

PENETRATION TESTING REPORT

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Security Assessment Report

Target: 192.168.1.100
Assessment Date: [Current Date]
Assessed By: Penetration Testing Team

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Security Posture Overview

The target system at 192.168.1.100 presents a **CRITICAL** security risk with multiple high-severity vulnerabilities that could lead to complete system compromise. The assessment identified significant weaknesses in the web application, server configuration, and security hardening practices.

Vulnerability Summary

- **Total Vulnerabilities Found:** 7
- **Overall Risk Rating:** CRITICAL
- **Critical Vulnerabilities:** 1
- **High Vulnerabilities:** 3
- **Medium Vulnerabilities:** 2
- **Low Vulnerabilities:** 1

Key Findings

The most concerning finding is a SQL injection vulnerability that allows complete database access. Combined with an exposed MySQL service and outdated software components, an attacker could achieve full system compromise.

2. VULNERABILITY SUMMARY

Severity	Vulnerability	Affected Component	CVE
----- ----- ----- -----			
Critical	SQL Injection (Boolean-based blind)	login.php	N/A
High	Exposed MySQL Service	Port 3306	N/A
High	Outdated Apache Version	Apache 2.4.6	CVE-2017-15710, CVE-2017-15715
High	Directory Indexing Enabled	/backup/ directory	N/A
Medium	Missing Security Headers	Web Application	N/A
Medium	Information Disclosure via ETags	Apache Server	N/A
Low	SSH Service Exposed	Port 22	N/A

3. DETAILED FINDINGS

■ CRITICAL - SQL Injection Vulnerability

Description: A boolean-based blind SQL injection vulnerability exists in the username parameter of the login form.

Affected Component: `/login.php` - username parameter (POST method)

Severity Rating: Critical - Allows complete database compromise

Proof of Concept:

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Parameter: username (POST)

Payload: username=admin' AND 1=1-- -&password;=test

Database: webapp_db (MySQL 5.7.33)

...

Business Impact:

- Complete database compromise and data exfiltration
- Potential privilege escalation to system level
- Loss of data confidentiality, integrity, and availability
- Regulatory compliance violations (GDPR, PCI-DSS)
- Reputation damage and financial losses

■ HIGH - Exposed MySQL Database Service

Description: MySQL database service is directly accessible from the network on port 3306.

Affected Component: MySQL 5.7.33 service

Severity Rating: High - Direct database access risk

Evidence: Port 3306/tcp open mysql MySQL 5.7.33

Business Impact:

- Direct database attacks and brute force attempts
- Potential data breach if weak credentials exist
- Bypass of application-layer security controls

■ HIGH - Outdated Apache Web Server

Description: Apache web server version 2.4.6 contains multiple known security vulnerabilities.

Affected Component: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.6

Severity Rating: High - Known exploitable vulnerabilities

Evidence: Multiple CVEs including CVE-2017-15710, CVE-2017-15715

Business Impact:

- Remote code execution potential
- Server compromise and lateral movement

- Service disruption and data theft

■ HIGH - Directory Indexing Enabled

****Description:**** Directory listing is enabled on the `/backup/` directory, potentially exposing sensitive files.

****Affected Component:**** `/backup/` directory

****Severity Rating:**** High - Information disclosure

****Evidence:**** Directory indexing enabled on `/backup/`

****Business Impact:****

- Exposure of sensitive backup files
- Information gathering for further attacks
- Potential access to configuration files and credentials

■ MEDIUM - Missing Security Headers

****Description:**** Critical security headers are missing, leaving the application vulnerable to various client-side attacks.

****Affected Component:**** Web application responses

****Severity Rating:**** Medium - Client-side attack vectors

****Evidence:**** Missing X-Frame-Options, X-Content-Type-Options headers

****Business Impact:****

- Clickjacking attacks
- MIME type confusion attacks
- Cross-site scripting (XSS) exploitation

■ MEDIUM - Information Disclosure via ETags

****Description:**** Server leaks inode information through ETag headers.

****Affected Component:**** Apache web server

****Severity Rating:**** Medium - Information disclosure

****Evidence:**** Server leaks inodes via ETags

****Business Impact:****

- Information gathering for targeted attacks
- Server fingerprinting and reconnaissance

■ LOW - SSH Service Exposure

****Description:**** SSH service is accessible from the network, presenting a potential attack vector.

****Affected Component:**** OpenSSH 7.4 on port 22

****Severity Rating:**** Low - Standard service exposure

****Evidence:**** `22/tcp` open ssh OpenSSH 7.4

****Business Impact:****

- Brute force attack potential
- Credential stuffing attacks

4. REMEDIATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Priority 1 - IMMEDIATE ACTION REQUIRED

Critical: SQL Injection Vulnerability

- **Action:** Implement parameterized queries/prepared statements
- **Effort:** Medium
- **Timeline:** 24-48 hours
- **Prevention:**
 - Input validation and sanitization
 - Web Application Firewall (WAF) implementation
 - Regular security code reviews

High: Disable MySQL External Access

- **Action:** Configure MySQL to bind only to localhost (127.0.0.1)
- **Effort:** Low
- **Timeline:** Immediate
- **Prevention:** Network segmentation and firewall rules

Priority 2 - SHORT TERM (1-2 weeks)

High: Update Apache Web Server

- **Action:** Update to latest stable Apache version (2.4.54+)
- **Effort:** Medium
- **Timeline:** 1 week
- **Prevention:** Implement automated patch management

High: Disable Directory Indexing

- **Action:** Add `Options -Indexes` directive to Apache configuration
- **Effort:** Low
- **Timeline:** Immediate
- **Prevention:** Secure Apache configuration baseline

Priority 3 - MEDIUM TERM (2-4 weeks)

Medium: Implement Security Headers

- **Action:** Configure security headers in web server/application
- **Effort:** Low
- **Timeline:** 1 week
- **Headers to implement:**

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X-Frame-Options: DENY
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000
...

Medium: Fix ETag Information Disclosure

- **Action:** Configure Apache to use non-inode based ETags
- **Effort:** Low
- **Timeline:** 1 week
- **Configuration:** `FileETag MTime Size`

Priority 4 - LONG TERM

Low: Secure SSH Access

- **Action:** Implement SSH hardening measures
- **Effort:** Low
- **Timeline:** 2 weeks
- **Recommendations:**
 - Disable root login
 - Implement key-based authentication
 - Configure fail2ban
 - Change default port if feasible

5. CONCLUSION

Overall Security Posture Assessment

The target system presents a **CRITICAL** security risk that requires immediate attention. The combination of SQL injection vulnerability, exposed database service, and outdated software creates a perfect storm for system compromise.

Immediate Priority Vulnerabilities

1. **SQL Injection** - Must be fixed within 24-48 hours
2. **MySQL External Access** - Should be disabled immediately
3. **Outdated Apache Server** - Update within one week

Long-term Security Recommendations

Infrastructure Security

- Implement network segmentation
- Deploy Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- Establish automated patch management
- Configure comprehensive logging and monitoring

Application Security

- Conduct regular security code reviews
- Implement secure coding practices
- Perform periodic penetration testing
- Establish vulnerability management program

Operational Security

- Create incident response procedures
- Implement security awareness training
- Establish change management processes
- Regular security assessments and audits

Risk Acceptance

****RECOMMENDATION:**** Do not accept current risk levels. The critical SQL injection vulnerability poses an unacceptable risk of data breach and should be remediated immediately before the system continues operation in a production environment.

****Report Classification:**** CONFIDENTIAL

****Next Assessment:**** Recommended within 30 days post-remediation