified PWM channel.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	The PWM channel.
period	The period to set for the PWM channel.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range or if pwm has not been initialized.

Definition at line 6 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 4.13.3.9 pwm\_set\_steps()

Generates steps on the PWM channel.

#### **Parameters**

pwm	The PWM channel.
steps	The number of steps to cycle, 0 to turn off and -1 to run continously.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit if pwm is outside valid range or if pwm has not been initialized.

Definition at line 9 of file pwm.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 4.14 I/O Switchbox library

### **Macros**

• #define NUM SWITCHBOX NAMES 40

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum io_configuration {
        SWB_GPIO = 0x00 , SWB_Interrupt_In = 0x01 , SWB_UART0_TX = 0x02 , SWB_UART0_RX = 0x03 ,
        SWB_SPI0_CLK = 0x04 , SWB_SPI0_MISO = 0x05 , SWB_SPI0_MOSI = 0x06 , SWB_SPI0_SS = 0x07 ,
        SWB_SPI1_CLK = 0x08 , SWB_SPI1_MISO = 0x09 , SWB_SPI1_MOSI = 0x0A , SWB_SPI1_SS = 0x0B ,
        SWB_IIC0_SDA = 0x0C , SWB_IIC0_SCL = 0x0D , SWB_IIC1_SDA = 0x0E , SWB_IIC1_SCL = 0x0F ,
        SWB_PWM0 = 0x10 , SWB_PWM1 = 0x11 , SWB_PWM2 = 0x12 , SWB_PWM3 = 0x13 ,
        SWB_PWM4 = 0x14 , SWB_PWM5 = 0x15 , SWB_TIMER_G0 = 0x18 , SWB_TIMER_G1 = 0x19 ,
        SWB_TIMER_G2 = 0x1A , SWB_TIMER_G3 = 0x1B , SWB_TIMER_G4 = 0x1C , SWB_TIMER_G5 = 0x1D ,
        SWB_TIMER_G6 = 0x1E , SWB_TIMER_G7 = 0x1F , SWB_UART1_TX = 0x22 , SWB_UART1_RX = 0x23 ,
        SWB_TIMER_IC0 = 0x38 , SWB_TIMER_IC1 = 0x39 , SWB_TIMER_IC2 = 0x3A , SWB_TIMER_IC3 = 0x3B ,
        SWB_TIMER_IC4 = 0x3C , SWB_TIMER_IC5 = 0x3D , SWB_TIMER_IC6 = 0x3E , SWB_TIMER_IC7 = 0x3F ,
        NUM_IO_CONFIGURATIONS }
```

#### **Functions**

- void switchbox\_init (void)
- void <a href="mailto:switchbox\_set\_pin">switchbox\_set\_pin</a> (const pin\_t pin\_number, const uint8\_t pin\_type)
- void switchbox\_reset (void)
- · void switchbox destroy (void)
- uint8\_t switchbox\_get\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number)

#### **Variables**

• char \*const switchbox\_names [NUM\_SWITCHBOX\_NAMES]

### 4.14.1 Detailed Description

The switchbox enables run-time (re)mapping of I/O pins.

For example, output pin of UART 0 (SWB\_UART0\_TX) can be mapped to analog pins 0 and 1 (SWB\_AR0 & SWB ← \_AR1). Or output pin PWM 0 (SWB\_PWM0) can be mapped to green LED 0 (SWB\_LD0). Or output pin PWM 0 (SWB\_PWM0) can be mapped to the green component of color LED 0 (SWB\_LD0).

### Warning

For switchbox functions use the SWB\_\* naming of pins that is part of switchbox.h (enum io\_configuration), not the names in pinmap.h.

```
#include<pinmap.h>
#include<switchbox.h>

int main (void)
{
    switchbox_init();
    // setup UART here (not shown)
    // remap pin SWB_ARO (analog reference pin 0) to UART 0 transmit
    switchbox_set_pin(SWB_ARO, UARTO_TX);
    // remap pin SWB_AR1 (analog reference pin 1) to UART 0 receive
    switchbox_set_pin(SWB_ARI, UARTO_RX);
    // your code here
    switchbox_destroy();
```

#### 4.14.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 4.14.2.1 NUM\_SWITCHBOX\_NAMES

```
#define NUM_SWITCHBOX_NAMES 40
```

Definition at line 134 of file switchbox.h.

### 4.14.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 4.14.3.1 io configuration

```
enum io_configuration
```

### Enumerator

Mara raine to ODIO
Map pin to GPIO
Map pin to internal interrupt (UNUSED)
Map pin to TX channel of UART 0
Map pin to RX channel of UART 0
Map pin to clock channel of SPI 0
Map pin to miso channel of SPI 0
Map pin to mosi channel of SPI 0
Map pin to ss channel of SPI 0
Map pin to clock channel of SPI 1
Map pin to miso channel of SPI 1
Map pin to mosi channel of SPI 1
Map pin to ss channel of SPI 1
Map pin to sda channel of IIC 0
Map pin to scl channel of IIC 0
Map pin to sda channel of IIC 1
Map pin to scl channel of IIC 1
Map pin to output channel of PWM 0
Map pin to output channel of PWM 1
not connected
not connected
not connected
not connected
not connected
number elements in this enum

Definition at line 61 of file switchbox.h.

### 4.14.4 Function Documentation

### 4.14.4.1 switchbox\_destroy()

Resets all pins of the switch box to be input.

Definition at line 6 of file switchbox.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.14.4.2 switchbox\_get\_pin()

Sets the mode of a specified pin.

#### **Parameters**

pin_number	The pin number to set the mode for
pin_type	The mode to set the pin to (input/output)

Sets the mode of the specified pin on the io switch

Definition at line 7 of file switchbox.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 4.14.4.3 switchbox\_init()

```
void switchbox_init (
     void )
```

Initializes the switch box.

Initializes the shared memory and sets the io switch base address

Definition at line 3 of file switchbox.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.14.4.4 switchbox\_reset()

```
void switchbox_reset (
     void )
```

Resets all pins of the switch box to be input.

Definition at line 5 of file switchbox.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

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#### 4.14.4.5 switchbox\_set\_pin()

Set the type of a switch pin.

#### **Parameters**

pin_number	The number of the pin to set
pin_type	The type of the pin (0 for input, 1 for output)

Definition at line 4 of file switchbox.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.14.5 Variable Documentation

### 4.14.5.1 switchbox\_names

```
char* const switchbox_names[NUM_SWITCHBOX_NAMES] [extern]
```

Taken from scpi\_names.h, lookup table for channels in the mapping\_info function.

Definition at line 2 of file switchbox.c.

# 4.15 UART library

#### **Enumerations**

enum uart\_index\_t { UART0 = 0 , UART1 = 1 , NUM\_UARTS }

#### **Functions**

- void uart\_init (const int uart)
- void uart\_destroy (const int uart)
- void uart\_send (const int uart, const uint8\_t data)
- uint8\_t uart\_recv (const int uart)
- bool uart\_has\_data (const int uart)
- bool uart\_has\_space (const int uart)
- void uart\_reset\_fifos (const int uart)

### 4.15.1 Detailed Description

Functions to use the Universal Asynchronous Receiver-Transmitter (UART).

Two UART channels can be instantiated, UART0 and UART1. Before sending and receiving bytes the UART must be connect to some I/O pins through the switchbox, e.g.

```
switchbox_set_pin(SWB_ARO, SWB_UARTO_RX);
switchbox_set_pin(SWB_AR1, SWB_UARTO_TX);
```

After that, an example of how to use this library for the MASTER.

```
#Include <InbyInd.n>
int main (void)
{
    // initialise all I/O
    pynq_init();

    // initialize UART 0
    uart_init(UART0);

    // flush FIFOs of UART 0
    uart_reset_fifos(UART0);

uint8_t byte[] = "Hello\n";
int i = 0;
while (byte[i] != '\0') {
    uart_send (UART0, byte[i]);
    printf("sent byte %d\n", byte[i]);
    i++;
}

    // clean up after use
    pynq_destroy();
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

An example of how to use this library for the SLAVE.

```
#include <libpynq.h>
int main (void)
// initialise all I/O
pynq_init();
// initialize UART channel 0
uart_init(UART0);
// flush FIFOs of UART 0
uart_reset_fifos (UARTO);
printf("listening\n");
do {
   // get a byte from UART 0
  uint8_t msg = uart_recv(UART0);
  printf("received byte %d\n", msg);
} while (1);
 // clean up after use
 pynq_destroy();
  return EXIT_SUCCESS;
```

UARTs can also be used through GPIO (see gpio.h and pinmap.h). Note that GPIO numbering (SWB\_← UART0..SWB\_UART1) is then used instead of 0..NUM\_UARTS-1 (UART0..UART1).

### 4.15.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 4.15.2.1 uart\_index\_t

```
enum uart_index_t
```

Enum of UARTs. Functions use a switch numbered from 0..NUM\_UARTS-1. Alternatively, you can use UARTi instead of just i if you find that clearer.

4.15 UART library 81

#### Enumerator

UART0	
UART1	
NUM_UARTS	

Definition at line 107 of file uart.h.

### 4.15.3 Function Documentation

### 4.15.3.1 uart\_destroy()

Close the shared memory handle for the specified UART index.

#### **Parameters**

uart Th	The UART index to remove from the shared memory space.
---------	--

### Warning

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 3 of file uart.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.15.3.2 uart\_has\_data()

Check if the receive FIFO for the specified UART index has data available.

### **Parameters**

uart	The UART index used to check for data.
------	--

#### Returns

True if the receive FIFO has data, false otherwise.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 6 of file uart.c.

#### 4.15.3.3 uart\_has\_space()

Check if the transmit FIFO for the specified UART index has space available.

#### **Parameters**

```
uart The UART index to check for space.
```

#### Returns

True if the FIFO has space, false otherwise.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 7 of file uart.c.

#### 4.15.3.4 uart\_init()

Initialize the UART specified by the index with a shared memory handle and a buffer size of 4096 bytes.

#### **Parameters**

uart	The UART index to initialize.
------	-------------------------------

### Warning

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range or when the shared memory system has not been instantiated.

Definition at line 2 of file uart.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.15.3.5 uart\_recv()

Receive a byte of data from the specified UART index by waiting for the receive FIFO to have data and then reading the data from the receive buffer.

4.15 UART library 83

#### **Parameters**

### Returns

The received data byte.

#### Warning

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 5 of file uart.c.

#### 4.15.3.6 uart\_reset\_fifos()

This function resets both the transmit and receive FIFOs of the UART specified by the uart parameter. This can be useful when there is data stuck in the FIFOs or when the FIFOs are not behaving as expected.

#### **Parameters**

	uart	The UART index of the UART whose FIFOs should be reset.
--	------	---

### Warning

This function is specific to UARTs that have FIFOs, and will have no effect on UARTs that do not have FIFOs.

Resetting the FIFOs will result in the loss of any data that is currently in the FIFOs. Therefore, this function should be used with caution, and only when it is absolutely necessary to do so.

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 8 of file uart.c.

#### 4.15.3.7 uart\_send()

Send a byte of data on the specified UART index by waiting for the transmit FIFO to have space and then writing the data to the transmit buffer.

#### **Parameters**

uart	The UART index to send data to.
data	The data to send to the UART index.

### Warning

Fails with program exit if the UART channel is outside valid range.

Definition at line 4 of file uart.c.

# 4.16 Utility library

#### **Functions**

- void sleep\_msec (int msec)
- void mapping\_info (void)

## 4.16.1 Detailed Description

Some simple helper functions.

#### 4.16.2 Function Documentation

### 4.16.2.1 mapping\_info()

```
void mapping_info (
     void )
```

Displays a table to see where all pins have been mapped, what channels have been linked where and the i/o of each mappable pin.

Definition at line 3 of file util.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 4.16.2.2 sleep\_msec()

```
void sleep_msec (
          int msec )
```

Wait for msec milliseconds.

#### **Parameters**

ms The amount of milliseconds the PYNQ should stay idle

Definition at line 2 of file util.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

4.17 Versioning library 85

## 4.17 Versioning library

#### **Data Structures**

· struct version t

#### **Functions**

- void print\_version (void)
- · void check version (void)

#### **Variables**

· const version t libpyng version

### 4.17.1 Detailed Description

Typedef and functions to check the version and compatibility of the libpyng library and the FPGA bitstream.

Semantic versioning ( https://semver.org) is used. Given a version number MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH, increment the:

- MAJOR version when you make incompatible API changes between libpynq and FPGA bitstream (SD-card image)
- MINOR version when you add functionality in a backward compatible manner.
- PATCH version when you make backward compatible bug fixes.

When the libpyng library version and the FPGA bitstream version are not the same:

- libpynq.MAJOR < bitstream.MAJOR: you MUST update libpynq to the latest version compatible with the bitstream version. The check\_version function will fail and exit your program.
- libpynq.MAJOR > bitstream.MAJOR: you MUST update the bitstream to the latest version compatible with the libpynq version (or downgrade the libpynq version to bitstream.MAJOR). The print/check\_version function will fail and exit your program.
- libpynq.MINOR > bitstream.MINOR: it is recommended to update the bitstream to the latest version compatible with the libpynq version. The print version function will print an INFO message.
- libpynq.MINOR < bitstream.MINOR: it is recommended to update the libpynq to the latest version compatible with the bitstream version. The print\_version function will print an INFO message.
- libpynq.PATCH != bitstream.PATCH: no action required

### 4.17.2 Function Documentation

#### 4.17.2.1 check\_version()

```
void check_version (
     void )
```

Check the version of the hardware (bitstream) and the libpynq library. Called by e.g. the switchbox but can also be called in user code.

Warning

Fails with program exit when versions are incompatible.

Definition at line 19 of file version.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 4.17.2.2 print\_version()

Print the version of the hardware (bitstream) and the libpyng library.

Prints INFO message when minor/patch versions are different.

Definition at line 18 of file version.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 4.17.3 Variable Documentation

### 4.17.3.1 libpynq\_version

```
const version_t libpynq_version [extern]
```

Constant containing the version of this the libpynq library.

Definition at line 12 of file version.c.

# **Chapter 5**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

# 5.1 arm\_shared\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- int file\_descriptor
- uint32 t address
- uint32\_t length
- void \* mmaped\_region

### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 39 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h.

### 5.1.2 Field Documentation

### 5.1.2.1 address

```
uint32_t arm_shared_t::address
```

Definition at line 41 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h.

### 5.1.2.2 file\_descriptor

```
int arm_shared_t::file_descriptor
```

Definition at line 40 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h.

### 5.1.2.3 length

```
uint32_t arm_shared_t::length
```

Definition at line 42 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h.

### 5.1.2.4 mmaped\_region

```
void* arm_shared_t::mmaped_region
```

Definition at line 43 of file arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• library/arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h

# 5.2 display\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <display.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- uint16\_t \_width
- uint16\_t \_height
- uint16\_t \_offsetx
- uint16\_t \_offsety
- uint16\_t \_font\_direction
- uint16\_t \_font\_fill
- uint16\_t \_font\_fill\_color
- uint16 t font underline
- uint16\_t \_font\_underline\_color
- int16\_t \_dc
- int16\_t \_bl

### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Internal type, do not use. Type of display that stores parameters for usage in different functions.

Definition at line 112 of file display.h.

### 5.2.2 Field Documentation

### 5.2.2.1 \_bl

```
int16_t display_t::_bl
```

Definition at line 123 of file display.h.

### 5.2.2.2 \_dc

```
int16_t display_t::_dc
```

Definition at line 122 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.3 \_font\_direction

```
uint16_t display_t::_font_direction
```

Definition at line 117 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.4 \_font\_fill

```
uint16_t display_t::_font_fill
```

Definition at line 118 of file display.h.

### 5.2.2.5 \_font\_fill\_color

```
uint16_t display_t::_font_fill_color
```

Definition at line 119 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.6 \_font\_underline

```
uint16_t display_t::_font_underline
```

Definition at line 120 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.7 \_font\_underline\_color

```
uint16_t display_t::_font_underline_color
```

Definition at line 121 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.8 \_height

```
uint16_t display_t::_height
```

Definition at line 114 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.9 \_offsetx

```
uint16_t display_t::_offsetx
```

Definition at line 115 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.10 \_offsety

```
uint16_t display_t::_offsety
```

Definition at line 116 of file display.h.

# 5.2.2.11 \_width

```
uint16_t display_t::_width
```

Definition at line 113 of file display.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• library/display.h

# 5.3 FontxFile Struct Reference

```
#include <fontx.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

- const char \* path
- char fxname [10]
- bool opened
- bool valid
- bool is\_ank
- uint8\_t w
- uint8\_t h
- uint16\_t fsz
- uint8\_t bc
- FILE \* file

# 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Struct representing a font file.

Definition at line 28 of file fontx.h.

# 5.3.2 Field Documentation

# 5.3.2.1 bc

```
uint8_t FontxFile::bc
```

Background color of the font file.

Definition at line 38 of file fontx.h.

# 5.3.2.2 file

FILE\* FontxFile::file

Pointer to the font file stream.

Definition at line 39 of file fontx.h.

#### 5.3.2.3 fsz

uint16\_t FontxFile::fsz

Size of the font file in bytes.

Definition at line 37 of file fontx.h.

### 5.3.2.4 fxname

char FontxFile::fxname[10]

Name of the font file.

Definition at line 30 of file fontx.h.

# 5.3.2.5 h

uint8\_t FontxFile::h

Height of each character in the font file.

Definition at line 36 of file fontx.h.

# 5.3.2.6 is ank

bool FontxFile::is\_ank

Flag indicating whether the font file contains only ASCII characters.

Definition at line 33 of file fontx.h.

# 5.3.2.7 opened

bool FontxFile::opened

Flag indicating whether the font file is open.

Definition at line 31 of file fontx.h.

### 5.3.2.8 path

const char\* FontxFile::path

Path to the font file.

Definition at line 29 of file fontx.h.

#### 5.3.2.9 valid

bool FontxFile::valid

Flag indicating whether the font file is valid.

Definition at line 32 of file fontx.h.

# 5.3.2.10 w

uint8\_t FontxFile::w

Width of each character in the font file.

Definition at line 35 of file fontx.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• library/fontx.h

# 5.4 pin Struct Reference

# **Data Fields**

- char \* name
- char \* state
- uint8\_t channel

# 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 99 of file switchbox.c.

# 5.4.2 Field Documentation

### 5.4.2.1 channel

uint8\_t pin::channel

Definition at line 102 of file switchbox.c.

# 5.4.2.2 name

char\* pin::name

Definition at line 100 of file switchbox.c.

### 5.4.2.3 state

```
char* pin::state
```

Definition at line 101 of file switchbox.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· library/switchbox.c

# 5.5 pin\_state\_t Struct Reference

### **Data Fields**

- char \* name
- gpio\_direction\_t state
- uint8\_t channel
- char \* level

# 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 25 of file util.c.

# 5.5.2 Field Documentation

# 5.5.2.1 channel

uint8\_t pin\_state\_t::channel

Definition at line 28 of file util.c.

# 5.5.2.2 level

char\* pin\_state\_t::level

Definition at line 29 of file util.c.

# 5.5.2.3 name

```
char* pin_state_t::name
```

Definition at line 26 of file util.c.

# 5.5.2.4 state

```
gpio_direction_t pin_state_t::state
```

Definition at line 27 of file util.c.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• library/util.c

# 5.6 version t Struct Reference

```
#include <version.h>
```

### **Data Fields**

- uint8\_t release [64]
- uint32\_t major
- uint32\_t minor
- · uint32\_t patch

# 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Typedef of version.

Definition at line 63 of file version.h.

# 5.6.2 Field Documentation

# 5.6.2.1 major

```
uint32_t version_t::major
```

Definition at line 65 of file version.h.

# 5.6.2.2 minor

```
uint32_t version_t::minor
```

Definition at line 66 of file version.h.

# 5.6.2.3 patch

```
\verb"uint32_t version_t::patch"
```

Definition at line 67 of file version.h.

# 5.6.2.4 release

```
uint8_t version_t::release[64]
```

Definition at line 64 of file version.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• library/version.h

Data	Structi	ıra l	Docum	entation

# **Chapter 6**

# **File Documentation**

# 6.1 library/adc.h File Reference

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for adc.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum adc_channel_t {
    ADC0 = ((0x240 / 4) + 1) , ADC1 = ((0x240 / 4) + 9) , ADC2 = ((0x240 / 4) + 6) , ADC3 = ((0x240 / 4) + 15) , ADC4 = ((0x240 / 4) + 5) , ADC5 = ((0x240 / 4) + 13) }
```

### **Functions**

- bool initialized adc (void)
- void adc init (void)
- void adc\_destroy (void)
- double adc\_read\_channel (adc\_channel\_t channel)
- uint32\_t adc\_read\_channel\_raw (adc\_channel\_t channel)

# 6.2 adc.h

# Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00010
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
```

```
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef ADC H
00023 #define ADC_H
00025 #include <stdbool.h>
00026 #include <stdint.h>
00027
00043 typedef enum {
       ADC0 = ((0x240 / 4) + 1),
00045
        ADC1 = ((0x240 / 4) + 9),
00047
ADC4 = ((0x240 / 4) + 5),

ADC5 = ((0x240 / 4) + 13),
00053
00055
00056 } adc_channel_t;
00057
00062 extern bool initialized_adc(void);
00063
00067 extern void adc_init(void);
00068
00073 extern void adc destroy (void);
00074
00082 extern double adc_read_channel(adc_channel_t channel);
00083
00090 extern uint32_t adc_read_channel_raw(adc_channel_t channel);
00091
00096 #endif // ADC H
```

# 6.3 library/arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Data Structures**

· struct arm\_shared\_t

### **Typedefs**

· typedef struct arm\_shared\_t arm\_shared

# **Functions**

- void \* arm\_shared\_init (arm\_shared \*handle, const uint32\_t address, const uint32\_t length)
- void arm\_shared\_close (arm\_shared \*handle)

# 6.4 arm\_shared\_memory\_system.h

# Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
```

```
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef __ARM_SHARED_MEMORY_SYSTEMH_
00023 #define __ARM_SHARED_MEMORY_SYSTEMH_
00024
00037 #include <stdint.h>
00038
00039 struct arm shared t {
00040 int file_descriptor;
00041
       uint32_t address;
00042 uint32_t length;
00043
       void *mmaped_region;
00044 };
00048 typedef struct arm_shared_t arm_shared;
00060 extern void *arm_shared_init(arm_shared *handle, const uint32_t address,
00061
                                   const uint32_t length);
00062
00069 extern void arm_shared_close(arm_shared *handle);
00070
00074 #endif // ARM READ SHARED H
```

# 6.5 library/audio.h File Reference

#include <stdint.h>

Include dependency graph for audio.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

- #define LINE IN 0
- #define MIC 1
- #define IIC\_SLAVE\_ADDR 0x3B
- #define IIC SCLK RATE 400000
- #define I2S\_DATA\_RX\_L\_REG 0x00
- #define I2S DATA RX R REG 0x04
- #define I2S\_DATA\_TX\_L\_REG 0x08
- #define I2S\_DATA\_TX\_R\_REG 0x0C
- #define I2S\_STATUS\_REG 0x10

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum audio_adau1761_regs {
        R0_CLOCK_CONTROL = 0x00 , R1_PLL_CONTROL = 0x02 , R2_DIGITAL_MIC_JACK_DETECTION_CONTROL
        = 0x08 , R3_RECORD_POWER_MANAGEMENT = 0x09 ,
        R4_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0 = 0x0A , R5_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1 = 0x0B ,
        R6_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0 = 0x0C , R7_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1 = 0x0D
        ,
        R8_LEFT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x0E , R9_RIGHT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL
        = 0x0F , R10_RECORD_MICROPHONE_BIAS_CONTROL = 0x10 , R11_ALC_CONTROL_0 = 0x11 ,
        R12_ALC_CONTROL_1 = 0x12 , R13_ALC_CONTROL_2 = 0x13 , R14_ALC_CONTROL_3 = 0x14 ,
        R15_SERIAL_PORT_CONTROL_0 = 0x15 ,
        R16_SERIAL_PORT_CONTROL_1 = 0x16 , R17_CONVERTER_CONTROL_0 = 0x17 , R18_CONVERTER_CONTROL_1
        = 0x18 , R19_ADC_CONTROL = 0x19 ,
```

```
R20_LEFT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME = 0x1A , R21_RIGHT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME = 0x1B
R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0 = 0x1C , R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1
= 0x1D.
R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0 = 0x1E , R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1 =
0x1F, R26 PLAYBACK LR MIXER LEFT LINE OUTPUT CONTROL = 0x20, R27 PLAYBACK LR MIXER RIGHT LINE
R28 PLAYBACK LR MIXER MONO OUTPUT CONTROL = 0x22, R29 PLAYBACK HEADPHONE LEFT VOLUME CON
= 0x23, R30 PLAYBACK HEADPHONE RIGHT VOLUME CONTROL = 0x24, R31 PLAYBACK LINE OUTPUT LEFT VC
R32 PLAYBACK LINE OUTPUT RIGHT VOLUME CONTROL = 0x26, R33 PLAYBACK MONO OUTPUT CONTROL
= 0x27, R34 PLAYBACK POP CLICK SUPPRESSION = 0x28, R35 PLAYBACK POWER MANAGEMENT
= 0x29,
R36\_DAC\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x2A, R37\_DAC\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x2B, R38\_DAC\_CONTROL\_2 = 0x2C,
R39 SERIAL PORT PAD CONTROL = 0x2D,
R40_CONTROL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL_0 = 0x2F, R41_CONTROL_PORT_PAD_CONTROL_1 = 0x30,
R42_JACK_DETECT_PIN_CONTROL = 0x31, R67_DEJITTER_CONTROL = 0x36,
R58 SERIAL INPUT ROUTE CONTROL = 0xF2, R59 SERIAL OUTPUT ROUTE CONTROL = 0xF3,
R61 DSP ENABLE = 0xF5, R62 DSP RUN = 0xF6,
R63_DSP_SLEW_MODES = 0xF7, R64_SERIAL_PORT_SAMPLING_RATE = 0xF8, R65_CLOCK_ENABLE_0
= 0xF9, R66 CLOCK ENABLE 1 = 0xFA
```

#### **Functions**

- void audio init (void)
- void audio\_select\_input (int input)
- · void write audio reg (unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data, int iic fd)
- void config\_audio\_pll (void)
- · void config audio codec (void)
- void select\_line\_in (void)
- void select\_mic (void)
- void deselect (void)
- void audio\_bypass (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_← index)
- void audio\_record (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, int uio\_
  index)
- void audio\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_index)
- void audio\_repeat\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, unsigned int repetitions)
- void audio\_generate\_tone (unsigned int frequency, uint32\_t time\_ms, unsigned int volume)

# 6.6 audio.h

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #ifndef AUDIO_H
00002 #define AUDIO_H
00003 #include <stdint.h>
00004
00032 #define LINE_IN 0
00033 #define MIC 1
00034
00035 // Slave address for the ADAU audio controller 8
00036 #define IIC_SLAVE_ADDR 0x3B
00037
00038 // I2C Serial Clock frequency in Hertz
00039 #define IIC_SCLK_RATE 400000
00040
00040
00041 // I2S Register
00042 #define I2S_DATA_RX_L_REG 0x00
```

6.6 audio.h

```
00043 #define I2S_DATA_RX_R_REG 0x04
00044 #define I2S_DATA_TX_L_REG 0x08
00045 #define I2S_DATA_TX_R_REG 0x0C
00046 #define I2S_STATUS_REG 0x10
00047
00048 // Audio registers
00049 enum audio_adau1761_regs {
00050
        R0\_CLOCK\_CONTROL = 0x00,
00051
        R1\_PLL\_CONTROL = 0x02,
        R2_DIGITAL_MIC_JACK_DETECTION_CONTROL = 0x08, R3_RECORD_POWER_MANAGEMENT = 0x09,
00052
00053
        R4\_RECORD\_MIXER\_LEFT\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x0A,
00054
        R5_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1 = 0x0B,
00055
00056
        R6\_RECORD\_MIXER\_RIGHT\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x0C
00057
        R7\_RECORD\_MIXER\_RIGHT\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x0D,
00058
        R8\_LEFT\_DIFFERENTIAL\_INPUT\_VOLUME\_CONTROL = 0x0E,
        R9_RIGHT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x0F, R10_RECORD_MICROPHONE_BIAS_CONTROL = 0x10,
00059
00060
        R11\_ALC\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x11,
00061
00062
        R12\_ALC\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x12,
00063
        R13\_ALC\_CONTROL\_2 = 0x13,
        R14\_ALC\_CONTROL\_3 = 0x14,
00064
        R15\_SERIAL\_PORT\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x15,
00065
        R16\_SERIAL\_PORT\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x16,
00066
00067
        R17_{CONVERTER_{CONTROL_0} = 0 \times 17,
        R18\_CONVERTER\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x18,
00068
00069
        R19\_ADC\_CONTROL = 0x19,
00070
        R20_LEFT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME = 0x1A,
00071
        R21_RIGHT_INPUT_DIGITAL_VOLUME = 0x1B,
        R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0 = 0x1C,
00072
00073
        R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1 = 0x1D,
00074
        R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0 = 0x1E,
00075
        R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1 = 0x1F,
00076
        R26_PLAYBACK_LR_MIXER_LEFT_LINE_OUTPUT_CONTROL = 0x20,
00077
        R27\_PLAYBACK\_LR\_MIXER\_RIGHT\_LINE\_OUTPUT\_CONTROL = 0x21,
        R28_PLAYBACK_LR_MIXER_MONO_OUTPUT_CONTROL = 0x22,
R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x23,
00078
00079
        R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x24,
00080
00081
         R31_PLAYBACK_LINE_OUTPUT_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x25,
00082
        R32_PLAYBACK_LINE_OUTPUT_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL = 0x26,
        R33_PLAYBACK_MONO_OUTPUT_CONTROL = 0x27,
R34_PLAYBACK_POP_CLICK_SUPPRESSION = 0x28,
R35_PLAYBACK_POWER_MANAGEMENT = 0x29,
00083
00084
00085
00086
        R36\_DAC\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x2A,
        R37\_DAC\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x2B,
00087
00088
        R38\_DAC\_CONTROL\_2 = 0x2C,
00089
        R39\_SERIAL\_PORT\_PAD\_CONTROL = 0x2D,
00090
        R40\_CONTROL\_PORT\_PAD\_CONTROL\_0 = 0x2F,
        R41\_CONTROL\_PORT\_PAD\_CONTROL\_1 = 0x30,
00091
00092
        R42\_JACK\_DETECT\_PIN\_CONTROL = 0x31,
        R67\_DEJITTER\_CONTROL = 0x36,
00093
00094
        R58_SERIAL_INPUT_ROUTE_CONTROL = 0xF2,
00095
        R59_SERIAL_OUTPUT_ROUTE_CONTROL = 0xF3,
00096
        R61\_DSP\_ENABLE = 0xF5,
00097
        R62\_DSP\_RUN = 0xF6,
00098
        R63_DSP_SLEW_MODES = 0xF7,
00099
        R64_SERIAL_PORT_SAMPLING_RATE = 0xF8,
00100
        R65\_CLOCK\_ENABLE\_0 = 0xF9,
00101
        R66\_CLOCK\_ENABLE\_1 = 0xFA
00102 };
00103
00109 extern void audio init(void);
00110
00116 extern void audio_select_input(int input);
00117
00118 // Original ADAU1761 code
00119
00120 extern void write_audio_reg(unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data,
00121
                                      int iic fd);
00123 extern void config_audio_pll(void);
00124
00125 extern void config_audio_codec(void);
00126
00130 extern void select line in(void);
00131
00135 extern void select_mic(void);
00136
00140 extern void deselect (void);
00141
00149 extern void audio_bypass(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int nsamples,
                                  unsigned int volume, int uio_index);
00164 extern void audio_record(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr,
00165
                                  unsigned int nsamples, int uio_index);
00166
00167 /*
```

```
00168 \,\,\star\, @brief Function to support audio playing without the audio codec controller.
00170 \star Notice that the buffer has to be twice the size of the number of samples,
00171 \,\,\star\, because both left and right channels are sampled.
00172
      * Consecutive indexes are played synchronisly on left and right output.
00173 *
00174 * @param audio_mmap_size is the address range of the audio codec.
00175 * @param BufAddr is the buffer address.
                  nsamples is the number of samples.
uio_index is the uio index in /dev list.
00176 * @param
00177 * @param
00178 * @param volume is the volume of the output.
00179 */
00180 extern void audio_play(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr,
                                 unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume,
00181
00182
                                 int uio_index);
00183
00193 extern void audio_repeat_play(unsigned int audio_mmap_size,
00194
                                         unsigned int *BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples,
                                         unsigned int volume, unsigned int repetitions);
00195
00196
00197 /*
00198 \,\star\, @brief Function to generate a specific tone on the audio output.
00199 \star @param \, frequency is the frequency in Hz to be played. 00200 \star @param \, time_ms is the time the frequency should be played in ms.
00201 * @param volume is the volume of the output.
00203 extern void audio_generate_tone(unsigned int frequency, uint32_t time_ms,
00204
                                           unsigned int volume);
00205
00210 #endif
```

# 6.7 library/buttons.h File Reference

#include <gpio.h>

Include dependency graph for buttons.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Macros**

- #define BUTTON\_NOT\_PUSHED 0
- #define BUTTON PUSHED 1
- #define SWITCH OFF 0
- #define SWITCH ON 1

### **Enumerations**

- enum button\_index\_t {
   BUTTON0 , BUTTON1 , BUTTON2 , BUTTON3 ,
   NUM BUTTONS }
- enum switches\_index\_t { SWITCH0 , SWITCH1 , NUM\_SWITCHES }

### **Functions**

- void switches\_init (void)
- void switches\_destroy (void)
- void buttons\_init (void)
- void buttons\_destroy (void)
- int get\_button\_state (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_button\_state (const int button, const int state)
- int sleep\_msec\_button\_pushed (const int button, const int msec)
- void sleep msec buttons pushed (int button states[], const int ms)
- int wait\_until\_button\_pushed (const int button)
- int wait until button released (const int button)
- · int wait until any button pushed (void)
- int wait\_until\_any\_button\_released (void)
- int get\_switch\_state (const int switch\_num)

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# 6.8 buttons.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
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00003
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00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef BUTTONS H
00023 #define BUTTONS_H
00024
00025 #include <gpio.h>
00026
00074 #define BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED 0
00075 #define BUTTON_PUSHED 1
00076 #define SWITCH OFF 0
00077 #define SWITCH_ON 1
00078
00086 typedef enum { BUTTONO, BUTTON1, BUTTON2, BUTTON3, NUM_BUTTONS } button_index_t;
00087
00094 typedef enum { SWITCH0, SWITCH1, NUM_SWITCHES } switches_index_t;
00095
00099 extern void switches init (void);
00104 extern void switches destroy(void);
00105
00109 extern void buttons_init(void);
00110
00114 extern void buttons destroy (void);
00115
00123 extern int get_button_state(const int button);
00124
00135 extern int wait_until_button_state(const int button, const int state);
00136
00147 extern int sleep_msec_button_pushed(const int button, const int msec);
00148
00157 extern void sleep_msec_buttons_pushed(int button_states[], const int ms);
00158
00167 extern int wait_until_button_pushed(const int button);
00168
00177 extern int wait_until_button_released(const int button);
00178
00186 extern int wait_until_any_button_pushed(void);
00195 extern int wait_until_any_button_released(void);
00196
00203 extern int get_switch_state(const int switch_num);
00204
00209 #endif
```

# 6.9 library/display.c File Reference

```
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
#include <display.h>
#include <gpio.h>
#include <lcdconfig.h>
#include <log.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <platform.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <switchbox.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <util.h>
Include dependency graph for display.c:
```

#### **Macros**

- #define LOG\_DOMAIN "display"
- #define TAG "ST7789"
- #define DEBUG 0
- #define M PI 3.14159265358979323846
- #define GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT 1

#### **Enumerations**

enum spi\_mode\_t { SPI\_Data\_Mode = 1 , SPI\_Command\_Mode = 0 }

### **Functions**

- gpio\_level\_t spi\_to\_gpio (spi\_mode\_t mode)
- bool spi\_master\_write\_command (display\_t \*display, uint8\_t cmd)
- bool spi\_master\_write\_data\_byte (display\_t \*display, uint8\_t data)
- bool spi\_master\_write\_data\_word (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t data)
- bool spi\_master\_write\_addr (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t addr1, uint16\_t addr2)
- bool spi\_master\_write\_color (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color, uint16\_t size)
- bool spi\_master\_write\_colors (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t \*colors, uint16\_t size)
- void spi\_master\_init (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInit (display\_t \*display, int width, int height, int offsetx, int offsety)
- void display\_set\_flip (display\_t \*display, bool xflip, bool yflip)
- void display init (display t \*display)
- void display\_destroy (display\_t \*display \_\_attribute\_\_((unused)))
- void displayDrawPixel (display t \*display, uint16 t x, uint16 t y, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawMultiPixels (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint16\_t size, uint16\_t \*colors)
- void displayDrawFillRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDisplayOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayFillScreen (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawLine (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRectAngle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawTriangle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t x3, uint16\_t y3, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawTriangleCenter (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawCircle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x\_center, uint16\_t y\_center, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawFillCircle (display t \*display, uint16 t x center, uint16 t y center, uint16 t r, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawRoundRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- uint16\_t rgb\_conv (uint16\_t r, uint16\_t g, uint16\_t b)
- int displayDrawChar (display t \*display, FontxFile \*fxs, uint16 t x, uint16 t y, uint8 t ascii, uint16 t color)
- int displayDrawString (display\_t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint8\_t \*ascii, uint16\_t color)

- void displaySetFontDirection (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t dir)
- void displaySetFontFill (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayUnsetFontFill (display\_t \*display)
- void displaySetFontUnderLine (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayUnsetFontUnderLine (display t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOn (display t \*display)
- void displayInversionOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInversionOn (display\_t \*display)

# 6.9.1 Macro Definition Documentation

# 6.9.1.1 \_DEBUG\_

```
#define _DEBUG_ 0
```

Definition at line 38 of file display.c.

# 6.9.1.2 GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT

```
#define GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT 1
```

Definition at line 48 of file display.c.

# 6.9.1.3 LOG\_DOMAIN

```
#define LOG_DOMAIN "display"
```

Definition at line 35 of file display.c.

### 6.9.1.4 M\_PI

```
#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
```

Definition at line 40 of file display.c.

#### 6.9.1.5 TAG

```
#define TAG "ST7789"
```

Definition at line 37 of file display.c.

# 6.9.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 6.9.2.1 spi\_mode\_t

```
enum spi_mode_t
```

#### Enumerator

```
SPI_Data_Mode
SPI_Command_Mode
```

Definition at line 46 of file display.c.

# 6.9.3 Function Documentation

# 6.9.3.1 display\_destroy()

Definition at line 302 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 6.9.3.2 displayDrawMultiPixels()

Definition at line 332 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 6.9.3.3 displayInit()

Definition at line 225 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.9.3.4 spi\_master\_init()

Definition at line 144 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 6.9.3.5 spi\_master\_write\_addr()

Definition at line 92 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.9.3.6 spi\_master\_write\_color()

Definition at line 111 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 6.9.3.7 spi master write colors()

Definition at line 126 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.9.3.8 spi\_master\_write\_command()

Definition at line 61 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 6.9.3.9 spi\_master\_write\_data\_byte()

Definition at line 70 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 6.9.3.10 spi\_master\_write\_data\_word()

Definition at line 79 of file display.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 6.9.3.11 spi\_to\_gpio()

Definition at line 50 of file display.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.10 display.c

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00021 */
00022 #include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
00023 #include <display.h>
00024 #include <gpio.h>
00025 #include <lcdconfig.h>
00026 #include <log.h>
00027 #include <math.h>
00028 #include <platform.h>
00029 #include <string.h>
00030 #include <switchbox.h>
00031 #include <unistd.h>
00032 #include <util.h>
00033
00034 #undef LOG_DOMAIN
00035 #define LOG_DOMAIN "display"
00036
00037 #define TAG "ST7789"
00038 #define _DEBUG_ 0
00039
00040 #define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
00041
00042 static arm_shared spi0_handle;
00043 static volatile uint32_t *spi0 = NULL;
00044
00045 // states that are set for usage of the DC pin in SPI
00046 typedef enum { SPI_Data_Mode = 1, SPI_Command_Mode = 0 } spi_mode_t;
00047
```

6.10 display.c 109

```
00048 #define GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT 1
00049
00050 gpio_level_t spi_to_gpio(spi_mode_t mode) {
00051
        switch (mode) {
        case SPI_Data_Mode:
    return GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH;
00052
00053
        case SPI_Command_Mode:
00055
          return GPIO_LEVEL_LOW;
        default:
00056
00057
          return GPIO_LEVEL_LOW;
00058
00059 }
00060
00061 bool spi_master_write_command(display_t *display, uint8_t cmd) {
00062
        gpio_set_level(display->_dc, spi_to_gpio(SPI_Command_Mode));
00063
        spi0[0x68 / 4] = cmd;
        while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 4) == 0) {
00064
00065
00066
        usleep(1);
00067
        return true;
00068 }
00069
00070 bool spi_master_write_data_byte(display_t *display, uint8_t data) {
00071
        gpio_set_level(display->_dc, spi_to_gpio(SPI_Data_Mode));
00072
00073
        spi0[0x68 / 4] = data;
00074
        while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 4) == 0) {
00075
00076
        return true;
00077 }
00078
00079 bool spi_master_write_data_word(display_t *display, uint16_t data) {
08000
        static uint8_t Byte[2];
00081
        Byte[0] = (data \gg 8) & 0xFF;
        Byte[1] = data & 0xFF;
00082
        gpio_set_level(display->_dc, spi_to_gpio(SPI_Data_Mode));
spi0[0x68 / 4] = Byte[0];
spi0[0x68 / 4] = Byte[1];
00083
00084
00085
00086
00087
        while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 4) == 0) {
00088
00089
        return true;
00090 }
00091
00092 bool spi_master_write_addr(display_t *display, uint16_t addr1, uint16_t addr2) {
         static uint8_t Byte[4];
00093
00094
        Byte[0] = (addr1 \gg 8) & 0xFF;
        Byte[1] = addr1 & 0xFF;
00095
        Byte[2] = (addr2 » 8) & 0xFF;
Byte[3] = addr2 & 0xFF;
00096
00097
00098
        gpio_set_level(display->_dc, spi_to_gpio(SPI_Data_Mode));
00099
00100
        // check ordering
        spi0[0x68 / 4] = Byte[0];
spi0[0x68 / 4] = Byte[1];
spi0[0x68 / 4] = Byte[2];
spi0[0x68 / 4] = Byte[3];
00101
00102
00103
00104
00105
00106
        while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 4) == 0) {
00107
00108
        return true:
00109 }
00110
00111 bool spi_master_write_color(display_t *display, uint16_t color, uint16_t size) {
00112
        gpio_set_level(display->_dc, spi_to_gpio(SPI_Data_Mode));
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00113
          while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 8) == 8) {
00114
00115
00116
           spi0[0x68 / 4] = (color » 8) & 0xFF;
           while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) \& 8) == 8) {
00117
00118
00119
           spi0[0x68 / 4] = (color) & 0xFF;
00120
        while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 4) == 0) {
00121
00122
00123
         return -1:
00124 }
00125
00126 bool spi_master_write_colors(display_t *display, uint16_t *colors, 00127 uint16_t size) {
         gpio_set_level(display->_dc, spi_to_gpio(SPI_Data_Mode));
00128
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
00129
00130
          while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) \& 8) == 8) {
00131
          spi0[0x68 / 4] = (colors[i] » 8) & 0xFF;
while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 8) == 8) {
00132
00133
00134
```

```
spi0[0x68 / 4] = (colors[i]) & 0xFF;
00136
        // wait till empty, then add a small extra buffer
00137
        // because last byte we don't exactly know when send. while (((spi0[0x64 / 4]) & 4) == 0) {
00138
00139
00140
00141
        return true;
00142 }
00143
00144 void spi_master_init(display_t *display) {
00145
        \ensuremath{//} linking given pins in the switchbox
        switchbox_set_pin(LCD_MOSI, SWB_SPI1_MOSI);
00146
00147
        switchbox_set_pin(LCD_SCLK, SWB_SPI1_CLK);
00148
        switchbox_set_pin(LCD_CS, SWB_SPI1_SS);
00149
        switchbox_set_pin(LCD_DC, SWB_GPIO);
00150
        switchbox_set_pin(LCD_RESET, SWB_GPIO);
00151
        switchbox_set_pin(LCD_BL, SWB_GPIO);
00152
00153
        // setting the appropriate direction of each protocol pin
        gpio_set_direction(LCD_DC, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00154
00155
        gpio_set_direction(LCD_RESET, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
        gpio_set_direction(LCD_BL, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
gpio_set_level(LCD_DC, GPIO_LEVEL_LOW);
00156
00157
00158
        gpio set level(LCD RESET, GPIO LEVEL LOW);
00159
        gpio_set_level(LCD_BL, GPIO_LEVEL_LOW);
00160
00161
        // creating a shared memory instance for communicating the hardware addresses
00162
        // of the linked pins
00163
        spi0 = arm_shared_init(&spi0_handle, axi_quad_spi_1, 4096);
        if (_DEBUG_)
00164
        printf("spi reset: %08X\n", spi0[0x40 / 4]);
spi0[0x40 / 4] = 0x0000000a;
00165
00166
00167
        if (_DEBUG_)
00168
         printf("spi control: %08X\n", spi0[0x60 / 4]);
00169
        spi0[0x60 / 4] = (1 « 4) | (1 « 3) | (1 « 2) | (1 « 1);
        if ( DEBUG )
00170
         printf("spi control: %08X\n", spi0[0x60 / 4]);
00171
        if (_DEBUG_)
00172
00173
         printf("spi status: %08X\n", spi0[0x64 / 4]);
00174
00175
        // select slave 1
        spi0[0x70 / 4] = 0;
00176
        if (_DEBUG_)
00177
00178
         printf("spi control: %08X\n", spi0[0x60 / 4]);
00179
        if (_DEBUG_)
          printf("testing DISPLAY\n");
00180
00181
        if (_DEBUG_)
          printf("LCD_CS=%d\n", LCD_CS);
00182
        if (LCD_CS >= 0) {
00183
00184
         gpio_reset_pin(LCD_CS);
          gpio_set_direction(LCD_CS, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
00185
00186
          gpio_set_level(LCD_CS, 0);
00187
00188
        if ( DEBUG )
00189
         printf("LCD_DC=%d", LCD_DC);
00190
        gpio_reset_pin(LCD_DC);
00192
        gpio_set_direction(LCD_DC, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
00193
        gpio_set_level(LCD_DC, 0);
00194
        if ( DEBUG )
         printf("LCD_RESET=%d", LCD_RESET);
00195
00196
00197
        if (LCD_RESET >= 0) {
00198
         gpio_reset_pin(LCD_RESET);
00199
          gpio_set_direction(LCD_RESET, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
00200
          gpio_set_level(LCD_RESET, 1);
00201
          sleep_msec(100);
          gpio_set_level(LCD_RESET, 0);
00202
00203
          sleep_msec(500);
          gpio_set_level(LCD_RESET, 1);
00204
00205
          sleep_msec(300);
00206
00207
        if ( DEBUG )
00208
         printf("LCD_BL=%d", LCD_BL);
00209
00210
        if (LCD_BL >= 0) {
00211
         gpio_reset_pin(LCD_BL);
00212
          gpio_set_direction(LCD_BL, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
00213
          gpio_set_level(LCD_BL, 0);
00214
00215
00216
        if (_DEBUG_)
00217
         printf("LCD_MOSI=%d", LCD_MOSI);
           (_DEBUG_)
00218
00219
         printf("LCD_SCLK=%d\n", LCD_SCLK);
00220
00221
        display-> dc = LCD DC:
```

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```
00222
       display->_bl = LCD_BL;
00223 }
00224
00225 void displayInit(display_t *display, int width, int height, int offsetx,
00226
                       int offsety) {
       spi_master_init(display);
00227
       display->_width = width;
00229
        display->_height = height;
00230
       display->_offsetx = offsetx;
00231
        display->_offsety = offsety;
       display->_font_direction = TEXT_DIRECTION0;
00232
       display->_font_fill = false;
00233
00234
       display->_font_underline = false;
00235
00236
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x01); // software Reset
00237
       sleep_msec(150);
00238
00239
       spi_master_write_command(display, 0x11); // sleep Out
00240
       sleep_msec(255);
00241
00242
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x3A); // Interface Pixel Format
00243
        spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0x55);
00244
       sleep_msec(10);
00245
00246
       spi_master_write_command(display, 0x36); // Memory Data Access Control
00247
       spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0x00);
00248
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2A); // Column Address Set
00249
00250
        spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0x00);
00251
       spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0x00);
00252
       spi master write data byte(display, 0x00);
00253
       spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0xF0);
00254
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2B); // Row Address Set
00255
00256
       spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0x00);
00257
        spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0x00);
00258
       spi master write data byte(display, 0x00);
00259
       spi_master_write_data_byte(display, 0xF0);
00260
00261
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x21); // Display Inversion On
00262
       sleep_msec(10);
00263
       spi_master_write_command(display, 0x13); // Normal Display Mode On
00264
00265
       sleep_msec(10);
00266
00267
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x29); // Display ON
00268
       sleep_msec(255);
00269
00270
       if (display->_bl >= 0) {
00271
         gpio_set_level(display->_bl, 1);
00272
       }
00273 }
00274
00275 void display_set_flip(display_t *display, bool xflip, bool yflip) {
00276
       if (display == NULL) {
00277
         pynq_error("display_destroy: display has not been initialized\n");
00278
00279
       if (display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH || display->_height != DISPLAY_HEIGHT) {
00280
        pynq_error("display_destroy: internal error (wrong display hardware)\n");
00281
00282
       spi_master_write_command(display, 0x36); // Memory Data Access Control
00283
       uint8_t set = (yflip \ll 7) | (xflip \ll 6);
00284
       spi_master_write_data_byte(display, set);
00285
          (yflip) {
00286
         display->_offsety = 320 - display->_height;
00287
       } else {
00288
         display->_offsety = 0;
00289
00290
       if (xflip) {
00291
         display->_offsetx = 240 - display->_width;
00292
00293
         display->_offsetx = 0;
00294
00295 }
00296
00297 void display_init(display_t *display)
00298
       displayInit(display, DISPLAY_WIDTH, DISPLAY_HEIGHT, 0, 0);
00299
       display_set_flip(display, true, true);
00300 }
00301
00302 void display_destroy(display_t *display __attribute__((unused))) {
       if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH)
00303
00304
         pynq_error("display_destroy: display has not been initialized\n");
00305
00306
        // if channel is open
00307
       if (spi0 != NULL) {
00308
          (void) arm shared close (&spi0 handle);
```

```
spi0 = NULL;
00310
00311 }
00312
00316
          pynq_error("displayDrawPixel: display has not been initialized\n");
00317
00318
        pynq_error("displayDrawPixel: x=%d y=%d outside screen boundaries\n", x, y);
}
         if (x \ge display - \ge width || y \ge display - \ge height) {
00319
00320
        uint16_t _x = x + display->_offsetx;
uint16_t _y = y + display->_offsety;
00321
00322
00323
00324
         spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2A); // set column(x) address
        spi_master_write_addr(display, _x, _x);
spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2B); // set Page(y) address
00325
00326
        spi_master_write_addr(display, _y, _y);
spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2C); // memory write
00327
00328
00329
         spi_master_write_data_word(display, color);
00330 }
00331
00335
          pynq_error("displayDrawMultiPixels: display has not been initialized\n");
00336
00337
         if (x > display->_width || x + size > display->_width ||
00338
             y >= display->_height) {
00339
           \label{linear_prop} $$ pynq\_error($ "displayDrawMultiPixels: x=%d y=%d size=%d outside screen boundaries\n", $$ $$ $$
00340
00341
               x, y, size);
00342
00343
         uint16_t _x1 = x + display->_offsetx;
00344
        uint16_t _x2 = _x1 + size;
uint16_t _y1 = y + display->_offsety;
uint16_t _y2 = _y1;
00345
00347
00348
00349
         {\tt spi\_master\_write\_command(display, 0x2A); // set column(x) \ address}
00350
        spi_master_write_addr(display, _x1, _x2);
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2B); // set Page(y) address
00351
         spi_master_write_addr(display, _y1, _y2);
00352
         spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2C); // memory write
00353
00354
         spi_master_write_colors(display, colors, size);
00355 }
00356
00357 void displayDrawFillRect(display t *display, uint16 t x1, uint16 t v1,
         uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t color) {

if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00358
00359
00360
         pynq_error("displayDrawPixel: display has not been initialized\n");
00361
         if (x1 \ge display-\ge width \mid \mid x2 \ge display-\ge width \mid \mid y1 \ge display-\ge height \mid \mid y2 \ge display-\ge height) {
00362
00363
           pynq_error("displayDrawFillRect: x1=%d y1=%d x2=%d y2=%d outside screen '
00364
                        "boundaries\n",
00365
00366
                       x1, y1, x2, y2);
00367
00368
         // swapping points so that it is always plotted from x1 y1 bottom left, x2 y2
         // top right
00369
00370
         uint16_t x1_{temp} = x1, x2_{temp} = x2;
         uint16_t y1_temp = y1, y2_temp = y2;
00371
00372
         if (x1 > x2) {
00373
          x1 = x2\_temp;
00374
          x2 = x1_{temp};
00375
00376
00377
         if (y1 > y2) {
         y1 = y2_temp;
00378
00379
           y2 = y1_{temp};
00380
00381
         // printf("offset(x)=%d offset(y)=%d",display->_offsetx,display->_offsety);
00382
        uint16_t _x1 = x1 + display->_offsetx;
uint16_t _x2 = x2 + display->_offsetx;
00383
00384
00385
         uint16_t _y1 = y1 + display->_offsety;
00386
         uint16_t _y2 = y2 + display->_offsety;
00387
00388
         spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2A); // set column(x) address
00389
         spi_master_write_addr(display, _x1, _x2);
         spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2B); // set Page(y) address
00390
00391
         spi_master_write_addr(display, _y1, _y2);
00392
         spi_master_write_command(display, 0x2C); // memory write
         for (int i = _x1; i <= _x2; i++) {
  uint16_t size = _y2 - _y1 + 1;
  spi_master_write_color(display, color, size);</pre>
00393
00394
00395
```

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```
00396
00397 }
00398
00399 void displayDisplayOff(display_t *display) {
       if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
    pynq_error("displayDisplayOff: display has not been initialized\n");
00400
00401
00403
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x28); // display off
00404 }
00405
00406 void displayDisplayOn(display_t *display) {
       if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00407
00408
          pynq_error("displayDisplayOn: display has not been initialized\n");
00409
00410
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x29); // display on
00411 }
00412
00415
          pynq_error("displayFillScreen: display has not been initialized\n");
00416
00417
        displayDrawFillRect(display, 0, 0, display->_width - 1, display->_height - 1,
00418
                              color);
00419 }
00420
00421 void displayDrawLine(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1, uint16_t x2,
00422
                             uint16_t y2, uint16_t color)
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00423
          pynq_error("displayDrawLine: display has not been initialized\n");
00424
00425
00426
        if (x1 >= display->_width || y1 >= display->_height) {
00427
         pyng_error("displayDrawLine: x1=%d y1=%d outside screen boundaries\n", x1,
00428
                      y1);
        } else if (x2 >= display->_width || y2 >= display->_height) {
   pynq_error("displayDrawLine: x2=%d y2=%d outside screen boundaries\n", x2,
00429
00430
00431
                      y2);
00432
00433
        int i;
00434
        int dx, dy;
00435
        int sx, sy;
00436
        int E:
00437
00438
        /* distance between two points */
00439
        dx = (x2 > x1) ? x2 - x1 : x1 - x2;
        dy = (y2 > y1) ? y2 - y1 : y1 - y2;
00440
00441
00442
        /* direction of two point */
00443
       sx = (x2 > x1) ? 1 : -1;
        sy = (y2 > y1) ? 1 : -1;
00444
00445
00446
        /* inclination < 1 */
00447
        if (dx > dy) {
00448
          E = -dx;
00449
          for (i = 0; i <= dx; i++) {</pre>
00450
            displayDrawPixel(display, x1, y1, color);
00451
             x1 += sx;
            E += 2 * dy;
00452
00453
             if (E >= 0) {
00454
              y1 += sy;
               E = 2 * dx
00455
00456
            }
00457
          }
00458
          /* inclination >= 1 */
00459
00460
        } else {
00461
          E = -dy;
00462
          for (i = 0; i <= dy; i++) {</pre>
            displayDrawPixel(display, x1, y1, color);
00463
00464
            y1 += sy;
            E += 2 * dx;
00465
00466
            if (E >= 0) {
00467
              x1 += sx;
              E = 2 * dy;
00468
00469
00470
          }
00471
       }
00472 }
00473
00474 void displayDrawRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1, uint16_t x2, 00475 uint16_t y2, uint16_t color) {
00476 if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00477
          pynq_error("displayDrawRect: display has not been initialized\n");
00478
00479
        if (x1 \ge display - \ge width || y1 \ge display - \ge height) {
00480
        pynq_error("displayDrawRect: x1=%d y1=%d outside screen boundaries\n", x1,
00481
                      y1);
        } else if (x2 >= display->_width || y2 >= display->_height) {
00482
```

```
pynq_error("displayDrawRect: x2=%d y2=%d outside screen boundaries\n", x2,
00484
00485
00486
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1, x2, y1, color);
        displayDrawLine(display, x2, y1, x2, y2, color);
displayDrawLine(display, x2, y2, x1, y2, color);
00487
00488
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y2, x1, y1, color);
00490 }
00491
00492 void displayDrawRectAngle(display_t *display, uint16_t xc, uint16_t yc,
00493
                                    uint16_t w, uint16_t h, uint16_t angle,
00494
                                    uint16 t color) {
00495
        double xd, yd, rd;
00496
        int x1, y1;
00497
        int x2, y2;
00498
        int x3, y3;
00499
        int x4, v4;
        rd = -angle * M_PI / 180.0;
00500
        xd = 0.0 - w / 2;
00502
        yd = h / 2;
        x1 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
y1 = (int)(xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00503
00504
00505
        yd = 0.0 - yd;
x2 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
y2 = (int)(xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00506
00507
00508
00509
        xd = w / 2;
yd = h / 2;
00510
00511
        x3 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
y3 = (int)(xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00512
00513
00514
00515
        yd = 0.0 - yd;
00516
        x4 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
        y4 = (int)(xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00517
00518
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00519
          pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: display has not been initialized\n");
00521
00522
        if (x1 >= display->_width || y1 >= display->_height) {
00523
          pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x1=%d y1=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
        x1, y1);
} else if (x2 >= display->_width || y2 >= display->_height) {
00524
00525
         pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x2=%d y2=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00526
        x2, y2);
} else if (x3 >= display->_width || y3 >= display->_height) {
00527
00528
00529
         pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x3=%d y3=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00530
                       x3, y3);
        } else if (x4 >= display->_width || y4 >= display->_height) {
00531
         pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x4=%d y4=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00532
00533
                       x4, y4);
00534
00535
00536
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1, x2, y2, color);
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1, x3, y3, color);
00537
        displayDrawLine(display, x2, y2, x4, y4, color);
displayDrawLine(display, x3, y3, x4, y4, color);
00538
00540 }
00541
00542 // x1: First X coordinate of triangle point
00543 // y1: First Y coordinate of triangle point
00544 // x2: Second X coordinate of triangle point
00545 // y2: Second Y coordinate of triangle point
00546 // x3: Third X coordinate of triangle point
00547 // y3: Third Y coordinate of triangle point
00548 // color:color
00549 void displayDrawTriangle(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
                                  uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t x3, uint16_t y3,
uint16_t color) {
00550
00551
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00553
          pynq_error("displayDrawTriangle: display has not been initialized\n");
00554
        if (x1 >= display->_width || y1 >= display->_height) {
   pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x1=%d y1=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00555
00556
        x1, y1);
} else if (x2 >= display->_width || y2 >= display->_height) {
00557
00558
00559
          pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x2=%d y2=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
        x2, y2);
} else if (x3 >= display->_width || y3 >= display->_height) {
00560
00561
         pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x3=%d y3=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00562
00563
                       x3, y3);
00564
00565
00566
         // draw the lines for the basic triangle
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1, x2, y2, color);
displayDrawLine(display, x2, y2, x3, y3, color);
00567
00568
00569
        displayDrawLine(display, x3, y3, x1, y1, color);
```

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```
00570 }
00571
00572 // when the origin is (0, 0), the point (x1, y1) after rotating the point (x, y)
00573 \ // \ \mbox{by the angle is obtained by the following calculation.}
00574 // x1 = x * cos(angle) - y * sin(angle)
00575 // y1 = x * sin(angle) + y * cos(angle)
00576 void displayDrawTriangleCenter(display_t *display, uint16_t xc, uint16_t yc, uint16_t w, uint16_t h, uint16_t angle,
00578
                                       uint16_t color) {
00579
        double xd, yd, rd;
00580
        int x1, y1;
00581
        int x2, y2;
00582
        int x3, y3;
00583
        rd = -angle * M_PI / 180.0;
00584
        xd = 0.0;
00585
        yd = h / 2;
        x1 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
y1 = (int)(xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00586
00587
        xd = w / 2;
00589
00590
        yd = 0.0 - yd;
00591
        x2 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
        y2 = (int) (xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00592
00593
00594
        xd = 0.0 - w / 2;
        x3 = (int)(xd * cos(rd) - yd * sin(rd) + xc);
00595
00596
        y3 = (int)(xd * sin(rd) + yd * cos(rd) + yc);
00597
00598
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
         pynq_error("displayDrawTriangleCenter: display has not been initialized\n");
00599
00600
00601
        if (x1 >= display->_width || y1 >= display->_height) {
00602
        pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x1=%d y1=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00603
                      x1, y1);
        } else if (x2 >= display->_width || y2 >= display->_height) {
   pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x2=%d y2=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00604
00605
        x2, y2);
} else if (x3 >= display->_width || y3 >= display->_height) {
00606
00607
        pynq_error("displayDrawRectAngle: x3=%d y3=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00608
00609
                     x3, y3);
00610
00611
00612
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1, x2, y2, color);
        displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1, x3, y3, color); displayDrawLine(display, x2, y2, x3, y3, color);
00613
00615 }
00616
pynq_error("displayDrawCircle: display has not been initialized\n");
00620
00621
00622
        if (r == 0) +
        pynq_error(
    "displayDrawCircle: x_center=%d y_center=%d r=%d r cannot be 0\n",
00623
00624
00625
              x_center, y_center, r);
00626
00627
00628
        int x_max = x_center + r, x_min = x_center - r, y_max = y_center + r,
00629
            y_min = y_center - r;
00630
        00631
00632
            y_min < 0) {
          pynq_error("displayDrawCircle: x_center=%d y_center=%d r=%d outside screen "
00633
00634
                      "boundaries\n",
00635
                      x_center, y_center, r);
00636
        }
00637
00638
        int x:
00639
        int y;
00640
        int err;
00641
        int old_err;
00642
00643
        x = 0;
00644
        v = -r;
00645
        err = 2 - 2 * r;
00646
        do {
00647
          displayDrawPixel(display, x_center - x, y_center + y, color);
00648
          displayDrawPixel(display, x_center - y, y_center - x, color);
          displayDrawPixel(display, x_center + x, y_center - y, color);
00649
          displayDrawPixel(display, x_center + y, y_center + x, color);
00650
00651
          if ((old_err = err) <= x)</pre>
00652
            err += ++x * 2 + 1;
          if (old_err > y || err > x)
  err += ++y * 2 + 1;
00653
00654
        } while (y < 0);</pre>
00655
00656 }
```

```
00658 void displayDrawFillCircle(display_t *display, uint16_t x_center,
        uint16_t y_center, uint16_t r, uint16_t color) {
if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00659
00660
         pynq\_error("displayDrawFillCircle: display has not been initialized \verb|\n"|);
00661
00662
       if (r == 0) {
00663
00664
        pynq_error(
00665
              "displayDrawFillCircle: x_center=%d y_center=%d r=%d r cannot be 0\n",
00666
              x_center, y_center, r);
       }
00667
00668
00669
        int x max = x center + r, x min = x center - r, y max = y center + r,
00670
          y_min = y_center - r;
00671
00672
        if (x_max >= display->_width || x_min < 0 || y_max >= display->_height ||
            y_min < 0) {
00673
00674
        pynq_error("displayDrawFillCircle: x_center=%d y_center=%d r=%d outside "
                     "screen boundaries\n",
00675
00676
                     x_center, y_center, r);
00677
00678
00679
       int x;
00680
       int y;
00681
       int err;
       int old_err;
00683
       int ChangeX;
00684
00685
       x = 0;
00686
       y = -r;
err = 2 - 2 * r;
00687
00688
        ChangeX = 1;
00689
00690
        if (ChangeX) {
00691
            displayDrawLine(display, x_center - x, y_center - y, x_center - x,
           00692
00693
00694
00695
          } // endif
00696
         ChangeX = (old_err = err) <= x;
00697
         if (ChangeX)
           err += ++x * 2 + 1;
00698
          if (old_err > y || err > x)
  err += ++y * 2 + 1;
00699
00700
00701
       } while (y <= 0);</pre>
00702 }
00703
00704 void displayDrawRoundRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
00705
                                 uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t r,
                                uint16_t color) {
00706
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00707
00708
         pynq_error("displayDrawRoundRect: display has not been initialized\n");
00709
00710
        if (r == 0) {
        pynq_error("displayDrawRoundRect: x_center=%d x1=%d y1=%d r cannot be 0\n",
00711
00712
       x1, y1, r);
} else if (x1 >= display->_width || y1 >= display->_height) {
00713
        pynq_error("displayDrawRoundRect: x1=%d y1=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00714
       x1, y1);
} else if (x2 >= display->_width || y2 >= display->_height) {
00715
00716
        pynq_error("displayDrawRoundRect: x2=%d y2=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00717
00718
                     x2, y2);
00719
00720
        int y;
00721
00722
       int err;
00723
       int old err;
00724
       unsigned char temp;
00725
00726
        if (x1 > x2) {
        temp = x1;

x1 = x2;
00727
00728
         x2 = temp;
00729
00730
00731
        if (y1 > y2) {
  temp = y1;
00732
00733
00734
       y2 = temp;
         y1 = y2;
00735
00736
00737
        if (_DEBUG_)
00739
         printf("x1=%d x2=%d delta=%d r=%d", x1, x2, x2 - x1, r);
00740
        if (_DEBUG_)
         printf("y1=%d y2=%d delta=%d r=%d", y1, y2, y2 - y1, r);
00741
       if (x2 - x1 < r)
  return; // TODO add 20190517?</pre>
00742
00743
```

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```
00744
         if (y2 - y1 < r)
00745
          return; // TODO add 20190517?
00746
00747
         x = 0:
00748
         v = -r;
00749
         err = 2 - 2 * r;
00750
00751
00752
          if (x) {
              displayDrawPixel(display, x1 + r - x, y1 + r + y, color);
displayDrawPixel(display, x2 - r + x, y1 + r + y, color);
displayDrawPixel(display, x1 + r - x, y2 - r - y, color);
displayDrawPixel(display, x2 - r + x, y2 - r - y, color);
00753
00754
00755
00756
00757
00758
           if ((old_err = err) <= x)</pre>
           err += ++x * 2 + 1;

if (old_err > y || err > x)

err += ++y * 2 + 1;
00759
00760
00761
         } while (y < 0);
00762
00763
00764
         if ( DEBUG )
00765
           printf("x1+r=%d x2-r=%d", x1 + r, x2 - r);
         displayDrawLine(display, x1 + r, y1, x2 - r, y1, color);
displayDrawLine(display, x1 + r, y2, x2 - r, y2, color);
00766
00767
00768
         if (_DEBUG_)
00769
         printf("y1+r=%d y2-r=%d", y1 + r, y2 - r);
displayDrawLine(display, x1, y1 + r, x1, y2 - r, color);
displayDrawLine(display, x2, y1 + r, x2, y2 - r, color);
00770
00771
00772 }
00773
00774 uint16_t rgb_conv(uint16_t r, uint16_t g, uint16_t b) {
00775    return (((r & 0xF8) « 8) | ((g & 0xFC) « 3) | (b » 3));
00776 }
00777
00778 int displayDrawChar(display_t *display, FontxFile *fxs, uint16_t x, uint16_t y, 00779 uint8_t ascii, uint16_t color) {
         uint16_t xx, yy, bit, ofs;
unsigned char fonts[128]; // font pattern
00780
00781
00782
         unsigned char pw, ph;
00783
         int h, w;
00784
         uint16_t mask;
00785
         bool rc = GetFontx(fxs, ascii, fonts, &pw, &ph);
00786
00787
         if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00788
           pynq_error("displayDrawChar: display has not been initialized\n");
00789
00790
         if (_DEBUG_) {
00791
           printf("_font_direction=%d\n", display->_font_direction);
00792
           printf("GetFontx rc=%d pw=%d ph=%d\n", rc, pw, ph);
00793
00794
00795
00796
           pynq_error("displayDrawChar: cannot get font from font file\n");
00797
00798
00799
         switch (display-> font direction) {
00800
         case TEXT_DIRECTION0:
00801
           if (x + pw >= display->_width || y + ph >= display->_height) {
00802
              pynq_error("displayDrawChar: x=%d y=%d for font height=%d width=%d and "
                            "direction=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00803
                           x, y, ph, pw, display->_font_direction);
00804
00805
00806
           break;
          case TEXT_DIRECTION90:
00807
00808
           if (x + ph >= display->\underline{height} || y + pw >= display->\underline{width}) {
              pynq_error("displayDrawChar: x=%d y=%d for font height=%d width=%d and "
00809
                            "direction=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00810
                           x, y, ph, pw, display->_font_direction);
00811
00812
00813
           break;
00814
          case TEXT_DIRECTION180:
00815
           if (x - pw <= 0 || y - ph <= 0) {
              pynq_error("displayDrawChar: x=%d y=%d for font height=%d width=%d and "
00816
                            "direction=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00817
                           x, y, ph, pw, display->_font_direction);
00818
00819
00820
            break;
00821
         case TEXT_DIRECTION270:
           if (x - ph \le 0 | | y - pw \le 0) {
00822
             pynq_error("displayDrawChar: x=%d y=%d for font height=%d width=%d and "
00823
                            "direction=%d outside screen boundaries\n",
00824
00825
                            x, y, ph, pw, display->_font_direction);
00826
00827
            break;
         }
00828
00829
00830
         int16_t xd1 = 0, yd1 = 0, xd2 = 0, yd2 = 0;
```

```
uint16_t xss = 0, yss = 0;
        int16_t xsd = 0, ysd = 0, next = 0;
uint16_t x0 = 0, x1 = 0, y0 = 0, y1 = 0;
00833
         if (display->_font_direction == 0) {
00834
00835
          xd1 = +1;

yd1 = +1; //-1;
00836
           xd2 = 0;
00838
           yd2 = 0;
           xss = x;
00839
           yss = y - (ph - 1);

xsd = 1;
00840
00841
           ysd = 0;
00842
00843
           next = x + pw;
00844
00845
           x0 = x;
           y0 = y - (ph - 1);

x1 = x + (pw - 1);
00846
00847
        y1 = y;
} else if (display->_font_direction == 2) {
00848
00850
           xd1 = -1;
00851
           yd1 = -1; //+1;
           xd2 = 0;
00852
           yd2 = 0;
00853
           xss = x;
00854
           yss = y + ph + 1;
xsd = 1;
00855
00856
           ysd = 0;
00857
00858
           next = x - pw;
00859
           x0 = x - (pw - 1);
00860
           y0 = y;
00861
00862
           x1 = x;
         y1 = y + (ph - 1);

} else if (display->_font_direction == 1) {
00863
00864
           xd1 = 0;

yd1 = 0;
00865
00866
00867
           xd2 = -1;
           yd2 = +1; //-1;
00869
           xss = x + ph;
00870
           yss = y;
           xsd = \bar{0};
00871
           ysd = 1;
00872
           next = y + pw; // y - pw;
00873
00874
00875
           x0 = x;
00876
           y0 = y;
           x1 = x + (ph - 1);

y1 = y + (pw - 1);
00877
00878
         } else if (display->_font_direction == 3) {
00879
00880
           xd1 = 0;
           yd1 = 0;
00882
           xd2 = +1;
00883
           yd2 = -1; //+1;
           xss = x - (ph - 1);
00884
           yss = y;
00885
00886
           xsd = 0;
           ysd = 1;
00888
           next = y - pw; // y + pw;
00889
00890
           x0 = x - (ph - 1);
           y0 = y - (pw - 1);
00891
           x1 = x;
00892
00893
           y1 = y;
00894
00895
00896
         // TODO: fix the problem of underflow properly some time
         if (display->_font_fill && x0 < DISPLAY_WIDTH && y0 < DISPLAY_HEIGHT &&
    x1 < DISPLAY_WIDTH && y1 < DISPLAY_HEIGHT) {</pre>
00897
00898
00899
           displayDrawFillRect(display, x0, y0, x1, y1, display->_font_fill_color);
00901
00902
         int bits;
        if (_DEBUG_)
00903
           printf("xss=%d yss=%d\n", xss, yss);
00904
00905
        ofs = 0;
00906
        yy = yss;
00907
         xx = xss;
00908
         for (h = 0; h < ph; h++) {
           if (xsd)
00909
00910
            xx = xss:
           if (ysd)
00911
           yy = yss;
bits = pw;
for (w = 0; w < ((pw + 4) / 8); w++) {
00913
00914
            mask = 0x80;
00915
00916
             for (bit = 0; bit < 8; bit++) {</pre>
00917
               bits--;
```

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```
00918
              if (bits < 0)</pre>
00919
                 continue;
00920
               // TODO: fix the problem of underflow properly some time
00921
               if (fonts[ofs] & mask && xx < DISPLAY_WIDTH && yy < DISPLAY_HEIGHT) {</pre>
00922
                displayDrawPixel(display, xx, yy, color);
00923
               // TODO: fix the problem of underflow properly some time
00925
               if (h == (ph - 2) && display->_font_underline && xx < DISPLAY_WIDTH &&
                   yy < DISPLAY_HEIGHT)
00926
               displayDrawPixel(display, xx, yy, display->_font_underline_color);
// TODO: fix the problem of underflow properly some time
00927
00928
               if (h == (ph - 1) && display->_font_underline && xx < DISPLAY_WIDTH &&</pre>
00929
00930
                   yy < DISPLAY_HEIGHT)
                displayDrawPixel(display, xx, yy, display->_font_underline_color);
00931
               xx = xx + xd1;

yy = yy + yd2;
00932
00933
00934
               mask = mask » 1:
00935
00936
            ofs++;
00937
00938
          yy = yy + yd1;
          xx = xx + xd2;
00939
00940
00941
00942
        if (next < 0)</pre>
         next = 0;
00943
00944
        return next;
00945 }
00946
00947 int displayDrawString(display_t *display, FontxFile *fx, uint16_t x, uint16_t y, 00948 uint8_t *ascii, uint16_t color) {
00949
        int length = strlen((char *)ascii);
00950
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00951
          pynq_error("displayDrawString: display has not been initialized\n");
00952
        if ( DEBUG )
00953
          printf("displayDrawString length=%d\n", length);
00954
        for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
          if (_DEBUG_)
00956
00957
            printf("ascii[%d]=%x x=%d y=%d\n", i, ascii[i], x, y);
00958
          if (display->_font_direction == 0)
            x = displayDrawChar(display, fx, x, y, ascii[i], color);
00959
00960
          if (display-> font direction == 1)
00961
            y = displayDrawChar(display, fx, x, y, ascii[i], color);
          if (display->_font_direction == 2)
00962
00963
            x = displayDrawChar(display, fx, x, y, ascii[i], color);
00964
          if (display->_font_direction == 3)
00965
            y = displayDrawChar(display, fx, x, y, ascii[i], color);
00966
00967
        if (display-> font direction == 0)
00968
          return x;
00969
        if (display->_font_direction == 2)
00970
          return x;
00971
        if (display->_font_direction == 1)
00972
          return y;
00973
        if (display->_font_direction == 3)
00974
          return y;
00975
        return 0;
00976 }
00977
00978 void displaySetFontDirection(display_t *display, uint16_t dir) {
00979
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00980
          pynq_error("displaySetFontDirection: display has not been initialized\n");
00981
00982
        display->_font_direction = dir;
00983 }
00984
00985 void displaySetFontFill(display_t *display, uint16_t color) {
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00986
00987
          pynq_error("displaySetFontFill: display has not been initialized\n");
00988
00989
        display->_font_fill = true;
00990
        display->_font_fill_color = color;
00991 }
00992
00993 void displayUnsetFontFill(display_t *display) { display->_font_fill = false; }
00994
00995 void displaySetFontUnderLine(display_t *display, uint16_t color) {
00996
        if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
00997
          pynq_error("displaySetFontUnderLine: display has not been initialized\n");
00998
        display->_font_underline = true;
        display->_font_underline_color = color;
01000
01001 }
01002
01003 void displayUnsetFontUnderLine(display_t *display) {
01004    if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
```

```
pynq_error("displayUnsetFontUnderLine: display has not been initialized\n");
01006
01007
        display->_font_underline = false;
01008 }
01009
01010 void displayBacklightOff(display_t *display) {
       if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
01011
          pynq_error("displayBacklightOff: display has not been initialized\n");
01012
01013
01014
        if (display->_bl >= 0) {
01015
          gpio_set_level(display->_bl, 0);
01016
01017 }
01018
01019 void displayBacklightOn(display_t *display) {
01020
       if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
          pynq_error("displayBacklightOn: display has not been initialized\n");
01021
01022
01023
        if (display->_bl >= 0) {
01024
         gpio_set_level(display->_bl, 1);
01025
01026 }
01027
01028 void displayInversionOff(display_t *display) {
01029    if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH) {
01030
          pynq_error("displayInversionOff: display has not been initialized\n");
01031
01032
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x21); // display Inversion Off
01033 }
01034
01035 void displayInversionOn(display t *display) {
       if (display == NULL || display->_width != DISPLAY_WIDTH)
          pynq_error("displayInversionOn: display has not been initialized\n");
01037
01038
01039
        spi_master_write_command(display, 0x20); // display Inversion On
01040 }
```

# 6.11 library/empty-library/display.c File Reference

#include <display.h>
Include dependency graph for display.c:

### **Functions**

- void display init (display t \*display)
- void display\_destroy (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDrawPixel (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawFillRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayFillScreen (display t \*display, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawLine (display t \*display, uint16 t x1, uint16 t y1, uint16 t x2, uint16 t y2, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRectAngle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawTriangleCenter (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawCircle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x\_center, uint16\_t y\_center, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawFillCircle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x\_center, uint16\_t y\_center, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRoundRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- uint16\_t rgb\_conv (uint16\_t r, uint16\_t g, uint16\_t b)
- int displayDrawChar (display\_t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t ascii, uint16\_t color)
- int displayDrawString (display\_t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint8\_t \*ascii, uint16\_t color)
- void displaySetFontDirection (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t dir)
- void displaySetFontFill (display t \*display, uint16 t color)
- void displayUnsetFontFill (display\_t \*display)

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- void displaySetFontUnderLine (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayUnsetFontUnderLine (display t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInversionOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInversionOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDrawTriangle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t x3, uint16\_t y3, uint16\_t color)
- void display set flip (display t \*display, bool xflip, bool yflip)

# 6.12 display.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
00001 #include <display.h>
00002 void display_init(display_t *display){};
00003 void display_destroy(display_t *display){};
00004 void displayDrawPixel(display_t *display, uint16_t x, uint16_t y,
00005
                                uint16_t color){};
00006 void displayDrawFillRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1, 00007 uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t color){};
00008 void displayFillScreen(display_t *display, uint16_t color){};
00009 void displayDrawLine(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1, uint16_t x2,
00010 uint16_t y2, uint16_t color){};
00011 void displayDrawRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1, uint16_t x2,
uint16_t w, uint16_t h, uint16_t angle,
                             uint16_t color){};
00015
00016 void displayDrawTriangleCenter(display_t *display, uint16_t xc, uint16_t yc,
00017
                                  uint16_t w, uint16_t h, uint16_t angle,
00018
00018 uint16_t color){};
00019 void displayDrawCircle(display_t *display, uint16_t x_center, uint16_t y_center,
                        uint16_t r, uint16_t color){};
00021 void displayDrawFillCircle(display_t *display, uint16_t x_center,
00022
                              uint16_t y_center, uint16_t r, uint16_t color){};
00023 void displayDrawRoundRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
00024 uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t r, uint16_t color){};
00025 uint16_t rgb_conv(uint16_t r, uint16_t g, uint16_t b){};
00026 int displayDrawChar(display_t *display, FontxFile *fx, uint16_t x, uint16_t y,
                     uint8_t ascii, uint16_t color){};
00027
00028 int displayDrawString(display_t *display, FontxFile *fx, uint16_t x, uint16_t y,
00031 void displaySetFontFill(display_t *display, uint16_t color){};
00032 void displayUnsetFontFill(display_t *display){};
00033 void displaySetFontUnderLine(display_t *display, uint16_t color) {};
00034 void displayUnsetFontUnderLine(display_t *display){};
00035 void displayDisplayOff(display_t *display){};
00036 void displayDisplayOn(display_t *display){};
00037 void displayBacklightOff(display_t *display){};
00038 void displayBacklightOn(display_t *display){};
00039 void displayInversionOff(display_t *display){};
00040 void displayInversionOn(display_t *display){};
00041 void displayDrawTriangle(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
00042
                                   uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t x3, uint16_t y3,
00043
                                    uint16_t color){};
00044 void display_set_flip(display_t *display, bool xflip, bool yflip){};
```

# 6.13 library/display.h File Reference

```
#include <fontx.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
```

Include dependency graph for display.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Data Structures**

· struct display\_t

#### **Macros**

- #define DISPLAY HEIGHT 240
- #define DISPLAY\_WIDTH 240

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum colors {
        RGB_RED = 0xf800 , RGB_GREEN = 0x07e0 , RGB_BLUE = 0x001f , RGB_BLACK = 0x0000 ,
        RGB_WHITE = 0xffff , RGB_GRAY = 0x8c51 , RGB_YELLOW = 0xFFE0 , RGB_CYAN = 0x07FF ,
        RGB_PURPLE = 0xF81F }
    enum directions {
        TEXT_DIRECTION0 = 0 , TEXT_DIRECTION90 = 1 , TEXT_DIRECTION180 = 2 , TEXT_DIRECTION270 = 3 ,
        NUM_TEXT_DIRECTIONS }
```

### **Functions**

- void display\_init (display\_t \*display)
- void display destroy (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDrawPixel (display t \*display, uint16 t x, uint16 t y, uint16 t color)
- void displayDrawFillRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayFillScreen (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawLine (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRectAngle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawTriangleCenter (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t xc, uint16\_t yc, uint16\_t w, uint16\_t h, uint16\_t angle, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawCircle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x\_center, uint16\_t y\_center, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawFillCircle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x\_center, uint16\_t y\_center, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- void displayDrawRoundRect (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t r, uint16\_t color)
- uint16\_t rgb\_conv (uint16\_t r, uint16\_t g, uint16\_t b)
- int displayDrawChar (display\_t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint8\_t ascii, uint16\_t color)
- int displayDrawString (display\_t \*display, FontxFile \*fx, uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint8\_t \*ascii, uint16\_t color)
- void displaySetFontDirection (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t dir)
- void displaySetFontFill (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t color)
- void displayUnsetFontFill (display t \*display)
- void displaySetFontUnderLine (display t \*display, uint16 t color)
- void displayUnsetFontUnderLine (display t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayDisplayOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayBacklightOn (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInversionOff (display\_t \*display)
- void displayInversionOn (display t \*display)
- void displayDrawTriangle (display\_t \*display, uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t x2, uint16\_t y2, uint16\_t x3, uint16\_t y3, uint16\_t color)
- void display\_set\_flip (display\_t \*display, bool xflip, bool yflip)

6.14 display.h 123

# 6.14 display.h

### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef SCREEN_H
00023 #define SCREEN_H
00024
00025 #include <fontx.h>
00026 #include <stdbool.h>
00027 #include <stdint.h>
00028 #include <stdio.h>
00029 #include <string.h>
00079 #define DISPLAY_HEIGHT 240
00080 #define DISPLAY_WIDTH 240
00081
00085 enum colors
00086
       RGB_RED = 0xf800,
00087
        RGB\_GREEN = 0x07e0,
88000
        RGB\_BLUE = 0x001f,
       RGB_BLACK = 0x0000,
RGB_WHITE = 0xffff,
00089
00090
        RGB\_GRAY = 0x8c51,
00091
        RGB_YELLOW = 0xFFE0,
00092
00093
        RGB_CYAN = 0x07FF,
00094
       RGB_PURPLE = 0xF81F
00095 };
00096
00100 enum directions {
00101
       TEXT_DIRECTIONO = 0,
       TEXT_DIRECTION90 = 1,
00103
        TEXT_DIRECTION180 = 2,
00104
       TEXT_DIRECTION270 = 3,
00105
       NUM_TEXT_DIRECTIONS
00106 };
00107
00112 typedef struct {
00113
       uint16_t _width;
00114
        uint16_t _height;
00115
        uint16_t _offsetx;
00116
       uint16_t _offsety;
00117
       uint16_t _font_direction;
uint16_t _font_fill;
00119
       uint16_t _font_fill_color;
00120
        uint16_t _font_underline;
00121
        uint16_t _font_underline_color;
00122
       int16_t _dc;
00123
        int16 t bl;
00124 } display_t;
00130 extern void display_init(display_t *display);
00131
00136 extern void display_destroy(display_t *display);
00137
00145 extern void displayDrawPixel(display_t *display, uint16_t x, uint16_t y,
                                    uint16_t color);
00147
00157 extern void displayDrawFillRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
00158
                                       uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t color);
00159
00166 extern void displayFillScreen(display_t *display, uint16_t color);
00177 extern void displayDrawLine(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
00178
                                   uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t color);
00179
```

```
00189 extern void displayDrawRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
                                     uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t color);
00191
00204 extern void displayDrawRectAngle(display_t *display, uint16_t xc, uint16_t yc, 00205 uint16_t w, uint16_t h, uint16_t angle,
00206
                                          uint16_t color);
00218 extern void displayDrawTriangleCenter(display_t *display, uint16_t xc,
00219
                                                uint16_t yc, uint16_t w, uint16_t h,
00220
                                                uint16_t angle, uint16_t color);
00221
00230 extern void displayDrawCircle(display_t *display, uint16_t x_center, 00231 uint16_t y_center, uint16_t r, uint16_t color);
00232
00241 extern void displayDrawFillCircle(display_t *display, uint16_t x_center,
00242
                                           uint16_t y_center, uint16_t r,
00243
                                           uint16 t color);
00244
00255 extern void displayDrawRoundRect(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
                                          uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t r,
00257
                                          uint16_t color);
00258
00265 extern uint16_t rgb_conv(uint16_t r, uint16_t g, uint16_t b);
00266
00281 extern int displayDrawChar(display_t *display, FontxFile *fx, uint16_t x, uint16_t y, uint8_t ascii, uint16_t color);
00283
00299 extern int displayDrawString(display_t *display, FontxFile *fx, uint16_t x,
00300
                                      uint16_t y, uint8_t *ascii, uint16_t color);
00301
00307 extern void displaySetFontDirection(display_t *display, uint16_t dir);
00308
00315 extern void displaySetFontFill(display_t *display, uint16_t color);
00316
00323 extern void displayUnsetFontFill(display_t *display);
00324
00332 extern void displaySetFontUnderLine(display t *display, uint16 t color);
00338 extern void displayUnsetFontUnderLine(display_t *display);
00339
00344 extern void displayDisplayOff(display_t *display);
00345
00354 extern void displayDisplayOn(display t *display);
00355
00360 extern void displayBacklightOff(display_t *display);
00361
00366 extern void displayBacklightOn(display_t *display);
00367
00372 extern void displayInversionOff(display_t *display);
00373
00378 extern void displayInversionOn(display_t *display);
00379
00393 extern void displayDrawTriangle(display_t *display, uint16_t x1, uint16_t y1,
                                         uint16_t x2, uint16_t y2, uint16_t x3,
uint16_t y3, uint16_t color);
00394
00395
00396
00403 void display_set_flip(display_t *display, bool xflip, bool yflip);
00408 #endif /* MAIN_ST7789_H_ */
```

# 6.15 library/adc.c File Reference

```
#include <adc.h>
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <log.h>
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
Include dependency graph for adc.c:
```

# 6.16 adc.c

Go to the documentation of this file.

6.16 adc.c 125

```
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00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <adc.h>
00023 #include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
00024 #include <errno.h>
00025 #include <log.h>
00026 #include <platform.h>
00027 #include <stdio.h>
00028 #include <stdlib.h>
00029
00030 static struct arm_shared_t adc_handle;
00031 static volatile uint32 t *adc = NULL;
00032
00033 static const uint32_t twopow16 = 0b10000000000000000;
00034
00035 bool invalid_channel_adc(const adc_channel_t channel) {
       if (channel == ADC0) {
00036
00037
         return false;
00039
        if (channel == ADC1) {
00040
         return false;
00041
00042
        if (channel == ADC2) {
00043
         return false;
00044
        if (channel == ADC3) {
00045
00046
         return false;
00047
00048
        return false;
}
        if (channel == ADC4) {
00049
00050
00051
       return false;
}
        if (channel == ADC5) {
00052
00053
00054
        return true;
00055 }
00056
00057 bool initialized_adc(void) {
00058
        if (adc == NULL) {
         return false;
00059
       1
00060
00061
       return true:
00062 }
00063
00064 bool check_initialized_adc(void) {
00065
        if (!initialized_adc()) {
00066
         pynq_error("The ADC has not been initialized\n");
00067
00068
       return true;
00069 }
00071 bool check_channel_adc(const adc_channel_t channel) {
        pynq_error("Invalid ADC channel %d\n", channel);
}
00072
00073
00074
00075
        return true;
00076 }
00077
00078 void adc_init(void) { adc = arm_shared_init(&adc_handle, xadc_wiz_0, 4096); }
00079
00080 void adc destroy(void) {
       if (adc != NULL) {
00081
00082
          (void)arm_shared_close(&adc_handle);
00083
          adc = NULL;
00084
       }
00085 }
00086
00087 double adc read channel (const adc channel t channel) {
```

```
88000
         (void) check_channel_adc (channel);
00089
        (void) check_initialized_adc();
00090
00091
        // TODO we need to calibrate this
        double value = adc[channel] * (3.23 / twopow16);
00092
00093
00094
        return value;
00095 }
00096
00097 uint32_t adc_read_channel_raw(adc_channel_t channel) {
00098
        (void) check_channel_adc(channel);
(void) check_initialized_adc();
00099
00100
00101
        if (adc == NULL)
00102
         return UINT32_MAX;
00103
        uint32_t value = adc[channel];
00104
00105
00106
        return value;
00107 }
```

# 6.17 library/empty-library/adc.c File Reference

```
#include <adc.h>
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
Include dependency graph for adc.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- bool initialized\_adc (void)
- void adc init (void)
- void adc\_destroy (void)
- double adc\_read\_channel (adc\_channel\_t channel)
- uint32\_t adc\_read\_channel\_raw (adc\_channel\_t channel)

## 6.18 adc.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
00001 #include <adc.h>
00002 #include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
00003 bool initialized_adc(void){};
00004 void adc_init(void){};
00005 void adc_destroy(void){};
00006 double adc_read_channel(adc_channel_t channel){};
00007 uint32_t adc_read_channel_raw(adc_channel_t channel){};
```

# 6.19 library/arm\_shared\_memory\_system.c File Reference

```
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
Include dependency graph for arm_shared_memory_system.c:
```

## **Functions**

- void \* arm shared init (arm shared \*handle, const uint32 t address, const uint32 t length)
- void arm\_shared\_close (arm\_shared \*handle)

# 6.20 arm\_shared\_memory\_system.c

```
00001 /*
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
00023 #include <errno.h>
00024 #include <fcntl.h>
00025 #include <stdio.h>
00026 #include <stdlib.h>
00027 #include <string.h>
00028 #include <sys/mman.h>
00029 #include <sys/types.h>
00030 #include <unistd.h>
00031
00032 void *arm_shared_init(arm_shared *handle, const uint32_t address,
00033
                             const uint32 t length) {
00034
        if (handle == NULL) {
00035
        fprintf(stderr, "You need to pass a valid handle to %s\n", __FUNCTION__);
00036
          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
00037
00038
00039
        handle->address = address;
        handle->length = length;
00040
        handle->file_descriptor = open("/dev/mem", O_RDWR | O_SYNC);
00041
00042
        if (handle->file_descriptor < 0) {</pre>
00043
          fprintf(stderr,
00044
                   "FAILED open memory: %s, please run with sufficient permissions "
                   "(sudo).\n",
00045
00046
                   strerror(errno));
00047
          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
00048
00049
00050
        long page_size = sysconf(_SC_PAGE_SIZE);
00051
        uint32_t start_address = handle->address;
00052
00053
        uint32_t page_offset = start_address % page_size;
00054
        start_address -= page_offset;
00055
        handle->length += page_offset;
00056
00057
        handle->mmaped_region =
            mmap(NULL, handle->length, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED,
00058
00059
                  handle->file descriptor, start address);
00060
00061
        if (handle->mmaped_region == MAP_FAILED) {
   fprintf(stderr, "FAILED to memory map requested region: %s\n",
00062
                  strerror(errno));
00063
          close(handle->file_descriptor);
00064
00065
          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
00066
00067
        return (void *)(((uint32_t)(handle->mmaped_region)) + page_offset);
00068 }
00069
00070 void arm shared close(arm shared *handle) {
fprintf(stderr, "You need to pass a valid handle to %s\n", __FUNCTION__);
```

```
00073    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
00074 }
00075    if (handle->mmaped_region != MAP_FAILED) {
00076        munmap(handle->mmaped_region, handle->length);
00077 }
00078    if (handle->file_descriptor >= 0) {
        close(handle->file_descriptor);
00080 }
00081 }
```

# 6.21 library/empty-library/arm\_shared\_memory\_system.c File Reference

```
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
Include dependency graph for arm_shared_memory_system.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void \* arm\_shared\_init (arm\_shared \*handle, const uint32\_t address, const uint32\_t length)
- void arm shared close (arm shared \*handle)

# 6.22 arm\_shared\_memory\_system.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
00001 #include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
00002 void *arm_shared_init(arm_shared *handle, const uint32_t address, const uint32_t length) {};
00003 void arm_shared_close(arm_shared *handle){};
```

# 6.23 library/audio.c File Reference

```
#include "audio.h"
#include <libpynq.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "i2cps.h"
#include "uio.h"
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <linux/i2c-dev.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
Include dependency graph for audio.c:
```

## **Macros**

- #define SAMPLE RATE 44100
- #define LOG\_DOMAIN "audio"

6.24 audio.c 129

#### **Functions**

- · void audio init (void)
- void audio\_select\_input (int input)
- void write audio reg (unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data, int iic fd)
- · void config audio pll (void)
- void config\_audio\_codec (void)
- · void select line in (void)
- void select\_mic (void)
- · void deselect (void)
- void audio\_bypass (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_← index)
- void audio\_record (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, int uio\_
  index)
- void audio\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_index)
- void audio\_repeat\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, unsigned int repetitions)
- void audio generate tone (unsigned int frequency, uint32 t time ms, unsigned int volume)

#### 6.23.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.23.1.1 LOG DOMAIN

```
#define LOG_DOMAIN "audio"
```

Definition at line 70 of file audio.c.

## 6.23.1.2 SAMPLE\_RATE

```
#define SAMPLE_RATE 44100
```

Definition at line 67 of file audio.c.

## 6.24 audio.c

```
00001 /*******
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00003
         All rights reserved.
00004
00005
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         modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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00010
00011
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00019
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```

```
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00028 * OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
00029
          ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
00030 *
00032
00034 * @file audio_adau1761.c
00035 *
00036
      * Functions to control audio controller.
00037 *
00038 * 
00039 * MODIFICATION HISTORY:
00040 *
                            Date
00041 * Ver Who
                                     Changes
00042 * ----
00043 * 1.00 Yun Rock Qu 12/04/17 Support for audio codec ADAU1761
00044 * 1.01 Yun Rock Qu 01/02/18 Enable microphone for CTIA and OMTP standards
00045 *
00046 * 
00047 *
00049 #include "audio.h"
00050 #include <libpynq.h>
00051 #include <stdint.h>
00052
00053 #include "i2cps.h'
00054 #include "uio.h"
00055 #include <fcntl.h>
00056 #include ux/i2c-dev.h>
00057 #include <math.h>
00058 #include <stdio.h>
00059 #include <stdlib.h>
00060 #include <string.h>
00061 #include <sys/ioctl.h>
00062 #include <sys/mman.h>
00063 #include <sys/stat.h>
00064 #include <time.h>
00065 #include <unistd.h>
00066
00067 #define SAMPLE_RATE 44100
00068
00069 #undef LOG_DOMAIN
00070 #define LOG_DOMAIN "audio"
00071
00072 void audio_init(void) {
00073 config_audio_pll();
00074
        config_audio_codec();
00075 }
00076
00077 void audio_select_input(int input) {
00078 if (input == MIC) {
00079
         select_mic();
08000
       } else if (input == LINE_IN) {
00081
         select_line_in();
       } else {
00082
        pynq_error("audio_select_input: invalid input %d, must be LINE_IN or MIC\n",
00083
00084
                     input);
00085
00086 }
00087
00088 // Original ADAU1761 code
00089
00090 void write_audio_reg(unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data,
00091
                            int iic_fd) {
00092
        unsigned char u8TxData[3];
00093
        u8TxData[0] = 0x40;
        u8TxData[1] = u8RegAddr;
00094
00095
        u8TxData[2] = u8Data;
       if (writeI2C_asFile(iic_fd, u8TxData, 3) < 0) {
   pynq_error("write_audio_reg: unable to write audio register, ensure sudo "</pre>
00096
00097
00098
                     "chmod 666 /dev/i2c-1 has been executed. \n");
00099
00100 }
00101
00102 void config_audio_pll(void) {
00103  int iic_index = 1;
        unsigned char u8TxData[8], u8RxData[6];
00104
00105
        int iic_fd;
00106
       iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00107
       if (iic fd < 0) {</pre>
00108
        pynq_error("config_audio_pll: unable to set I2C %d\n", iic_index);
```

6.24 audio.c 131

```
00109
        }
00110
00111
        // Disable Core Clock
        write_audio_reg(R0_CLOCK_CONTROL, 0x0E, iic_fd);
00112
00113
        /* MCLK = 10 MHz
         * R = 0100 = 4, N = 0x064C = 1612, M = 0x0C35 = 3125
00114
        * PLL required output = 1024x44.1 KHz = 45.1584 MHz
00115
00116
                                 = 45.1584 \text{ MHz}/10 \text{ MHz} = 4.51584 \text{ MHz}
         * PLLout/MCLK
00117
                                  = R + (N/M)
00118
                                  = 4 + (1612/3125)
         \star Fs = PLL/1024 = 44.1 KHz
00119
00120
00121
         // Register write address [15:8]
00122
00123
        u8TxData[0] = 0x40;
00124
        // Register write address [7:0]
00125
        u8TxData[1] = 0x02;
        // byte 6 - M[15:8]
00126
        u8TxData[2] = 0x0C;
00128
        // byte 5 - M[7:0]
00129
        u8TxData[3] = 0x35;
00130
        // byte 4 - N[15:8]
        u8TxData[4] = 0x06;
00131
        // bvte 3 - N[7:0]
00132
00133
        u8TxData[5] = 0x4C;
00134
        // byte 2 - bits 6:3 = R[3:0], 2:1 = X[1:0], 0 = PLL operation mode
00135
        u8TxData[6] = 0x21;
00136
        // byte 1 - 1 = PLL Lock, 0 = Core clock enable
        u8TxData[7] = 0x03;
00137
        // Write bytes to PLL control register R1 at 0x4002
00138
        if (writeI2C_asFile(iic_fd, u8TxData, 8) < 0) {</pre>
00139
        pynq_error("config_audio_pll: unable to write audio register, ensure sudo "
00140
00141
                      "chmod 666 /dev/i2c-1 has been executed. \n");
00142
00143
        // Poll PLL Lock bit
00144
        u8TxData[0] = 0x40;
u8TxData[1] = 0x02;
00145
00147
00148
         if (writeI2C_asFile(iic_fd, u8TxData, 2) < 0) {</pre>
00149
            pynq_error("writeI2C_asFile: unable to write audio register, ensure sudo "
                        "chmod 666 /dev/i2c-1 has been executed. \n");
00150
00151
00152
          if (readI2C_asFile(iic_fd, u8RxData, 6) < 0) {</pre>
            pynq_error("readI2C_asFile: unable to write audio register, ensure sudo "
00153
00154
                        "chmod 666 /dev/i2c-1 has been executed. \n");
00155
00156
        } while ((u8RxData[5] & 0x02) == 0);
00157
                                                  CLKSRC = PLL Clock input
00158
        /* Clock control register: bit 3
00159
                                      bit 2:1
                                                    INFREQ = 1024 \times fs
00160
                                                    COREN = Core Clock enabled
00161
00162
        write_audio_reg(R0_CLOCK_CONTROL, 0x0F, iic_fd);
00163
00164
        if (unsetI2C(iic fd) < 0) {</pre>
          pynq_error("config_audio_pll: unable to set I2C %d\n", iic_fd);
00165
00166
00167 }
00168
00169 /****************************
00170 * Function to configure the audio codec.

00171 * @param iic_index is the i2c index in /dev list.

00172 * @return none.
00174 void config_audio_codec(void) {
00175
       int iic_index = 1;
00176
        int iic_fd;
iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00177
00178
        if (iic_fd < 0) {</pre>
00179
          pynq_error("config_audio_codec: unable to set I2C %d\n", iic_index);
00180
00181
00182
00183
        * Input path control registers are configured
00184
         * in select_mic and select_line_in
00185
00186
        // Mute Mixer1 and Mixer2 here, enable when MIC and Line In used
write_audio_reg(R4_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
write_audio_reg(R6_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
00187
00188
00189
        // Set LDVOL and RDVOL to 21 dB and Enable left and right differential
00190
00191
        write_audio_reg(R8_LEFT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xB3, iic_fd);
00192
        write_audio_reg(R9_RIGHT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xB3, iic_fd);
00193
        // Enable MIC bias
        write_audio_reg(R10_RECORD_MICROPHONE_BIAS_CONTROL, 0x01, iic_fd);
// Enable ALC control and noise gate
00194
00195
```

```
write_audio_reg(R14_ALC_CONTROL_3, 0x20, iic_fd);
00197
        // Put CODEC in Master mode
00198
        write_audio_reg(R15_SERIAL_PORT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00199
        \ensuremath{//} Enable ADC on both channels, normal polarity and ADC high-pass filter
        write_audio_reg(R19_ADC_CONTROL, 0x33, iic_fd);
00200
00201
        // Mute play back Mixer3 and Mixer4 and enable when output is required
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
00203
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
00204
        // Mute left input to mixer3 (R23) and right input to mixer4 (R25)
        write_audio_reg(R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
write_audio_reg(R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00205
00206
        // Mute left and right channels output; enable them when output is needed \,
00207
00208
        write_audio_reg(R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xE5, iic_fd);
00209
        write_audio_reg(R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xE5, iic_fd);
00210
        // Enable play back right and left channels
        write_audio_reg(R35_PLAYBACK_POWER_MANAGEMENT, 0x03, iic_fd);
// Enable DAC for both channels
00211
00212
00213
        write audio reg(R36 DAC CONTROL 0, 0x03, iic fd);
00214
        // Set SDATA_In to DAC
00215
        write_audio_reg(R58_SERIAL_INPUT_ROUTE_CONTROL, 0x01, iic_fd);
        // Set SDATA_Out to ADC
00216
00217
        write_audio_reg(R59_SERIAL_OUTPUT_ROUTE_CONTROL, 0x01, iic_fd);
00218
        // Enable DSP and DSP Run
        write_audio_reg(R61_DSP_ENABLE, 0x01, iic_fd);
00219
00220
        write_audio_reg(R62_DSP_RUN, 0x01, iic_fd);
00221
00222
        * Enable Digital Clock Generator 0 and 1.
00223
         \star Generator 0 generates sample rates for the ADCs, DACs, and DSP.
00224
        * Generator 1 generates BCLK and LRCLK for the serial port.
00225
00226
        write_audio_reg(R65_CLOCK_ENABLE_0, 0x7F, iic_fd);
00227
        write_audio_reg(R66_CLOCK_ENABLE_1, 0x03, iic_fd);
00228
00229
        if (unsetI2C(iic_fd) < 0) {</pre>
00230
         pynq_error("config_audio_codec: unable to unset I2C %d\n", iic_index);
00231
00232 }
00233
00234 void select_line_in(void) {
00235
       int iic_index = 1;
        int iic_fd;
00236
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00237
00238
       if (iic fd < 0) {
00239
         pynq_error("select_line_in: unable to set I2C %d\n", iic_index);
00240
00241
00242
        // Mixer 1 (left channel)
00243
       write_audio_reg(R4_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
        // Enable LAUX (MX1AUXG)
00244
00245
       write_audio_reg(R5_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x07, iic_fd);
00246
00247
00248
        write_audio_reg(R6_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00249
        // Enable RAUX (MX2AUXG)
00250
       write_audio_reg(R7_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x07, iic_fd);
00251
00252
       if (unsetI2C(iic_fd) < 0) {</pre>
00253
         pynq_error("select_line_in: unable to unset I2C %d\n", iic_index);
00254
00255 }
00256
00257 void select mic(void) {
00258
       int iic_index = 1;
00259
        int iic_fd;
00260
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00261
       if (iic_fd < 0) {</pre>
         pynq_error("select_mic: unable to set I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
00262
                      "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00263
00264
                     iic index);
00265
00266
00267
        // Mixer 1 (left channel)
00268
        write_audio_reg(R4_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00269
        // LDBOOST, set to 20 dB \,
00270
        write_audio_reg(R5_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x10, iic_fd);
00271
        // LDVOL, set to 21 dB
        write_audio_reg(R8_LEFT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xB3, iic_fd);
00272
00273
00274
        // Mixer 2 (right channel)
        write_audio_reg(R6_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00275
00276
        // RDBOOST, set to 20 dB
00277
        write_audio_reg(R7_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x10, iic_fd);
00278
        // RDVOL, set to 21 dB
00279
        write_audio_reg(R9_RIGHT_DIFFERENTIAL_INPUT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xB3, iic_fd);
00280
        if (unsetI2C(iic_fd) < 0) {</pre>
00281
00282
         pyng error("select mic: unable to unset I2C %d\n", iic index);
```

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```
00283
        }
00284 }
00285
00286 void deselect (void) {
00287
       int iic_index = 1;
        int iic_fd;
00288
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00290
        if (iic_fd < 0) {</pre>
00291
         pynq_error("deselect: unable to set I2C %d\n", iic_index);
00292
00293
00294
        // mute mixer 1 in left channel
        write_audio_reg(R4_RECORD_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
// mute mixer 2 in right channel
00295
00296
00297
        write_audio_reg(R6_RECORD_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
00298
        if (unsetI2C(iic fd) < 0) {</pre>
00299
         pynq_error("deselect: unable to unset I2C %d\n", iic_index);
00300
00301
00302 }
00303
00304 void audio_bypass(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int nsamples,
00305
                         unsigned int volume, int uio_index) {
        if (uio index > 2) {
00306
00307
         pynq_error("audio_bypass: uio_index outside of range. is %d, should be "
                      "below 3. \n",
00308
00309
                      uio_index);
00310
00311
        if (volume > 100) {
00312
        pynq_error("audio_bypass: volume outside allowed range. Is %d, should be "
00313
                      "below 100 \n",
00314
                      volume):
00315
00316
00317
        int iic_index = 1;
00318
        int status;
00319
        void *uio_ptr;
00320
        int DataL, DataR;
00321
        int iic fd:
00322
00323
        uio_ptr = setUIO(uio_index, audio_mmap_size);
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00324
00325
        if (iic fd < 0) {
00326
         pynq_error("audio_bypass: unable to set I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
                      "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00327
00328
                      iic_index);
00329
00330
00331
        // Mute mixer1 and mixer2 input
        write_audio_reg(R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00332
00333
        write_audio_reg(R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00334
        // Enable Mixer3 and Mixer4
00335
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x21, iic_fd);
00336
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x41, iic_fd);
00337
00338
        unsigned char vol register = (unsigned char) volume « 2 | 0x3;
        // Enable Left/Right Headphone out
00339
00340
        write_audio_reg(R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00341
                         iic_fd);
00342
        write_audio_reg(R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00343
                         iic_fd);
00344
00345
        for (unsigned int i = 0; i < nsamples; i++) {</pre>
00346
         // wait for RX data to become available
00347
          do {
00348
           status = *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG));
00349
          } while (status == 0);
00350
          *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8 t *)uio ptr) + I2S STATUS REG)) =
00351
              0x00000001;
00352
00353
          // Read the sample from the input
00354
          DataL = *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_RX_L_REG));
          DataR = *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_RX_R_REG));
00355
00356
00357
          // Write the sample to output
          *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_L_REG)) = DataL;
00358
00359
          *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_R_REG)) = DataR;
00360
00361
00362
        write audio reg(R23 PLAYBACK MIXER LEFT CONTROL 1, 0x00, iic fd):
        write_audio_reg(R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00363
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
00364
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x00, iic_fd);
write_audio_reg(R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xE5, iic_fd);
00365
00366
00367
        write_audio_reg(R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL, 0xE5, iic_fd);
00368
00369
        if (unsetUIO(uio ptr. audio mmap size) < 0) {
```

```
pynq_error("audio_bypass: unable to free UIO %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
00371
                      "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00372
                     uio_index);
00373
00374
        if (unsetT2C(iic fd) < 0) {
         pynq_error("audio_bypass: unable to unset I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
00375
                     "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00376
00377
                     iic_index);
00378
00379 }
00380
00381 void audio\_record(unsigned\ int\ audio\_mmap\_size,\ unsigned\ int\ \star BufAddr,
00382
                        unsigned int nsamples, int uio index) {
00383
        if (uio_index > 2) {
00384
        pynq_error("audio_record: uio_index outside of range. is %d, should be "
00385
                     "below 3. \n",
00386
                     uio_index);
00387
00388
        int iic_index = 1;
00389
        unsigned int i, status;
00390
        void *uio_ptr;
00391
        int DataL, DataR;
00392
        int iic_fd;
00393
00394
        uio_ptr = setUIO(uio_index, audio_mmap_size);
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00395
00396
        if (iic_fd < 0) {</pre>
         00397
00398
                     iic_index);
00399
00400
00401
00402
        for (i = 0; i < nsamples; i++) {</pre>
00403
         do {
00404
           status = *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG));
00405
          } while (status == 0);
          *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG)) =
00406
00407
              0x00000001;
00408
00409
          \ensuremath{//} Read the sample from the input
00410
          DataL = *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_RX_L_REG));
          DataR = *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_RX_R_REG));
00411
00412
00413
          // Write the sample into memory
          *(BufAddr + 2 * i) = DataL;
*(BufAddr + 2 * i + 1) = DataR;
00414
00415
00416
00417
00418
        if (unsetUIO(uio_ptr, audio_mmap_size) < 0) {</pre>
        pynq_error("audio_record: unable to free UIO %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
00419
                     "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00420
00421
                     uio_index);
00422
        if (unsetI2C(iic_fd) < 0) {
   pynq_error("audio_record: unable to unset I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "</pre>
00423
00424
00425
                     "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00426
                     iic_index);
00427
00428 }
00429
00430 void audio_play(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr,
00431
                      unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio_index) {
00432
        if (uio_index > 2) {
00433
        pynq_error(
00434
              "audio_play: uio_index outside of range. is %d, should be below 3. n",
00435
              uio_index);
00436
00437
        if (volume > 100) {
        pynq_error("audio_play: volume outside allowed range. Is %d, should be "
00438
00439
                     "below 100 \n",
00440
                     volume);
00441
00442
        int iic_index = 1;
00443
        unsigned int i, status;
00444
        void *uio ptr;
00445
        int DataL, DataR;
00446
        int iic_fd;
00447
        uio_ptr = setUIO(uio_index, audio_mmap_size);
00448
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00449
        if (iic_fd < 0) {</pre>
00450
00451
         pynq_error("audio_play: unable to set I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
00452
                     "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00453
                     iic_index);
00454
00455
00456
        // Unmute left and right DAC, enable Mixer3 and Mixer4
```

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```
write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x21, iic_fd);
00458
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x41, iic_fd);
00459
00460
        unsigned char vol_register = (unsigned char) volume « 2 | 0x3;
        // Enable Left/Right Headphone out
00461
00462
        write_audio_req(R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_reqister,
00463
                         iic_fd);
00464
        write_audio_reg(R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00465
                         iic_fd);
00466
00467
        for (i = 0; i < nsamples; i++) {</pre>
00468
         do {
00469
           status = *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG));
00470
          } while (status == 0);
00471
          *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG)) =
              0x00000001;
00472
00473
00474
          // Read the sample from memory
          DataL = *(BufAddr + 2 * i);
00475
          DataR = *(BufAddr + 2 * i + 1);
00476
00477
00478
          // Write the sample to output
          *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_L_REG)) = DataL;
*((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_R_REG)) = DataR;
00479
00480
00481
00482
00483
        \ensuremath{//} Mute left and right DAC
00484
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00485
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
        // Mute left input to mixer3 (R23) and right input to mixer4 (R25)
write_audio_reg(R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00486
00487
00488
        write_audio_reg(R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00489
        if (unsetUIO(uio_ptr, audio_mmap_size) < 0) {</pre>
00490
         00491
00492
00493
                      uio index);
00494
00495
        if (unsetI2C(iic fd) < 0) {</pre>
         pynq_error("audio_play: unable to unset I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
    "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00496
00497
00498
                      iic_index);
00499
00500 }
00501
00502 void audio_repeat_play(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr,
00503
                              unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume,
00504
                              unsigned int repetitions) {
00505
        if (volume > 100) {
        00506
00507
00508
00509
00510
        int iic_index = 1;
00511
        unsigned int i, status;
        void *uio_ptr;
00512
00513
        int DataL, DataR;
00514
        int iic_fd;
00515
00516
        uio_ptr = setUIO(0, audio_mmap_size);
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00517
00518
        if (iic fd < 0) {</pre>
00519
         pynq_error("audio_repeat_play: unable to set I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod 666 "
00520
                      "/dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00521
                      iic_index);
00522
00523
00524
        // Unmute left and right DAC, enable Mixer3 and Mixer4
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x21, iic_fd);
00525
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x41, iic_fd);
00526
00527
00528
        unsigned char vol_register = (unsigned char)volume « 2 | 0x3;
        // Enable Left/Right Headphone out write_audio_reg(R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00529
00530
        iic_fd);
write_audio_reg(R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00531
00532
00533
                         iic_fd);
00534
00535
        for (unsigned int repeat = 0; repeat < repetitions; repeat++) {</pre>
         for (i = 0; i < nsamples; i++) {</pre>
00536
00537
            do {
00538
              status =
00539
                   *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG));
00540
            } while (status == 0);
00541
            *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG)) =
00542
                0x00000001:
00543
```

```
// Read the sample from memory
            DataL = *(BufAddr + 2 * i);
DataR = *(BufAddr + 2 * i + 1);
00545
00546
00547
00548
             // Write the sample to output
             *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_L_REG)) = DataL;
*((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_R_REG)) = DataR;
00549
00550
00551
00552
        // Mute left and right DAC
00553
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00554
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
// Mute left input to mixer3 (R23) and right input to mixer4 (R25)
00555
00556
00557
         write_audio_reg(R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00558
         write_audio_reg(R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00559
00560
        if (unsetUIO(uio_ptr, audio_mmap_size) < 0) {</pre>
00561
          pynq_error("audio_repeat_play: unable to free UIO %d\n", 0);
00562
00563
        if (unsetI2C(iic_fd) < 0) {</pre>
00564
          pynq_error("audio_repeat_play: unable to unset I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod "
00565
                       "666 /dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00566
                       iic_index);
00567
00568 }
00569
00570 void audio_generate_tone(unsigned int frequency, uint32_t time_ms,
00571
                                  unsigned int volume) {
00572
00573
        if (frequency < 10) {
         pynq_error("audio_generate_tone: frequency should be 10 or higher, "
00574
00575
                       "frequency is: %d\n",
00576
                       frequency);
00577
00578
        if (volume > 100) {
         pynq_error("audio_generate_tone: volume outside allowed range. Is %d, "
00579
                       "should be below 100 \n",
00580
                       volume);
00582
00583
        double period = 1 / ((double)(frequency));
00584
        unsigned int samplesPerPeriod = (int)(SAMPLE_RATE * period);
        double time_s = ((double)(time_ms)) / 1000;
00585
        int total
Periods = (int)(time_s / period); ^{'} // Number of times one period must
00586
00587
                                                         // be played to play for time_ms
00588
00589
        uint32_t audioBuffer[16 * 1024 + 1] = {0};
00590
        unsigned int i, status;
00591
00592
        for (i = 0; i < samplesPerPeriod; i++) {</pre>
00593
         double t = (double)i / SAMPLE_RATE;
00594
           double value = \sin(6.28318531 * frequency * t); // 6.28... = 2pi
00595
           value = value + 1;
00596
           value = value \star 16000;
          audioBuffer[2 * i] = (uint32_t)value;
audioBuffer[2 * i + 1] = (uint32_t)value;
00597
00598
00599
00600
        unsigned int audio_mmap_size = 64 * 1024;
00601
00602
        unsigned int *BufAddr = audioBuffer;
00603
        int iic_index = 1;
        void *uio_ptr;
00604
00605
        int DataL, DataR;
00606
        int iic_fd;
00607
00608
        uio_ptr = setUIO(0, audio_mmap_size);
00609
        iic_fd = setI2C(iic_index, IIC_SLAVE_ADDR);
00610
        if (iic fd < 0) {</pre>
          pynq_error("audio_generate_tone: unable to set I2C %d, ensure sudo chmod "
00611
                       "666 /dev/i2c-1 has been executed\n",
00612
00613
                       iic_index);
00614
00615
        // Unmute left and right DAC, enable Mixer3 and Mixer4
write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x21, iic_fd);
00616
00617
00618
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x41, iic_fd);
00619
00620
        unsigned char vol_register = (unsigned char) volume « 2 | 0x3;
00621
         // Enable Left/Right Headphone out
        write_audio_reg(R29_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_LEFT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00622
                          iic_fd);
00623
        write_audio_reg(R30_PLAYBACK_HEADPHONE_RIGHT_VOLUME_CONTROL, vol_register,
00624
00625
                          iic_fd);
00626
00627
         for (int period = 0; period < totalPeriods; period++) {</pre>
00628
         for (i = 0; i < samplesPerPeriod; i++) {</pre>
00629
            do {
00630
               status =
```

```
*((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG));
            } while (status == 0);
00632
00633
            *((volatile unsigned *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_STATUS_REG)) =
00634
                0x00000001;
00635
00636
            // Read the sample from memory
00637
            DataL = *(BufAddr + 2 * i);
00638
            DataR = *(BufAddr + 2 * i + 1);
00639
00640
            // Write the sample to output
            *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_L_REG)) = DataL;
00641
            *((volatile int *)(((uint8_t *)uio_ptr) + I2S_DATA_TX_R_REG)) = DataR;
00642
00643
00644
00645
        // Mute left and right DAC
00646
        write_audio_reg(R22_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
00647
        write_audio_reg(R24_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_0, 0x01, iic_fd);
        // Mute left input to mixer3 (R23) and right input to mixer4 (R25) write_audio_reg(R23_PLAYBACK_MIXER_LEFT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00648
00649
00650
        write_audio_reg(R25_PLAYBACK_MIXER_RIGHT_CONTROL_1, 0x00, iic_fd);
00651
00652
        if (unsetUIO(uio_ptr, audio_mmap_size) < 0) {</pre>
         00653
00654
00655
00656
00657
        if (unsetI2C(iic_fd) < 0) {</pre>
        pynq_error("audio_generate_tone: unable to unset I2C %d, ensure has been "
00658
00659
                     "executed\n",
00660
                     iic_index);
00661
00662 }
```

# 6.25 library/empty-library/audio.c File Reference

#include <audio.h>

Include dependency graph for audio.c:

## **Functions**

- void audio init (void)
- void audio\_select\_input (int input)
- void write audio reg (unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data, int iic fd)
- void config\_audio\_pll (void)
- void config audio codec (void)
- void select\_line\_in (void)
- void select\_mic (void)
- void deselect (void)
- void audio\_bypass (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_
  index)
- void audio\_record (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, int uio\_← index)
- void audio\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio\_index)
- void audio\_repeat\_play (unsigned int audio\_mmap\_size, unsigned int \*BufAddr, unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, unsigned int repetitions)
- void audio generate tone (unsigned int frequency, uint32 t time ms, unsigned int volume)

## 6.26 audio.c

## Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #include <audio.h
00002 void audio_init(void){};
00003 void audio_select_input(int input){};
00004 void write_audio_reg(unsigned char u8RegAddr, unsigned char u8Data, int iic_fd){};
00005 void config_audio_pll(void){};
00006 void config_audio_codec(void){};
00007 void select_line_in(void){};
00008 void select_mic(void){};
00009 void deselect (void) {};
00010 void audio_bypass(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int nsamples,
00011
                          unsigned int volume, int uio_index){};
00012 void audio_record(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr,
00013
                         unsigned int nsamples, int uio_index){};
00014 void audio_play(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr, 00015 unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume, int uio_index){};
00016 void audio_repeat_play(unsigned int audio_mmap_size, unsigned int *BufAddr,
00017
                               unsigned int nsamples, unsigned int volume,
00018
                               unsigned int repetitions) { };
00019 void audio_generate_tone(unsigned int frequency, uint32_t time_ms,
00020
                                 unsigned int volume) { };
00021
```

# 6.27 library/buttons.c File Reference

```
#include <buttons.h>
#include <gpio.h>
#include <log.h>
#include <pinmap.h>
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
```

Include dependency graph for buttons.c:

## **Macros**

#define LOG\_DOMAIN "buttons"

#### **Functions**

- void buttons\_init (void)
- · void buttons destroy (void)
- void switches\_init (void)
- · void switches\_destroy (void)
- int get button state (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_button\_state (const int button, const int state)
- int sleep\_msec\_button\_pushed (const int button, const int ms)
- void sleep\_msec\_buttons\_pushed (int button\_states[], const int ms)
- int wait\_until\_button\_pushed (const int button)
- int wait until button released (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_any\_button\_pushed (void)
- int wait\_until\_any\_button\_released (void)
- int get\_switch\_state (const int switch\_num)

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## 6.27.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.27.1.1 LOG DOMAIN

```
#define LOG_DOMAIN "buttons"
```

Definition at line 34 of file buttons.c.

## 6.28 buttons.c

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell 00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is 00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00010
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <buttons.h>
00023 #include <gpio.h>
00024 #include <log.h>
00025 #include <pinmap.h>
00026 #include <platform.h>
00027 #include <stdbool.h>
00028 #include <stdio.h>
00029 #include <stdlib.h>
00030 #include <sys/time.h>
00031 #include <unistd.h>
00032
00033 #undef LOG DOMAIN
00034 #define LOG_DOMAIN "buttons"
00035
00036 static bool buttons_initialized = false;
00037 static bool switches_initialized = false;
00038
00039 void buttons init(void) {
00040 if (buttons_initialized == true) {
00041
          pynq_error("buttons_destroy: buttons already initialized\n");
00042
00043
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_BTN0, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00044
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_BTN1, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00045
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_BTN2, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00046
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_BTN3, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00047
        buttons_initialized = true;
00048 }
00049
00050 void buttons_destroy(void) { /* Anything to do here? */
00051    if (buttons_initialized == false) {
00052
          pynq_error("buttons_destroy: buttons weren't initialized\n");
00053
00054 }
00055
00056 void switches_init(void) {
00057 if (switches_initialized == true) {
          pynq_error("switches_destroy: switches already initialized\n");
00058
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_SWO, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
gpio_set_direction(SWB_SW1, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00060
00061
00062
        switches_initialized = true;
00063 }
00064
00065 void switches_destroy(void) { /* Anything to do here? */
       if (switches_initialized == false) {
```

```
pynq_error("switches_destroy: switches weren't initialized\n");
00068
00069 }
00070
00071 int get_button_state(const int button) {
00072
        if (buttons_initialized == false) {
         pynq_error("get_button_state: buttons weren't initialized\n");
00074
00075
        if (button < 0 || button >= NUM_BUTTONS) {
00076
         pynq_error("get_button_state: invalid button=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n",
00077
                     NUM_BUTTONS);
00078
00079
        return (gpio_get_level(SWB_BTN0 + button) == GPIO_LEVEL_LOW
08000
                    ? BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED
00081
                    : BUTTON_PUSHED);
00082 }
00083
00084 int wait_until_button_state(const int button, const int state) {
       if (buttons_initialized == false) {
00086
         pynq_error("wait_until_button_state: buttons weren't initialized\n");
00087
00088
        if (button < 0 || button >= NUM_BUTTONS) {
        pynq_error("get_button_state: invalid button=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n", button,
00089
00090
                     NUM BUTTONS):
00091
00092
        const pin_t btn = SWB_BTN0 + button;
        if (gpio_get_direction(btn) != GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {
00093
00094
        pynq_error("get_button_state: button %d has not been set as input\n",
00095
                     button);
00096
00097
        struct timeval call, close;
00098
        int dTime;
00099
        gettimeofday(&call, NULL);
00100
        const unsigned int check
            (state == BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED ? GPIO_LEVEL_LOW : GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH);
00101
00102
        while (gpio_get_level(btn) != check) {
00103
00104
        gettimeofday(&close, NULL);
00105
        dTime = (close.tv_sec - call.tv_sec) * 1000.0;
00106
        dTime += (close.tv_usec - call.tv_usec) / 1000.0; // # of usec in ms
00107
        return dTime;
00108 }
00109
00110 int sleep_msec_button_pushed(const int button, const int ms) {
        if (buttons_initialized == false) {
00111
00112
         pynq_error("sleep_msec_button: buttons weren't initialized\n");
00113
        if (button < 0 || button >= NUM_BUTTONS) {
   pynq_error("sleep_msec_button_pushed: invalid button=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n",
00114
00115
00116
                     button, NUM_BUTTONS);
00117
00118
        const pin_t btn = SWB_BTN0 + button;
        if (gpio_get_direction(btn) != GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {
00119
        pynq_error(
    "sleep_msec_button_pushed: button %d has not been set as input\n",
00120
00121
              button);
00122
00123
00124
        int status;
00125
        struct timeval call, close;
00126
        double dTime;
        // mapping call time to call struct
00127
00128
        gettimeofday(&call, NULL);
00129
        do {
00130
        // update level and latch if is pushed
00131
          if (status != GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH) {
00132
           status = gpio_get_level(btn);
00133
00134
          (void) gettimeofday (&close, NULL);
00135
          dTime = (close.tv_sec - call.tv_sec) * 1000.0;
                                                             // # of ms
         dTime += (close.tv_usec - call.tv_usec) / 1000.0; // # of usec in ms
00137
        } while (dTime < ms);</pre>
00138
        return (status == GPIO_LEVEL_LOW ? BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED);
00139 }
00140
00141 void sleep_msec_buttons_pushed(int button_states[], const int ms) {
00142
       if (buttons_initialized == false) {
         pynq_error("sleep_msec_buttons_pushed: buttons weren't initialized\n");
00143
00144
        if (button_states == NULL) {
00145
         pynq_error("sleep_msec_buttons_pushed: button_states is NULL\n");
00146
00147
00148
        struct timeval call, close;
00149
00150
        const pin_t buttons[NUM_BUTTONS] = {SWB_BTN0, SWB_BTN1, SWB_BTN2, SWB_BTN3};
00151
        // mapping call time to call struct
00152
        (void) gettimeofday (&call, NULL);
00153
        do {
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < NUM_BUTTONS; i++)</pre>
          if (button_states[i] != BUTTON_PUSHED) {
00155
00156
             button_states[i] =
                 (gpio_get_level(buttons[i]) == GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH ? BUTTON_PUSHED
00157
00158
                                                                 : BUTTON NOT PUSHED);
00159
           }
00160
00161
          (void)gettimeofday(&close, NULL);
         00162
00163
       } while (dTime < ms);</pre>
00164
00165 }
00166
00167 int wait_until_button_pushed(const int button) {
00168 // all checks are done in wait_until_button state
00169
       return wait_until_button_state(button, BUTTON_PUSHED);
00170 }
00171
00172 int wait_until_button_released(const int button) {
00173
       // all checks are done in wait_until_button state
00174
       return wait_until_button_state(button, BUTTON_NOT_PUSHED);
00175 }
00176
00177 int wait_until_any_button_pushed(void) {
00178   const pin_t buttons[NUM_BUTTONS] = {SWB_BTN0, SWB_BTN1, SWB_BTN2, SWB_BTN3};
       if (buttons_initialized == false) {
00179
00180
         pynq_error("wait_until_any_button_pushed: buttons weren't initialized\n");
00181
00182
       for (int b = 0; b < NUM_BUTTONS; b++) {</pre>
00183
        if (gpio_get_direction(b) != GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {
00184
           pynq_error(
00185
                "wait_until_any_button_pushed: button %d has not been set as input\n",
00186
00187
         }
00188
       do {
00189
        for (int b = 0; b < NUM_BUTTONS; b++) {</pre>
00190
           if (gpio_get_level(buttons[b]) == GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH) {
00192
             return b; // we return the index, i.e. 0..NUM_BUTTONS-1
00193
00194
00195 } while (true);
00196 }
00197
00198 int wait_until_any_button_released(void) {
00199
       const pin_t buttons[NUM_BUTTONS] = {SWB_BTN0, SWB_BTN1, SWB_BTN2, SWB_BTN3};
00200
       if (buttons_initialized == false) {
00201
         pynq\_error("wait\_until\_any\_button\_released: buttons weren't initialized \verb|\n"|);
00202
00203
       for (int b = 0; b < NUM_BUTTONS; b++) {</pre>
        if (gpio_get_direction(b) != GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {
00205
           pynq_error("wait_until_any_button_released: button %d has not been set "
00206
                       "as input\n",
00207
                       b);
00208
         }
00209
00210
00211
        for (int b = 0; b < NUM_BUTTONS; b++) {</pre>
00212
          if (gpio_get_level(buttons[b]) == GPIO_LEVEL_LOW)
00213
             return b; // we return the index, i.e. 0..NUM_BUTTONS-1
00214
00215
       } while (true);
00216 }
00218 int get_switch_state(const int switch_num) {
00219 if (switches_initialized == false) {
00220
         pynq_error("get_switch_state: switches weren't initialized\n");
00221
       if (switch_num != SWITCHO && switch_num != SWITCH1) {
       pynq_error("get_switch_state: invalid switch_num=%d, must be 0..%i-1\n",
00224
                    switch_num, NUM_SWITCHES);
00225
00226
       return (gpio_get_level(SWB_SW0 + switch_num) == GPIO_LEVEL_LOW ? SWITCH_ON
00227
                                                                       : SWITCH OFF);
00228 }
```

## 6.29 library/empty-library/buttons.c File Reference

#include <buttons.h>
Include dependency graph for buttons.c:

#### **Functions**

- void switches\_init (void)
- · void switches\_destroy (void)
- void buttons init (void)
- · void buttons\_destroy (void)
- int get\_button\_state (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_button\_state (const int button, const int state)
- int sleep\_msec\_button\_pushed (const int button, const int msec)
- void sleep msec buttons pushed (int button states[], const int ms)
- int wait\_until\_button\_pushed (const int button)
- int wait until button released (const int button)
- int wait\_until\_any\_button\_pushed (void)
- · int wait\_until\_any\_button\_released (void)
- · int get\_switch\_state (const int switch\_num)

## 6.30 buttons.c

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #include <buttons.h>
00002 void switches_init(void){};
00003 void switches_destroy(void){};
00004 extern void buttons_init(void){};
00005 extern void buttons_destroy(void){};
00006 extern int get_button_state(const int button){};
00007 extern int wait_until_button_state(const int button, const int state){return 0;};
00008 extern int sleep_msec_button_pushed(const int button, const int msec){return 0;};
00009 extern void sleep_msec_buttons_pushed(int button_states[], const int ms){};
00010 extern int wait_until_button_pushed(const int button){return 0;};
00011 extern int wait_until_button_released(const int button){return 0;};
00012 extern int wait_until_any_button_pushed(void){return 0;};
00013 extern int wait_until_any_button_released(void){return 0;};
00014 extern int get_switch_state(const int switch_num){return 0;};
```

# 6.31 library/empty-library/fontx.c File Reference

```
#include <fontx.h>
Include dependency graph for fontx.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void AaddFontx (FontxFile \*fx, const char \*path)
- void InitFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, const char \*f0, const char \*f1)
- bool OpenFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void CloseFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void DumpFontx (FontxFile \*fxs)
- uint8\_t GetFontWidth (FontxFile \*fx)
- uint8\_t GetFontHeight (FontxFile \*fx)
- bool GetFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, uint8\_t ascii, uint8\_t \*pGlyph, uint8\_t \*pw, uint8\_t \*ph)
- void UnderlineBitmap (uint8 t \*line, uint8 t w, uint8 t h)
- void ReversBitmap (uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h)
- void ShowFont (uint8\_t \*fonts, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph)
- void ShowBitmap (uint8 t \*bitmap, uint8 t pw, uint8 t ph)
- uint8\_t RotateByte (uint8\_t ch)

6.32 fontx.c 143

## 6.32 fontx.c

# Go to the documentation of this file. 00001 #include <fontx.h> 00002 void AaddFontx(FontxFile \*fx, const char \*path){}; 00003 void InitFontx(FontxFile \*fxs, const char \*f0, const char \*f1){}; 00004 bool OpenFontx(FontxFile \*fx){}; 00005 void CloseFontx(FontxFile \*fx){}; 00006 void DumpFontx(FontxFile \*fx){}; 00007 uint8\_t GetFontWidth(FontxFile \*fx){}; 00008 uint8\_t GetFontHeight(FontxFile \*fx){}; 00009 bool GetFontx(FontxFile \*fxs, uint8\_t ascii, uint8\_t \*pGlyph, uint8\_t \*ph){}; 00010 uint8\_t \*ph){}; 00011 void UnderlineBitmap(uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h){}; 00012 void ReversBitmap(uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h){}; 00013 void ShowFont(uint8\_t \*bitmap, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph){}; 00014 void ShowBitmap(uint8\_t \*bitmap, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph){}; 00015 uint8\_t RotateByte(uint8\_t ch){};

# 6.33 library/fontx.c File Reference

```
#include "fontx.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/unistd.h>
Include dependency graph for fontx.c:
```

#### **Macros**

• #define FontxDebug 0

#### **Functions**

- void AddFontx (FontxFile \*fx, const char \*path)
- void InitFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, const char \*f0, const char \*f1)
- bool OpenFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void CloseFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void DumpFontx (FontxFile \*fxs)
- uint8 t getFortWidth (FontxFile \*fx)
- uint8\_t getFortHeight (FontxFile \*fx)
- bool GetFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, uint8\_t ascii, uint8\_t \*pGlyph, uint8\_t \*pw, uint8\_t \*ph)
- void Font2Bitmap (uint8\_t \*fonts, uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h, uint8\_t inverse)
- void UnderlineBitmap (uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h)
- void ReversBitmap (uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h)
- void ShowFont (uint8 t \*fonts, uint8 t pw, uint8 t ph)
- void ShowBitmap (uint8\_t \*bitmap, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph)
- uint8\_t RotateByte (uint8\_t ch1)

## 6.33.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 6.33.1.1 FontxDebug

```
#define FontxDebug 0
```

Definition at line 9 of file fontx.c.

## 6.33.2 Function Documentation

## 6.33.2.1 AddFontx()

Definition at line 11 of file fontx.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.33.2.2 getFortHeight()

Definition at line 93 of file fontx.c.

## 6.33.2.3 getFortWidth()

Definition at line 88 of file fontx.c.

## 6.34 fontx.c

```
00001 #include "fontx.h"
00002 #include <stdbool.h>
00003 #include <stdint.h>
00004 #include <stdio.h>
00005 #include <string.h>
00006 #include <sys/stat.h>
00007 #include <sys/unistd.h>
80000
00009 #define FontxDebug 0
00010
00011 void AddFontx(FontxFile *fx, const char *path) {
00012 memset(fx, 0, sizeof(FontxFile));

00013 fx->path = path;

00014 fx->opened = false;
00015 }
00016
00017 void InitFontx(FontxFile *fxs, const char *f0, const char *f1) {
00018 AddFontx(&fxs[0], f0);
00019 AddFontx(&fxs[1], f1);
00020 }
00021
00022 bool OpenFontx(FontxFile *fx) {
00023 FILE *f;
00024 if (!fx->opened) {
00025 if (FontxDebug)
00026 printf("[openF
           printf("[openFont]fx->path=[%s]\n", fx->path);
f = fopen(fx->path, "r");
00026
00027
             if (FontxDebug)
printf("[openFont]fopen=%p\n", f);
if (f == NULL) {
  fx->valid = false;
  printf("Fontx'%s not found \n", fx
00028
00029
00030
00031
                printf("Fontx:%s not found.\n", fx->path);
00032
00033
                 return fx->valid;
```

6.34 fontx.c 145

```
00034
00035
           fx->opened = true;
00036
           fx \rightarrow file = f;
00037
           char buf[18];
           if (fread(buf, 1, sizeof(buf), fx->file) != sizeof(buf)) {
00038
00039
             fx->valid = false;
             printf("Fontx:%s not FONTX format.\n", fx->path);
00040
00041
             fclose(fx->file);
00042
             return fx->valid;
00043
00044
          if (FontxDebug) {
   for (uint32_t i = 0; i < strlen(buf); i++) {</pre>
00045
00046
00047
              printf("buf[%d]=0x%x\n", i, buf[i]);
00048
00049
           memcpy(fx->fxname, &buf[6], 8);
00050
00051
           fx->w = buf[14];

fx->h = buf[15];
00053
           fx->is_ank = (buf[16] == 0);
00054
           fx->bc = buf[17];
           fx - > fsz = (fx - > w + 7) / 8 * fx - > h;
00055
           if (fx->fsz > FontxGlyphBufSize) {
00056
00057
            printf("Fontx:%s is too big font size.\n", fx->path);
00058
             fx->valid = false;
             fclose(fx->file);
00059
00060
             return fx->valid;
00061
          fx->valid = true;
00062
00063
        }
00064
        return fx->valid:
00065 }
00066
00067 void CloseFontx(FontxFile *fx) {
        if (fx->opened) {
00068
00069
          fclose(fx->file);
00070
          fx->opened = false;
00071
00072 }
00073
00074 void DumpFontx(FontxFile *fxs) {
printf("fxs[%d]->u=%d\n", i, fxs[i].u);
printf("fxs[%d]->h=%d\n", i, fxs[i].h);
printf("fxs[%d]->fsz=%d\n", i, fxs[i].fsz);
printf("fxs[%d]->bc=%d\n", i, fxs[i].bc);
00081
00082
00083
00084
00085
00086 }
00087
00088 uint8_t getFortWidth(FontxFile *fx) {
        printf("fx->w=%d\n", fx->w);
00089
        return (fx->w);
00090
00091 }
00092
00093 uint8_t getFortHeight (FontxFile *fx) { 00094 printf("fx->h=%d\n", fx->h);
00095
        return (fx->h);
00096 }
00097
00098 bool GetFontx(FontxFile *fxs, uint8_t ascii, uint8_t *pGlyph, uint8_t *pw,
00099
                     uint8_t *ph) {
00100
        int i:
00101
        uint32 t offset:
00102
        if (FontxDebug)
00103
00104
          printf("[GetFontx]ascii=0x%x\n", ascii);
00105
        for (i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
         if (!OpenFontx(&fxs[i]))
00106
00107
             continue;
          if (FontxDebug)
00108
            printf("[GetFontx]openFontxFile[%d] ok\n", i);
00109
00110
00111
           if (fxs[i].is_ank) {
00112
             if (FontxDebug)
               printf("[GetFontx]fxs.is_ank fxs.fsz=%d\n", fxs[i].fsz);
00113
             offset = 17 + ascii * fxs[i].fsz;
00114
             if (FontxDebug)
00115
00116
               printf("[GetFontx]offset=%d\n", offset);
00117
             if (fseek(fxs[i].file, offset, SEEK_SET)) {
00118
             printf("Fontx:seek(%u) failed.\n", offset);
00119
               return false;
00120
```

```
if (fread(pGlyph, 1, fxs[i].fsz, fxs[i].file) != fxs[i].fsz) {
  printf("Fontx:fread failed.\n");
00122
00123
                  return false;
00124
               if (pw)
00125
               *pw = fxs[i].w;
if (ph)
00126
00127
00128
                 *ph = fxs[i].h;
00129
               return true;
00130
            }
         }
00131
00132
         return false;
00133 }
00134
00135 void Font2Bitmap(uint8_t *fonts, uint8_t *line, uint8_t w, uint8_t h,
00136
                            uint8_t inverse) {
          int x, y;
for (y = 0; y < (h / 8); y++) {
  for (x = 0; x < w; x++) {</pre>
00137
00138
00139
00140
              line[y * 32 + x] = 0;
00141
00142
00143
         int mask = 7;
int fontp;
00144
00145
          fontp = 0;
00147
          for (y = 0; y < h; y++) {
           for (x = 0; x < w; x++) {
  uint8_t d = fonts[fontp + x / 8];
  uint8_t linep = (y / 8) * 32 + x;
  if (d & (0x80 » (x % 8)))</pre>
00148
00149
00150
00151
00152
                 line[linep] = line[linep] + (1 « mask);
00153
00154
            mask--;
00155
            if (mask < 0)
              mask = 7;
00156
            fontp += (w + 7) / 8;
00157
00158
00159
00160
          if (inverse) {
           for (y = 0; y < (h / 8); y++) {
  for (x = 0; x < w; x++) {
    line[y * 32 + x] = RotateByte(line[y * 32 + x]);</pre>
00161
00162
00163
00164
               }
00165
            }
00166
         }
00167 }
00168
00169 void UnderlineBitmap(uint8_t *line, uint8_t w, uint8_t h) {
00170 int x, y;
00171 uint8_t wk;
00172
         for (y = 0; y < (h / 8); y++) {
00173
           for
                 (x = 0; x < w; x++)
             wk = line[y * 32 + x];
if ((y + 1) == (h / 8))
line[y * 32 + x] = wk + 0x80;
00174
00175
00176
00177
            }
00178 }
00179 }
00180
00181 void ReversBitmap(uint8_t *line, uint8_t w, uint8_t h) {
00182 int x, y;
00183 uint8_t wk;
00184
          for (y = 0; y < (h / 8); y++) {
           for (x = 0; x < w; x++) {
  wk = line[y * 32 + x];
  line[y * 32 + x] = ~wk;
00185
00186
00187
00188
            }
00189
         }
00190 }
00191
00192 void ShowFont(uint8_t *fonts, uint8_t pw, uint8_t ph) {
         int x, y, fpos;
printf("[ShowFont pw=%d ph=%d]\n", pw, ph);
00193
00194
          fpos = 0;
for (y = 0; y < ph; y++) {
00195
00196
            printf("%02d", y);
for (x = 0; x < pw; x++) {
00197
00198
               if (fonts[fpos + x / 8] & (0x80 » (x % 8))) {
  printf("*");
00199
00200
               } else {
00201
                 printf(".");
00202
00203
00204
            }
            printf("\n");
00205
            fpos = fpos + (pw + 7) / 8;
00206
00207
```

```
00208
        printf("\n");
00209 }
00210
00211 void ShowBitmap(uint8_t *bitmap, uint8_t pw, uint8_t ph) {
00212
        int x, y, fpos;
printf("[ShowBitmap pw=%d ph=%d]\n", pw, ph);
00213
00215 fpos = 0;
00216 for (y = 0; y < ph; y++) {
        printf("%02d", y);
for (x = 0; x < pw; x++) {
00217
00218
00219
             if (bitmap[x + (y / 8) * 32] & (0x80 » fpos)) {
   printf("*");
00220
00221
00222
            printf(".");
}
00223
00224
00225
           }
         printf("\n");
fpos++;
if (fpos > 7)
00226
00227
00228
00229
             fpos = 0;
00230 }
00231 printf("\n");
00232 }
00234 uint8_t RotateByte(uint8_t ch1) {
00235 uint8_t ch2 = 0;
00236
         int j;
        for (j = 0; j < 8; j++) {
  ch2 = (ch2 « 1) + (ch1 & 0x01);
00237
UU239 ch1 = ch1 » 1;
00240 }
00238
00241
         return ch2;
00242 }
```

# 6.35 library/empty-library/gpio.c File Reference

```
#include <gpio.h>
Include dependency graph for gpio.c:
```

## **Functions**

- void gpio\_init (void)
- void gpio destroy (void)
- void gpio\_reset\_pin (const gpio\_t pin)
- void gpio\_set\_direction (const gpio\_t pin, const gpio\_direction\_t direction)
- gpio\_direction\_t gpio\_get\_direction (const gpio\_t pin)
- void gpio\_set\_level (const gpio\_t pin, const gpio\_level\_t level)
- gpio\_level\_t gpio\_get\_level (const gpio\_t pin)
- void gpio\_reset (void)

## 6.35.1 Function Documentation

## 6.35.1.1 gpio\_get\_direction()

Definition at line 6 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.35.1.2 gpio\_get\_level()

Definition at line 8 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 6.35.1.3 gpio\_reset\_pin()

Definition at line 4 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

#### 6.35.1.4 gpio\_set\_direction()

Definition at line 5 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.35.1.5 gpio\_set\_level()

Definition at line 7 of file gpio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.36 gpio.c

```
00001 #include <gpio.h>
00002 void gpio_init(void){};
00003 void gpio_destroy(void){};
00004 void gpio_destroy(void){};
00005 void gpio_reset_pin(const gpio_t pin){};
00006 gpio_direction_t gpio_get_direction(const gpio_t pin) {};
00007 void gpio_set_level(const gpio_t pin, const gpio_level_t level){};
00008 gpio_level_t gpio_get_level(const gpio_t pin) {};
00009 gpio_level_t gpio_get_level(const gpio_t pin){};
00010 void gpio_ack_interrupt(){};
00011 void gpio_print_interrupt(){};
00012 void gpio_enable_interrupt(const gpio_t ping){};
00013 void gpio_disable_interrupt(const gpio_t ping){};
00014 void gpio_disable_all_interrupts(){};
00015 uint8_t *gpio_get_interrupt_pins(){};
00016 uint64_t gpio_get_interrupt(){};
00017 */
00018 void gpio_reset(void){};
```

# 6.37 library/gpio.c File Reference

```
#include "gpio.h"
#include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
#include <log.h>
#include <pinmap.h>
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <version.h>
Include dependency graph for gpio.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- bool gpio\_is\_initialized (void)
- void gpio\_init (void)
- void gpio\_destroy (void)
- void gpio\_reset\_pin (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_reset (void)
- void gpio\_set\_direction (const pin\_t pin, const gpio\_direction\_t dir)
- gpio\_direction\_t gpio\_get\_direction (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_set\_level (const pin\_t pin, const gpio\_level\_t level)
- gpio\_level\_t gpio\_get\_level (const pin\_t pin)

## **Variables**

```
volatile uint32_t * gpio = NULL
```

• volatile uint32\_t \* intc0 = NULL

## 6.37.1 Variable Documentation

## 6.37.1.1 gpio

```
volatile uint32_t* gpio = NULL
```

Definition at line 32 of file gpio.c.

#### 6.37.1.2 intc0

```
volatile uint32_t* intc0 = NULL
```

Definition at line 33 of file gpio.c.

# 6.38 gpio.c

```
00001 /
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include "gpio.h"
00023 #include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
00024 #include <log.h>
00025 #include <pinmap.h>
00026 #include <platform.h>
00027 #include <stdio.h>
00028 #include <stdlib.h>
00029 #include <version.h>
00031 static arm_shared gpio_handle, intc0_handle;
00032 volatile uint32_t *gpio = NULL;
00033 volatile uint32_t *intc0 = NULL;
00034
00038 }
00039
00040 void apio init(void) {
00041 pynq_info("Initialize");
00042
        check_version();
00043
        gpio = arm_shared_init(&gpio_handle, axi_gpio_0, 4096);
00044
       intc0 = arm_shared_init(&intc0_handle, axi_intc_0, 4096);
00045 }
00046
00047 void gpio_destroy(void) {
00048 pynq_info("Destroy");
00049
        arm_shared_close(&gpio_handle);
00050
       arm_shared_close(&intc0_handle);
00051
        gpio = NULL;
00052
       intc0 = NULL:
00053 }
00054
00055 void gpio_reset_pin(const pin_t pin) {
00056 PIN_CHECK(pin);
00057
        pynq_info("Reset pin: %d", pin);
        gpio_set_direction(pin, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00058
       gpio_set_level(pin, GPIO_LEVEL_LOW);
00059
00060 }
00061
00062 void gpio_reset(void) {
       pynq_info("Reset all pins");
00063
00064
        // set all pins as input
       gpio[1] = 0xFFFFFFF;
// re-set all outputs to 0
00065
00066
       gpio[0] = 0x0;
00067
00068
00069
        // set all pins as input
00070
        gpio[3] = 0xFFFFFFFF;
00071
       // re-set all outputs to 0
       gpio[2] = 0x0;
// disable all interrupts
00072
00073
       intc0[0] = 0;
intc0[1] = 0;
00074
00075
       // remove all pending interrupts
intc0[2] = 0;
00076
00077
00078
       intc0[3] = 0;
00079 }
00080
00081 void gpio_set_direction(const pin_t pin, const gpio_direction_t dir) {
00082 PIN_CHECK(pin);
```

```
if (!(dir == GPIO_DIR_INPUT || dir == GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT)) {
00084
         pynq_error("gpio_set_direction: invalid direction %d", dir);
00085
00086
        int pin_bank = pin % 32;
       int bank = pin < 32 ? 1 : 3;
if (dir == GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {</pre>
00087
00088
         gpio[bank] = gpio[bank] | (1 « pin_bank);
00090
00091
         gpio[bank] = gpio[bank] & ~(1 « pin_bank);
00092
00093 }
00094
00095 gpio_direction_t gpio_get_direction(const pin_t pin) {
00096 PIN_CHECK(pin);
00097
        int pin_bank = pin % 32;
00098
       int bank = pin < 32 ? 1 : 3;
       int dir =
00099
00100
            ((gpio[bank] & (1 « pin_bank)) != 0) ? GPIO_DIR_INPUT : GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT;
00101
        return dir;
00102 }
00103
00104 void gpio_set_level(const pin_t pin, const gpio_level_t level) {
00105 PIN_CHECK(pin);

00106 if (!(level == GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH || level == GPIO_LEVEL_LOW)) {
         pynq_error("gpio_set_level: level %d is invalid", level);
00107
00108
00109
        int pin_bank = pin % 32;
00110
       int bank = pin < 32 ? 0 : 2;
00111
        if (level == GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH) {
00112
         gpio[bank] = gpio[bank] | (1 « pin_bank);
00113
        } else {
00114
         gpio[bank] = gpio[bank] & ~(1 « pin_bank);
00115 }
00116 }
00117
00118 gpio_level_t gpio_get_level(const pin_t pin) {
        PIN_CHECK(pin);
00119
       int pin_bank = pin % 32;
       int bank = pin < 32 ? 0 : 2;
00122 return (gpio[bank] & (1 « pin_bank)) != 0 ? GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH : GPIO_LEVEL_LOW;
00123 }
```

# 6.39 library/empty-library/i2cps.c File Reference

#include <i2cps.h>
Include dependency graph for i2cps.c:

## **Functions**

- int setI2C (unsigned int index, long slave\_addr)
- int unsetI2C (int i2c fd)
- int writel2C\_asFile (int i2c\_fd, unsigned char writebuffer[], unsigned char bytes)
- int readI2C asFile (int i2c fd, unsigned char readbuffer[], unsigned char bytes)

#### 6.39.1 Function Documentation

## 6.39.1.1 readI2C\_asFile()

Definition at line 6 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.39.1.2 setI2C()

```
int setI2C (
          unsigned int index,
          long slave_addr )
```

Definition at line 2 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.39.1.3 unsetI2C()

```
int unsetI2C ( int \ i2c\_fd \ )
```

Definition at line 3 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.39.1.4 writel2C\_asFile()

Definition at line 4 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.40 i2cps.c

## Go to the documentation of this file.

# 6.41 library/i2cps.c File Reference

```
#include "i2cps.h"
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
Include dependency graph for i2cps.c:
```

## **Functions**

- int setI2C (unsigned int index, long slave\_addr)
- int unsetI2C (int i2c\_fd)
- int writel2C\_asFile (int i2c\_fd, unsigned char writebuffer[], unsigned char bytes)
- int readI2C\_asFile (int i2c\_fd, unsigned char readbuffer[], unsigned char bytes)

## 6.41.1 Function Documentation

## 6.41.1.1 readI2C asFile()

Definition at line 88 of file i2cps.c.

## 6.41.1.2 setI2C()

Definition at line 60 of file i2cps.c.

## 6.41.1.3 unsetI2C()

```
int unsetI2C ( int \ i2c\_fd \ )
```

Definition at line 74 of file i2cps.c.

## 6.41.1.4 writel2C\_asFile()

Definition at line 79 of file i2cps.c.

# 6.42 i2cps.c

```
00001 /****************************
00002
          Copyright (c) 2016, Xilinx, Inc.
00003
          All rights reserved.
00004 *
00005
          Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
00006
          modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
00007
80000
          1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice,
00009
             this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
00010
00011
          2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright
00012
              notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the
00013
              documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
00014 *
00015
          3. Neither the name of the copyright holder nor the names of its
00016
              contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from
00017
              this software without specific prior written permission.
00018
00019
          THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS"
         AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR
00020 *
00021 *
00022 *
          CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL,
00023 *
          EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
00024 *
00025 *
          PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS;
     * OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION). HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY,

* WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR

* OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF

* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
00026 *
00027 *
00028 *
00030
00032 /**********************************
00033
00034
00035
       * @file i2cps.c
00036
00037 \, * Functions to interact with linux I2C. No safe checks here, so users must
00038
       * know what they are doing.
00039
00040 * 
00041 * MODIFICATION HISTORY:
00042
00043
      * Ver Who Date
                             Changes
00044 * ----
00045
       * 1.00a gn 02/03/16 release
       \star 1.00b yrq 08/31/16 add license header
00046
00047
00048 * 
00049
00051
00052 #include "i2cps.h"
00053 #include <fcntl.h>
00054 #include <stdio.h>
00055 #include <stdlib.h>
00056 #include <string.h>
00057 #include <sys/ioctl.h>
00058 #include <unistd.h>
00059
00060 int setI2C(unsigned int index, long slave_addr) {
00061
       int i2c_fd;
       char buf[50];
sprintf(buf, "/dev/i2c-%d", index);
00062
00063
       // printf("buf = %s \n",buf);
if ((i2c_fd = open(buf, O_RDWR)) < 0) {
00064
00065
00066
         return -1;
00067
00068
        if (ioctl(i2c_fd, I2C_SLAVE, slave_addr) < 0) {</pre>
       return -1;
00069
00070
00071
       return i2c fd:
00072 }
00073
00074 int unsetI2C(int i2c_fd) {
00075
        close(i2c_fd);
00076
        return 0;
00077 }
00078
00079 int writeI2C_asFile(int i2c_fd, unsigned char writebuffer[],
08000
                          unsigned char bytes) {
00081
       unsigned char bytesWritten = write(i2c_fd, writebuffer, bytes);
00082
       if (bytes != bytesWritten) {
```

```
return -1;
00084
00085
       return 0;
00086 }
00087
00088 int readI2C_asFile(int i2c_fd, unsigned char readbuffer[],
                        unsigned char bytes) {
00090
       unsigned char bytesRead = read(i2c_fd, readbuffer, bytes);
00091
       if (bytes != bytesRead)
         return -1;
00092
00093
       return 0;
00094 }
```

# 6.43 library/empty-library/iic.c File Reference

```
#include <iic.h>
Include dependency graph for iic.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void iic\_init (const iic\_index\_t iic)
- void iic\_destroy (const iic\_index\_t iic)
- bool iic\_read\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_←
  t length)
- bool iic\_write\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t length)

## 6.44 iic.c

## Go to the documentation of this file.

# 6.45 library/iic.c File Reference

```
#include "iic.h"
#include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
#include "log.h"
#include "xiic_l.h"
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
Include dependency graph for iic.c:
```

#### **Macros**

#define IIC\_REG\_SOFT\_RESET (0x40 / 4)

#### **Functions**

- void iic init (const iic index t iic)
- void iic\_destroy (const iic\_index\_t iic)
- bool iic\_read\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_←
  t data length)
- bool iic\_write\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t data\_length)

## 6.45.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.45.1.1 IIC\_REG\_SOFT\_RESET

```
#define IIC_REG_SOFT_RESET (0x40 / 4)
```

Definition at line 35 of file iic.c.

## 6.46 iic.c

```
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00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy 00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00010
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
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00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include "iic.h"
00023 #include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
00024 #include "log.h"
00025 #include "xiic_l.h"
00026 #include <platform.h>
00027 #include <stdio.h>
00028 #include <string.h>
00029
00030 static arm_shared iic_handles[NUM_IICS];
00031 static volatile uint32_t *iic_ptrs[NUM_IICS] = {
00032
          NULL,
00033 };
00034
00035 #define IIC REG SOFT RESET (0x40 / 4)
00036
00037 void iic_init(const iic_index_t iic) {
00038
        if (!(iic >= IIC0 && iic < NUM_IICS))</pre>
00039
          pynq_error("invalid IIC %d, must be 0..%d\n", iic, NUM_IICS);
00040
00041
        if (iic == IIC0) {
        iic_ptrs[iic] = arm_shared_init(&(iic_handles[iic]), axi_iic_0, 4096);
} else if (iic == IICl) {
00042
00043
00044
          iic_ptrs[iic] = arm_shared_init(&(iic_handles[iic]), axi_iic_1, 4096);
00045
00046
         // Reset
00047
        iic_ptrs[iic][IIC_REG_SOFT_RESET] = 0xA;
00048 }
00050 void iic_destroy(const iic_index_t iic) {
```

```
if (!(iic >= IIC0 && iic < NUM_IICS)) {</pre>
00052
         pynq_error("invalid IIC %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", iic, NUM_IICS);
00053
00054
       arm_shared_close(&(iic_handles[iic]));
00055
       iic_ptrs[iic] = NULL;
00056 }
00057
00058 bool iic_read_register(const iic_index_t iic, const uint8_t addr,
       const uint8_t reg, uint8_t *data, uint16_t data_length) {
if (!(iic >= IICO && iic < NUM_IICS)) {</pre>
00059
       pynq_error("invalid IIC %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", iic, NUM_IICS);
}
00060
00061
00062
00063
       XIic_Send((UINTPTR)iic_ptrs[iic], addr, (u8 *)&reg, 1, XIIC_REPEATED_START);
00064 uint8_t ByteCount
00065
           XIic_Recv((UINTPTR)iic_ptrs[iic], addr, data, data_length, XIIC_STOP);
00066
       return (ByteCount == data_length) ? 0 : 1;
00067 }
00068
00069 bool iic_write_register(const iic_index_t iic, const uint8_t addr,
00070
                              const uint8_t reg, uint8_t *data,
00071
                              uint16_t data_length) {
       if (!(iic >= IIC0 && iic < NUM_IICS))</pre>
00072
        pynq_error("invalid IIC %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", iic, NUM_IICS);
00073
00074
00075
       uint8_t buffer[1 + data_length];
00076 buffer[0] = reg;
       memcpy(&(buffer[1]), data, data_length);
00077
00078 uint8_t ByteCount = XIic_Send((UINTPTR)iic_ptrs[iic], addr, &(buffer[0]),
00079
                                      1 + data_length, XIIC_STOP);
       return (ByteCount == (data_length + 1)) ? 0 : 1;
08000
00081 }
```

# 6.47 library/empty-library/leds.c File Reference

#include <leds.h>

Include dependency graph for leds.c:

## **Functions**

- void leds\_init\_onoff (void)
- void green\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void color\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void leds\_destroy (void)
- · void green\_led\_onoff (const int led, const int onoff)
- void green led on (const int led)
- void green led off (const int led)
- void color\_led\_red\_onoff (const int onoff)
- · void color\_led\_green\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color led blue onoff (const int onoff)
- · void color led onoff (const int red onoff, const int green onoff, const int blue onoff)
- void color\_led\_on (void)
- void color\_led\_off (void)

## 6.48 leds.c

```
00001 #include <leds.h>
00002 void leds_init_onoff(void){};
00003 void green_leds_init_pwm(void){};
00004 void color_leds_init_pwm(void){};
00005 void leds_destroy(void){};
00006 void green_led_onoff(const int led, const int onoff){};
00007 void green_led_on(const int led){};
00008 void green_led_off(const int led){};
```

# 6.49 library/leds.c File Reference

```
#include <gpio.h>
#include <leds.h>
#include <log.h>
#include <pinmap.h>
#include <pwm.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
Include dependency graph for leds.c:
```

#### **Macros**

• #define LOG DOMAIN "leds"

## **Typedefs**

• typedef enum \_led\_mode led\_mode

#### **Enumerations**

enum \_led\_mode { uninitialized , binary , pwm\_green , pwm\_color }

## **Functions**

- void leds\_init\_onoff (void)
- void green\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void color\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void leds\_destroy (void)
- void green\_led\_onoff (const int led, const int onoff)
- void green\_led\_on (const int led)
- void green\_led\_off (const int led)
- · void color led red onoff (const int onoff)
- · void color\_led\_green\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color\_led\_blue\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color\_led\_onoff (const int red\_onoff, const int green\_onoff, const int blue\_onoff)
- void color\_led\_on (void)
- void color\_led\_off (void)

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## 6.49.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.49.1.1 LOG DOMAIN

```
#define LOG_DOMAIN "leds"
```

Definition at line 31 of file leds.c.

## 6.49.2 Typedef Documentation

## 6.49.2.1 led mode

```
typedef enum _led_mode led_mode
```

## 6.49.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 6.49.3.1 led mode

```
enum _led_mode
```

#### Enumerator

uninitialized	
binary	
pwm_green	
pwm_color	

Definition at line 33 of file leds.c.

## 6.50 leds.c

```
00001 /
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
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00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
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00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00013
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <gpio.h>
00023 #include <leds.h>
```

```
00024 #include <log.h>
00025 #include <pinmap.h>
00026 #include <pwm.h>
00027 #include <stdio.h>
00028 #include <stdlib.h>
00029
00030 #undef LOG_DOMAIN
00031 #define LOG_DOMAIN "leds"
00032
00033 typedef enum _led_mode { uninitialized, binary, pwm_green, pwm_color } led_mode;
00034 static led_mode mode = uninitialized;
00035
00036 // LEDs are either on or off
00037 void leds_init_onoff(void) {
00038
       if (mode == binary)
          return;
00039
        if (mode != uninitialized) {
        pynq_error("leds_init_onoff: mode=%d should be uninitialized\n", mode);
}
00040
00041
00042
00043
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD0, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD1, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD2, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00044
00045
00046
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD3, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD4B, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD4G, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00047
00048
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD4R, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00049
00050
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD5B, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00051
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD5G, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00052
        gpio_set_direction(SWB_LD5R, GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT);
00053
       mode = binary;
00054 }
00055
00056 // can change the intensity of LEDs, the onoff parameters are then in the range
00057 // 0..255
00058 void green_leds_init_pwm(void) {
00059
       if (mode == pwm_green)
00060
          return;
        if (mode != uninitialized) {
00061
00062
          pynq_error("green_leds_init_pwm: mode=%d should be uninitialized\n", mode);
00063
        ^{\prime}/^{\prime} initialize switchbox and routing PWM to LEDs
00064
00065
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD0, SWB_PWM0);
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD1, SWB_PWM1);
00066
00067
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD2, SWB_PWM2);
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD3, SWB_PWM3);
00068
00069
        // initialize the PWM channels
00070
        pwm_init(PWM0, 256);
00071
        pwm_init(PWM1, 256);
00072
        pwm_init(PWM2, 256);
pwm_init(PWM3, 256);
00073
00074
       mode = pwm_green;
00075 }
00076
00077 // can change the intensity of LEDs, the onoff parameters are then in the range
00078 // 0..255
00079 void color_leds_init_pwm(void) {
00080 if (mode == pwm_color)
00081
          return;
00082
        if (mode != uninitialized) {
00083
          pynq_error("color_leds_init_pwm: mode=%d should be uninitialized\n", mode);
00084
        // initialize switchbox and routing PWM to LEDs
00085
00086
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD4R, SWB_PWM0);
00087
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD4G, SWB_PWM1);
00088
        switchbox_set_pin(SWB_LD4B, SWB_PWM2);
00089
        \ensuremath{//} initialize the PWM channels
00090
        pwm_init(PWM0, 256);
        pwm_init(PWM1, 256);
pwm_init(PWM2, 256);
00091
00092
00093
        mode = pwm_color;
00094 }
00095
00096 void leds_destroy(void) {
        // note that pynq\_destroy will also reset all GPIO and switch off all LEDs
00097
        if (mode == binary) {
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM_GREEN_LEDS; i++)</pre>
00098
00099
00100
            green_led_off(i);
00101
        if (mode == pwm_green || mode == pwm_color) {
   green_led_off(0);
00102
00103
00104
          green led off(1);
00105
          green_led_off(2);
00106
          pwm_destroy(PWM0);
00107
          pwm_destroy(PWM1);
00108
          pwm_destroy(PWM2);
00109
00110
        if (mode == pwm green) {
```

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```
00111
          green_led_off(3);
00112
         pwm_destroy(PWM3);
00113
00114
       mode = uninitialized;
00115 }
00116
00117 void green_led_onoff(const int led, const int onoff) {
00118
       if (led < 0 || led >= NUM_GREEN_LEDS) {
        pynq_error("green_led_onoff: invalid led=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n",
00119
00120
                     NUM_GREEN_LEDS);
00121
       int oo = onoff;
00122
00123
        switch (mode) {
       case binary:
00124
00125
         gpio_set_level(SWB_LD0 + led,
00126
                          (onoff == LED_OFF ? GPIO_LEVEL_LOW : GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH));
00127
         break:
00128
        case pwm_green:
00129
        case pwm_color:
00130
         if (onoff < 0) {
00131
           00 = 0;
00132
          } else {
          if (onoff > 255) {
00133
00134
             00 = 255;
00135
            }
00136
00137
          pwm_set_duty_cycle(PWM0 + led, oo);
00138
          break;
00139
        default:
        pynq_error("green_led_onoff: LEDs have not been initialized with "
00140
00141
                      "green_leds_init_pwm\n");
00142
          break;
00143 }
00144 }
00145
00146 void green_led_on(const int led) { green_led_onoff(led, LED_ON); }
00147 void green_led_off(const int led) { green_led_onoff(led, LED_OFF); }
00148 void color_led_red_onoff(const int onoff) {
00149
       int oo = onoff;
00150
        switch (mode) {
00151
        case binary:
         gpio_set_level(SWB_LD4R,
00152
                          (onoff == LED OFF ? GPIO LEVEL LOW : GPIO LEVEL HIGH));
00153
00154
         break;
00155
        case pwm_green:
        case pwm_color:
00156
00157
         if (onoff < 0) {</pre>
00158
           00 = 0;
          } else {
00159
00160
           if (onoff > 255) {
00161
             00 = 255;
00162
00163
00164
          pwm_set_duty_cycle(PWM0, oo);
00165
          break;
00166
        default:
        pynq_error("color_led_red_onoff: LEDs have not been initialized with "
00168
                      "color_leds_init_pwm\n");
00169
00170 }
00171
00172 void color_led_green_onoff(const int onoff) {
00173 int oo = onoff;
00174
        switch (mode) {
00175
        case binary:
         00176
00177
00178
         break:
        case pwm_color:
00179
        if (onoff < 0) {
00180
00181
           00 = 0;
00182
          } else {
00183
           if (onoff > 255) {
00184
             00 = 255;
00185
            }
00186
00187
          pwm_set_duty_cycle(PWM1, oo);
00188
00189
        default:
        pynq_error("color_led_green_onoff: LEDs have not been initialized with "
00190
                      "color_leds_init_pwm\n");
00191
00192
       }
00193 }
00194
00195 void color_led_blue_onoff(const int onoff) {
00196 int oo = onoff;
       switch (mode) {
00197
```

```
case binary:
00199
        gpio_set_level(SWB_LD4B,
                          (onoff == LED_OFF ? GPIO_LEVEL_LOW : GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH));
00200
00201
         break;
       case pwm_color:
  if (onoff < 0) {</pre>
00202
00203
           00 = 0;
00205
         } else {
00206
          if (onoff > 255) {
           oo = 255;
00207
00208
00209
        pwm_set_duty_cycle(PWM2, oo);
00210
00211
00212
       default:
00213
       pynq_error("color_led_blue_onoff: LEDs have not been initialized with "
                      "color_leds_init_pwmn");
00214
00215
00216 }
00217
00218 void color_led_onoff(const int red_onoff, const int green_onoff,
00219
                            const int blue_onoff) {
00220 color_led_red_onoff(red_onoff);
00221
       color_led_green_onoff(green_onoff);
color_led_blue_onoff(blue_onoff);
00222
00223 }
00224
00225 void color_led_on(void) { color_led_onoff(LED_ON, LED_ON, LED_ON); }
00226 void color_led_off(void) { color_led_onoff(LED_OFF, LED_OFF, LED_OFF); }
```

## 6.51 library/empty-library/pinmap.c File Reference

# 6.52 pinmap.c

Go to the documentation of this file.

# 6.53 library/pinmap.c File Reference

```
#include <pinmap.h>
Include dependency graph for pinmap.c:
```

#### **Variables**

• char \*const pin names []

# 6.54 pinmap.c

```
00001 /*
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00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
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00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
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00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
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00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
```

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```
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00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <pinmap.h>
00023
00024 char *const pin_names[] = {
00026     "ARO",
00028     "AR1",
            "AR2",
00030
            "AR3",
00032
00034
            "AR4",
            "AR5",
00036
00038
00040
            "AR7",
00042
            "AR8",
            "AR9",
"AR10",
00044
00046
00048
00050
            "AR12",
00052
            "AR13",
00053
00055
            "A0",
00057
            "A1",
            "A2",
00059
00061
            "A4",
00063
00065
            "A5",
00066
00068
            "SWO",
            "SW1",
"BTN0",
00070
00073
            "BTN1",
00075
00077
            "BTN2",
00079
            "BTN3",
00082
            "LD0",
            "LD1",
00084
00086
            "LD3",
00088
00089
00091
            "AR_SDA",
00093
            "AR_SCL",
00095
            "LD4B",
            "LD4G",
"LD4R",
"LD5B",
00097
00099
00101
            "LD5G",
00103
00105
            "LD5R",
00107
            "RBPI40",
00109
            "RBPI37",
            "RBPI38",
00111
            "RBPI35",
00113
00115
            "RBPI36",
            "RBPI33",
00119
            "RBPI18",
00121
            "RBPI32",
            "RBPI10",
00123
            "RBPI27",
00125
            "RBPI28",
00127
00129
            "RBPI22",
00131
            "RBPI23",
00133
            "RBPI24",
            "RBPI21",
00135
            "RBPI26",
00137
00139
            "RBPI31",
00141
00143
            "RBPI15",
00145
            "RBPI16",
00147
            "RBPI13",
            "RBPI12",
00149
            "RBPI29",
00151
00153
            "RBPI08",
00155
            "RBPI07",
00157
            "RBPI05",
00158 };
```

## 6.55 library/empty-library/pwm.c File Reference

```
#include <pwm.h>
Include dependency graph for pwm.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- bool pwm\_initialized (const int pwm)
- void pwm init (const int pwm, const uint32 t period)
- void <a href="mailto:pwm\_destroy">pwm\_destroy</a> (const int pwm)
- · void pwm\_set\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm, const uint32\_t duty)
- void <a href="mailto:pwm\_set\_period">pwm\_set\_period</a> (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_period (const int pwm)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm)
- void pwm set steps (const int pwm, const uint32 t steps)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_steps (const int pwm)

## 6.56 pwm.c

## Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #include <pwm.h>
00002 bool pwm_initialized(const int pwm) {};
00003 void pwm_init(const int pwm, const uint32_t period) {};
00004 void pwm_destroy(const int pwm) {};
00005 void pwm_set_duty_cycle(const int pwm, const uint32_t duty) {};
00006 void pwm_set_period(const int pwm, const uint32_t period) {};
00007 uint32_t pwm_get_period(const int pwm) {};
00008 uint32_t pwm_get_duty_cycle(const int pwm) {};
00009 void pwm_set_steps(const int pwm, const uint32_t steps) {};
00010 uint32_t pwm_get_steps(const int pwm) {};
```

# 6.57 library/pwm.c File Reference

```
#include <libpynq.h>
Include dependency graph for pwm.c:
```

## **Enumerations**

enum PWM\_Regs { PWM\_REG\_DUTY = 0 , PWM\_REG\_PERIOD = 1 , PWM\_REG\_NEW\_STEP\_COUNT = 2 , PWM\_REG\_CUR\_STEP\_COUNT = 3 }

#### **Functions**

- · bool pwm initialized (const int pwm)
- bool check\_initialized\_pwm (const int pwm)
- void pwm\_init (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- void pwm\_destroy (const int pwm)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm)
- uint32 t pwm get period (const int pwm)
- void pwm\_set\_period (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- void pwm\_set\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm, const uint32\_t duty)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_steps (const int pwm)
- void pwm\_set\_steps (const int pwm, const uint32\_t steps)

6.58 pwm.c 165

## 6.57.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 6.57.1.1 PWM\_Regs

```
enum PWM_Regs
```

#### Enumerator

PWM_REG_DUTY	
PWM_REG_PERIOD	
PWM_REG_NEW_STEP_COUNT	
PWM_REG_CUR_STEP_COUNT	

Definition at line 24 of file pwm.c.

#### 6.57.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.57.2.1 check\_initialized\_pwm()

Definition at line 49 of file pwm.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.58 pwm.c

```
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00010
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER 00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <libpynq.h>
00023
00024 enum PWM_Regs {
00025
        PWM_REG_DUTY = 0,
00026
        PWM_REG_PERIOD = 1,
00027
        PWM_REG_NEW_STEP_COUNT = 2,
00028
       PWM_REG_CUR_STEP_COUNT = 3,
00029 };
00030
00031 static struct arm_shared_t channels[NUM_PWMS] = {
00032
```

```
00034 static volatile uint32_t *initializedChannel[NUM_PWMS] = {
          NULL,
00035
00036 };
00037
00038 bool pwm_initialized(const int pwm) {
       if (pwm < 0 || pwm >= NUM_PWMS) {
00040
         pynq_error("pwm_initialized: invalid pwm=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n", pwm,
00041
                     NUM_PWMS);
00042
00043
       if (initializedChannel[pwm] == NULL) {
00044
         return false;
00045
00046
00047 }
00048
00049 bool check_initialized_pwm(const int pwm) {
       if (pwm < 0 || pwm >= NUM_PWMS) {
    pynq_error("pwm_initialized: invalid pwm=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n", pwm,
00050
                     NUM_PWMS);
00053
00054
        if (initializedChannel[pwm] == NULL) {
00055
        pynq_error("pwm_initialized: channel of pwm %d has not been initialized\n",
00056
                     pwm);
00057
00058
        return true;
00059 }
00060
00063
         pynq_error("pwm_init: invalid pwm=%d, must be 0..%d-1\n", pwm, NUM_PWMS);
00064
00065
        uint32_t channelAddr = axi_pwm_base + (pwm * 0x10000);
00066
        initializedChannel[pwm] = arm_shared_init(&channels[pwm], channelAddr, 512);
        initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_DUTY] = 0;
initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_PERIOD] = period;
00067
00068
       initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_NEW_STEP_COUNT] = -1;
00069
00070 }
00071
00072 void pwm_destroy(const int pwm) {
00073
        (void)check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
        arm_shared_close(&channels[pwm]);
00074
00075
        initializedChannel[pwm] = NULL;
00076 }
00077
00078 uint32_t pwm_get_duty_cycle(const int pwm) {
00079
      (void)check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
08000
        return initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_DUTY];
00081 }
00082
00083 uint32_t pwm_get_period(const int pwm) {
00084
      (void) check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
00085
        return initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_PERIOD];
00086 }
00087
00088 void pwm_set_period(const int pwm, const uint32_t period) {
      (void) check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
00089
        initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_PERIOD] = period;
00090
00091 }
00092
00093 void pwm_set_duty_cycle(const int pwm, const uint32_t duty) { 00094 (void)check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
00095
        initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_DUTY] = duty;
00096 }
00097
00098 uint32_t pwm_get_steps(const int pwm) {
00099 (void) check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
        return initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_NEW_STEP_COUNT];
00100
00101 }
00102
00103 void pwm_set_steps(const int pwm, const uint32_t steps) {
00104
        (void) check_initialized_pwm(pwm);
        initializedChannel[pwm][PWM_REG_NEW_STEP_COUNT] = steps;
00105
00106 }
```

## 6.59 library/empty-library/README.txt File Reference

#### **Functions**

• Use these implementations when compiling on Oncourse Bit of a hack since ideally this would have been done with If a new function doesn t get added here then it II give an error only when it s used in the application (relatively unlikely). Note that return values of reading button state etc. will not behave correctly. Overall

Use these implementations when compiling on Oncourse Bit of a hack since ideally this would have been
done with If a new function doesn t get added here then it II give an error only when it s used in the this hack
will work only for Oncourse programs that use PYNQ output only (e.g. sorting)

#### 6.59.1 Function Documentation

#### 6.59.1.1 application()

```
Use these implementations when compiling on Oncourse Bit of a hack since ideally this would have been done with If a new function doesn t get added here then it ll give an error only when it s used in the application (
relatively \ unlikely \ )
```

#### 6.59.1.2 only()

## 6.60 library/empty-library/switchbox.c File Reference

```
#include <switchbox.h>
Include dependency graph for switchbox.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void switchbox\_init (void)
- void switchbox\_set\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number, const uint8\_t pin\_type)
- void switchbox\_reset (void)
- void switchbox\_destroy (void)
- uint8\_t switchbox\_get\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number)

#### **Variables**

char \*const switchbox\_names [NUM\_SWITCHBOX\_NAMES] = {}

## 6.61 switchbox.c

```
00001 #include <switchbox.h>
00002 char *const switchbox_names[NUM_SWITCHBOX_NAMES] = {};
00003 void switchbox_init(void){};
00004 void switchbox_set_pin(const pin_t pin_number, const uint8_t pin_type){};
00005 void switchbox_reset(void){};
00006 void switchbox_destroy(void){};
00007 uint8_t switchbox_get_pin(const pin_t pin_number){};
```

# 6.62 library/switchbox.c File Reference

```
#include "switchbox.h"
#include <libpynq.h>
Include dependency graph for switchbox.c:
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct pin

#### **Functions**

- void switchbox\_init (void)
- · void switchbox destroy (void)
- void switchbox\_reset (void)
- void switchbox\_set\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number, const uint8\_t pin\_type)
- uint8\_t switchbox\_get\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number)

#### **Variables**

- char \*const switchbox\_names [NUM\_SWITCHBOX\_NAMES]
- arm\_shared ioswitch\_handle
- volatile uint32\_t \* ioswitch = NULL

## 6.62.1 Variable Documentation

## 6.62.1.1 ioswitch

```
volatile uint32_t* ioswitch = NULL
```

Definition at line 97 of file switchbox.c.

## 6.62.1.2 ioswitch\_handle

```
arm_shared ioswitch_handle
```

Definition at line 96 of file switchbox.c.

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## 6.63 switchbox.c

```
00001 /
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include "switchbox.h"
00023 #include <libpynq.h>
00024
00025 char *const switchbox_names[NUM_SWITCHBOX_NAMES] = {
          "SWB_GPIO",
00027
          "SWB_Interrupt_In",
00029
00031
          "SWB_UARTO_TX",
          "SWB_UARTO_RX",
00035
          "SWB_SPIO_CLK",
00037
          "SWB_SPIO_MISO"
00039
          "SWB SPI0 MOSI",
          "SWB_SPIO_SS",
00041
00043
          "SWB_SPI1_CLK"
00045
          "SWB_SPI1_MISO"
00047
          "SWB_SPI1_MOSI",
00049
          "SWB_SPI1_SS",
00051
          "SWB_IICO_SDA"
          "SWB_IICO_SCL",
00053
          "SWB_IIC1_SDA",
00055
          "SWB_IIC1_SCL",
00057
00059
          "SWB_PWM0",
00061
          "SWB_PWM1",
00063
          "SWB_PWM2",
          "SWB_PWM3",
00065
          "SWB_PWM4",
00067
00069
          "SWB_PWM5",
00070
          "SWB_TIMER_GO",
00071
          "SWB_TIMER_G1",
00073
          "SWB_TIMER_G2",
          "SWB_TIMER_G3",
00075
00077
          "SWB_TIMER_G4",
00079
          "SWB_TIMER_G5",
00081
          "SWB_TIMER_G6",
00083
          "SWB_TIMER_G7",
00084
          "SWB_UART1_TX",
00085
          "SWB_UART1_RX",
"SWB_TIMER_ICO".
00086
00087
          "SWB_TIMER_IC1",
          "SWB_TIMER_IC2",
          "SWB_TIMER_IC3",
00089
00090
          "SWB_TIMER_IC4",
00091
          "SWB_TIMER_IC5",
          "SWB_TIMER_IC6",
00092
00093
          "SWB TIMER IC7"
00094 };
00096 arm_shared ioswitch_handle;
00097 volatile uint32_t *ioswitch = NULL;
00098
00099 typedef struct {
00100
       char *name:
        char *state;
00101
00102
        uint8_t channel;
00103 } pin;
00104
00105 void switchbox_init(void) {
       // allocate shared memory for the switchbox and store the pointer in // `ioswitch'
00106
00108
        check_version();
00109
       ioswitch = arm_shared_init(&ioswitch_handle, io_switch_0, 4096);
00110 }
```

```
00111
00112 void switchbox_destroy(void) {
00113
       // free the sared memory in the switchbox
00114
       arm_shared_close(&ioswitch_handle);
00115 }
00116
00117 // reset all switchbox pins to 0
00118 void switchbox_reset(void) {
00122
         ioswitch[i] = 0;
00123
00124 }
00125
00126 // pin_number: the number of the pin to set.
00127 // pin_type: the type to set the pin to (0 or 1).
00128 void switchbox_set_pin(const pin_t pin_number, const uint8_t pin_type) {
       int numWordstoPass, byteNumber;
00130
       uint32_t switchConfigValue;
00131
00132
       PIN_CHECK (pin_number);
00133
00134
        // If gpio is initialized, set the pin as input, if PIN_TYPE is
00135
        // not gpio
        if (pin_type != SWB_GPIO && gpio_is_initialized()) {
00136
00137
            set pin as input.
00138
         if (gpio_get_direction(pin_number) != GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {
           00139
00140
00141
                         pin_names[pin_number]);
00142
            gpio_set_direction(pin_number, GPIO_DIR_INPUT);
00143
00144
00145
       // calculate the word and byte number for the given pin number
00146
00147
        numWordstoPass = pin number / 4;
        byteNumber = pin_number % 4;
00149
00150
        // get the current value of the word containing the pin
00151
        switchConfigValue = ioswitch[numWordstoPass];
00152
       // clear the byte containing the pin type and set it to the new value switchConfigValue = (switchConfigValue & (~(0xFF \ll (byteNumber \star 8)))) |
00153
00154
00155
                            (pin_type « (byteNumber * 8));
00156
00157
        \ensuremath{//} update the word in the switchbox with the new value
00158
       ioswitch[numWordstoPass] = switchConfigValue;
00159 }
00160
00161 // pin_number: the number of the pin to get
00162 // returns: the type of the given pin
00163 uint8_t switchbox_get_pin(const pin_t pin_number) {
00164
        int numWordstoPass, byteNumber;
       uint32_t switchConfigValue;
00165
00166
        PIN_CHECK (pin_number);
00168
00169
        \ensuremath{//} calculate the word and byte number for the given pin number
00170
        numWordstoPass = pin_number / 4;
00171
       byteNumber = pin_number % 4;
00172
00173
       // get the value of the word containing the pin and extract the value of the
00174
       // byte containing the pin type
00175
        switchConfigValue = ioswitch[numWordstoPass];
00176
       switchConfigValue = (switchConfigValue » (byteNumber * 8)) & 0xFF;
00177
00178
       // return pintype
00179
       return switchConfigValue;
00180 }
```

# 6.64 library/empty-library/uart.c File Reference

```
#include <uart.h>
Include dependency graph for uart.c:
```

#### **Functions**

· void uart init (const int uart)

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- · void uart\_destroy (const int uart)
- void uart\_send (const int uart, const uint8\_t data)
- uint8\_t uart\_recv (const int uart)
- · bool uart\_has\_data (const int uart)
- bool uart has space (const int uart)
- void uart\_reset\_fifos (const int uart)

## 6.65 uart.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
00001 #include <uart.h>
00002 void uart_init(const int uart){};
00003 void uart_destroy(const int uart) {};
00004 void uart_send(const int uart, const uint8_t data){};
00005 uint8_t uart_recv(const int uart) {};
00006 bool uart_has_data(const int uart) {};
00007 bool uart_has_space(const int uart) {};
00008 void uart_reset_fifos(const int uart) {};
```

## 6.66 library/uart.c File Reference

```
#include "uart.h"
#include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
#include "log.h"
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdio.h>
Include dependency graph for uart.c:
```

#### **Macros**

- #define UART REG RECEIVE FIFO 0
- #define UART\_REG\_TRANSMIT\_FIFO 1
- #define UART\_REG\_STATUS 2
- #define UART\_REG\_CONTROL 3
- #define UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_RX\_FIFO\_HAS\_DATA 1
- #define UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_RX\_FIFO\_FULL 2
- #define UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_TX\_FIFO\_EMPTY 4
- #define UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_TX\_FIFO\_FULL 8
- #define UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_TX\_FIFO 1
- #define UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_RX\_FIFO 2
- #define UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_FIFOS (UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_RX\_FIFO | UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_TX\_FIFO)

#### **Functions**

- · void uart\_init (const int uart)
- void uart\_destroy (const int uart)
- void uart\_send (const int uart, const uint8\_t data)
- uint8\_t uart\_recv (const int uart)
- bool uart\_has\_data (const int uart)
- bool uart\_has\_space (const int uart)
- · void uart\_reset\_fifos (const int uart)

## 6.66.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.66.1.1 UART\_REG\_CONTROL

#define UART\_REG\_CONTROL 3

Definition at line 31 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.2 UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_FIFOS

#define UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_FIFOS (UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_RX\_FIFO | UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_TX\_

Definition at line 40 of file uart.c.

#### 6.66.1.3 UART REG CONTROL BIT CLEAR RX FIFO

#define UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_RX\_FIFO 2

Definition at line 39 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.4 UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_TX\_FIFO

#define UART\_REG\_CONTROL\_BIT\_CLEAR\_TX\_FIFO 1

Definition at line 38 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.5 UART\_REG\_RECEIVE\_FIFO

#define UART\_REG\_RECEIVE\_FIFO 0

Definition at line 28 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.6 UART\_REG\_STATUS

#define UART\_REG\_STATUS 2

Definition at line 30 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.7 UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_RX\_FIFO\_FULL

#define UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_RX\_FIFO\_FULL 2

Definition at line 34 of file uart.c.

6.67 uart.c 173

#### 6.66.1.8 UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_RX\_FIFO\_HAS\_DATA

```
#define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_RX_FIFO_HAS_DATA 1
```

Definition at line 33 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.9 UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_TX\_FIFO\_EMPTY

```
#define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_EMPTY 4
```

Definition at line 35 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.10 UART\_REG\_STATUS\_BIT\_TX\_FIFO\_FULL

```
#define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_FULL 8
```

Definition at line 36 of file uart.c.

## 6.66.1.11 UART\_REG\_TRANSMIT\_FIFO

```
#define UART_REG_TRANSMIT_FIFO 1
```

Definition at line 29 of file uart.c.

## 6.67 uart.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell 00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is 00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include "uart.h"
00023 #include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
00024 #include "log.h"
00025 #include <platform.h>
00026 #include <stdio.h>
00027
00028 #define UART_REG_RECEIVE_FIFO 0
00029 #define UART_REG_TRANSMIT_FIFO 1
00030 #define UART_REG_STATUS 2
00031 #define UART_REG_CONTROL 3
00032
00033 #define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_RX_FIFO_HAS_DATA 1
00034 #define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_RX_FIFO_FULL 2
00035 #define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_EMPTY 4
```

```
00036 #define UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_FULL 8
00037
00038 #define UART_REG_CONTROL_BIT_CLEAR_TX_FIFO 1
00039 #define UART_REG_CONTROL_BIT_CLEAR_RX_FIF0 2
00040 #define UART REG CONTROL BIT CLEAR FIFOS
00041
        (UART_REG_CONTROL_BIT_CLEAR_RX_FIFO | UART_REG_CONTROL_BIT_CLEAR_TX_FIFO)
00043 static arm_shared uart_handles[NUM_UARTS];
00044 static volatile uint32_t *uart_ptrs[NUM_UARTS] = {
00045
          NULL,
00046 };
00047
00048 void uart_init(const int uart) {
00049
       if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {</pre>
00050
         pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00051
        if (uart == UARTO) {
00052
00053
         uart ptrs[uart] =
00054
             arm_shared_init(&(uart_handles[uart]), axi_uartlite_0, 4096);
       } else if (uart == UART1) {
00055
00056
        uart_ptrs[uart] =
00057
              arm_shared_init(&(uart_handles[uart]), axi_uartlite_1, 4096);
00058
00059 }
00060
00061 void uart_destroy(const int uart) {
00062
        if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {</pre>
00063
         pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00064
00065
        pynq_error("UART%d has not been initialized.\n", uart);
}
        if (uart_ptrs[uart] == NULL) {
00066
00067
00068
        arm_shared_close(&(uart_handles[uart]));
00069
       uart_ptrs[uart] = NULL;
00070 }
00071
00072 void uart_send(const int uart, const uint8_t data) {
00073     if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {
00074
         pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00075
00076
       pynq_error("UART%d has not been initialized.\n", uart);
}
        if (uart_ptrs[uart] == NULL) {
00077
00078
00079
        while ((uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_STATUS] &
                UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_FULL) == UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_FULL)
08000
00081
00082
       uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_TRANSMIT_FIF0] = data;
00083 }
00084
00085 uint8_t uart_recv(const int uart) {
       if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {</pre>
00086
00087
         pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00088
00089
       if (uart_ptrs[uart] == NULL) {
        pynq_error("UART%d has not been initialized.\n", uart);
}
00090
00091
00092
        while ((uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_STATUS] &
00093
                UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_RX_FIFO_HAS_DATA) == 0) {
00094
00095
        return uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_RECEIVE_FIF0];
00096 }
00097
00098 bool uart_has_data(const int uart) {
00099
       if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {</pre>
00100
         pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00101
        if (uart_ptrs[uart] == NULL) {
00102
         pynq_error("UART%d has not been initialized.\n", uart);
00103
00104
00105
        return ((uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_STATUS] &
                  UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_RX_FIFO_HAS_DATA) ==
00106
00107
                UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_RX_FIFO_HAS_DATA);
00108 }
00109
00110 bool wart has space(const int wart) {
00111
       if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {</pre>
         pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00112
00113
       pynq_error("UART%d has not been initialized.\n", uart);
        if (uart_ptrs[uart] == NULL) {
00114
00115
00116
00117
        return ((uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_STATUS] &
                 UART_REG_STATUS_BIT_TX_FIFO_FULL) == 0);
00118
00119 }
00120
00121 void uart_reset_fifos(const int uart) {
00122    if (!(uart >= UARTO && uart < NUM_UARTS)) {</pre>
```

```
00123     pynq_error("invalid UART %d, must be 0..%d-1\n", uart, NUM_UARTS);
00124     }
00125     if (uart_ptrs[uart] == NULL) {
          pynq_error("UART%d has not been initialized.\n", uart);
00127     }
00128     uart_ptrs[uart][UART_REG_CONTROL] = UART_REG_CONTROL_BIT_CLEAR_FIFOS;
00129 }
```

# 6.68 library/empty-library/uio.c File Reference

```
#include <uio.h>
Include dependency graph for uio.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void \* setUIO (int uio\_index, int length)
- int unsetUIO (void \*uio\_ptr, int length)

#### 6.68.1 Function Documentation

#### 6.68.1.1 setUIO()

```
void * setUIO (
          int uio_index,
          int length )
```

Definition at line 2 of file uio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.68.1.2 unsetUIO()

Definition at line 3 of file uio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.69 uio.c

```
00001 #include <uio.h>
00002 void *setUIO(int uio_index, int length){};
00003 int unsetUIO(void *uio_ptr, int length){};
```

## 6.70 library/uio.c File Reference

```
#include "uio.h"
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <unistd.h>
Include dependency graph for uio.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void \* setUIO (int uio\_index, int length)
- int unsetUIO (void \*uio\_ptr, int length)

## 6.70.1 Function Documentation

## 6.70.1.1 setUIO()

```
void * setUIO (
    int uio_index,
    int length )
```

Definition at line 65 of file uio.c.

## 6.70.1.2 unsetUIO()

Definition at line 86 of file uio.c.

## 6.71 uio.c

```
***********
00002 *
         Copyright (c) 2016, Xilinx, Inc.
00003
         All rights reserved.
00004 *
00005 *
         Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
00006
         modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
00007 *
* 80000
         1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice,
00009
            this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
00010 *
00011 \star 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright
            notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the
00013 *
             documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
00014
00015 \,\star\, 3. Neither the name of the copyright holder nor the names of its
00016 *
             contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from
00017 *
             this software without specific prior written permission.
00019 \, \star This software is provided by the copyright holders and contributors "As is"
```

```
AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
00021 * THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTI
00022 * PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR
          THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
00023 \star CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL,
00024 \star EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, 00025 \star PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS;
00026 * OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION). HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, 00027 * WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR
00028 * OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
00029 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
00030 *
00033
00034
00035
       * @file uio.c
00036 *
00037
       * Functions to interact with linux UIO. No safe checks here, so users must
00038
      * know what they are doing.
00039
00040 * 
00041 * MODIFICATION HISTORY:
00042
00043 * Ver Who Date
                            Changes
00044 *
      * 1.00a yrq 12/05/17 Initial release
00046
00047
00048 *
00049
       *************************
00050
00051 #include "uio.h"
00052 #include <fcntl.h>
00053 #include <stdio.h>
00054 #include <stdlib.h>
00055 #include <string.h>
00056 #include <sys/mman.h>
00057 #include <unistd.h>
00058
00059 /***********************************
00060 ^{\star} Function to set the UIO device.  
00061 ^{\star} @param uio_index is the uio index in /dev list.  
00062 ^{\star} @param length is the length of the MMAP in bytes.
00063 * @return A pointer pointing to the MMAP of the UIO.
00065 void *setUIO(int uio_index, int length) {
00066 char uio_buf[32];
00067
       int uio fd;
00068
       void *uio_ptr;
00069
       sprintf(uio_buf, "/dev/uio%d", uio_index);
00071
       uio_fd = open(uio_buf, O_RDWR);
00072
       if (uio_fd < 1) {</pre>
00073
        printf("Invalid UIO device file: %s.\n", uio_buf);
00074
00075
       // mmap the UIO devices
00076
       uio_ptr = mmap(NULL, length, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, uio_fd, 0);
00077
       return uio_ptr;
00078 }
00079
00081 * Function to set the UIO device.

00082 * @param uio_ptr is the uio pointer to be freed.

00083 * @param length is the length of the MMAP.
00084 * @return 0 on success; -1 otherwise.
00086 int unsetUIO(void *uio_ptr, int length) { return munmap(uio_ptr, length); }
```

# 6.72 library/empty-library/version.c File Reference

#include <version.h>
Include dependency graph for version.c:

#### **Macros**

- #define LIBPYNQ RELEASE "ONCOURSE"
- #define LIBPYNQ VERSION MAJOR 0
- #define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MINOR 2
- #define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_PATCH 0

#### **Functions**

- void print\_version (void)
- void check\_version (void)

#### **Variables**

• const version\_t libpynq\_version

## 6.72.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.72.1.1 LIBPYNQ\_RELEASE

```
#define LIBPYNQ_RELEASE "ONCOURSE"
```

Definition at line 8 of file version.c.

## 6.72.1.2 LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MAJOR

```
#define LIBPYNQ_VERSION_MAJOR 0
```

Definition at line 9 of file version.c.

#### 6.72.1.3 LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MINOR

```
#define LIBPYNQ_VERSION_MINOR 2
```

Definition at line 10 of file version.c.

## 6.72.1.4 LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_PATCH

```
#define LIBPYNQ_VERSION_PATCH 0
```

Definition at line 11 of file version.c.

## 6.73 version.c

# 6.74 library/version.c File Reference

#include <libpynq.h>
Include dependency graph for version.c:

#### Macros

- #define LIBPYNQ RELEASE "5EWC0-2023"
- #define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MAJOR 0
- #define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MINOR 2
- #define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_PATCH 2
- #define LOG DOMAIN "version"

#### **Functions**

- void print\_version (void)
- void check\_version (void)

#### **Variables**

• const version\_t libpynq\_version

#### 6.74.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.74.1.1 LIBPYNQ\_RELEASE

#define LIBPYNQ\_RELEASE "5EWC0-2023"

Definition at line 30 of file version.c.

## 6.74.1.2 LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MAJOR

#define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MAJOR 0

Definition at line 31 of file version.c.

## 6.74.1.3 LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MINOR

#define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_MINOR 2

Definition at line 32 of file version.c.

## 6.74.1.4 LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_PATCH

#define LIBPYNQ\_VERSION\_PATCH 2

Definition at line 33 of file version.c.

#### 6.74.1.5 LOG\_DOMAIN

```
#define LOG_DOMAIN "version"
```

Definition at line 42 of file version.c.

## 6.75 version.c

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is 00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR 00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <libpyng.h>
00024 /*************
00025 * WARNING
00026 * only change the numbers in these 4 #defs; do not change anything else
00027 * the libpyng version in doxygen ryb.doxy is updated automatically based
00029 *****************
00030 #define LIBPYNQ_RELEASE "5EWC0-2023"
00031 #define LIBPYNQ_VERSION_MAJOR 0
00032 #define LIBPYNQ_VERSION_MINOR 2
00033 #define LIBPYNQ_VERSION_PATCH 2
00034 const version_t libpynq_version = {
         LIBPYNQ_RELEASE,
00036
           LIBPYNO_VERSION_MAJOR,
00037
           LIBPYNQ_VERSION_MINOR,
00038
          LIBPYNQ_VERSION_PATCH,
00039 };
00040
00041 #undef LOG_DOMAIN
00042 #define LOG_DOMAIN "version"
00043
00044 void print_version(void) {
        arm shared t;
00045
        version_t volatile *hardwareVersion =
   (version_t volatile *)arm_shared_init(&t, axi_version_0, 4096);
00046
00047
        printf("Bitstream version: %d.%d.%d\r\n", hardwareVersion->major,
00048
00049
                 hardwareVersion->minor, hardwareVersion->patch);
00050
        printf("Libpynq release %s version %d.%d.%d\r\n", libpynq_version.release,
00051
                 libpynq_version.major, libpynq_version.minor, libpynq_version.patch);
00052
        if (libpynq_version.major != hardwareVersion->major) {
00053
        pynq_error(
    "ERROR: the bitstream (hardware) and the libpynq library versions "
00055
                "are incompatible. Please update your SD-card image and libpyng
00056
               "library.\n");
00057
        } else if (libpynq_version.minor > hardwareVersion->minor) {
        printf("INFO: the libpynq library is newer than the bitstream (hardware). "
    "Please check if there is a newer version of the SD-card image.\n");
00058
00059
        } else if (libpynq_version.minor < hardwareVersion->minor) {
00060
00061
        printf(
                "INFO: the bitstream (hardware) is newer than the libpyng library. {}^{\bullet}
00062
               "Please check if there is a newer version of the libpyng library.\n");
00063
00064
00065
        arm_shared_close(&t);
00066 }
00067
00068 void check_version(void) {
00069
       arm_shared t;
```

# 6.76 library/empty-library/xiic\_l.c File Reference

```
#include <xiic_l.h>
Include dependency graph for xiic l.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- unsigned Xlic\_Recv (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option)
- unsigned Xlic\_Send (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option)
- unsigned Xlic\_DynRecv (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, u8 ByteCount)
- unsigned Xlic\_DynSend (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u16 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, u8 ByteCount, u8 Option)
- int Xlic\_DynInit (UINTPTR BaseAddress)
- u32 Xlic CheckIsBusBusy (UINTPTR BaseAddress)
- u32 Xlic\_WaitBusFree (UINTPTR BaseAddress)

#### 6.76.1 Function Documentation

#### 6.76.1.1 Xlic\_CheckIsBusBusy()

Definition at line 11 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.76.1.2 Xlic\_DynInit()

Definition at line 10 of file xiic\_l.c.

#### 6.76.1.3 Xlic DynRecv()

Definition at line 6 of file xiic\_l.c.

## 6.76.1.4 Xlic\_DynSend()

Definition at line 8 of file xiic\_l.c.

## 6.76.1.5 XIic\_Recv()

Definition at line 2 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.76.1.6 Xlic\_Send()

Definition at line 4 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.76.1.7 Xlic\_WaitBusFree()

Definition at line 12 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

6.77 xiic l.c 183

## 6.77 xiic l.c

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #include <xiic 1.h>
00002 unsigned XIic_Recv(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00003
                         unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option) {};
00004 unsigned XIic_Send(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00005
                         unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option) {};
00006 unsigned XIic_DynRecv(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00007
                            u8 ByteCount) {};
00008 unsigned XIic_DynSend(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u16 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00009
                            u8 ByteCount, u8 Option) {};
00010 int XIic_DynInit(UINTPTR BaseAddress) {};
00011 u32 XIic_CheckIsBusBusy(UINTPTR BaseAddress) {};
00012 u32 XIic_WaitBusFree(UINTPTR BaseAddress) {};
```

## 6.78 library/xiic\_l.c File Reference

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include "xiic_l.h"
#include "xil_types.h"
Include dependency graph for xiic_l.c:
```

#### **Macros**

• #define DEFAULT SOURCE

#### **Functions**

- unsigned Xlic\_Recv (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option)
- unsigned Xlic\_Send (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option)
- u32 Xlic\_CheckIsBusBusy (UINTPTR BaseAddress)
- u32 Xlic WaitBusFree (UINTPTR BaseAddress)

## 6.78.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 6.78.1.1 \_DEFAULT\_SOURCE

```
#define _DEFAULT_SOURCE
```

This file contains low-level driver functions that can be used to access the device in normal and dynamic controller mode. The user should refer to the hardware device specification for more details of the device operation.

#### MODIFICATION HISTORY:

```
also fail. Also updated the receive function to not
                    disable the device after the last byte until after the
                    bus transitions to not busy which is more consistent
                    with the expected behavior.
1.01c ecm 12/05/02 new rev
1.02a mta 03/09/06 Implemented Repeated Start in the Low Level Driver.
1.03a mta 04/04/06 Implemented Dynamic IIC core routines.
1.03a ecm 06/15/06 Fixed the hang in low_level_eeprom_test with -00
                   Added polling loops for BNB to allow the slave to
                    respond correctly. Also added polling loop prior
                    to reset in _Recv.
1.13a wgr 03/22/07 Converted to new coding style.
1.13b ecm 11/29/07 added BB polling loops to the DynSend and DynRecv
       routines to handle the race condition with BNB in IISR.
2.00a sdm 10/22/09 Converted all register accesses to 32 bit access.
          Updated to use the HAL APIs/macros.
          Some of the macros have been renamed to remove _m from
          the name and Some of the macros have been renamed to be
          consistent, see the xiic_i.h and xiic_l.h files for
          further information.
2.02a sdm 10/08/10 Updated to disable the device at the end of the transfer,
          only when addressed as slave in XIic_Send for CR565373.
2.04a sdm 07/22/11 Removed a compiler warning by adding parenthesis around &
          at line 479.
2.08a adk 29/07/13 In Low level driver In repeated start condition the
          Direction of Tx bit must be disabled in Receive
          condition It Fixes the CR:685759 Changes are done
          in the function XIic_Recv.
     sk 11/10/15 Used UINTPTR instead of u32 for Baseaddress CR# 867425.
                    Changed the prototypes of RecvData, SendData,
                    DynRecvData, DynSendData APIs.
        18/02/16 In Low level driver in repeated start condition
                    NACK for last byte is added. Changes are done in
                    XIic_Recv for CR# 862303
3.3
          06/17/16 Added bus busy checks for slave send/recv and master
    sk
                    send/recv.
     als 06/27/16 Added Low-level XIic_CheckIsBusBusy API.
     als 06/27/16 Added low-level XIic_WaitBusFree API.
       16/11/16 Reduced sleeping time in Bus-busy check.
3.4 nk
          08/29/18 Fix bus busy check for the NACK case.
```

Definition at line 71 of file xiic\_l.c.

## 6.78.2 Function Documentation

#### 6.78.2.1 Xlic CheckIsBusBusy()

Definition at line 604 of file xiic I.c.

#### 6.78.2.2 XIic\_Recv()

```
u8 * BufferPtr,
unsigned ByteCount,
u8 Option )
```

Receive data as a master on the IIC bus. This function receives the data using polled I/O and blocks until the data has been received. It only supports 7 bit addressing mode of operation. This function returns zero if bus is busy.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	contains the base address of the IIC device.
Address	contains the 7 bit IIC address of the device to send the specified data to.
BufferPtr	points to the data to be sent.
ByteCount	is the number of bytes to be sent.
Option	indicates whether to hold or free the bus after reception of data, XIIC_STOP = end with STOP condition, XIIC_REPEATED_START = don't end with STOP condition.

## Returns

The number of bytes received.

Note

None.

Definition at line 113 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 6.78.2.3 XIic\_Send()

Send data as a master on the IIC bus. This function sends the data using polled I/O and blocks until the data has been sent. It only supports 7 bit addressing mode of operation. This function returns zero if bus is busy.

## Parameters

BaseAddress	contains the base address of the IIC device.
Address	contains the 7 bit IIC address of the device to send the specified data to.
BufferPtr	points to the data to be sent.
ByteCount	is the number of bytes to be sent.
Option	indicates whether to hold or free the bus after transmitting the data.

#### Returns

The number of bytes sent.

Note

None.

Definition at line 369 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

#### 6.78.2.4 XIic\_WaitBusFree()

This function will wait until the I2C bus is free or timeout.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress | contains the base address of the I2C device.

#### Returns

- XST\_SUCCESS if the I2C bus was freed before the timeout.
- · XST FAILURE otherwise.

Note

None.

Definition at line 628 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

## 6.79 xiic\_l.c

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```
08000
00081 /********** Macros (Inline Functions) Definitions *****************
00082
00084
00085 static unsigned RecvData(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 *BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount,
                             u8 Option);
00087 static unsigned SendData(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 *BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount,
00088
                             u8 Option);
00089
00090 /********************* Variable Definitions ***********************
00091
00113 unsigned XIic_Recv(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00114
                       unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option) {
       u32 CntlReg;
00115
00116
       unsigned RemainingByteCount;
00117
       volatile u32 StatusReg;
00118
00119
       /\star Tx error is enabled in case the address (7 or 10) has no device to
       * answer with Ack. When only one byte of data, must set NO ACK before
00120
00121
        \star address goes out therefore Tx error must not be enabled as it will go
00122
        \star off immediately and the Rx full interrupt will be checked. If full,
00123
        * then the one byte was received and the Tx error will be disabled
00124
        * without sending an error callback msg
00125
00126
       XIic_ClearLisr(BaseAddress, XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK | XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK |
00127
                                      XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK);
00128
00129
       /\star Set receive FIFO occupancy depth for 1 byte (zero based) \star/
00130
       XIic WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC RFD REG OFFSET, 0);
00131
00132
       /\star Check to see if already Master on the Bus.
00133
        \star If Repeated Start bit is not set send Start bit by setting MSMS bit
00134
        \star else Send the address
00135
00136
       CntlReg = XIic ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC CR REG OFFSET);
       if ((CntlReg & XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK) == 0) {
00137
00138
         /\star 7 bit slave address, send the address for a read operation
00139
          * and set the state to indicate the address has been sent
00140
00141
         XIic Send7BitAddress (BaseAddress, Address, XIIC READ OPERATION);
00142
00143
         /* MSMS gets set after putting data in FIFO. Start the master
          * receive operation by setting CR Bits MSMS to Master, if the
00144
00145
          * buffer is only one byte, then it should not be acknowledged
00146
          \star to indicate the end of data
00147
00148
         CntlReg = XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK | XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK;
00149
         if (ByteCount == 1) {
00150
          CntlReg |= XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK;
00151
00152
00153
         /\star Write out the control register to start receiving data and
00154
         * call the function to receive each byte into the buffer
00155
00156
         XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET, CntlReg);
00157
00158
          /\star Clear the latched interrupt status for the bus not busy bit
00159
          * which must be done while the bus is busy
00160
00161
         StatusReg = XIic ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC SR REG OFFSET);
00162
         while ((StatusReg & XIIC_SR_BUS_BUSY_MASK) == 0) {
00163
00164
           StatusReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET);
00165
         }
00166
00167
         XIic ClearIisr(BaseAddress, XIIC INTR BNB MASK);
00168
       } else {
00169
         /\star Before writing 7bit slave address the Direction of Tx bit
00170
          * must be disabled
00171
00172
         CntlReg &= ~XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK;
00173
         if (ByteCount == 1) {
           CntlReg |= XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK;
00174
00175
00176
         XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET, CntlReg);
         00177
00178
00179
          * operation and set the state to indicate the address has been
00180
          * sent
00181
00182
         XIic Send7BitAddress (BaseAddress, Address, XIIC READ OPERATION);
00183
00184
       /\star Try to receive the data from the IIC bus \star/
00185
       RemainingByteCount = RecyData(BaseAddress, BufferPtr, ByteCount, Option);
00186
```

```
CntlReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET);
00188
00189
        if ((CntlReg & XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK) == 0) {
         /\star The receive is complete, disable the IIC device if the Option
00190
          \,\star\, is to release the Bus after Reception of data and return the
00191
00192
           * number of bytes that was received
00193
00194
         XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET, 0);
00195
00196
        /* Wait until I2C bus is freed, exit if timed out. */
00197
       if (XIic_WaitBusFree(BaseAddress) != XST_SUCCESS) {
00198
00199
         return 0;
00200
00201
00202
        /\star Return the number of bytes that was received \star/
00203
       return ByteCount - RemainingByteCount;
00204 }
00205
00207
00208
       \star Receive the specified data from the device that has been previously addressed
00209
       \star on the IIC bus. This function assumes that the 7 bit address has been sent
00210
       * and it should wait for the transmit of the address to complete.
00211 * 00211 * 00212 * @param
                BaseAddress contains the base address of the IIC device.
00213
                 BufferPtr points to the buffer to hold the data that is
00214 *
             received.
00215 \,\, * @param \,\, ByteCount is the number of bytes to be received.
00216
       * @param
                 Option indicates whether to hold or free the bus after reception
             of data, XIIC_STOP = end with STOP condition,
00217 *
00218
             XIIC_REPEATED_START = don't end with STOP condition.
00219
00220 \,\star\, @return The number of bytes remaining to be received.
00221 * 00222 * @note
00223 *
00224 \, * This function does not take advantage of the receive FIFO because it is
00225
       \star designed for minimal code space and complexity. It contains loops that
00226
      * that could cause the function not to return if the hardware is not working.
00227 *
00228 * This function assumes that the calling function will disable the IIC device
00229 * after this function returns.
00230
00231
00232 static unsigned RecvData(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 *BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount,
00233
                              u8 Option) {
00234
       u32 CntlReg;
00235
       u32 IntrStatusMask:
00236
       u32 IntrStatus;
00237
00238
       /\star Attempt to receive the specified number of bytes on the IIC bus \star/
00239
00240
       while (ByteCount > 0) {
00241
         /* Setup the mask to use for checking errors because when
00242
          * receiving one byte OR the last byte of a multibyte message an
          * error naturally occurs when the no ack is done to tell the
00243
00244
          * slave the last byte
00245
           */
00246
         if (ByteCount == 1) {
           IntrStatusMask = XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK | XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK;
00247
00248
          } else {
00249
           IntrStatusMask = XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK | XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK |
00250
                            XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK;
00251
00252
00253
          /\star Wait for the previous transmit and the 1st receive to
00254
          * complete by checking the interrupt status register of the
00255
          * IPIF
00256
           */
00257
         while (1) {
           IntrStatus = XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress);
00258
00259
            if (IntrStatus & XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK) {
00260
             break:
00261
00262
            /\star Check the transmit error after the receive full
00263
            * because when sending only one byte transmit error
00264
             * will occur because of the no ack to indicate the end
00265
            * of the data
00266
             */
00267
            if (IntrStatus & IntrStatusMask) {
00268
             return ByteCount;
00269
00270
          }
00271
00272
          CntlReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET);
00273
```

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```
/\star Special conditions exist for the last two bytes so check for
00275
          * them. Note that the control register must be setup for these
00276
          * conditions before the data byte which was already received is
00277
           \star read from the receive FIFO (while the bus is throttled
00278
00279
         if (BvteCount == 1) {
           if (Option == XIIC_STOP) {
00281
00282
              /\star If the Option is to release the bus after the
00283
              \star last data byte, it has already been read and
00284
              \star no ack has been done, so clear MSMS while
               * leaving the device enabled so it can get off
00285
00286
               * the IIC bus appropriately with a stop
00287
00288
              XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET,
00289
                            XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK);
00290
           }
00291
         }
00292
00293
          /\star Before the last byte is received, set NOACK to tell the slave
00294
          * IIC device that it is the end, this must be done before
00295
          \star reading the byte from the FIFO
00296
00297
          if (ByteCount == 2) {
00298
           /* Write control reg with NO ACK allowing last byte to
00299
            * have the No ack set to indicate to slave last byte
00300
00301
           00302
00303
00304
00305
00306
          /\star Read in data from the FIFO and unthrottle the bus such that
00307
          \star the next byte is read from the IIC bus
00308
          *BufferPtr++ = (u8) XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DRR_REG_OFFSET);
00309
00310
00311
          if ((ByteCount == 1) && (Option == XIIC_REPEATED_START)) {
00312
00313
            /\star RSTA bit should be set only when the FIFO is
00314
            * completely Empty.
00315
00316
            XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET,
                          XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK | XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK |
00317
                              XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK);
00318
00319
00320
00321
          /\star Clear the latched interrupt status so that it will be updated
          \star with the new state when it changes, this must be done after
00322
00323
          * the receive register is read
00324
00325
          XIic_ClearLisr(BaseAddress, XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK |
00326
                                           XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK |
00327
                                          XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK);
00328
         ByteCount --;
00329
       }
00330
00331
       if (Option == XIIC_STOP) {
00332
00333
         /\star If the Option is to release the bus after Reception of data,
00334
          * wait for the bus to transition to not busy before returning,
00335
          * the IIC device cannot be disabled until this occurs. It
00336
          \star should transition as the MSMS bit of the control register was
           \star cleared before the last byte was read from the FIFO
00337
00338
00339
         while (1) {
00340
           if (XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress) & XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK) {
00341
             break:
00342
00343
         }
00344
00345
00346
       return ByteCount;
00347 }
00348
00369 unsigned XIic_Send(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00370
                         unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option) {
00371
       unsigned RemainingByteCount;
00372
       u32 ControlReg:
00373
       volatile u32 StatusReg;
00374
00375
        /\star Wait until I2C bus is freed, exit if timed out. \star/
00376
       if (XIic_WaitBusFree(BaseAddress) != XST_SUCCESS) {
00377
         return 0;
00378
00379
```

```
/\star Check to see if already Master on the Bus.
         * If Repeated Start bit is not set send Start bit by setting
00381
00382
         * MSMS bit else Send the address.
00383
         */
00384
        ControlReg = XIic ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC CR REG OFFSET);
        if ((ControlReg & XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK) == 0) {
00385
00387
           * Put the address into the FIFO to be sent and indicate
00388
            \star that the operation to be performed on the bus is a
00389
           * write operation
00390
00391
           XIic Send7BitAddress(BaseAddress, Address, XIIC WRITE OPERATION);
00392
           /* Clear the latched interrupt status so that it will
00393
           * be updated with the new state when it changes, this
00394
            \star must be done after the address is put in the FIFO
00395
           XIic ClearIisr (BaseAddress, XIIC INTR TX EMPTY MASK |
00396
00397
                                             XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK | XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK);
00398
00399
00400
00401
           \star MSMS must be set after putting data into transmit FIFO,
00402
           \star indicate the direction is transmit, this device is master
           * and enable the IIC device
00403
00404
00405
           XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET,
00406
                          XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK | XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK |
00407
                              XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK);
00408
00409
00410
           * Clear the latched interrupt
00411
           * status for the bus not busy bit which must be done while
00412
           * the bus is busy
00413
          StatusReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET);
while ((StatusReg & XIIC_SR_BUS_BUSY_MASK) == 0) {
00414
00415
            StatusReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET);
00416
00418
00419
          XIic_ClearIisr(BaseAddress, XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK);
00420
        } else {
          /*
00421
           * Already owns the Bus indicating that its a Repeated Start * call. 7 bit slave address, send the address for a write
00422
00423
            \star operation and set the state to indicate the address has
00424
00425
           * been sent.
00426
00427
          XIic_Send7BitAddress(BaseAddress, Address, XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION);
00428
00429
00430
        /\star Send the specified data to the device on the IIC bus specified by the
00431
00432
00433
        RemainingByteCount = SendData(BaseAddress, BufferPtr, ByteCount, Option);
00434
00435
        ControlReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET);
        if ((ControlReg & XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK) == 0) {
00436
00437
00438
           \star The Transmission is completed, disable the IIC device if
00439
           \star the Option is to release the Bus after transmission of data
00440
           \star and return the number of bytes that was received. Only wait
00441
           * if master, if addressed as slave just reset to release
00442
           * the bus.
00443
00444
           if ((ControlReg & XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK) != 0)
00445
            XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET,
00446
                            (ControlReg & ~XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK));
00447
          }
00448
          if ((XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET) &
00450
                XIIC_SR_ADDR_AS_SLAVE_MASK) != 0) {
00451
            XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET, 0);
00452
          } else {
            StatusReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET);
00453
            while ((StatusReg & XIIC_SR_BUS_BUSY_MASK) != 0) {
   StatusReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET);
00454
00455
00456
00457
00458
        }
00459
00460
        return ByteCount - RemainingByteCount;
00461 }
00462
00464 *
00465 \,^{\star} Send the specified buffer to the device that has been previously addressed 00466 \,^{\star} on the IIC bus. This function assumes that the 7 bit address has been sent
```

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```
* and it should wait for the transmit of the address to complete.
00468
00469
      * @param
                 BaseAddress contains the base address of the IIC device.
00470
      * @param
                 BufferPtr points to the data to be sent.
00471
       * @param
                  ByteCount is the number of bytes to be sent.
00472
                 Option indicates whether to hold or free the bus after
       * @param
             transmitting the data.
00474
00475
      \star @return The number of bytes remaining to be sent.
00476
00477
      * @note
00478
00479
      * This function does not take advantage of the transmit FIFO because it is
00480
      * designed for minimal code space and complexity. It contains loops that
00481
       * that could cause the function not to return if the hardware is not working.
00482
0.0483
00484 static unsigned SendData(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 *BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount,
                               u8 Option) {
00486
       u32 IntrStatus;
00487
00488
        \star Send the specified number of bytes in the specified buffer by polling
00489
00490
        * the device registers and blocking until complete
00491
00492
        while (ByteCount > 0) {
00493
00494
          \star Wait for the transmit to be empty before sending any more
00495
           \star data by polling the interrupt status register
00496
00497
         while (1) {
00498
            IntrStatus = XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress);
00499
00500
            if (IntrStatus & (XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK | XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK |
00501
                              XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK)) {
00502
              return ByteCount;
00503
            }
00505
            if (IntrStatus & XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK) {
00506
             break;
00507
           }
00508
00509
          /\star If there is more than one byte to send then put the
00510
          * next byte to send into the transmit FIFO
00511
00512
          if (ByteCount > 1) {
00513
           XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET, *BufferPtr++);
00514
          } else {
            if (Option == XIIC_STOP) {
00515
00516
              \star If the Option is to release the bus after
00517
00518
               * the last data byte, Set the stop Option
00519
               \star before sending the last byte of data so
00520
               \star that the stop Option will be generated
00521
              * immediately following the data. This is
* done by clearing the MSMS bit in the
* control register.
00522
00524
00525
              XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET,
                            XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK | XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK);
00526
00527
            }
00528
00529
00530
             \star Put the last byte to send in the transmit FIFO
00531
00532
            XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET, *BufferPtr++);
00533
            if (Option == XIIC_REPEATED_START) {
00534
00535
             XIic_ClearIisr(BaseAddress, XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK);
00537
              * Wait for the transmit to be empty before
00538
               \star setting RSTA bit.
00539
               */
              while (1) {
00540
00541
                IntrStatus = XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress);
00542
                if (IntrStatus & XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK) {
00543
00544
                  * RSTA bit should be set only
00545
                  * when the FIFO is completely
00546
                   * Empty.
00547
00548
                  XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET,
00549
                                XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK |
00550
                                    XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK |
00551
                                    XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK | XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK);
00552
                  break;
00553
                }
```

```
00555
00556
00557
00558
00559
          * Clear the latched interrupt status register and this must be
          * done after the transmit FIFO has been written to or it won't
00561
00562
00563
         XIic ClearIisr (BaseAddress, XIIC INTR TX EMPTY MASK);
00564
00565
00566
          * Update the byte count to reflect the byte sent and clear
00567
          * the latched interrupt status so it will be updated for the
00568
00569
00570
         ByteCount--;
00571
       }
00573
       if (Option == XIIC_STOP) {
00574
          \star If the Option is to release the bus after transmission of
00575
00576
         * data, Wait for the bus to transition to not busy before * returning, the IIC device cannot be disabled until this
00577
00578
          * occurs. Note that this is different from a receive operation
00579
          * because the stop Option causes the bus to go not busy.
00580
00581
         while (1) {
00582
         if (XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress) & XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK) {
00583
             break;
00584
00585
         }
00586
00587
00588
       return ByteCount;
00589 }
00590
00592 *
00593 \,\star\, This is a function which tells whether the I2C bus is busy or free.
00594 *
00595 \star @param \, BaseAddr is the base address of the I2C core to work on. 00596 \, \star 00597 \, \star @return
00598 *
           - TRUE if the bus is busy.
00599
             - FALSE if the bus is NOT busy.
00600 *
00601 * @note
                    None.
00602 *
00604 u32 XIic_CheckIsBusBusy(UINTPTR BaseAddress) {
00605 u32 StatusReg;
00606
00607
       StatusReg = XIic_ReadReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET);
00608
       if (StatusReq & XIIC_SR_BUS_BUSY_MASK) {
         return TRUE;
00609
       } else {
        return FALSE;
00611
00612
00613 }
00614
00628 u32 XIic_WaitBusFree(UINTPTR BaseAddress) {
00629
       u32 BusyCount = 0;
00630
00631
       while (XIic_CheckIsBusBusy(BaseAddress)) {
       if (BusyCount++ > 10000) {
00632
           return XST_FAILURE;
00633
00634
         usleep(100);
00636 }
00637
00638
       return XST_SUCCESS;
00639 }
```

# 6.80 library/fontx.h File Reference

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for fontx.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Data Structures**

struct FontxFile

#### **Macros**

• #define FontxGlyphBufSize (32 \* 32 / 8)

#### **Typedefs**

typedef struct \_IO\_FILE FILE

#### **Functions**

- void AaddFontx (FontxFile \*fx, const char \*path)
- void InitFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, const char \*f0, const char \*f1)
- bool OpenFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void CloseFontx (FontxFile \*fx)
- void DumpFontx (FontxFile \*fxs)
- uint8\_t GetFontWidth (FontxFile \*fx)
- uint8\_t GetFontHeight (FontxFile \*fx)
- bool GetFontx (FontxFile \*fxs, uint8\_t ascii, uint8\_t \*pGlyph, uint8\_t \*pw, uint8\_t \*ph)
- void Font2Bitmap (uint8 t \*fonts, uint8 t \*line, uint8 t w, uint8 t h, uint8 t inverse)
- void UnderlineBitmap (uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h)
- void ReversBitmap (uint8\_t \*line, uint8\_t w, uint8\_t h)
- void ShowFont (uint8\_t \*fonts, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph)
- void ShowBitmap (uint8\_t \*bitmap, uint8\_t pw, uint8\_t ph)
- uint8\_t RotateByte (uint8\_t ch)

## 6.80.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.80.1.1 FontxGlyphBufSize

```
\#define FontxGlyphBufSize (32 * 32 / 8)
```

Definition at line 3 of file fontx.h.

## 6.81 fontx.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
00001 #ifndef MAIN_FONTX_H_
00002 #define MAIN_FONTX_H_
00003 #define FontxGlyphBufSize (32 * 32 / 8)
00004 #include <stdbool.h>
00005 #include <stdint.h>
00006
00023 typedef struct _IO_FILE FILE;
00024
00028 typedef struct {
       const char *path;
00029
00030
       char fxname[10];
00031
       bool opened;
00032
       bool valid;
00033
       bool is_ank;
       uint8_t w;
00035
       uint8_t h;
00036
00037
       uint16_t fsz;
00038 uint8_t bc;
00039
        FILE *file;
00040 } FontxFile;
00041
00048 void AaddFontx(FontxFile *fx, const char *path);
00058 void InitFontx(FontxFile *fxs, const char *f0, const char *f1);
00059
00073 bool OpenFontx(FontxFile *fx);
00074
00080 void CloseFontx(FontxFile *fx);
00087 void DumpFontx(FontxFile *fxs);
00088
00096 uint8_t GetFontWidth(FontxFile *fx);
00097
00105 uint8_t GetFontHeight(FontxFile *fx);
00106
00118 bool GetFontx(FontxFile *fxs, uint8_t ascii, uint8_t *pGlyph, uint8_t *pw,
                   uint8_t *ph);
00119
00120
00130 void Font2Bitmap(uint8_t *fonts, uint8_t *line, uint8_t w, uint8_t h,
00131
                       uint8 t inverse);
00132
00140 void UnderlineBitmap(uint8_t *line, uint8_t w, uint8_t h);
00141
00149 void ReversBitmap(uint8_t *line, uint8_t w, uint8_t h);
00150
00158 void ShowFont(uint8_t *fonts, uint8_t pw, uint8_t ph);
00159
00167 void ShowBitmap(uint8_t *bitmap, uint8_t pw, uint8_t ph);
00176 uint8_t RotateByte(uint8_t ch);
```

# 6.82 library/gpio.h File Reference

```
#include <pinmap.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for gpio.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

00177 00182 #endif

• #define gpio\_t pin\_t

#### **Enumerations**

- enum gpio\_direction\_t { GPIO\_DIR\_INPUT = 0 , GPIO\_DIR\_OUTPUT = 1 }
- enum gpio\_level\_t { GPIO\_LEVEL\_LOW = 0 , GPIO\_LEVEL\_HIGH = 1 }

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#### **Functions**

- · void gpio\_init (void)
- void gpio\_destroy (void)
- void gpio reset pin (const pin t pin)
- void gpio\_set\_direction (const pin\_t pin, const gpio\_direction\_t direction)
- gpio\_direction\_t gpio\_get\_direction (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_set\_level (const pin\_t pin, const gpio\_level\_t level)
- gpio\_level\_t gpio\_get\_level (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio reset (void)
- bool gpio\_is\_initialized (void)

## 6.83 gpio.h

```
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef GPIO_H
00023 #define GPIO_H
00024 #include <pinmap.h>
00025 #include <stdbool.h>
00026 #include <stdint.h>
00027
00081 typedef enum {
00083
        GPIO_DIR_INPUT = 0,
00085
       GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT = 1
00086 } gpio_direction_t;
00087
00091 typedef enum {
00093
        GPIO_LEVEL_LOW = 0,
00093 GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH = 1
00096 } gpio_level_t;
00097
00102 #define gpio t pin t
00107 extern void gpio_init(void);
00112 extern void gpio_destroy(void);
00113
00120 extern void gpio_reset_pin(const pin_t pin);
00121
00129 extern void gpio_set_direction(const pin_t pin,
                                        const gpio_direction_t direction);
00131
00138 extern gpio_direction_t gpio_get_direction(const pin_t pin);
00139
00147 extern void gpio_set_level(const pin_t pin, const gpio_level_t level);
00148
00155 extern gpio_level_t gpio_get_level(const pin_t pin);
00156
00160 extern void gpio_reset(void);
00161
00167 extern bool gpio_is_initialized(void);
00171 #endif // GPIO_H
```

# 6.84 library/i2cps.h File Reference

```
#include <linux/i2c-dev.h>
```

Include dependency graph for i2cps.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

- #define writeI2C\_byte(i2c\_fd, u8RegAddr, u8Data) i2c\_smbus\_write\_byte\_data(i2c\_fd, u8RegAddr, u8
   —
   Data):
- #define writel2C\_word(i2c\_fd, u8RegAddr, u16Data) i2c\_smbus\_write\_word\_data(i2c\_fd, u8RegAddr, u16

   Data);

#### **Functions**

- · int setI2C (unsigned int index, long slave\_addr)
- int unsetI2C (int i2c\_fd)
- int writeI2C\_asFile (int i2c\_fd, unsigned char writebuffer[], unsigned char bytes)
- int readI2C\_asFile (int i2c\_fd, unsigned char readbuffer[], unsigned char bytes)

## 6.84.1 Detailed Description

Functions to interact with linux I2C.

```
MODIFICATION HISTORY:
```

```
        Ver
        Who
        Date
        Changes

        ----
        -----
        ------

        1.00a gn
        01/24/15 First release

        1.00b yrq
        08/31/16 Added license header
```

Definition in file i2cps.h.

## 6.84.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.84.2.1 writel2C\_byte

Definition at line 63 of file i2cps.h.

## 6.84.2.2 writel2C\_word

Definition at line 66 of file i2cps.h.

# 6.84.3 Function Documentation

### 6.84.3.1 readI2C asFile()

Definition at line 6 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.84.3.2 setI2C()

Definition at line 2 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.84.3.3 unsetI2C()

```
int unsetI2C ( int \ i2c\_fd \ )
```

Definition at line 3 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.84.3.4 writel2C\_asFile()

```
int writeI2C_asFile ( int \ i2c\_fd, unsigned \ char \ writebuffer[], unsigned \ char \ bytes )
```

Definition at line 4 of file i2cps.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.85 i2cps.h

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00025
00026 *
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00028
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00029
         ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
00030 *
      00031
00032
00052 #ifndef __I2CPS_H__
00053 #define ___I2CPS_H__
00054
00055 #include linux/i2c-dev.h>
00056
00057 int setI2C(unsigned int index, long slave_addr);
00058 int unsetI2C(int i2c_fd);
00059 int writeI2C_asFile(int i2c_fd, unsigned char writebuffer[],
00060
                         unsigned char bytes);
00061 int readI2C_asFile(int i2c_fd, unsigned char readbuffer[], unsigned char bytes);
00062
00063 #define writeI2C_byte(i2c_fd, u8RegAddr, u8Data)
00064
       i2c_smbus_write_byte_data(i2c_fd, u8RegAddr, u8Data);
00065
00066 #define writeI2C_word(i2c_fd, u8RegAddr, u16Data)
00067
       i2c_smbus_write_word_data(i2c_fd, u8RegAddr, u16Data);
00068
00069 #endif // __I2CPS_H__
```

# 6.86 library/iic.h File Reference

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for iic.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Enumerations**

enum iic\_index\_t { IIC0 = 0 , IIC1 = 1 , NUM\_IICS = 2 }

### **Functions**

- void iic init (const iic index t iic)
- void iic\_destroy (const iic\_index\_t iic)
- bool iic\_read\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_←
  t length)
- bool iic\_write\_register (const iic\_index\_t iic, const uint8\_t addr, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t length)

6.87 iic.h

### 6.87 iic.h

### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef IIC_H
00023 #define IIC_H
00024 #include <stdbool.h>
00025 #include <stdint.h>
00026
00042 typedef enum { IIC0 = 0, IIC1 = 1, NUM_IICS = 2 } iic_index_t;
00043
00051 extern void iic_init(const iic_index_t iic);
00058 extern void iic_destroy(const iic_index_t iic);
00059
00071 extern bool iic_read_register(const iic_index_t iic, const uint8 t addr,
00072
                                    const uint8_t reg, uint8_t *data,
00073
                                    uint16_t length);
00074
00086 extern bool iic_write_register(const iic_index_t iic, const uint8_t addr,
00087
                                     const uint8_t reg, uint8_t *data,
00088
                                     uint16_t length);
00089
00093 #endif
```

# 6.88 library/empty-library/interrupt.c File Reference

```
#include <interrupt.h>
Include dependency graph for interrupt.c:
```

# **Functions**

- int gpio\_interrupt\_init (void)
- void gpio\_ack\_interrupt (void)
- · void verify interrupt request (const gpio t pin)
- void gpio\_print\_interrupt (void)
- · void gpio enable interrupt (const gpio t pin)
- void gpio disable interrupt (const gpio t pin)
- void gpio\_disable\_all\_interrupts (void)
- uint64\_t gpio\_get\_interrupt (void)
- uint8\_t \* gpio\_get\_interrupt\_pins (uint8\_t \*positions)
- · void gpio\_wait\_for\_interrupt (const gpio\_t pin)

## 6.88.1 Function Documentation

## 6.88.1.1 gpio\_disable\_interrupt()

Definition at line 7 of file interrupt.c.

#### 6.88.1.2 gpio\_enable\_interrupt()

Definition at line 6 of file interrupt.c.

### 6.88.1.3 gpio\_wait\_for\_interrupt()

```
void gpio_wait_for_interrupt ( {\tt const\ gpio\_t\ pin\ )}
```

Definition at line 11 of file interrupt.c.

# 6.88.1.4 verify\_interrupt\_request()

Definition at line 4 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.89 interrupt.c

```
00001 #include <interrupt.h>
00002 int gpio_interrupt_init(void){};
00003 void gpio_ack_interrupt(void){};
00004 void verify_interrupt_request(const gpio_t pin){};
00005 void gpio_print_interrupt(void){};
00006 void gpio_enable_interrupt(const gpio_t pin){};
00007 void gpio_disable_interrupt(const gpio_t pin){};
00008 void gpio_disable_all_interrupts(void){};
00009 uint64_t gpio_get_interrupt(void){};
00010 uint8_t *gpio_get_interrupt_pins(uint8_t *positions){};
00011 void gpio_wait_for_interrupt(const gpio_t pin){};
```

# 6.90 library/interrupt.c File Reference

```
#include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <gpio.h>
#include <log.h>
#include <platform.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <util.h>
Include dependency graph for interrupt.c:
```

#### **Macros**

• #define DOMAIN "Interrupt"

### **Functions**

- void check\_initialization (void)
- int gpio\_interrupt\_init (void)
- void gpio\_enable\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_disable\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_disable\_all\_interrupts (void)
- uint64\_t gpio\_get\_interrupt (void)
- void gpio\_ack\_interrupt (void)
- void verify\_interrupt\_request (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_print\_interrupt (void)
- void findSetBitPositions (uint64 t word, uint8 t \*positions)
- void gpio\_wait\_for\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)
- uint8\_t \* gpio\_get\_interrupt\_pins (uint8\_t \*positions)

#### **Variables**

- uint32\_t \* gpio
- uint32\_t \* intc0

## 6.90.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 6.90.1.1 DOMAIN

```
#define DOMAIN "Interrupt"
```

Definition at line 34 of file interrupt.c.

# 6.90.2 Function Documentation

## 6.90.2.1 check\_initialization()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

Definition at line 41 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.90.2.2 findSetBitPositions()

Definition at line 126 of file interrupt.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.90.3 Variable Documentation

# 6.90.3.1 gpio

```
uint32_t* gpio [extern]
```

Definition at line 32 of file gpio.c.

# 6.90.3.2 intc0

```
uint32_t* intc0 [extern]
```

Definition at line 33 of file gpio.c.

6.91 interrupt.c 203

# 6.91 interrupt.c

```
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00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include "arm_shared_memory_system.h"
00023 #include <fcntl.h>
00024 #include <gpio.h>
00025 #include <log.h>
00026 #include <platform.h>
00027 #include <stdbool.h>
00028 #include <stdint.h>
00029 #include <stdio.h>
00030 #include <stdlib.h>
00031 #include <unistd.h>
00032 #include <util.h>
00033
00034 #define DOMAIN "Interrupt"
00035
00036 extern uint32_t *gpio;
00037 extern uint32_t *intc0;
00038
00039 static bool gpio_initialized = false;
00040
00041 void check_initialization(void) {
00042 if (gpio_initialized == false) {
00043
        pynq_error("Interrupts have not been initialized. Call "
00044
                     "gpio_interupt_init() first.\n");
00045
00046 }
00047
00048 int gpio_interrupt_init(void) {
00049
       int fd = open("/dev/uio1", O_RDWR, O_CLOEXEC);
00050
        if (fd < 0) {
       pynq_error("failed to open interrupts\n");
}
00051
00052
00053
       int32 t m = 1;
00054
       write(fd, &m, 4);
       gpio_initialized = true;
00055
00056
        return fd;
00057 }
00058
00059 void gpio enable interrupt (const pin t pin) {
00060 check_initialization();
        int pin_bank = pin % 32;
00061
       int bank = pin < 32 ? 0 : 1;
if (bank == 0) {
00062
00063
        printf("interrupt set 0: %08X %08X\r\n", pin, pin_bank);
00064
00065
          intc0[0] |= (1 « pin_bank);
00066
       } else {
        printf("interrupt set 1: %08X %08X\r\n", pin, pin_bank);
00067
00068
          intc0[1] |= (1 « (pin_bank));
00069
00070 }
00071
00072 void gpio_disable_interrupt(const pin_t pin) {
       check_initialization();
00074
        intc0[0] &= ~(1 « pin);
00075 }
00076
00077 void gpio_disable_all_interrupts(void) {
00078
       check_initialization();
       intc0[0] = 0;
       intc0[1] = 0;
00080
00081 }
00082
```

```
00083 uint64_t gpio_get_interrupt(void) {
00084
      check_initialization();
00085
         uint64_t retv = intc0[3];
        retv «= 32;
retv |= intc0[2];
00086
00087
00088
        return retv;
00089 }
00090
00091 void gpio_ack_interrupt(void) {
00092
        check_initialization();
        intc0[2] = 1;
00093
00094 }
00095
00096 void verify_interrupt_request(const pin_t pin) {
00097
        // TODO check if interrupts are initialized when using other interrupt
         // functions
00098
        uint64_t retv = intc0[1];
retv «= 32;
00099
00100
         retv |= intc0[0];
00101
00102
         if (pin < 64) {
00103
          uint64_t bitMask = 1ULL « pin;
00104
           if (!(bitMask & retv)) {
             pynq_error("Pin %d is not enabled. Enable by using "
00105
                           "gpio_enable_interrupt(pin). \n",
00106
00107
                          pin);
00108
00109
         } else {
         if (retv == 0) {
00110
             00111
00112
00113
           }
00114
        }
00115 }
00116
00117 void gpio_print_interrupt(void) {
00118
        check_initialization();
        cneck_initialization();
// printf("11c: %08X\r\n", gpio[0x11c / 4]);
// printf("128: %08X\r\n", gpio[0x128 / 4]);
// printf("120: %08X\r\n", gpio[0x120 / 4]);
printf("interrupt 0: %08X %08X\r\n", intc0[0], intc0[2]);
printf("interrupt 1: %08X %08X\r\n", intc0[1], intc0[3]);
00119
00121
00122
00123
00124 }
00125
00126 void findSetBitPositions(uint64_t word, uint8_t *positions) {
00127 int index = 0;
00128
         int count = 0;
00129
         while (word) {
          positions[count++] = index;
}
00130
          if (word & 1) {
00131
00132
00133
           word >= 1;
00134
          index++;
00135
00136 }
00137
00138 void gpio wait for interrupt (const pin t pin) {
00139 check_initialization();
00140
         verify_interrupt_request(pin);
00141
         if (pin > 63) {
           while (1) {
   uint64_t interrupt = gpio_get_interrupt();
00142
00143
00144
              if (interrupt != 0) {
00145
                break;
00146
00147
00148
        } else {
          while (1) {
00149
00150
             uint64_t interrupt = gpio_get_interrupt();
uint64_t bitMask = 1ULL « pin;
00151
00152
             if (bitMask & interrupt) {
00153
               break;
00154
00155
             sleep_msec(100);
00156
          }
00157
        }
00158 }
00159
00160 uint8_t *gpio_get_interrupt_pins(uint8_t *positions) {
00161
         check_initialization();
         verify_interrupt_request(64); // check if any interrupt pin is enabled
// uint8_t *positions = (uint8_t *) malloc(64 * sizeof(uint8_t));
00162
00163
         uint64_t pin = (uint64_t)((uint64_t)(intc0[3]) « 32 | intc0[2]);
00164
00165
         findSetBitPositions(pin, positions);
00166
         // printf("Interrupted pin(s): ");
         bool empty = true;
for (int i = 0; i < 64; i++) {
  if (positions[i] != 0) {</pre>
00167
00168
00169
```

```
empty = false;
            // printf("%d ", positions[i]);
00171
00172
            break;
00173
         }
00174
00175
        if (empty) {
00176
         printf("WARNING: gpio_get_interrupt_pins: No pins interrupted. ");
00177
00178
       printf("\n");
00179
        return (positions);
00180 }
```

# 6.92 library/interrupt.h File Reference

```
#include <gpio.h>
```

Include dependency graph for interrupt.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Functions**

- int gpio\_interrupt\_init (void)
- · void gpio ack interrupt (void)
- void verify\_interrupt\_request (const pin\_t pin)
- void gpio\_print\_interrupt (void)
- void gpio\_enable\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)
- · void gpio disable interrupt (const pin t pin)
- · void gpio disable all interrupts (void)
- uint64\_t gpio\_get\_interrupt (void)
- uint8\_t \* gpio\_get\_interrupt\_pins (uint8\_t \*positions)
- void gpio\_wait\_for\_interrupt (const pin\_t pin)

# 6.93 interrupt.h

```
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00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef INTERRUPT H
00023 #define INTERRUPT_H
00024
00025 #include <gpio.h>
00026
00072 extern int gpio_interrupt_init(void);
00073
00079 extern void gpio_ack_interrupt(void);
00080
00089 extern void verify_interrupt_request(const pin_t pin);
00090
```

```
00094 extern void gpio_print_interrupt(void);
00095
00101 extern void gpio_enable_interrupt(const pin_t pin);
00102
00109 extern void gpio_disable_interrupt(const pin_t pin);
00110
00114 extern void gpio_disable_all_interrupts(void);
00115
00121 extern uint64_t gpio_get_interrupt(void);
00122
00129 extern uint8_t *gpio_get_interrupt_pins(uint8_t *positions);
00130
00137 extern void gpio_wait_for_interrupt(const pin_t pin);
00138
00142 #endif
```

# 6.94 library/leds.h File Reference

```
#include <gpio.h>
#include <pinmap.h>
```

Include dependency graph for leds.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

- #define NUM\_LED\_COLORS 3 /\* # colors per color LED (RGB) \*/
- #define NUM\_LEDS (NUM\_GREEN\_LEDS + NUM\_COLOR\_LEDS)
- #define LED\_OFF 0
- #define LED ON 255

## **Enumerations**

```
    enum green_led_index_t {
        LED0 , LED1 , LED2 , LED3 ,
        NUM_GREEN_LEDS }
    enum color_led_index_t { COLOR_LED0 , COLOR_LED1 , NUM_COLOR_LEDS }
```

# Functions

- · void leds init onoff (void)
- void green\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void color\_leds\_init\_pwm (void)
- void leds\_destroy (void)
- · void green\_led\_onoff (const int led, const int onoff)
- void green\_led\_on (const int led)
- void green\_led\_off (const int led)
- void color\_led\_red\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color\_led\_green\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color\_led\_blue\_onoff (const int onoff)
- void color\_led\_onoff (const int red\_onoff, const int green\_onoff, const int blue\_onoff)
- void color\_led\_on (void)
- void color\_led\_off (void)

6.95 leds.h 207

## 6.95 leds.h

```
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00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef LED_H
00023 #define LED_H
00024
00025 #include <gpio.h>
00026 #include <pinmap.h>
00027
00080 typedef enum {
       LEDO,
00081
00082
        LED1,
00083
        LED2,
00084
        LED3.
       NUM GREEN LEDS.
00085
00086 } green_led_index_t;
00087
00094 typedef enum {
00095
        COLOR_LED0,
00096
       COLOR_LED1,
       NUM_COLOR_LEDS,
00097
00098 } color_led_index_t;
00100 #define NUM_LED_COLORS 3 /* # colors per color LED (RGB) */
00101 #define NUM_LEDS (NUM_GREEN_LEDS + NUM_COLOR_LEDS)
00102 #define LED_OFF 0
00103 #define LED_ON 255
00104
00109 extern void leds_init_onoff(void);
00110
00116 extern void green_leds_init_pwm(void);
00117
00123 extern void color_leds_init_pwm(void);
00124
00129 extern void leds destroy(void):
00130
00139 extern void green_led_onoff(const int led, const int onoff);
00140
00148 extern void green_led_on(const int led);
00149
00157 extern void green_led_off(const int led);
00166 extern void color_led_red_onoff(const int onoff);
00167
00175 extern void color_led_green_onoff(const int onoff);
00176
00184 extern void color_led_blue_onoff(const int onoff):
00185
00194 extern void color_led_onoff(const int red_onoff, const int green_onoff,
00195
                                  const int blue_onoff);
00196
00203 extern void color_led_on(void);
00204
00211 extern void color led off (void);
00212
00217 #endif
```

# 6.96 library/empty-library/libpynq.c File Reference

```
#include <libpynq.h>
Include dependency graph for libpynq.c:
```

#### **Functions**

- void pynq\_init (void)
- void pynq\_destroy (void)

### 6.96.1 Function Documentation

## 6.96.1.1 pynq\_destroy()

Reset and destroy the switchbox and GPIO of the PYNQ.

Definition at line 3 of file libpynq.c.

# 6.96.1.2 pynq\_init()

```
void pynq_init (
     void )
```

Initialise the switchbox and GPIO of the PYNQ.

Definition at line 2 of file libpynq.c.

# 6.97 libpynq.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
```

```
00001 #include <libpynq.h>
00002 void pynq_init(void){};
00003 void pynq_destroy(void){};
```

# 6.98 library/libpynq.c File Reference

```
#include "libpynq.h"
Include dependency graph for libpynq.c:
```

### **Functions**

- void pynq\_init (void)
- void pynq\_destroy (void)

6.99 libpynq.c 209

### 6.98.1 Function Documentation

## 6.98.1.1 pynq\_destroy()

```
void pynq_destroy (
    void )
```

Reset and destroy the switchbox and GPIO of the PYNQ.

Definition at line 35 of file libpyng.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

### 6.98.1.2 pynq\_init()

```
void pynq_init (
    void
```

Initialise the switchbox and GPIO of the PYNQ.

Definition at line 24 of file libpyng.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 6.99 libpynq.c

```
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include "libpynq.h"
00023
00024 void pynq_init(void) {
00025
        gpio_init();
00026
        gpio reset();
00027
        switchbox_init();
00028
        switchbox_reset();
00029
00030
        // set line buffering on the output, should help with logging
00031
        setlinebuf(stdout);
00032
        setlinebuf(stderr);
00033 }
00034
00035 void pynq_destroy(void) {
00036 gpio_reset();
00037
        gpio_destroy();
00038
        switchbox reset();
00039
        switchbox_destroy();
00040 }
```

# 6.100 library/libpynq.h File Reference

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <adc.h>
#include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
#include <audio.h>
#include <buttons.h>
#include <display.h>
#include <fontx.h>
#include <gpio.h>
#include <i2cps.h>
#include <iic.h>
#include <interrupt.h>
#include <leds.h>
#include <log.h>
#include <pinmap.h>
#include <pwm.h>
#include <switchbox.h>
#include <uart.h>
#include <uio.h>
#include <util.h>
#include <version.h>
#include <lcdconfig.h>
#include <platform.h>
```

Include dependency graph for libpynq.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Functions**

- void pynq\_init (void)
- void pynq\_destroy (void)

# 6.100.1 Function Documentation

## 6.100.1.1 pynq\_destroy()

```
void pynq_destroy (
     void )
```

Reset and destroy the switchbox and GPIO of the PYNQ.

Definition at line 3 of file libpynq.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

# 6.100.1.2 pynq\_init()

```
void pynq_init (
     void )
```

Initialise the switchbox and GPIO of the PYNQ.

Definition at line 2 of file libpynq.c.

Here is the call graph for this function:

6.101 libpynq.h 211

# 6.101 libpynq.h

### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
{\tt 00008} copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR 00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef PYNQLIB_H
00023 #define PYNQLIB_H
00025 #ifdef __cplusplus
00026 extern "C" {
00027 #endif // all of your legacy C code here
00028
00029 // standard libraries
00030 #include <stdbool.h>
00031 #include <stdint.h>
00032
00033 // library > (...)
00034 #include <adc.h>
00035 #include <arm_shared_memory_system.h>
00036 #include <audio.h>
00037 #include <buttons.h>
00038 #include <display.h>
00039 #include <fontx.h>
00040 #include <gpio.h>
00041 #include <i2cps.h>
00042 #include <iic.h>
00043 #include <interrupt.h>
00044 #include <leds.h>
00045 #include <log.h>
00046 #include <pinmap.h>
00047 #include <pwm.h>
00048 #include <switchbox.h>
00049 #include <uart.h>
00050 #include <uio.h>
00051 #include <util.h>
00052 #include <version.h>
00053
00054 // platform > (...)
00055 #include <lcdconfig.h>
00056 #include <platform.h>
00057
00061 extern void pynq_init(void);
00062
00066 extern void pynq_destroy(void);
00068 #ifdef __cplusplus
00069
00070 #endif
00071
00072 #endif
```

# 6.102 library/empty-library/log.c File Reference

```
#include <log.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
Include dependency graph for log.c:
```

### **Functions**

 void pynq\_log (const LogLevel level, char const \*domain, char const \*location, unsigned int lineno, char const \*fmt,...)

# 6.103 log.c

### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #include <log.h>
00002 #include <stdarg.h>
00003 #include <stdbool.h>
00004 #include <stdio.h>
00005 #include <stdlib.h>
00006 #include <string.h>
00007
00008 static LogLevel critical_level = LOG_LEVEL_ERROR;
00009 static LogLevel min_log_level = LOG_LEVEL_WARNING;
00011 void pynq_log(const LogLevel level, char const *domain, char const *location,
00012
                    unsigned int lineno, char const *fmt, ...) {
        va_list arg_list;
00013
00014
       if (level < min_log_level) {</pre>
00015
         return:
00016
00017
        va_start(arg_list, fmt);
00018
       vfprintf(stderr, fmt, arg_list);
00019
        va_end(arg_list);
       if (fmt[strlen(fmt) - 1] != '\n') {
00020
00021
         fputs("\n", stderr);
00023
       if (level >= critical_level) {
00024
         abort();
00025
00026 }
```

# 6.104 library/log.c File Reference

```
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "log.h"
```

Include dependency graph for log.c:

#### **Macros**

• #define DOMAIN "LOGGER"

## **Functions**

 void pynq\_log (const LogLevel level, char const \*domain, char const \*location, unsigned int lineno, char const \*fmt,...) 6.105 log.c 213

### 6.104.1 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 6.104.1.1 DOMAIN

```
#define DOMAIN "LOGGER"
```

Logging domain for this file.

Definition at line 31 of file log.c.

# 6.105 log.c

```
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00003
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00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
{\tt 00008} copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <stdarg.h>
00023 #include <stdbool.h>
00024 #include <stdio.h>
00025 #include <stdlib.h>
00026 #include <string.h>
00027
00028 #include "log.h"
00029
00031 #define DOMAIN "LOGGER"
00032
00034 static const char color_escape_calls[NUM_LOG_LEVELS][8] = {
00036
           "\033[1;32m",
           "\033[1;33m"
00038
          "\033[1;31m"};
00040
00042 static const char log_level_name[NUM_LOG_LEVELS][10] = {
00043  "INFO: ", "WARNING: ", "ERROR: "};
00045 static const char color_escape_blue[] = "\033[1;34m";
00046 static const char color_escape_reset[] = "\033[0m";
00047
00048 static bool pynq_log_init = false;
00049 static LogLevel critical_level = LOG_LEVEL_ERROR;
00050 static LogLevel min_log_level = LOG_LEVEL_WARNING;
00051
00052 void pynq_log(const LogLevel level, char const *domain, char const *location,
00053
                      unsigned int lineno, char const *fmt, ...) {
00054
        va_list arg_list;
00055
00056
         // on first call, initialize based on input arguments
00057
         if (!pynq_log_init) {
00058
              if DEBUG is set, we also print log level INFO
00059
           char const *env = getenv("DEBUG");
           if (env != NULL) {
00060
00061
             min_log_level = LOG_LEVEL_INFO;
00062
00063
           // make warnings fatal
00064
           env = getenv("FATAL_WARNING");
00065
           if (env != NULL) {
00066
             critical_level = LOG_LEVEL_WARNING;
00067
00068
           pyng_log_init = true;
00069
00070
         // check if the log level is valid
```

```
if (level < LOG_LEVEL_INFO || level > LOG_LEVEL_ERROR) {
        printf("pynq_log: invalid log level specified (%d)\r\n", level);
00073
00074
00075
00076
        if (level < min_log_level) {</pre>
00077
         return;
00078
00079
        fputs(color_escape_calls[level], stderr);
08000
       fputs(log_level_name[level], stderr);
00081
00082
        fputs(color_escape_blue, stderr);
       if (domain != NULL) {
  fprintf(stderr, "%s::", domain);
00083
00084
00085
00086
       fprintf(stderr, "%s:%d ", location, lineno);
00087
       fputs(color_escape_reset, stderr);
00088
00089
       va_start(arg_list, fmt);
00090
       vfprintf(stderr, fmt, arg_list);
00091
        va_end(arg_list);
00092
       if (fmt[strlen(fmt) - 1] != '\n') {
         fputs("\n", stderr);
00093
00094
00095
       if (level >= critical_level) {
       abort();
}
00097
00098
00099 }
```

# 6.106 library/log.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Macros**

- #define LOG DOMAIN NULL
- #define pynq\_info(...) pynq\_log(LOG\_LEVEL\_INFO, LOG\_DOMAIN, \_\_FUNCTION\_\_, \_\_LINE\_\_, \_\_VA\_←
   ARGS )
- #define pynq\_warning(...) pynq\_log(LOG\_LEVEL\_WARNING, LOG\_DOMAIN, \_\_FUNCTION\_\_, \_\_LINE ← \_\_, \_\_VA\_ARGS\_\_)
- #define pynq\_error(...)

# **Typedefs**

• typedef enum LogLevel LogLevel

#### **Enumerations**

enum LogLevel { LOG\_LEVEL\_INFO, LOG\_LEVEL\_WARNING, LOG\_LEVEL\_ERROR, NUM\_LOG\_LEVELS }

# **Functions**

 void pynq\_log (const LogLevel level, char const \*domain, char const \*location, unsigned int lineno, char const \*fmt,...) 6.107 log.h 215

## 6.106.1 Macro Definition Documentation

### 6.106.1.1 LOG DOMAIN

```
#define LOG_DOMAIN NULL
```

Definition at line 25 of file log.h.

# 6.107 log.h

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
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00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef LOG H
00023 #define LOG_H
00024
00025 #define LOG_DOMAIN NULL
00065 typedef enum LogLevel {
00067
        LOG_LEVEL_INFO,
00069
        LOG_LEVEL_WARNING,
00071
        LOG LEVEL ERROR,
00073
        NUM LOG LEVELS
00074 } LogLevel;
00075
00091 void pynq_log(const LogLevel level, char const *domain, char const *location,
00092
                     unsigned int lineno, char const *fmt, ...);
00093
00100 #define pynq_info(...)
00101
       pyng_log(LOG_LEVEL_INFO, LOG_DOMAIN, __FUNCTION__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__)
00109 #define pynq_warning(...)
00110 pynq_log(LOG_LEVEL_WARNING, LOG_DOMAIN, __FUNCTION__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__)
00111
00118 #define pynq_error(...)
00119
          pynq_log(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, LOG_DOMAIN, __FUNCTION__, __LINE__,
00121
                    ___VA_ARGS___);
00122
          for (;;)
00123
00124
        } while (0)
00125
00127 #endif // LOG_H
```

# 6.108 library/pinmap.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

- #define NUM ANALOG REFERENCE PINS 14 /\* # analog reference pins \*/
- #define NUM ANALOG IN PINS 6 /\* # analog input pins \*/
- #define PIN\_CHECK(pin)

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum pin_t {
 SWB AR0 = 0, SWB AR1 = 1, SWB AR2 = 2, SWB AR3 = 3,
 SWB AR4 = 4, SWB AR5 = 5, SWB AR6 = 6, SWB AR7 = 7,
 SWB AR8 = 8, SWB AR9 = 9, SWB AR10 = 10, SWB AR11 = 11,
 SWB AR12 = 12, SWB AR13 = 13, SWB A0 = 14, SWB A1 = 15,
 SWB A2 = 16, SWB A3 = 17, SWB A4 = 18, SWB A5 = 19,
 SWB SW0 = 20, SWB SW1 = 21, SWB BTN0 = 22, SWB BTN1 = 23,
 SWB_BTN2 = 24, SWB_BTN3 = 25, SWB_LD0 = 26, SWB_LD1 = 27,
 SWB_LD2 = 28 , SWB_LD3 = 29 , SWB_AR_SCL = 31 , SWB_AR_SDA = 30 ,
 SWB_LD4B = 32 , SWB_LD4R = 33 , SWB_LD4G = 34 , SWB_LD5B = 35 ,
 SWB_LD5R = 36 , SWB_LD5G = 37 , SWB_RBPI40 = 38 , SWB_RBPI37 = 39
 SWB_RBPl38 = 40 , SWB_RBPl35 = 41 , SWB_RBPl36 = 42 , SWB_RBPl33 = 43 ,
 SWB_RBPI18 = 44 , SWB_RBPI32 = 45 , SWB_RBPI10 = 46 , SWB_RBPI27 = 47 ,
 SWB RBPI28 = 48, SWB RBPI22 = 49, SWB RBPI23 = 50, SWB RBPI24 = 51,
 SWB_RBPI21 = 52, SWB_RBPI26 = 53, SWB_RBPI19 = 54, SWB_RBPI31 = 55,
 SWB RBPI15 = 56, SWB RBPI16 = 57, SWB RBPI13 = 58, SWB RBPI12 = 59,
 SWB RBPI29 = 60, SWB RBPI08 = 61, SWB RBPI07 = 62, SWB RBPI05 = 63,
 SWB NUM PINS = 64 }
```

#### **Variables**

char \*const pin\_names [64]

# 6.109 pinmap.h

```
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00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef PINMAP_H
00023 #define PINMAP_H
00024
00042 #define NUM_ANALOG_REFERENCE_PINS 14 /\star # analog reference pins \star/
00043 #define NUM_ANALOG_IN_PINS 6
                                           /* # analog input pins */
00044
00045 typedef enum {
00049
       SWB\_AR0 = 0,
                      /* reference pin 0 */
```

6.109 pinmap.h 217

```
SWB\_AR1 = 1,
                       /* reference pin 1 */
00051
        SWB\_AR2 = 2,
                        /* reference pin 2 */
00052
        SWB\_AR3 = 3,
                        /* reference pin 3 */
00053
        SWB\_AR4 = 4,
                        /* reference pin 4 */
        SWB AR5 = 5,
00054
                        /* reference pin 5 */
00055
        SWB\_AR6 = 6,
                        /* reference pin 6 */
        SWB\_AR7 = 7,
                        /* reference pin 7
00056
00057
        SWB\_AR8 = 8,
                        /* reference pin 8
00058
        SWB\_AR9 = 9,
                        /* reference pin 9 */
00059
        SWB_AR10 = 10, /* reference pin 10 */
        SWB_AR11 = 11, /* reference pin 11 */
00060
        SWB_AR12 = 12, /* reference pin 12 */
00061
        SWB_AR13 = 13, /* reference pin 13 */
00062
00063
00067
        SWB_A0 = 14, /* analog input pin 0 */
00068
        SWB_A1 = 15, /* analog input pin 1 */
        SWB_A2 = 16, /* analog input pin 2 */
00069
        SWB_A3 = 17, /* analog input pin 3 */
00070
        SWB_A4 = 18, /* analog input pin 4 */
00071
00072
        SWB_A5 = 19, /* analog input pin 5 */
00073
00077
        SWB_SW0 = 20, /* switch input pin 0 */
        SWB_SW1 = 21, /* switch input pin 1 */
00078
00079
00083
        SWB_BTN0 = 22, /* button input pin 0 */
        SWB_BTN1 = 23, /* button input pin 1 */
00084
00085
        SWB_BTN2 = 24, /* button input pin 2 */
00086
        SWB_BTN3 = 25, /* button input pin 3 */
00087
        SWB_LD0 = 26, /* LED output pin 0 */
00091
        SWB_LD1 = 27, /* LED output pin 1 */
SWB_LD2 = 28, /* LED output pin 2 */
00092
00093
00094
        SWB_LD3 = 29, /* LED output pin 3 */
00095
        SWB_AR_SCL = 31, /* I2C clock pin */
SWB_AR_SDA = 30, /* I2C data pin */
00099
00100
00101
00106
        SWB_LD4B = 32, /* color LED 0 blue input pin */
00107
        SWB_LD4R = 33, /* color LED 0 red input pin */
00108
        SWB_LD4G = 34, /* color LED 0 green input pin */
00109
00110
        SWB_LD5B = 35, /* color LED 1 blue input pin */
        SWB_LD5R = 36, /* color LED 1 red input pin */
SWB_LD5G = 37, /* color LED 1 green input pin */
00111
00112
00113
00117
        SWB_RBPI40 = 38, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00118
        SWB_RBPI37 = 39, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
        SWB_RBPI38 = 40, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00119
        SWB_RBPI35 = 41, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00120
00121
        SWB_RBPI36 = 42, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
        SWB_RBPI33 = 43, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00122
00123
        SWB_RBPI18 = 44, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00124
        SWB_RBPI32 = 45, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
        SWB_RBPI10 = 46, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00125
        SWB_RBPI27 = 47, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00126
        SWB_RBPI28 = 48, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00127
00128
        SWB_RBPI22 = 49, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00129
        SWB_RBPI23 = 50, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00130
        SWB_RBPI24 = 51, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
        SWB_RBPI21 = 52, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00131
        SWB_RBPI26 = 53, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00132
        SWB_RBPI19 = 54, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00133
00134
        SWB_RBPI31 = 55, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00135
        SWB_RBPI15 = 56, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00136
        SWB_RBPI16 = 57, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00137
        SWB_RBPI13 = 58, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00138
        SWB_RBPI12 = 59, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
        SWB_RBPI29 = 60, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00139
        SWB_RBPI08 = 61, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
SWB_RBPI07 = 62, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00140
00141
00142
        SWB_RBPI05 = 63, /* RaspberryPi header pin */
00143
00144
        SWB_NUM_PINS = 64,
00145 } pin_t;
00146
00150 #define PIN_CHECK(pin)
00151
        do {
00152
         if (pin >= SWB_NUM_PINS) {
            pynq_error("pin %u is invalid, must be 0..%u-1.", pin, SWB_NUM_PINS);
00153
00154
        } while (0);
00155
00160 extern char *const pin_names[64];
00164 #endif // PINMAP_H
```

# 6.110 library/pwm.h File Reference

```
#include <libpynq.h>
```

Include dependency graph for pwm.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Enumerations**

```
enum pwm_index_t {
    PWM0 , PWM1 , PWM2 , PWM3 ,
    PWM4 , PWM5 , NUM_PWMS }
```

#### **Functions**

- bool pwm initialized (const int pwm)
- · void pwm\_init (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- void pwm\_destroy (const int pwm)
- void pwm set duty cycle (const int pwm, const uint32 t duty)
- void pwm\_set\_period (const int pwm, const uint32\_t period)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_period (const int pwm)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_duty\_cycle (const int pwm)
- void pwm set steps (const int pwm, const uint32 t steps)
- uint32\_t pwm\_get\_steps (const int pwm)

# 6.111 pwm.h

```
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00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef PWM_H
00023 #define PWM_H
00024 #include <libpynq.h>
00025
00047 typedef enum { PWM0, PWM1, PWM2, PWM3, PWM4, PWM5, NUM_PWMS } pwm_index_t;
00055 extern bool pwm_initialized(const int pwm);
00056
00063 extern void pwm_init(const int pwm, const uint32_t period);
00064
00070 extern void pwm_destroy(const int pwm);
00079 extern void pwm_set_duty_cycle(const int pwm, const uint32_t duty);
00080
00088 extern void pwm_set_period(const int pwm, const uint32_t period);
00089
00097 uint32_t pwm_get_period(const int pwm);
00106 extern uint32_t pwm_get_duty_cycle(const int pwm);
00116 extern void pwm_set_steps(const int pwm, const uint32_t steps);
00117
00126 extern uint32 t pwm get steps(const int pwm);
00127
00131 #endif
```

# 6.112 library/switchbox.h File Reference

```
#include <pinmap.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for switchbox.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

• #define NUM SWITCHBOX NAMES 40

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum io_configuration {
        SWB_GPIO = 0x00 , SWB_Interrupt_In = 0x01 , SWB_UART0_TX = 0x02 , SWB_UART0_RX = 0x03 ,
        SWB_SPI0_CLK = 0x04 , SWB_SPI0_MISO = 0x05 , SWB_SPI0_MOSI = 0x06 , SWB_SPI0_SS = 0x07 ,
        SWB_SPI1_CLK = 0x08 , SWB_SPI1_MISO = 0x09 , SWB_SPI1_MOSI = 0x0A , SWB_SPI1_SS = 0x0B ,
        SWB_IIC0_SDA = 0x0C , SWB_IIC0_SCL = 0x0D , SWB_IIC1_SDA = 0x0E , SWB_IIC1_SCL = 0x0F ,
        SWB_PWM0 = 0x10 , SWB_PWM1 = 0x11 , SWB_PWM2 = 0x12 , SWB_PWM3 = 0x13 ,
        SWB_PWM4 = 0x14 , SWB_PWM5 = 0x15 , SWB_TIMER_G0 = 0x18 , SWB_TIMER_G1 = 0x19 ,
        SWB_TIMER_G2 = 0x1A , SWB_TIMER_G3 = 0x1B , SWB_TIMER_G4 = 0x1C , SWB_TIMER_G5 = 0x1D ,
        SWB_TIMER_G6 = 0x1E , SWB_TIMER_G7 = 0x1F , SWB_UART1_TX = 0x22 , SWB_UART1_RX = 0x23 ,
        SWB_TIMER_IC0 = 0x38 , SWB_TIMER_IC1 = 0x39 , SWB_TIMER_IC2 = 0x3A , SWB_TIMER_IC3 = 0x3B ,
        SWB_TIMER_IC4 = 0x3C , SWB_TIMER_IC5 = 0x3D , SWB_TIMER_IC6 = 0x3E , SWB_TIMER_IC7 = 0x3F ,
        NUM_IO_CONFIGURATIONS }
```

# **Functions**

- void switchbox init (void)
- void switchbox\_set\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number, const uint8\_t pin\_type)
- void switchbox\_reset (void)
- void switchbox destroy (void)
- uint8\_t switchbox\_get\_pin (const pin\_t pin\_number)

#### **Variables**

char \*const switchbox\_names [NUM\_SWITCHBOX\_NAMES]

# 6.113 switchbox.h

```
00001
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00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef SWITCHBOX_H
00023 #define SWITCHBOX_H
00024 #include <pinmap.h>
00025 #include <stdbool.h>
00026 #include <stdint.h>
00027
00061 enum io configuration {
       SWB\_GPIO = 0x00,
00065
        SWB_Interrupt_In = 0x01,
00067
        SWB\_UARTO\_TX = 0x02,
00069
        SWB UARTO RX = 0x03,
        SWB\_SPIO\_CLK = 0x04,
00071
00073
       SWB\_SPIO\_MISO = 0x05,
00075
        SWB\_SPI0\_MOSI = 0x06
00077
        SWB\_SPI0\_SS = 0x07,
00079
        SWB\_SPI1\_CLK = 0x08,
       SWB_SPI1_MISO = 0x09,
SWB_SPI1_MOSI = 0x0A,
00081
00083
00085
       SWB\_SPI1\_SS = 0x0B,
       SWB_IICO_SDA = 0x0C
00087
00089
       SWB_IICO_SCL = 0x0D,
00091
       SWB\_IIC1\_SDA = 0x0E,
       SWB\_IIC1\_SCL = 0x0F,
00093
       SWB PWM0 = 0 \times 10,
00095
       SWB PWM1 = 0x11,
00097
00099
        SWB_PWM2 = 0x12
        SWB_PWM3 = 0x13,
00101
00103
        SWB\_PWM4 = 0x14,
00105
       SWB\_PWM5 = 0x15,
00106
       SWB\_TIMER\_G0 = 0x18,
        SWB_TIMER_G1 = 0x19,
00107
00109
       SWB\_TIMER\_G2 = 0x1A
00111
        SWB\_TIMER\_G3 = 0x1B,
00113
        SWB_TIMER_G4 = 0 \times 1C,
00115
        SWB\_TIMER\_G5 = 0x1D,
       SWB_TIMER_G6 = 0x1E,
00117
       SWB_TIMER_G7 = 0x1F,
00119
00120
        SWB\_UART1\_TX = 0x22,
        SWB\_UART1\_RX = 0x23,
00121
00122
        SWB\_TIMER\_IC0 = 0x38,
00123
        SWB_TIMER_IC1 = 0x39,
00124
       SWB\_TIMER\_IC2 = 0x3A
00125
       SWB\_TIMER\_IC3 = 0x3B,
       SWB TIMER IC4 = 0 \times 3C,
00126
        SWB_TIMER_IC5 = 0x3D,
00127
00128
        SWB\_TIMER\_IC6 = 0x3E,
        SWB\_TIMER\_IC7 = 0x3F,
00129
00131
       NUM_IO_CONFIGURATIONS,
00132 };
00133
00134 #define NUM_SWITCHBOX_NAMES 40
00139 extern char *const switchbox_names[NUM_SWITCHBOX_NAMES];
00140
00146 extern void switchbox_init(void);
00147
00154 extern void switchbox_set_pin(const pin_t pin_number, const uint8_t pin_type);
00155
00160 extern void switchbox_reset (void);
00161
00165 extern void switchbox_destroy(void);
00166
```

```
00175 extern uint8_t switchbox_get_pin(const pin_t pin_number);
00176
00180 #endif // SWITCHBOX_H
```

# 6.114 library/uart.h File Reference

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for uart.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Enumerations**

enum uart\_index\_t { UART0 = 0 , UART1 = 1 , NUM\_UARTS }

#### **Functions**

- · void uart\_init (const int uart)
- · void uart\_destroy (const int uart)
- void uart\_send (const int uart, const uint8\_t data)
- uint8\_t uart\_recv (const int uart)
- bool uart\_has\_data (const int uart)
- bool uart has space (const int uart)
- · void uart\_reset\_fifos (const int uart)

### 6.115 uart.h

```
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00003
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00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell
{\tt 00008} copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00010
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, 00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef UART_H
00023 #define UART_H
00024 #include <stdbool.h>
00025 #include <stdint.h>
00026
00107 typedef enum { UART0 = 0, UART1 = 1, NUM_UARTS } uart_index_t;
00108
00116 extern void uart init(const int uart);
00117
00123 extern void uart_destroy(const int uart);
00124
00132 extern void uart_send(const int uart, const uint8_t data);
00133
00142 extern uint8 t uart recv(const int uart);
00151 extern bool uart_has_data(const int uart);
00152
00160 extern bool uart_has_space(const int uart);
00161
00174 extern void uart reset fifos(const int uart);
00180 #endif // UART_H
```

# 6.116 library/uio.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## **Functions**

```
• void * setUIO (int uio_index, int length)
```

```
• int unsetUIO (void *uio_ptr, int length)
```

# 6.116.1 Detailed Description

Functions to interact with linux UIO.

Definition in file uio.h.

# 6.116.2 Function Documentation

# 6.116.2.1 setUIO()

```
void * setUIO (
          int uio_index,
          int length )
```

Definition at line 2 of file uio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.116.2.2 unsetUIO()

Definition at line 3 of file uio.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

6.117 uio.h 223

# 6.117 uio.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
00001 /**
00002
                                   Copyright (c) 2016, Xilinx, Inc.
00003
                                   All rights reserved.
00004
                                   Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
00006
                                   modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
00007
00008 \star 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice,
00009 *
                                             this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
00010
                                   2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright
00012 *
                                                  notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the
00013
                                                  documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
00014
00015 \,\star\, 3. Neither the name of the copyright holder nor the names of its
00016
                                                  contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right
                                                  this software without specific prior written permission.
00018
00019
                                   THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS"
00020 *
                                 AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
00021 * 00022 *
                                  THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR
                                   CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
00023 *
00025 *
                                   PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS;
00026 \star OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION). HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY,
00027 \,\,^{\star} WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR 00028 \,^{\star} OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF 00029 \,^{\star} ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
00032
00051 #ifndef __UIO_H__
00052 #define __UIO_H_
00054 void *setUIO(int uio_index, int length);
00055 int unsetUIO(void *uio_ptr, int length);
00056
00057 #endif // __UIO_H_
```

# 6.118 library/empty-library/util.c File Reference

```
#include <util.h>
Include dependency graph for util.c:
```

### **Functions**

- void sleep\_msec (int msec)
- void mapping info (void)

# 6.119 util.c

```
Go to the documentation of this file.

00001 #include <util.h>

00002 void sleep_msec(int msec){};

00003 void mapping_info(void){};
```

# 6.120 library/util.c File Reference

```
#include tippynq.h>
#include <unistd.h>
Include dependency graph for util.c:
```

#### **Data Structures**

· struct pin state t

#### **Functions**

- void sleep\_msec (int msec)
- · void mapping\_info (void)

# 6.121 util.c

```
00001 /*
00002 Copyright (c) 2023 Eindhoven University of Technology
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy
00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
00006 in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights
00007 to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell 00008 copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is 00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
00010
00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #include <libpynq.h>
00023 #include <unistd.h>
00024
00025 typedef struct {
00026 char *name;
00027 gpio_direct:
        gpio_direction_t state;
00028
        uint8_t channel;
00029
        char *level;
00030 } pin_state_t;
00031
00034
          usleep(msec * 1000);
00035 }
00036
00037 void mapping_info(void) {
        const char *const dir[2] = {"Input", "Output"};
printf("Pin\tName\tI/O\tLevel\tChannel\tCh_Name\t\tState\n");
for (int i = 0; i < SWB_NUM_PINS; i++) {</pre>
00038
00039
00040
00041
         pin_state_t pin_array = {
00042
00043
           pin_array.name = pin_names[i];
pin_array.state = gpio_get_direction(i);
if (gpio_get_level(i) == GPIO_LEVEL_HIGH) {
00044
00045
00046
             pin_array.level = "high";
00047
00048
           } else if (gpio_get_level(i) == GPIO_LEVEL_LOW) {
00049
             pin_array.level = "low";
           } else {
00050
             pin_array.level = "undef";
00051
00052
00053
           // get the index of the channel the pin is mapped to, 0 for none
00054
           pin_array.channel = switchbox_get_pin(i);
00055
00056
           printf("%i\t%s\t%s\t%u\t", i, pin_array.name, dir[pin_array.state],
00057
                   pin_array.level, pin_array.channel);
00058
00059
           printf("%s\t", switchbox_names[pin_array.channel]);
00060
           if (pin_array.channel != SWB_GPIO && pin_array.state != GPIO_DIR_INPUT) {
00061
             printf("Invalid\n");
00062
             printf("Valid\n");
00063
00064
           }
00065
        }
00066 }
```

# 6.122 library/util.h File Reference

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <switchbox.h>
```

Include dependency graph for util.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Functions**

- void sleep msec (int msec)
- void mapping\_info (void)

## 6.123 util.h

### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00003
00004 Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy 00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
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{\tt 00008} copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is
00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
00012 copies or substantial portions of the Software.
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00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM,
00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00021 */
00022 #ifndef UTIL_H
00023 #define UTIL_H
00025 #include <stdlib.h>
00026 #include <switchbox.h>
00027
00041 extern void sleep_msec(int msec);
00042
00047 extern void mapping_info(void);
00048
00052 #endif
```

# 6.124 library/version.h File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for version.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

### **Data Structures**

· struct version\_t

### **Functions**

- void print\_version (void)
- void check\_version (void)

#### **Variables**

· const version\_t libpynq\_version

# 6.125 version.h

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
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00005 of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal
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00009 furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:
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00011 The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all
{\tt 00012} copies or substantial portions of the Software.
00013
00014 THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
00015 IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY,
00016 FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE
00017 AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER
00018 LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, 00019 OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE
00020 SOFTWARE.
00022 #ifndef VERSION_H
00023 #define VERSION_H
00024
00058 #include <stdint.h>
00059
00063 typedef struct {
00064
        uint8_t release[64];
00065
        uint32_t major;
00066
        uint32_t minor;
      uint32_t patch;
00067
00068 } version t;
00073 extern const version_t libpynq_version;
00074
00080 extern void print_version(void);
00081
00088 extern void check version (void);
00089
00094 #endif
```

# 6.126 library/xiic\_i.h File Reference

```
#include "xiic.h"
#include "xil_assert.h"
#include "xil_types.h"
#include "xstatus.h"
Include dependency graph for xiic_i.h:
```

#### **Macros**

- #define XIIC\_I\_H /\* by using protection macros \*/
- #define Xlic Send10BitAddrByte1(SlaveAddress, Operation)
- #define Xlic\_Send10BitAddrByte2(SlaveAddress)
- #define Xlic\_Send7BitAddr(SlaveAddress, Operation)
- #define Xlic\_DisableIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask) Xlic\_Writelier((BaseAddress), Xlic\_Readlier(Base
   — Address) & ~(InterruptMask))

- #define Xlic\_EnableIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask) Xlic\_Writelier((BaseAddress), Xlic\_Readlier(Base
   — Address) | (InterruptMask))
- #define Xlic\_ClearIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask) Xlic\_Writelisr((BaseAddress), Xlic\_Readlisr(Base
   — Address) & (InterruptMask))
- #define Xlic\_ClearEnableIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask)
- #define Xlic FlushRxFifo(InstancePtr)
- #define Xlic\_FlushTxFifo(InstancePtr)
- #define Xlic ReadRecvByte(InstancePtr)
- #define Xlic\_WriteSendByte(InstancePtr)
- #define Xlic\_SetControlRegister(InstancePtr, ControlRegister, ByteCount)

#### **Functions**

void Xlic\_TransmitFifoFill (Xlic \*InstancePtr, int Role)

#### **Variables**

- Xlic Config Xlic ConfigTable []
- void(\* Xlic AddrAsSlaveFuncPtr)(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic\_NotAddrAsSlaveFuncPtr)(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic\_RecvSlaveFuncPtr )(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic\_SendSlaveFuncPtr )(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic\_RecvMasterFuncPtr )(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic SendMasterFuncPtr )(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic\_ArbLostFuncPtr )(Xlic \*InstancePtr)
- void(\* Xlic BusNotBusyFuncPtr )(Xlic \*InstancePtr)

### 6.126.1 Macro Definition Documentation

## 6.126.1.1 Xlic\_ClearEnableIntr

#define XIic\_ClearEnableIntr(

Definition at line 206 of file xiic i.h.

# 6.126.1.2 XIic\_ClearIntr

Definition at line 187 of file xiic\_i.h.

### 6.126.1.3 XIic\_DisableIntr

Definition at line 151 of file xiic i.h.

### 6.126.1.4 Xlic\_EnableIntr

Definition at line 169 of file xiic i.h.

### 6.126.1.5 Xlic\_FlushRxFifo

Definition at line 229 of file xiic\_i.h.

## 6.126.1.6 Xlic\_FlushTxFifo

Definition at line 253 of file xiic\_i.h.

## 6.126.1.7 XIIC\_I\_H

```
#define XIIC_I_H /* by using protection macros */
```

This header file contains internal identifiers, which are those shared between Xlic components. The identifiers in this file are not intended for use external to the driver.

#### MODIFICATION HISTORY:

```
Who Date
Ver
                   Changes
1.01a rfp 10/19/01 release
1.01c ecm
          12/05/02 new rev
1.13a wgr 03/22/07 Converted to new coding style.
2.00a sdm 10/22/09 Converted all register accesses to 32 bit access.
         Removed the macro XIIC_CLEAR_STATS, user has to
          use the the XIic_ClearStats API in its place.
          Removed the macro XIic_mEnterCriticalRegion,
         XIic_IntrGlobalDisable should be used in its place.
         Removed the macro XIic_mExitCriticalRegion,
         XIic_IntrGlobalEnable should be used in its place.
          Removed the _m prefix from all the macros
          XIic_mSend10BitAddrByte1 is now XIic_Send10BitAddrByte1
          XIic_mSend10BitAddrByte2 is now XIic_Send10BitAddrByte2
         XIic_mSend7BitAddr is now XIic_Send7BitAddr
         XIic_mDisableIntr is now XIic_DisableIntr
         XIic_mEnableIntr is now XIic_EnableIntr
         XIic_mClearIntr is now XIic_ClearIntr
          XIic_mClearEnableIntr is now XIic_ClearEnableIntr
          XIic_mFlushRxFifo is now XIic_FlushRxFifo
          XIic_mFlushTxFifo is now XIic_FlushTxFifo
          XIic_mReadRecvByte is now XIic_ReadRecvByte
          XIic_mWriteSendByte is now XIic_WriteSendByte
          XIic_mSetControlRegister is now XIic_SetControlRegister
2.07a adk 18/04/13 Updated the code to avoid unused variable warnings when
          compiling with the -Wextra -Wall flags.
          Changes done in files xiic.c and xiic_i.h. CR:705001
```

Definition at line 51 of file xiic i.h.

# 6.126.1.8 XIic\_ReadRecvByte

Definition at line 275 of file xiic\_i.h.

### 6.126.1.9 Xlic\_Send10BitAddrByte1

Definition at line 88 of file xiic\_i.h.

# 6.126.1.10 Xlic\_Send10BitAddrByte2

Definition at line 110 of file xiic\_i.h.

## 6.126.1.11 XIic\_Send7BitAddr

Definition at line 128 of file xiic\_i.h.

## 6.126.1.12 XIic\_SetControlRegister

(u32)LocalAddr);

```
(ControlRegister) &= ~(XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK | XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK);
if (InstancePtr->Options & XII_SEND_10_BIT_OPTION) {
   (ControlRegister) |= XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK;
} else {
   if ((ByteCount) == 1) {
      (ControlRegister) |= XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK;
   }
}
(ControlRegister) |= XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK;
}
}
```

Definition at line 323 of file xiic\_i.h.

### 6.126.1.13 XIic\_WriteSendByte

Definition at line 296 of file xiic i.h.

### 6.126.2 Function Documentation

## 6.126.2.1 Xlic\_TransmitFifoFill()

## 6.126.3 Variable Documentation

### 6.126.3.1 Xlic AddrAsSlaveFuncPtr

### 6.126.3.2 Xlic ArbLostFuncPtr

## 6.126.3.3 XIic\_BusNotBusyFuncPtr

# 6.126.3.4 Xlic\_ConfigTable

```
XIic_Config XIic_ConfigTable[] [extern]
```

# 6.126.3.5 XIic\_NotAddrAsSlaveFuncPtr

### 6.126.3.6 XIic\_RecvMasterFuncPtr

#### 6.126.3.7 XIic RecvSlaveFuncPtr

### 6.126.3.8 XIic\_SendMasterFuncPtr

#### 6.126.3.9 XIic SendSlaveFuncPtr

# 6.127 xiic\_i.h

```
* Copyright (C) 2002 - 2021 Xilinx, Inc. All rights reserved.
00003 * SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
00004
   00005
00050 #ifndef XIIC_I_H /* prevent circular inclusions */ 00051 #define XIIC_I_H /* by using protection macros */
00052
00053 #ifdef __cplusplus
00054 extern "C" {
00055 #endif
00056
00058
00059 #include "xiic.h"
00060 #include "xil_assert.h"
00061 #include "xil_types.h"
00062 #include "xstatus.h"
00063
00065
00067
00069
00071
00072 \,\, * This macro sends the first byte of the address for a 10 bit address during
00073
    \star both read and write operations. It takes care of the details to format the
00074
    * address correctly.
00075
00076
    00077
                   D = Tx direction = 0 = write
00078
    * @param SlaveAddress contains the address of the slave to send to.
* @param Operation indicates XIIC_READ_OPERATION or XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION
00079 * @param
08000
00081
00082
    * @return None.
00083
```

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```
00084 * @note
                   Signature:
00085 * void XIic_Send10BitAddrByte1(u16 SlaveAddress, u8 Operation);
00086
00088 #define XIic_Send10BitAddrByte1(SlaveAddress, Operation)
00089
        u8 LocalAddr = (u8) ((SlaveAddress) » 7);
00091
        LocalAddr = (LocalAddr & 0xF6) | 0xF0 | (Operation);
00092
        XIic_WriteReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00093
                     (u32)LocalAddr);
00094
00095
00096 /***********************************
00097
00098 \,\, * This macro sends the second byte of the address for a 10 bit address during
00099 \, \star both read and write operations. It takes care of the details to format the
00100 * address correctly.
00101 \,^{\star} 00102 \,^{\star} @param \, SlaveAddress contains the address of the slave to send to.
00104 \star @return None.
00105 *
              Signature: void XIic_Send10BitAddrByte2(u16
00106 * @note
00107 *SlaveAddress, u8 Operation);
00108 *
00110 #define XIic_Send10BitAddrByte2(SlaveAddress)
00111 XIic_WriteReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00112
                   (u32) (SlaveAddress));
00113
00114 /*****************************
00115 *
00117 \, \star operations. It takes care of the details to format the address correctly.
00118 *
00119 * @param SlaveAddress contains the address of the slave to send to.
00120 * @param Operation indicates XIIC_READ_OPERATION or XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION
00122 * @return None.
00123 * 00124 * @note Signature:
           void XIic_Send7BitAddr(u16 SlaveAddress, u8 Operation);
00125 *
00126 *
00127
00128 #define XIic_Send7BitAddr(SlaveAddress, Operation)
00129
00130
        u8 LocalAddr = (u8) (SlaveAddress « 1);
00131
        LocalAddr = (LocalAddr & 0xFE) | (Operation);
        XIic_WriteReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00132
00133
                    (u32)LocalAddr);
00134
00135
00136 /***********************************
00137 \,\, * 00138 \,\, * This macro disables the specified interrupts in the Interrupt enable
00139 \, * register. It is non-destructive in that the register is read and only the
00140 * interrupts specified is changed.
00141
00142 * @param BaseAddress is the base address of the IIC device.
00143 * @param InterruptMask contains the interrupts to be disabled
00144 * 00145 * @return None. 00146 *
00147 * @note
                   Signature:
00148
     * void XIic_DisableIntr(u32 BaseAddress, u32 InterruptMask);
00149
00150
00151 #define XIic_DisableIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask)
00152
     XIic_WriteIier((BaseAddress), XIic_ReadIier(BaseAddress) & ~(InterruptMask))
00153
00154 /***********************************
00155 +
00157 \star register. It is non-destructive in that the register is read and only the
00158
      * interrupts specified is changed.
00159
00163 * @return None.
00164 *
             Signature:
00165 * @note
00166
           void XIic_EnableIntr(u32 BaseAddress, u32 InterruptMask);
00167
00169 #define XIic_EnableIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask)
00170    XIic_WriteIier((BaseAddress), XIic_ReadIier(BaseAddress) | (InterruptMask))
```

```
00173
00174
      \star This macro clears the specified interrupt in the Interrupt status
00175
      * register. It is non-destructive in that the register is read and only the * interrupt specified is cleared. Clearing an interrupt acknowledges it.
00176
00178
      * @param BaseAddress is the base address of the IIC device.
* @param InterruptMask contains the interrupts to be disabled
00179
00180 *
00181 * @return None.
00182 *
00183 * @note
               Signature:
00184 *
           void XIic_ClearIntr(u32 BaseAddress, u32 InterruptMask);
00185
00187 #define XIic_ClearIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask)
00188
       XIic_WriteIisr((BaseAddress), XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress) & (InterruptMask))
00189
00190 /**********************************
00191
00192
      \star This macro clears and enables the specified interrupt in the Interrupt
00193
      \star status and enable registers. It is non-destructive in that the registers are
00194
      * read and only the interrupt specified is modified.
00195
      * Clearing an interrupt acknowledges it.
00196
00197 * @param BaseAddress is the base address of the IIC device.
00198 * @param InterruptMask contains the interrupts to be cleared and enabled
00199 *
00200 * @return None.
00201 *
00202 * @note
                    Signature:
00203 *
           void XIic_ClearEnableIntr(u32 BaseAddress, u32 InterruptMask);
00204
00205
00206 #define XIic_ClearEnableIntr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask)
00207
         XIic_WriteIisr(BaseAddress,
00209
                       (XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress) & (InterruptMask)));
00210
00211
        XIic_WriteIier(BaseAddress,
00212
                       (XIic_ReadIier(BaseAddress) | (InterruptMask)));
00213
00214
00215 /**********************************
00216
00217 \, \star This macro flushes the receive FIFO such that all bytes contained within it
00218 * are discarded.
00219 *
               InstancePtr is a pointer to the IIC instance containing the FIFO
00220 * @param
00221 *
00222 *
          to be flushed.
00223 * @return None.
00224 * 00225 * @note
                  Signature:
00226 *
           void XIic FlushRxFifo(XIic *InstancePtr);
00229 #define XIic_FlushRxFifo(InstancePtr)
00230
00231
         int LoopCnt:
00232
        u8 BytesToRead =
00233
            XIic_ReadReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_RFO_REG_OFFSET) + 1;
00234
         for (LoopCnt = 0; LoopCnt < BytesToRead; LoopCnt++)</pre>
00235
          XIic_ReadReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_DRR_REG_OFFSET);
00236
00237
00238
00240 *
00241 \, * This macro flushes the transmit FIFO such that all bytes contained within it
00242 * are discarded.
00243 *
00244 * @param
                InstancePtr is a pointer to the IIC instance containing the FIFO
00245 *
            to be flushed.
00246 *
00247
      * @return None.
00248 *
              Signature:
00249 * @note
            void XIic_FlushTxFifo(XIic *InstancePtr);
00250 *
00251
00252
00253 #define XIic_FlushTxFifo(InstancePtr)
00254
00255
         u32 CntlReg = XIic_ReadReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET);
00256
00257
         XIic WriteReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC CR REG OFFSET,
```

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```
CntlReg | XIIC_CR_TX_FIFO_RESET_MASK);
00259
         XIic_WriteReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET, CntlReg);
00260
00261
00263
00264 \,\, * This macro reads the next available received byte from the receive FIFO
      * and updates all the data structures to reflect it.
00265
00266
00267 \,\star\, @param \, InstancePtr is a pointer to the IIC instance to be operated on.
00268 *
00269 * @return None.
00270 *
00271 * @note
                   Signature:
00272
            void XIic_ReadRecvByte(XIic *InstancePtr);
00273
00275 #define XIic_ReadRecvByte(InstancePtr)
00277
         *InstancePtr->RecvBufferPtr++ =
00278
            XIic_ReadReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_DRR_REG_OFFSET);
00279
         InstancePtr->RecvByteCount--;
00280
        InstancePtr->Stats.RecvBytes++;
00281
00282
00284
00285 \, * This macro writes the next byte to be sent to the transmit FIFO
00286 \,\,\star\,\, and updates all the data structures to reflect it.
00287
00288 * @param InstancePtr is a pointer to the IIC instance to be operated on.
00289
00290 * @return None.
00291 *
00292
                   Signature:
            void XIic_WriteSendByte(XIic *InstancePtr);
00293
00294
00296 #define XIic_WriteSendByte(InstancePtr)
00297
00298
        XIic_WriteReg(InstancePtr->BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00299
                      *InstancePtr->SendBufferPtr++);
         InstancePtr->SendByteCount--;
00300
00301
        InstancePtr->Stats.SendBytes++;
00302
00303
00304 /**************************
00305 *
00306 \star \text{This macro sets up the control register for a master receive operation.}
      * A write is necessary if a 10 bit operation is being performed.
00307
00308
00309 \star @param InstancePtr is a pointer to the IIC instance to be operated on. 00310 \star @param ControlRegister contains the contents of the IIC device control
00311
           register
00312 \star @param ByteCount contains the number of bytes to be received for the
00313
            master receive operation
00314
00315 * @return None.
00316 *
00317 * @note
                    Signature:
00318 *
           void XIic_SetControlRegister(XIic *InstancePtr,
00319
                           u8 ControlRegister,
00320
                           int ByteCount);
00321
00322
      ******************************
00323 #define XIic_SetControlRegister(InstancePtr, ControlRegister, ByteCount)
00324
00325
         (ControlRegister) &= ~(XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK | XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK);
00326
        if (InstancePtr->Options & XII_SEND_10_BIT_OPTION) {
00327
          (ControlRegister) |= XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK;
00328
         } else {
00329
         if ((ByteCount) == 1) {
            (ControlRegister) |= XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK;
00330
00331
00332
00333
00334
00336
00337 extern XIic_Config XIic_ConfigTable[];
00338
00339 /\star The following variables are shared across files of the driver and
00340 \, * are function pointers that are necessary to break dependencies allowing
00341 \star optional parts of the driver to be used without condition compilation
00342 */
00343 extern void (*XIic_AddrAsSlaveFuncPtr)(XIic *InstancePtr);
00344 extern void (*XIic_NotAddrAsSlaveFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
```

```
00345 extern void (*XIic_RecvSlaveFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
00346 extern void (*XIic_SendSlaveFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
00347 extern void (*XIic_RecvMasterFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
00348 extern void (*XIic_SendMasterFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
00349 extern void (*XIic_SendMasterFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
00350 extern void (*XIic_BusNotBusyFuncPtr) (XIic *InstancePtr);
00351
00352 void XIic_TransmitFifoFill(XIic *InstancePtr, int Role);
00353
00354 #ifdef __cplusplus
00355 }
00356 #endif
00357
00358 #endif /* end of protection macro */
```

# 6.128 library/xiic\_l.h File Reference

```
#include "xil_io.h"
#include "xil_types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xiic\_I.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

#### **Macros**

#define XIIC L H/\* by using protection macros \*/

#### **Register Map**

Register offsets for the Xlic device.

- #define XIIC\_DGIER\_OFFSET 0x1C
- #define XIIC\_IISR\_OFFSET 0x20
- #define XIIC\_IIER\_OFFSET 0x28
- #define XIIC\_RESETR\_OFFSET 0x40
- #define XIIC\_CR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x100
- #define XIIC\_SR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x104
- #define XIIC\_DTR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x108
- #define XIIC\_DRR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x10C
- #define XIIC\_ADR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x110
- #define XIIC\_TFO\_REG\_OFFSET 0x114
- #define XIIC\_RFO\_REG\_OFFSET 0x118#define XIIC\_TBA\_REG\_OFFSET 0x11C
- #define XIIC RFD REG OFFSET 0x120
- #define XIIC\_GPO\_REG\_OFFSET 0x124

## Device Global Interrupt Enable Register masks (CR) mask(s)

• #define XIIC\_GINTR\_ENABLE\_MASK 0x80000000

## IIC Device Interrupt Status/Enable (INTR) Register Masks

### Interrupt Status Register (IISR)

This register holds the interrupt status flags for the Spi device.

### Interrupt Enable Register (IIER)

This register is used to enable interrupt sources for the IIC device. Writing a '1' to a bit in this register enables the corresponding Interrupt. Writing a '0' to a bit in this register disables the corresponding Interrupt.

IISR/IIER registers have the same bit definitions and are only defined once.

- #define XIIC\_INTR\_ARB\_LOST\_MASK 0x00000001
- #define XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_ERROR\_MASK 0x00000002

- #define XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_EMPTY\_MASK 0x00000004
- #define XIIC\_INTR\_RX\_FULL\_MASK 0x00000008
- #define XIIC\_INTR\_BNB\_MASK 0x00000010
- #define XIIC\_INTR\_AAS\_MASK 0x00000020
- #define XIIC\_INTR\_NAAS\_MASK 0x00000040
  #define XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_HALF\_MASK 0x00000080
- #define XIIC\_TX\_INTERRUPTS (XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_ERROR\_MASK | XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_EMPTY\_MASK | XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_HALF MASK)
- #define XIIC\_TX\_RX\_INTERRUPTS (XIIC\_INTR\_RX\_FULL\_MASK | XIIC\_TX\_INTERRUPTS)

### Reset Register mask

#define XIIC\_RESET\_MASK 0x0000000A

### Control Register masks (CR) mask(s)

- #define XIIC CR ENABLE DEVICE MASK 0x00000001
- #define XIIC\_CR\_TX\_FIFO\_RESET\_MASK 0x00000002
- #define XIIC CR MSMS MASK 0x00000004
- #define XIIC\_CR\_DIR\_IS\_TX\_MASK 0x00000008
- #define XIIC\_CR\_NO\_ACK\_MASK 0x00000010
- #define XIIC CR REPEATED START MASK 0x00000020
- #define XIIC CR GENERAL CALL MASK 0x00000040

#### Status Register masks (SR) mask(s)

- #define XIIC SR GEN CALL MASK 0x00000001
- #define XIIC SR ADDR AS SLAVE MASK 0x00000002
- #define XIIC SR BUS BUSY MASK 0x00000004
- #define XIIC SR MSTR RDING SLAVE MASK 0x00000008
- #define XIIC SR TX FIFO FULL MASK 0x00000010
- #define XIIC SR RX FIFO FULL MASK 0x00000020
- #define XIIC SR RX FIFO EMPTY MASK 0x00000040
- #define XIIC\_SR\_TX\_FIFO\_EMPTY\_MASK 0x00000080

#### Data Tx Register (DTR) mask(s)

- #define XIIC TX DYN START MASK 0x00000100
- #define XIIC TX DYN STOP MASK 0x00000200
- #define IIC\_TX\_FIFO\_DEPTH 16

## Data Rx Register (DRR) mask(s)

- #define IIC RX FIFO DEPTH 16
- #define XIIC\_TX\_ADDR\_SENT 0x00
- #define XIIC TX ADDR MSTR RECV MASK 0x02
- #define XIIC\_READ\_OPERATION 1
- #define XIIC WRITE OPERATION 0
- #define XIIC MASTER ROLE 1
- #define XIIC\_SLAVE\_ROLE 0
- #define XIIC STOP 0x00
- #define XIIC\_REPEATED\_START 0x01
- #define Xlic\_In32 Xil\_In32
- #define Xlic Out32 Xil Out32
- #define Xlic\_ReadReg(BaseAddress, RegOffset) Xlic\_In32((BaseAddress) + (RegOffset))

 #define Xlic\_WriteReg(BaseAddress, RegOffset, RegisterValue) Xlic\_Out32((BaseAddress) + (RegOffset), (RegisterValue))

- #define XIic IntrGlobalDisable(BaseAddress) XIic WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC DGIER OFFSET, 0)
- #define Xlic\_IntrGlobalEnable(BaseAddress) Xlic\_WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC\_DGIER\_OFFSET, XIIC\_GINTR\_ENABLE\_MASK)
- #define Xlic\_IsIntrGlobalEnabled(BaseAddress) (Xlic\_ReadReg((BaseAddress), XIIC\_DGIER\_OFFSET) == XIIC GINTR ENABLE MASK)
- #define XIic\_Writelisr(BaseAddress, Status) XIic\_WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC\_IISR\_OFFSET, (Status))
- #define Xlic Readlisr(BaseAddress) Xlic ReadReg((BaseAddress), XIIC IISR OFFSET)
- #define Xlic Writelier(BaseAddress, Enable) Xlic WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC IIER OFFSET, (Enable))
- #define Xlic\_Readlier(BaseAddress) Xlic\_ReadReg((BaseAddress), XIIC\_IIER\_OFFSET)
- #define Xlic\_Clearlisr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask) Xlic\_Writelisr((BaseAddress), Xlic\_Readlisr(Base
   — Address) & (InterruptMask))
- #define Xlic Send7BitAddress(BaseAddress, SlaveAddress, Operation)
- #define Xlic\_DynSend7BitAddress(BaseAddress, SlaveAddress, Operation)
- #define Xlic\_DynSendStartStopAddress(BaseAddress, SlaveAddress, Operation)
- #define Xlic\_DynSendStop(BaseAddress, ByteCount)
- unsigned Xlic Recv (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option)
- unsigned Xlic\_Send (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option)
- unsigned XIic DynRecv (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, u8 ByteCount)
- unsigned Xlic\_DynSend (UINTPTR BaseAddress, u16 Address, u8 \*BufferPtr, u8 ByteCount, u8 Option)
- int Xlic DynInit (UINTPTR BaseAddress)
- u32 Xlic\_CheckIsBusBusy (UINTPTR BaseAddress)
- u32 Xlic\_WaitBusFree (UINTPTR BaseAddress)

#### 6.128.1 Macro Definition Documentation

### 6.128.1.1 IIC\_RX\_FIFO\_DEPTH

```
#define IIC_RX_FIFO_DEPTH 16
Rx fifo capacity
```

Definition at line 191 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.2 IIC\_TX\_FIFO\_DEPTH

```
#define IIC_TX_FIFO_DEPTH 16
```

Tx fifo capacity

Definition at line 184 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.3 XIIC\_ADR\_REG\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_ADR_REG_OFFSET 0x110
```

Address Register

Definition at line 86 of file xiic\_l.h.

#### 6.128.1.4 Xlic\_Clearlisr

This macro clears the specified interrupt in the Interrupt status register. It is non-destructive in that the register is read and only the interrupt specified is cleared. Clearing an interrupt acknowledges it.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC device.
InterruptMask	is the bit mask of the interrupts to be cleared.

### Returns

None.

### Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_Clearlisr(u32 BaseAddress, u32 InterruptMask);

Definition at line 432 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.5 XIIC\_CR\_DIR\_IS\_TX\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_DIR\_IS\_TX\_MASK 0x00000008

Dir of Tx. Txing=1

Definition at line 152 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.6 XIIC\_CR\_ENABLE\_DEVICE\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_ENABLE\_DEVICE\_MASK 0x00000001

Device enable = 1

Definition at line 149 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.7 XIIC\_CR\_GENERAL\_CALL\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_GENERAL\_CALL\_MASK 0x00000040

Gen Call enabled = 1

Definition at line 155 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.8 XIIC\_CR\_MSMS\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_MSMS\_MASK 0x00000004

Master starts Txing=1

Definition at line 151 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.9 XIIC\_CR\_NO\_ACK\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_NO\_ACK\_MASK 0x00000010

Tx Ack. NO ack = 1

Definition at line 153 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.10 XIIC\_CR\_REG\_OFFSET

#define XIIC\_CR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x100

Control Register

Definition at line 82 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.11 XIIC\_CR\_REPEATED\_START\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_REPEATED\_START\_MASK 0x00000020

Repeated start = 1

Definition at line 154 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.12 XIIC\_CR\_TX\_FIFO\_RESET\_MASK

#define XIIC\_CR\_TX\_FIFO\_RESET\_MASK 0x00000002

Transmit FIFO reset=1

Definition at line 150 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.13 XIIC DGIER OFFSET

#define XIIC\_DGIER\_OFFSET 0x1C

Global Interrupt Enable Register

Definition at line 78 of file xiic\_I.h.

## 6.128.1.14 XIIC\_DRR\_REG\_OFFSET

#define XIIC\_DRR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x10C

Data Rx Register

Definition at line 85 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.15 XIIC\_DTR\_REG\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET 0x108
```

#### Data Tx Register

Definition at line 84 of file xiic I.h.

#### 6.128.1.16 Xlic\_DynSend7BitAddress

This macro sends the address for a 7 bit address during both read and write operations. It takes care of the details to format the address correctly. This macro is designed to be called internally to the drivers for Dynamic controller functionality.

### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC Device.
SlaveAddress	is the address of the slave to send to.
Operation	indicates XIIC_READ_OPERATION or XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION.

#### Returns

None.

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_DynSend7BitAddress(u32 BaseAddress, u8 SlaveAddress, u8 Operation);

Definition at line 479 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.17 Xlic\_DynSendStartStopAddress

This macro sends the address, start and stop for a 7 bit address during both write operations. It takes care of the details to format the address correctly. This macro is designed to be called internally to the drivers.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC Device.	
SlaveAddress	is the address of the slave to send to.	
Operation	indicates XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION.	

#### Returns

None.

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_DynSendStartStopAddress(u32 BaseAddress, u8 SlaveAddress, u8 Operation);

Definition at line 506 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.18 XIic\_DynSendStop

This macro sends a stop condition on IIC bus for Dynamic logic.

## **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC Device.
ByteCount	is the number of Rx bytes received before the master. doesn't respond with ACK.

## Returns

None.

Note

 $\hbox{C-Style signature: void Xlic\_DynSendStop} (\hbox{u32 BaseAddress, u32 ByteCount});$ 

Definition at line 529 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.19 XIIC\_GINTR\_ENABLE\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_GINTR_ENABLE_MASK 0x8000000
```

Global Interrupt Enable Mask

Definition at line 98 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.20 XIIC\_GPO\_REG\_OFFSET

#define XIIC\_GPO\_REG\_OFFSET 0x124

**Output Register** 

Definition at line 91 of file xiic l.h.

### 6.128.1.21 XIIC\_IIER\_OFFSET

#define XIIC\_IIER\_OFFSET 0x28

Interrupt Enable Register

Definition at line 80 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.22 XIIC\_IISR\_OFFSET

#define XIIC\_IISR\_OFFSET 0x20

Interrupt Status Register

Definition at line 79 of file xiic\_I.h.

## 6.128.1.23 XIic\_In32

#define XIic\_In32 Xil\_In32

Definition at line 225 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.24 XIIC\_INTR\_AAS\_MASK

#define XIIC\_INTR\_AAS\_MASK 0x00000020

1 = When addr as slave

Definition at line 121 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.25 XIIC\_INTR\_ARB\_LOST\_MASK

#define XIIC\_INTR\_ARB\_LOST\_MASK 0x0000001

1 = Arbitration lost

Definition at line 116 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.26 XIIC\_INTR\_BNB\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK 0x00000010
```

1 = Bus not busy

Definition at line 120 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.27 XIIC\_INTR\_NAAS\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_INTR_NAAS_MASK 0x00000040
```

1 = Not addr as slave

Definition at line 122 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.28 XIIC\_INTR\_RX\_FULL\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK 0x00000008
```

1 = Rx FIFO/reg=OCY level

Definition at line 119 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.29 XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_EMPTY\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK 0x00000004
```

1 = Tx FIFO/reg empty

Definition at line 118 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.30 XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_ERROR\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK 0x00000002
```

1 = Tx error/msg complete

Definition at line 117 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.31 XIIC\_INTR\_TX\_HALF\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_INTR_TX_HALF_MASK 0x00000080
```

1 = Tx FIFO half empty

Definition at line 123 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.32 XIic\_IntrGlobalDisable

This macro disables all interrupts for the device by writing to the Global interrupt enable register.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress is	s the base address of the IIC device.
----------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

None.

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_IntrGlobalDisable(u32 BaseAddress);

Definition at line 287 of file xiic I.h.

# 6.128.1.33 Xlic\_IntrGlobalEnable

This macro writes to the global interrupt enable register to enable interrupts from the device. This function does not enable individual interrupts as the Interrupt Enable Register must be set appropriately.

#### **Parameters**

Returns

None.

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_IntrGlobalEnable(u32 BaseAddress);

Definition at line 305 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.34 Xlic\_IsIntrGlobalEnabled

This function determines if interrupts are enabled at the global level by reading the global interrupt register.

### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC device.
-------------	--

#### Returns

- · TRUE if the global interrupt is enabled.
- · FALSE if global interrupt is disabled.

#### Note

C-Style signature: int Xlic IsIntrGlobalEnabled(u32 BaseAddress);

Definition at line 324 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.35 XIIC\_L\_H

```
\#define XIIC_L_H /* by using protection macros */
```

This header file contains identifiers and driver functions (or macros) that can be used to access the device in normal and dynamic controller mode. High-level driver functions are defined in xiic.h.

MODIFICATION HISTORY:

```
Ver Who Date
                  Changes
1.00b jhl 05/07/02 First release
1.01c ecm 12/05/02 new rev
1.01d jhl 10/08/03 Added general purpose output feature
1.02a mta 03/09/06 Implemented Repeated Start in the Low Level Driver.
1.03a mta 04/04/06 Implemented Dynamic IIC core routines.
1.03a rpm 09/08/06 Added include of xstatus.h for completeness
1.13a wgr 03/22/07 Converted to new coding style.
1.16a ktn 07/18/09 Updated the notes in XIIC_RESET macro to clearly indicate
                    that only the Interrupt Registers are reset.
1.16a ktn 10/16/09 Updated the notes in the XIIC_RESET macro to mention
                    that the complete IIC core is Reset on giving a software
                    reset to the IIC core. Some previous versions of the
                    core only reset the Interrupt Logic/Registers, please
                   refer to the HW specification for further details.
2.00a sdm 10/22/09 Converted all register accesses to 32 bit access,
          the register offsets are defined to be on 32 bit boundary.
          Removed the macro XIIC_RESET, XIic_Reset API should be
          used in its place.
          Some of the macros have been renamed to be consistent -
          XIIC_GINTR_DISABLE is renamed as XIic_IntrGlobalDisable,
          XIIC_GINTR_ENABLE is renamed as XIic_IntrGlobalEnable,
          XIIC_IS_GINTR_ENABLED is renamed as
          XIic_IsIntrGlobalEnabled,
          XIIC_WRITE_IISR is renamed as XIic_WriteIisr,
          XIIC_READ_IISR is renamed as XIic_ReadIisr,
          XIIC_WRITE_IIER is renamed as XIic_WriteIier
          The _m prefix in the name of the macros has been removed -
          XIic_mClearIisr is now XIic_ClearIisr,
          XIic_mSend7BitAddress is now XIic_Send7BitAddress,
          XIic_mDynSend7BitAddress is now XIic_DynSend7BitAddress,
          XIic_mDynSendStartStopAddress is now
         XIic_DynSendStartStopAddress,
         XIic_mDynSendStop is now XIic_DynSendStop.
3.2
     sk 11/10/15 Used UINTPTR instead of u32 for Baseaddress CR# 867425.
                    Changed the prototypes of XIic_Recv, XIic_Send,
                    XIic_DynRecv, XIic_DynSend and XIic_DynInit APIs.
3.3
      als 06/27/16 Added Low-level XIic_CheckIsBusBusy API.
3.3
      als 06/27/16 Added low-level XIic_WaitBusFree API.
```

Definition at line 61 of file xiic\_l.h.

#### 6.128.1.36 XIIC\_MASTER\_ROLE

```
#define XIIC_MASTER_ROLE 1
```

The following constants are used with the transmit FIFO fill function to specify the role which the IIC device is acting as, a master or a slave. Master on the IIC bus

Definition at line 208 of file xiic I.h.

## 6.128.1.37 Xlic\_Out32

```
#define XIic_Out32 Xil_Out32
```

Definition at line 226 of file xiic\_l.h.

#### 6.128.1.38 XIIC\_READ\_OPERATION

```
#define XIIC_READ_OPERATION 1
```

The following constants are used to specify whether to do Read or a Write operation on IIC bus. Read operation on the IIC bus

Definition at line 201 of file xiic I.h.

## 6.128.1.39 XIic\_Readlier

This function gets the Interrupt Enable Register contents.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC device.

### Returns

The contents read from the Interrupt Enable Register. Bit positions of 1 indicate that the corresponding interrupt is enabled. Bit positions of 0 indicate that the corresponding interrupt is disabled.

Note

C-Style signature: u32 Xlic\_Readlier(u32 BaseAddress)

Definition at line 414 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.40 XIic\_Readlisr

This function gets the contents of the Interrupt Status Register. This register indicates the status of interrupt sources for the device. The status is independent of whether interrupts are enabled such that the status register may also be polled when interrupts are not enabled.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC device.
-------------	--

#### Returns

The value read from the Interrupt Status Register.

#### Note

```
C-Style signature: u32 Xlic_Readlisr(u32 BaseAddress);
```

Definition at line 371 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.41 Xlic\_ReadReg

Read from the specified IIC device register.

### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the device.
RegOffset	is the offset from the 1st register of the device to select the specific register.

#### Returns

The value read from the register.

#### Note

```
C-Style signature: u32 Xlic_ReadReg(u32 BaseAddress, u32 RegOffset);
```

```
This macro does not do any checking to ensure that the
```

register exists if the register may be excluded due to parameterization, such as the GPO Register.

Definition at line 247 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.42 XIIC\_REPEATED\_START

```
#define XIIC_REPEATED_START 0x01
```

Donot Send a stop on the IIC bus after \ the current data transfer

Definition at line 221 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.43 XIIC\_RESET\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_RESET_MASK 0x0000000A
```

**RESET Mask** 

Definition at line 142 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.44 XIIC\_RESETR\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_RESETR_OFFSET 0x40
```

Reset Register

Definition at line 81 of file xiic l.h.

## 6.128.1.45 XIIC\_RFD\_REG\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_RFD_REG_OFFSET 0x120
```

Rx FIFO Depth reg

Definition at line 90 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.46 XIIC\_RFO\_REG\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_RFO_REG_OFFSET 0x118
```

Rx FIFO Occupancy

Definition at line 88 of file xiic I.h.

## 6.128.1.47 Xlic\_Send7BitAddress

#### Value:

```
{
  u8 LocalAddr = (u8)(SlaveAddress « 1);
  LocalAddr = (LocalAddr & 0xFE) | (Operation);
  XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET, LocalAddr);
}
```

This macro sends the address for a 7 bit address during both read and write operations. It takes care of the details to format the address correctly. This macro is designed to be called internally to the drivers.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC Device.	
SlaveAddress	is the address of the slave to send to.	
Operation	indicates XIIC_READ_OPERATION or XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION	

Returns

None.

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_Send7BitAddress(u32 BaseAddress, u8 SlaveAddress, u8 Operation);

Definition at line 453 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.48 XIIC\_SLAVE\_ROLE

#define XIIC\_SLAVE\_ROLE 0

Slave on the IIC bus

Definition at line 209 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.49 XIIC\_SR\_ADDR\_AS\_SLAVE\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_ADDR\_AS\_SLAVE\_MASK 0x00000002

1 = When addressed as \ slave

Definition at line 167 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.50 XIIC\_SR\_BUS\_BUSY\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_BUS\_BUSY\_MASK 0x00000004

1 = Bus is busy

Definition at line 168 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.51 XIIC\_SR\_GEN\_CALL\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_GEN\_CALL\_MASK 0x0000001

1 = A Master issued \ a GC

Definition at line 164 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.52 XIIC\_SR\_MSTR\_RDING\_SLAVE\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_MSTR\_RDING\_SLAVE\_MASK 0x00000008

1 = Dir: Master <- \ slave

Definition at line 171 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.53 XIIC\_SR\_REG\_OFFSET

#define XIIC\_SR\_REG\_OFFSET 0x104

Status Register

Definition at line 83 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.54 XIIC\_SR\_RX\_FIFO\_EMPTY\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_RX\_FIFO\_EMPTY\_MASK 0x00000040

1 = Rx FIFO empty

Definition at line 174 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.55 XIIC\_SR\_RX\_FIFO\_FULL\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_RX\_FIFO\_FULL\_MASK 0x00000020

1 = Rx FIFO full

Definition at line 173 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.56 XIIC\_SR\_TX\_FIFO\_EMPTY\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_TX\_FIFO\_EMPTY\_MASK 0x00000080

1 = Tx FIFO empty

Definition at line 175 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.57 XIIC\_SR\_TX\_FIFO\_FULL\_MASK

#define XIIC\_SR\_TX\_FIFO\_FULL\_MASK 0x00000010

1 = Tx FIFO full

Definition at line 172 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.58 XIIC\_STOP

```
#define XIIC_STOP 0x00
```

The following constants are used with Transmit Function (Xlic\_Send) to specify whether to STOP after the current transfer of data or own the bus with a Repeated start. Send a stop on the IIC bus after \ the current data transfer

Definition at line 218 of file xiic I.h.

## 6.128.1.59 XIIC\_TBA\_REG\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_TBA_REG_OFFSET 0x11C
```

10 Bit Address reg

Definition at line 89 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.60 XIIC\_TFO\_REG\_OFFSET

```
#define XIIC_TFO_REG_OFFSET 0x114
```

Tx FIFO Occupancy

Definition at line 87 of file xiic\_I.h.

### 6.128.1.61 XIIC\_TX\_ADDR\_MSTR\_RECV\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_TX_ADDR_MSTR_RECV_MASK 0x02
```

Definition at line 195 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.62 XIIC\_TX\_ADDR\_SENT

```
#define XIIC_TX_ADDR_SENT 0x00
```

Definition at line 194 of file xiic\_l.h.

#### 6.128.1.63 XIIC\_TX\_DYN\_START\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_TX_DYN_START_MASK 0x00000100
```

1 = Set dynamic start

Definition at line 182 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.64 XIIC\_TX\_DYN\_STOP\_MASK

```
#define XIIC_TX_DYN_STOP_MASK 0x00000200
```

1 = Set dynamic stop

Definition at line 183 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.65 XIIC\_TX\_INTERRUPTS

```
#define XIIC_TX_INTERRUPTS (XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK | XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK | XIIC_INTR_TX_HALF_MASK)
```

All Tx interrupts commonly used.

Definition at line 128 of file xiic I.h.

### 6.128.1.66 XIIC\_TX\_RX\_INTERRUPTS

```
#define XIIC_TX_RX_INTERRUPTS (XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK | XIIC_TX_INTERRUPTS)
```

All interrupts commonly used

Definition at line 134 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.67 XIIC\_WRITE\_OPERATION

```
#define XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION 0
```

Write operation on the IIC bus

Definition at line 202 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.68 Xlic Writelier

This function sets the contents of the Interrupt Enable Register.

This function writes only the specified value to the register such that some interrupt sources may be enabled and others disabled. It is the caller's responsibility to get the value of the interrupt enable register prior to setting the value to prevent a destructive behavior.

## **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC device.
Enable	is the value to be written to the Interrupt Enable Register. Bit positions of 1 will be enabled. Bit
	positions of 0 will be disabled.

#### Returns

None

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_Writelier(u32 BaseAddress, u32 Enable);

Definition at line 394 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.1.69 Xlic Writelisr

This function sets the Interrupt status register to the specified value.

This register implements a toggle on write functionality. The interrupt is cleared by writing to this register with the bits to be cleared set to a one and all others to zero. Setting a bit which is zero within this register causes an interrupt to be generated.

This function writes only the specified value to the register such that some status bits may be set and others cleared. It is the caller's responsibility to get the value of the register prior to setting the value to prevent an destructive behavior.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	is the base address of the IIC device.
Status	is the value to be written to the Interrupt status register.

## Returns

None.

Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic Writelisr(u32 BaseAddress, u32 Status);

Definition at line 352 of file xiic\_l.h.

## 6.128.1.70 XIic\_WriteReg

Write to the specified IIC device register.

#### **Parameters**

	BaseAddress	is the base address of the device.
RegOffset is the offset from the 1st register of the device to sele		is the offset from the 1st register of the device to select the specific register.
ĺ	RegisterValue	is the value to be written to the register.

#### Returns

None.

#### Note

C-Style signature: void Xlic\_WriteReg(u32 BaseAddress, u32 RegOffset, u32 RegisterValue); This macro does not do any checking to ensure that the register exists if the register may be excluded due to parameterization, such as the GPO Register.

Definition at line 270 of file xiic\_l.h.

### 6.128.2 Function Documentation

## 6.128.2.1 Xlic\_CheckIsBusBusy()

Definition at line 11 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.128.2.2 Xlic\_DynInit()

Definition at line 10 of file xiic\_l.c.

### 6.128.2.3 Xlic\_DynRecv()

Definition at line 6 of file xiic\_l.c.

### 6.128.2.4 Xlic\_DynSend()

Definition at line 8 of file xiic\_l.c.

### 6.128.2.5 Xlic\_Recv()

Receive data as a master on the IIC bus. This function receives the data using polled I/O and blocks until the data has been received. It only supports 7 bit addressing mode of operation. This function returns zero if bus is busy.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	contains the base address of the IIC device.	
Address	contains the 7 bit IIC address of the device to send the specified data to.	
BufferPtr	points to the data to be sent.	
ByteCount	is the number of bytes to be sent.	
Option	indicates whether to hold or free the bus after reception of data, XIIC_STOP = end with ST condition, XIIC_REPEATED_START = don't end with STOP condition.	

#### Returns

The number of bytes received.

Note

None.

Definition at line 2 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

### 6.128.2.6 Xlic\_Send()

Send data as a master on the IIC bus. This function sends the data using polled I/O and blocks until the data has been sent. It only supports 7 bit addressing mode of operation. This function returns zero if bus is busy.

#### **Parameters**

BaseAddress	contains the base address of the IIC device.	
Address	contains the 7 bit IIC address of the device to send the specified data to.	
BufferPtr	points to the data to be sent.	
ByteCount is the number of bytes to be sent.		
Option	indicates whether to hold or free the bus after transmitting the data.	

#### Returns

The number of bytes sent.

Note

None.

Definition at line 4 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

# 6.128.2.7 Xlic\_WaitBusFree()

This function will wait until the I2C bus is free or timeout.

## Parameters

BaseAddress	contains the base address of the I2C device.

### Returns

- XST\_SUCCESS if the I2C bus was freed before the timeout.
- XST\_FAILURE otherwise.

Note

None.

Definition at line 12 of file xiic\_l.c.

Here is the call graph for this function: Here is the caller graph for this function:

## 6.129 xiic l.h

```
Go to the documentation of this file.
      * Copyright (C) 2002 - 2021 Xilinx, Inc. All rights reserved.
00002
      * SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
00005
00060 #ifndef XIIC_L_H /* prevent circular inclusions */ 00061 #define XIIC_L_H /* by using protection macros */
00062
00063 #ifdef __c
00064 extern "C"
              cplusplus
00065 #endif
00066
00068
00069 #include "xil_io.h"
00070 #include "xil_types.h"
00071
00073
00078 #define XIIC DGIER OFFSET 0x1C
00079 #define XIIC_IISR_OFFSET 0x20
00080 #define XIIC_IIER_OFFSET 0x28
00081 #define XIIC_RESETR_OFFSET 0x40
00082 #define XIIC_CR_REG_OFFSET 0x100
00083 #define XIIC_SR_REG_OFFSET 0x104
00084 #define XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET 0x108
00085 #define XIIC_DRR_REG_OFFSET 0x10C
00086 #define XIIC_ADR_REG_OFFSET 0x110
00087 #define XIIC_TFO_REG_OFFSET 0x114
00088 #define XIIC_RFO_REG_OFFSET 0x118
00089 #define XIIC_TBA_REG_OFFSET 0x11C
00090 #define XIIC_RFD_REG_OFFSET 0x120
00091 #define XIIC_GPO_REG_OFFSET 0x124
00092 /* @} */
00093
00098 #define XIIC_GINTR_ENABLE_MASK 0x80000000
00099 /* @} */
00100
00116 #define XIIC_INTR_ARB_LOST_MASK 0x00000001
00117 #define XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK 0x00000002
00118 #define XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK 0x00000004
00119 #define XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK 0x00000008
00120 #define XIIC_INTR_BNB_MASK 0x00000010
00121 #define XIIC_INTR_AAS_MASK 0x00000020
00122 #define XIIC_INTR_NAAS_MASK 0x00000040
00123 #define XIIC_INTR_TX_HALF_MASK 0x00000080
00128 #define XIIC_TX_INTERRUPTS
00129
        (XIIC_INTR_TX_ERROR_MASK | XIIC_INTR_TX_EMPTY_MASK | XIIC_INTR_TX_HALF_MASK)
00130
00134 #define XIIC_TX_RX_INTERRUPTS (XIIC_INTR_RX_FULL_MASK | XIIC_TX_INTERRUPTS)
00135
00136 /* @} */
00137
00142 #define XIIC_RESET_MASK 0x0000000A
00143 /* @} */
00144
00149 #define XIIC_CR_ENABLE_DEVICE_MASK 0x00000001
00150 #define XIIC_CR_TX_FIFO_RBSET_MASK 0x00000002
00151 #define XIIC_CR_MSMS_MASK 0x00000004
00152 #define XIIC_CR_DIR_IS_TX_MASK 0x00000008
00153 #define XIIC_CR_NO_ACK_MASK 0x00000010
00154 #define XIIC_CR_REPEATED_START_MASK 0x00000020
00155 #define XIIC_CR_GENERAL_CALL_MASK 0x00000040
00156 /* @} */
00157
00162 #define XIIC_SR_GEN_CALL_MASK
00163
       0x00000001
00165 #define XIIC_SR_ADDR_AS_SLAVE_MASK
00166
       0x00000002
00168 #define XIIC_SR_BUS_BUSY_MASK 0x00000004
00169 #define XIIC_SR_MSTR_RDING_SLAVE_MASK
       0x00000008
00172 #define XIIC_SR_TX_FIFO_FULL_MASK 0x00000010
00173 #define XIIC_SR_RX_FIFO_FULL_MASK 0x00000020
00174 #define XIIC_SR_RX_FIFO_EMPTY_MASK 0x00000040
00175 #define XIIC_SR_TX_FIFO_EMPTY_MASK 0x00000080
00176 /* @} */
00177
00182 #define XIIC_TX_DYN_START_MASK 0x00000100
00183 #define XIIC_TX_DYN_STOP_MASK 0x00000200
00184 #define IIC_TX_FIFO_DEPTH 16
```

6.129 xiic\_l.h 259

```
00185 /* @} */
00191 #define IIC_RX_FIFO_DEPTH 16
00192 /* @} */
00193
00194 #define XIIC_TX_ADDR_SENT 0x00
00195 #define XIIC_TX_ADDR_MSTR_RECV_MASK 0x02
00196
00201 #define XIIC_READ_OPERATION 1
00202 #define XIIC_WRITE_OPERATION 0
00208 #define XIIC_MASTER_ROLE 1
00209 #define XIIC_SLAVE_ROLE 0
00216 #define XIIC_STOP
     0x00
00217
00219 #define XIIC_REPEATED_START
00220
     0x01
00223 /******* Macros (Inline Functions) Definitions ***************************
00224
00225 #define XIic_In32 Xil_In32
00226 #define XIic_Out32 Xi1_Out32
00227
00247 #define XIic ReadReg(BaseAddress, RegOffset)
00248
     XIic In32((BaseAddress) + (RegOffset))
00249
00270 #define XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, RegOffset, RegisterValue)
00271 XIic_Out32((BaseAddress) + (RegOffset), (RegisterValue))
00272
00287 #define XIic IntrGlobalDisable(BaseAddress)
     XIic_WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_DGIER_OFFSET, 0)
00289
00305 #define XIic_IntrGlobalEnable(BaseAddress)
00306 XIic_WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_DGIER_OFFSET, XIIC_GINTR_ENABLE_MASK)
00307
00324 #define XIic_IsIntrGlobalEnabled(BaseAddress)
00325
    (XIic_ReadReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_DGIER_OFFSET) == XIIC_GINTR_ENABLE_MASK)
00326
00352 #define XIic WriteIisr(BaseAddress, Status)
00353
     XIic_WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_IISR_OFFSET, (Status))
00371 #define XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress) XIic_ReadReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_IISR_OFFSET)
00372
00394 #define XIic WriteIier(BaseAddress, Enable)
     XIic_WriteReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_IIER_OFFSET, (Enable))
00396
00414 #define XIic_ReadIier(BaseAddress) XIic_ReadReg((BaseAddress), XIIC_IIER_OFFSET)
00415
00416 /
     ******************************
00432 #define XIic_ClearIisr(BaseAddress, InterruptMask)
00433
     XIic_WriteIisr((BaseAddress), XIic_ReadIisr(BaseAddress) & (InterruptMask))
00434
00453 #define XIic_Send7BitAddress(BaseAddress, SlaveAddress, Operation)
00454
00455
       u8 LocalAddr = (u8) (SlaveAddress « 1);
       LocalAddr = (LocalAddr & 0xFE) | (Operation);
00456
00457
       XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET, LocalAddr);
00458
00459
00460 /****************************
00479 #define XIic DynSend7BitAddress (BaseAddress, SlaveAddress, Operation)
00481
       u8 LocalAddr = (u8) (SlaveAddress « 1);
00482
       LocalAddr = (LocalAddr & 0xFE) | (Operation);
00483
       XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00484
                 XIIC_TX_DYN_START_MASK | LocalAddr);
00485
{\tt 00506~\#define~XIic\_DynSendStartStopAddress(BaseAddress,~SlaveAddress,~Operation)}
00507
00508
       u8 LocalAddr = (u8) (SlaveAddress « 1):
       LocalAddr = (LocalAddr & 0xFE) | (Operation);
00509
       XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00511
                 XIIC_TX_DYN_START_MASK | XIIC_TX_DYN_STOP_MASK | LocalAddr);
00512
00513
00529 #define XIic DvnSendStop(BaseAddress, BvteCount)
```

```
00531
        XIic_WriteReg(BaseAddress, XIIC_DTR_REG_OFFSET,
00532
                      XIIC_TX_DYN_STOP_MASK | ByteCount);
00533
00534
00537 unsigned XIic_Recv(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
                      unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option);
00538
00539
00540 unsigned XIic_Send(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00541
                      unsigned ByteCount, u8 Option);
00542
00543 unsigned XIic_DynRecv(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u8 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00544
                         u8 ByteCount);
00545
00546 unsigned XIic_DynSend(UINTPTR BaseAddress, u16 Address, u8 *BufferPtr,
00547
                         u8 ByteCount, u8 Option);
00549 int XIic_DynInit(UINTPTR BaseAddress);
00550
00551 u32 XIic_CheckIsBusBusy(UINTPTR BaseAddress);
00552
00553 u32 XIic WaitBusFree (UINTPTR BaseAddress);
00554
00555 #ifdef __cplusplus
00556 }
00557 #endif
00558
00559 #endif /* end of protection macro */
```

# 6.130 library/xil\_io.h File Reference

#include "xil\_types.h"

Include dependency graph for xil io.h: This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

## Macros

- #define XIL\_IO\_H /\* by using protection macros \*/
- #define SYNCHRONIZE\_IO
- #define INST SYNC
- #define DATA SYNC
- #define INST\_SYNC
- #define DATA SYNC
- #define INLINE \_\_inline
- #define Xil In16LE Xil In16
- #define Xil\_In32LE Xil\_In32
- #define Xil\_Out16LE Xil\_Out16
- #define Xil\_Out32LE Xil\_Out32
- #define Xil\_Htons Xil\_EndianSwap16
- #define Xil\_Htonl Xil\_EndianSwap32
- #define Xil\_Ntohs Xil\_EndianSwap16
- #define Xil Ntohl Xil EndianSwap32

## 6.130.1 Macro Definition Documentation

### 6.130.1.1 DATA\_SYNC [1/2]

#define DATA\_SYNC

Definition at line 64 of file xil\_io.h.

### 6.130.1.2 DATA\_SYNC [2/2]

#define DATA\_SYNC

Definition at line 64 of file xil\_io.h.

#### 6.130.1.3 INLINE

#define INLINE \_\_inline

Definition at line 72 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.4 INST\_SYNC [1/2]

#define INST\_SYNC

Definition at line 63 of file xil\_io.h.

### 6.130.1.5 INST\_SYNC [2/2]

#define INST\_SYNC

Definition at line 63 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.6 SYNCHRONIZE\_IO

#define SYNCHRONIZE\_IO

Definition at line 62 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.7 Xil\_Htonl

#define Xil\_Htonl Xil\_EndianSwap32

Definition at line 315 of file xil io.h.

## 6.130.1.8 Xil\_Htons

#define Xil\_Htons Xil\_EndianSwap16

Definition at line 314 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.9 Xil\_In16LE

#define Xil\_In16LE Xil\_In16

Definition at line 310 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.10 Xil\_In32LE

```
#define Xil_In32LE Xil_In32
```

Definition at line 311 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.11 XIL\_IO\_H

```
\#define XIL_IO_H /* by using protection macros */
```

The xil\_io.h file contains the interface for the general I/O component, which encapsulates the Input/Output functions for the processors that do not require any special I/O handling.

#### MODIFICATION HISTORY:

Ver	Who	Date	Changes
5.00	pkp	05/29/14	First release
6.00	mus	08/19/16	Remove checking ofLITTLE_ENDIAN flag for
			ARM processors
7.20	har	01/03/20	Added Xil_SecureOut32 for avoiding blindwrite for
			CR-1049218
7.30	kpt	09/21/20	Moved Xil_EndianSwap16 and Xil_EndianSwap32 to
			<pre>xil_io.h and made them as static inline</pre>
	am	10/13/20	Changed the return type of Xil_SecureOut32 function
			from u32 to int
7.50	dp	02/12/21	Fix compilation error in Xil_EndianSwap32() that
*occur	when	-Werror=conve	rsion compiler flag is enabled 7.5 mus 05/17/21
*Update	e the	functions with	n comments. It fixes CR#1067739.

Definition at line 36 of file xil io.h.

## 6.130.1.12 Xil\_Ntohl

#define Xil\_Ntohl Xil\_EndianSwap32

Definition at line 317 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.13 Xil\_Ntohs

#define Xil\_Ntohs Xil\_EndianSwap16

Definition at line 316 of file xil\_io.h.

## 6.130.1.14 Xil\_Out16LE

#define Xil\_Out16LE Xil\_Out16

Definition at line 312 of file xil\_io.h.

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### 6.130.1.15 Xil\_Out32LE

```
#define Xil_Out32LE Xil_Out32
```

Definition at line 313 of file xil io.h.

# 6.131 xil io.h

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 /*******
00002 * Copyright (c) 2014 - 2021 Xilinx, Inc. All rights reserved.
00003
    * SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
00005
00035 #ifndef XIL_IO_H /* prevent circular inclusions */ 00036 #define XIL_IO_H /* by using protection macros */
00037
00038 #ifdef __cpl:
00039 extern "C" {
           _cplusplus
00040 #endif
00041
00043
00044 #include "xil_types.h"
00047 #ifdef ENABLE SAFETY
00048 extern u32 XStl_RegUpdate(u32 RegAddr, u32 RegVal);
00049 #endif
00050
00051 /************* Macros (Inline Functions) Definitions *********************
00052 #if defined __GNUC
00053 #if defined(__MICROBLAZE__)
00054 #define INST_SYNC mbar(0)
00055 #define DATA_SYNC mbar(1)
00056 #else
00057 #define SYNCHRONIZE_IO dmb()
00058 #define INST_SYNC isb()
00059 #define DATA_SYNC dsb()
00060 #endif
00061 #else
00062 #define SYNCHRONIZE IO
00063 #define INST_SYNC
00064 #define DATA_SYNC
00065 #define INST_SYNC
00066 #define DATA_SYNC
00067 #endif
00068
00069 #if defined(__GNUC__) || defined(__ICCARM__) || defined(__MICROBLAZE__)
00070 #define INLINE inline
00071 #else
00072 #define INLINE __inline
00073 #endif
00074
00075 /***
00088 static INLINE u8 Xil_In8(UINTPTR Addr) { return *(volatile u8 *)Addr; }
00102 static INLINE u16 Xil_In16(UINTPTR Addr) { return *(volatile u16 *)Addr; }
00103
00104 /***********************************
00116 static INLINE u32 Xil_In32(UINTPTR Addr) { return *(volatile u32 *)Addr; }
00130 static INLINE u64 Xil_In64(UINTPTR Addr) { return *(volatile u64 *)Addr; }
00131
00145 static INLINE void Xil_Out8(UINTPTR Addr, u8 Value) {
00146 /* write 8 bit value to specified address */
00147
      volatile u8 *LocalAddr = (volatile u8 *)Addr;
00148
     *LocalAddr = Value;
00149 }
00150
00151 /*******************
00163 static INLINE void Xil_Out16(UINTPTR Addr, u16 Value) {
00164 /* write 16 bit value to specified address */
00165 volatile u16 *LocalAddr = (volatile u16 *)Addr;
```

```
*LocalAddr = Value;
00167 }
00168
00182 static INLINE void Xil Out32(UINTPTR Addr, u32 Value) {
00183
       /\star write 32 bit value to specified address \star/
00184 #ifndef ENABLE_SAFETY
00185 volatile u32 *LocalAddr = (volatile u32 *)Addr;
00186
      *LocalAddr = Value;
00187 #else
00188 XStl RegUpdate(Addr. Value);
00189 #endif
00190 }
00191
00205 static INLINE void Xil_Out64(UINTPTR Addr, u64 Value) {
00206  /* write 64 bit value to specified address */
00207  volatile u64 *LocalAddr = (volatile u64 *)Addr;
      *LocalAddr = Value;
00209 }
00210
00227 static INLINE int Xil_SecureOut32(UINTPTR Addr, u32 Value) {
00228 int Status = XST_FAILURE;
00229
       u32 ReadReg;
00230
      u32 ReadRegTemp;
00231
00232
       /* writing 32 bit value to specified address */
00233
      Xil_Out32(Addr, Value);
00234
       /* verify value written to specified address with multiple reads \star/ ReadReg = Xil_In32(Addr);
00235
00236
00237
       ReadRegTemp = Xil_In32(Addr);
00238
00239
       if ((ReadReg == Value) && (ReadRegTemp == Value)) {
        Status = XST_SUCCESS;
00240
00241
       }
00242
00243
       return Status:
00244 }
00245
00256 static INLINE __attribute__((always_inline)) u16 Xil_EndianSwap16(u16 Data) {
       return (u16)(((Data & OxFF00U) » 8U) | ((Data & Ox00FFU) « 8U));
00257
00258 }
00259
00270 static INLINE __attribute__((always_inline)) u32 Xil_EndianSwap32(u32 Data) {
00271
      u16 LoWord:
00272
      u16 HiWord:
00273
00274
       /* get each of the half words from the 32 bit word */
00275
00276
      LoWord = (u16) (Data & 0x0000FFFFU);
       HiWord = (u16)((Data & OxFFFF0000U) » 16U);
00277
00278
00279
       /* byte swap each of the 16 bit half words */
00280
00281
       LoWord = (u16)(((LoWord & 0xFF00U) \rightarrow 8U) | ((LoWord & 0x00FFU) \leftarrow 8U));
       HiWord = (u16)(((HiWord & 0xFF00U) » 8U) | ((HiWord & 0x00FFU) « 8U));
00282
00283
00284
       /* swap the half words before returning the value */
00285
00286
      return ((((u32)LoWord) « (u32)16U) | (u32)HiWord);
00287 }
00288
00289 #if defined(_MICROBLAZE__)
00290 #ifdef _LITTLE_ENDIAN__
00291 #define Xil_In16LE Xil_In16
00292 #define Xil_In32LE Xil_In32
00293 #define Xil_Out16LE Xil_Out16
00294 #define Xil_Out32LE Xil_Out32
00295 #define Xil_Htons Xil_EndianSwap16
00296 #define Xil_Htonl Xil_EndianSwap32
00297 #define Xil_Ntohs Xil_EndianSwap16
00298 #define Xil_Ntohl Xil_EndianSwap32
00299 #else
00300 #define Xil_In16BE Xil_In16
00301 #define Xil_In32BE Xil_In32
00302 #define Xil_Out16BE Xil_Out16
00303 #define Xil Out32BE Xil Out32
00304 #define Xil_Htons(Data) (Data)
00305 #define Xil_Htonl(Data) (Data)
00306 #define Xil_Ntohs(Data) (Data)
00307 #define Xil_Ntohl(Data) (Data)
00308 #endif
00309 #else
```

```
00310 #define Xil_In16LE Xil_In16
00311 #define Xil_In32LE Xil_In32
00312 #define Xil_Out16LE Xil_Out16
00313 #define Xil_Out32LE Xil_Out32
00314 #define Xil_Htons Xil_EndianSwap16
00315 #define Xil_Htonl Xil_EndianSwap32
00316 #define Xil_Ntohs Xil_EndianSwap16
00317 #define Xil_Ntohl Xil_EndianSwap32
00318 #endif
00319
00320 #if defined( MICROBLAZE )
00321 #ifdef LITTLE ENDIAN
00322 static INLINE u16 Xil_In16BE(UINTPTR Addr)
00323 #else
00324 static INLINE u16 Xil_In16LE(UINTPTR Addr)
00325 #endif
00326 #else
00327 static INLINE u16 Xil In16BE(UINTPTR Addr)
00328 #endif
00329 {
00331
        return Xil_EndianSwap16(value);
00332 }
00333
00334 #if defined(__MICROBLAZE__)
00335 #ifdef __LITTLE_ENDIAN
00336 static INLINE u32 Xil_In32BE(UINTPTR Addr)
00337 #else
00338 static INLINE u32 Xil_In32LE(UINTPTR Addr)
00339 #endif
00340 #else
00341 static INLINE u32 Xil_In32BE(UINTPTR Addr)
00342 #endif
00343 {
00344
      u32 value = Xil_In32(Addr);
        return Xil_EndianSwap32(value);
00345
00346 }
00348 #if defined(__MICROBLAZE__)
00349 #ifdef __LITTLE_ENDIAN
00350 static INLINE void Xil_Out16BE(UINTPTR Addr, u16 Value)
00351 #else
00352 static INLINE void Xil Out16LE(UINTPTR Addr, u16 Value)
00353 #endif
00354 #else
00355 static INLINE void Xil_Out16BE(UINTPTR Addr, u16 Value)
00356 #endif
00357 {
00358
        Value = Xil EndianSwap16(Value);
       Xil_Out16 (Addr, Value);
00359
00360 }
00361
00362 #if defined(__MICROBLAZE_
00363 #ifdef __LITTLE_ENDIAN_
00364 static INLINE void Xil_Out32BE(UINTPTR Addr, u32 Value)
00365 #else
00366 static INLINE void Xil_Out32LE(UINTPTR Addr, u32 Value)
00367 #endif
00368 #else
00369 static INLINE void Xil_Out32BE(UINTPTR Addr, u32 Value)
00370 #endif
00371 {
00372
        Value = Xil_EndianSwap32(Value);
00373
      Xil_Out32(Addr, Value);
00374 }
00375
00376 #ifdef __cplusplus
00377 }
00378 #endif
00380 #endif /* end of protection macro */
```

# 6.132 library/xil\_types.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

# 6.133 xil\_types.h

Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00002 * Copyright (c) 2010 - 2021 Xilinx, Inc. All rights reserved.
00003 * Copyright (c) 2022 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. All Rights Reserved.
00004 * SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
00006
00034 #ifndef XIL_TYPES_H /\star prevent circular inclusions \star/
00035 #define XIL_TYPES_H /\star by using protection macros \star/
00036
00037 #ifdef __cplusplus
00038 extern "C" {
00039 #endif
00040
00041 #include <stddef.h>
00042 #include <stdint.h>
00043
00046 #define XST_SUCCESS 0L
00047 #define XST_FAILURE 1L
00048 #ifndef TRUE
00049 #define TRUE 1U
00050 #endif
00051
00052 #ifndef FALSE
00053 #define FALSE OU
00054 #endif
00055
00056 #ifndef NULL
00057 #define NULL 0U
00058 #endif
00059
00060 #define XIL_COMPONENT_IS_READY
00061
       0x11111111U
00066 #define XIL_COMPONENT_IS_STARTED
      0x2222222U
00067
00072 /* @name New types
00073 * New simple types.
00074 * @{
00075 */
00076 #ifndef __KERNEL_
00077 #ifndef XBASIC_TYPES_H
00078 /*
00079 * guarded against xbasic_types.h.
00080 */
00081 typedef uint8_t u8;
00082 typedef uint16_t u16;
00083 typedef uint32_t u32;
00085 #define __XUINT64_
00086 typedef struct {
00087 u32 Upper;
00088 u32 Lower;
00089 } Xuint64;
00090
00100 #define XUINT64_MSW(x) ((x).Upper)
00101
00111 \#define XUINT64_LSW(x) ((x).Lower)
00112
00113 #endif /* XBASIC TYPES H */
00114
00115 /*
00116 * xbasic_types.h does not typedef s* or u64
00119 typedef char char8;
00120 typedef int8_t s8;
00121 typedef int16_t s16;
00122 typedef int32_t s32;
00123 typedef int64_t s64;
00124 typedef uint64_t u64;
00125 typedef int sint32;
00126
00127 #if defined(__MICROBLAZE__) && !defined(__arch64__) &&
        (XPAR_MICROBLAZE_ADDR_SIZE > 32)
00129 typedef uint64_t UINTPTR;
00130 typedef int64_t INTPTR;
00131 #else
00132 typedef uintptr t UINTPTR;
00133 typedef intptr_t INTPTR;
00134 #endif
00135
00136 typedef ptrdiff_t PTRDIFF;
00138 #if !defined(LONG) || !defined(ULONG)
00139 typedef long LONG;
00140 typedef unsigned long ULONG;
```

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```
00141 #endif
00142
00143 #define ULONG64_HI_MASK 0xFFFFFFF00000000U
00144 #define ULONG64_LO_MASK ~ULONG64_HI_MASK
00145
00146 #else
00147 #include ux/types.h>
00148 #endif
00149
00155 typedef void (*XInterruptHandler) (void *InstancePtr);
00156
00161 typedef void (*XExceptionHandler) (void *InstancePtr);
00162
00172 #if defined(__aarch64__) || defined(__arch64__) 
00173 #define UPPER_32_BITS(n) ((u32)(((n) » 16) » 16))
00174 #else
00175 #define UPPER_32_BITS(n) OU
00176 #endif
00182 #define LOWER_32_BITS(n) ((u32)(n))
00189 #if defined(__aarch64__) || defined(__arch64__)
00190 #define LEFT_SHIFT_BY_32_BITS(n) (u64)(((u64)n) « 32)
00191 #else
00192 #define LEFT_SHIFT_BY_32_BITS(n) 0U
00193 #endif
00194
00196
00197 #ifndef TRUE
00198 #define TRUE 1U
00199 #endif
00200
00201 #ifndef FALSE
00202 #define FALSE 0U
00203 #endif
00204
00205 #ifndef NULL
00206 #define NULL 0U
00207 #endif
00208
00209 #ifdef __cplusplus
00210 }
00211 #endif
00212
00213 #endif /* end of protection macro */
```

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