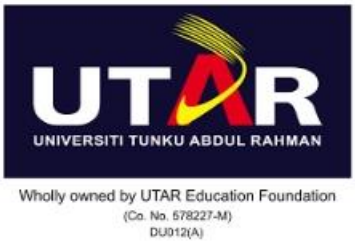


UCCD 1004 PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS AND PRACTICES

ASSIGNMENT 2

Name:	Wan Yi Mun
Student ID:	20ACB03797
Programme:	Bachelor of Information System (Honours) Business Information System
Email:	yimun0304@1utar.my

Table of Contents

A. Objective

Since JKJY mini market want to computerize the cash registration process, so this system has been implemented and this system can allow JKJY mini market to view all the Item list that include item name, item code, price per Kg and purchasing weight for each item. Besides, it also allows JKJY mini market to add new Item into Item list and modify the existing items in item List. Furthermore, it also can allow JKJY mini market create and print the invoice. The invoice will include all the item name, price for one item which price per Kg multiple purchasing weight and grand total of all the item. Lastly, it will prompt the grand total of all items before closing the program.

B. Pseudocode

```
Begin
define SIZE equal to 100
main
End
```

main

```
Function main ( )
Begin
Declare goods_price[SIZE]
Declare goods_weight[SIZE]
Declare purchase_day
Declare purchase_date
Declare goods_name[SIZE]
Declare goods_code[SIZE]
Declare select
Declare cont
Declare number_goods equal to 0

Call readItemList

Do
        Display "1. Display Item List"
        Display "2. Add Item List"
        Display "3. Modify Item List"
        Display "4. Print Invoice"
        Display "5. Quit"
        Display “Choice: ”
        Get select

        Clear the screen by using system(“cls”)
        Ignore one or more characters from get buffer by using cin.ignore()

        If select equal to 1
                Call displayItemList
        Else if select equal to 2
```

```
            Call addItemList
        Else if select equal to 3
            Call modifyItemList
        Else if select equal to 4
            Call printINvoice
        Else if select equal to 5
            Exit the loop by using Break
        Else
            Display "Not available"
        End If
        Call writeItemList
        Display "Continue?  (1-yes, 2-no): "
        Get cont
        Clear the screen by using system("cls")
While (cont equal to 1)
End Do
Display total by Call calculateGrandTotal which will return total with 2 digits after decimal point
Return 0
End Function
```

readItemList

```
Function readItemList (purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name, goods_code, goods_price,
goods_weight, number_goods)
Begin
Declare index = 0

Open "itemList.txt" For read

Get purchase_day from "itemList.txt"
Get purchase_date from "itemList.txt"

While not End of File (EOF)
        Get goods_name[index] from "itemList.txt"
        Get goods_code[index] from "itemList.txt"
        Get goods_price [index] and goods_weight from "itemList.txt"
        Ignore one or more characters from get buffer by using readfile. ignore ()
        Index increment by 1
End While
number_goods = index
Close "itemList.txt"
End Function
```

writeItemList

```
Function writeItemList (purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name, goods_code, goods_price,
goods_weight, number_goods)
Begin
Open “itemList.txt” For write

Display purchase_day into “itemList.txt”
Display purchase_date into “itemList.txt”

For i in 1 to number_goods but exclude number_goods
        Display goods_name [ i ] into “itemList.txt”
        Display goods_code [i] into “itemList.txt”
        Display goods_price [i] and goods_weight [i] into “itemList.txt” with 2 digits after
        decimal point
        If i is not equal to number_goods minus one
                Display a newline into“itemList.txt”
        End If
End For
Close “itemList.txt”
End Function
```

addItemList

```
Function addItemList (goods_name, goods_code, goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods)

Begin
Declare select [20]
Declare number = 0
Declare alphabet = 0
Declare unknown = 0
Declare not_correct = true

Do
        Display "Add new item? (1-yes, 2-no): "
        Get select with max size 20 character

        For i in 0 to length of select but exclude length of select
                If select[i] is digit
                        number increment by 1
                Else if select[i] is alphabet
                        alphabet increment by 1
                Else
                        unknown increment by 1
                End If
        End For

        For i in 0 to length of select but exclude length of select
```

```
                If number is equal to 1 and alphabet is equal to 0 and unknown is equal to 0
                        Switch select [0]
                        Case '1':
                                not_correct = false
                                Exit the switch by using Break
                        Case '2':
                                not_correct = false
                                Exit the switch by using Break
                        Default:
                                number = 0
                                alphabet = 0
                                unknown = 0
                                not_correct = true
                        End switch
                Else
                        number = 0
                        alphabet = 0
                        unknown = 0
                        not_correct = true
                End If
        End For
While (not_correct is true)
End Do

If select [0] is equal to '1'
        For i in 0 to number_goods but include number_goods
                If i is equal to number_goods
                        Display "New item's name: "
                        Get goods_ name[number_goods]
                        Display "New item's code: "
                        Get goods_code[number_goods]
                        Display "Price of new item per KG (RM): "
                        Get goods_price[number_goods]
                        Display "Purchasing weight (KG): "
                        Get goods_weight[number_goods]
                End If
        End For
        number_goods increment by 1
End If
End Function
```

modifyItemList

```
Function modifyItemList (goods_name, goods_code, goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods)

Begin
```

```
Declare found_code = 0
Declare select = 0
Declare index_found = 0
Declare modify_code
Do
        Display “Modify item? ( 1 – yes , 2 – no): ”
        Get select
While select is less or equal to 0 Or select is larger than or equal to 3
End Do

If select is equal to 1
        Ignore one or more characters from get buffer by using cin.ignore()
        Display “Key in item code: ”
        Get modify_code

        For i in 0 to number_goods but exclude number_goods
                If goods_code[i] is equal to modify_code
                        found_code = 1
                        index_found = 1
                End If
        End For

        If found_code is equal to 1
                Display “Item found!”
                Display "New item's name: "
                Get goods_name[index_found]
                Display "New item's code: "
                Get goods_code[index_found]
                Display "Price per KG (RM): "
                Get goods_price[index_found]
                Display "Purchasing Weight (KG): "
                Get goods_weight[index_found]
        Else
                Display "Item is not available."
        End If
        found_code = 0;
End If
End Function
```

displayItemList

```
Function displayItemList (goods_name, goods_code, goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods)
Begin
For i in 0 to number_goods but exclude number_goods
```

```
        Display “Item” i+1
        Display goods_name [i]
        Display goods_code [i]
        Display goods_price [i] with 2 digits after decimal point
        Display goods_weight [i] with 2 digits after decimal point
End For
End Function
```

printInvoice

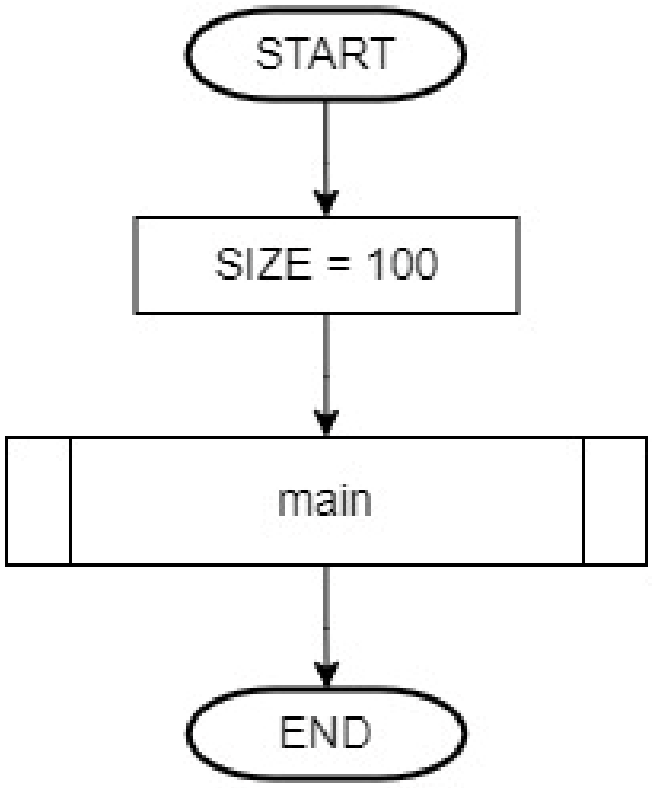
```
Function printInvoice (purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name, goods_code, goods_price,
goods_weight, number_goods)
Begin
Declare total = 0

Open “invoice.txt” For write

Display purchase_date into “invoice.txt”
Display purchase_day into “invoice.txt”

For i in 1 to number_goods but exclude number_goods
        Display goods_name [ i ] into “invoice.txt”
        Display goods_price [i] , goods_weight [i] and  price for each goods per weight =
        (good_weight[i] * goods_price[i]) into “invoice.txt” with 2 digits after decimal point
        total = total + (good_weight[i] * goods_price[i])
End For
Display total into “invoice.txt”
Close “invoice.txt”
End Function
```

calculateGrandTotal

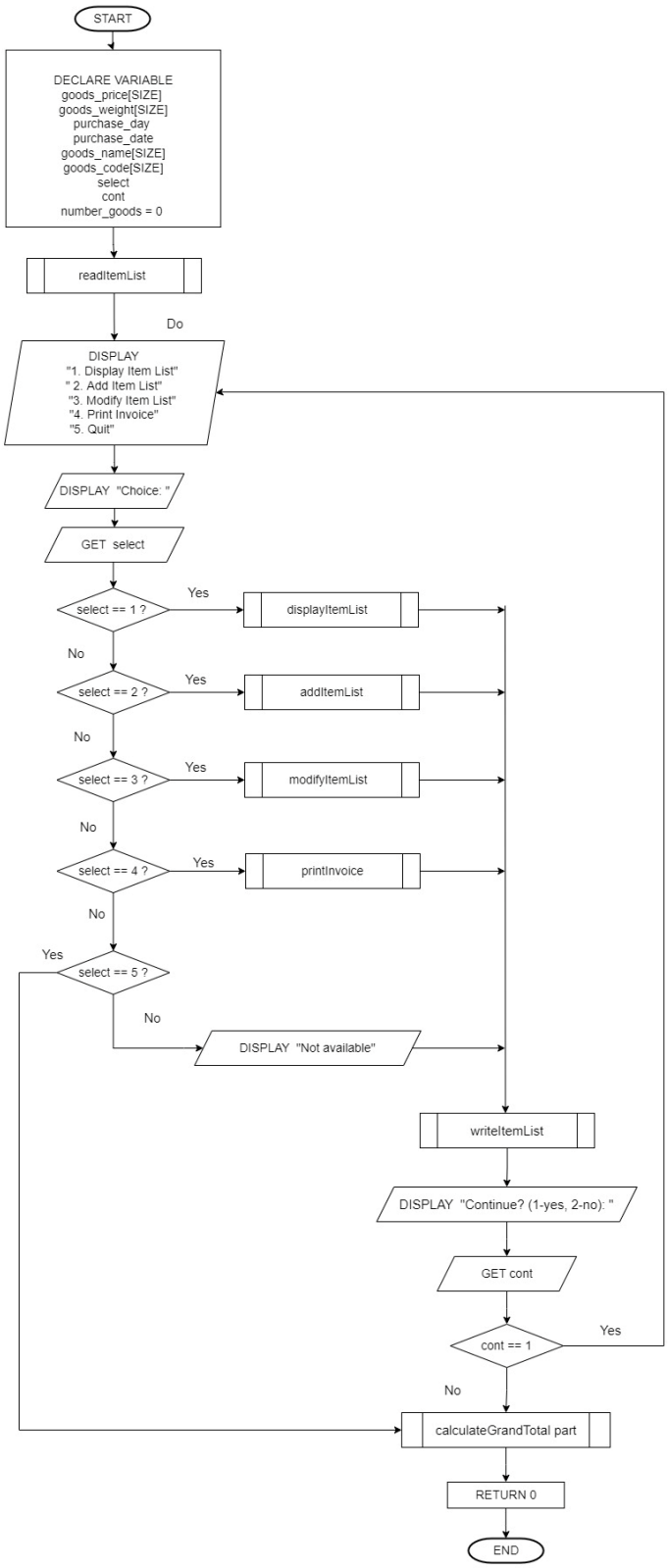
```
Function calculateGrandTotal (goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods)
Begin
Declare total = 0

For i in 1 to number_goods but exclude number_goods
        total = total + (good_weight[i] * goods_price[i])
End For
return total
End Function
```

C. Flowchart

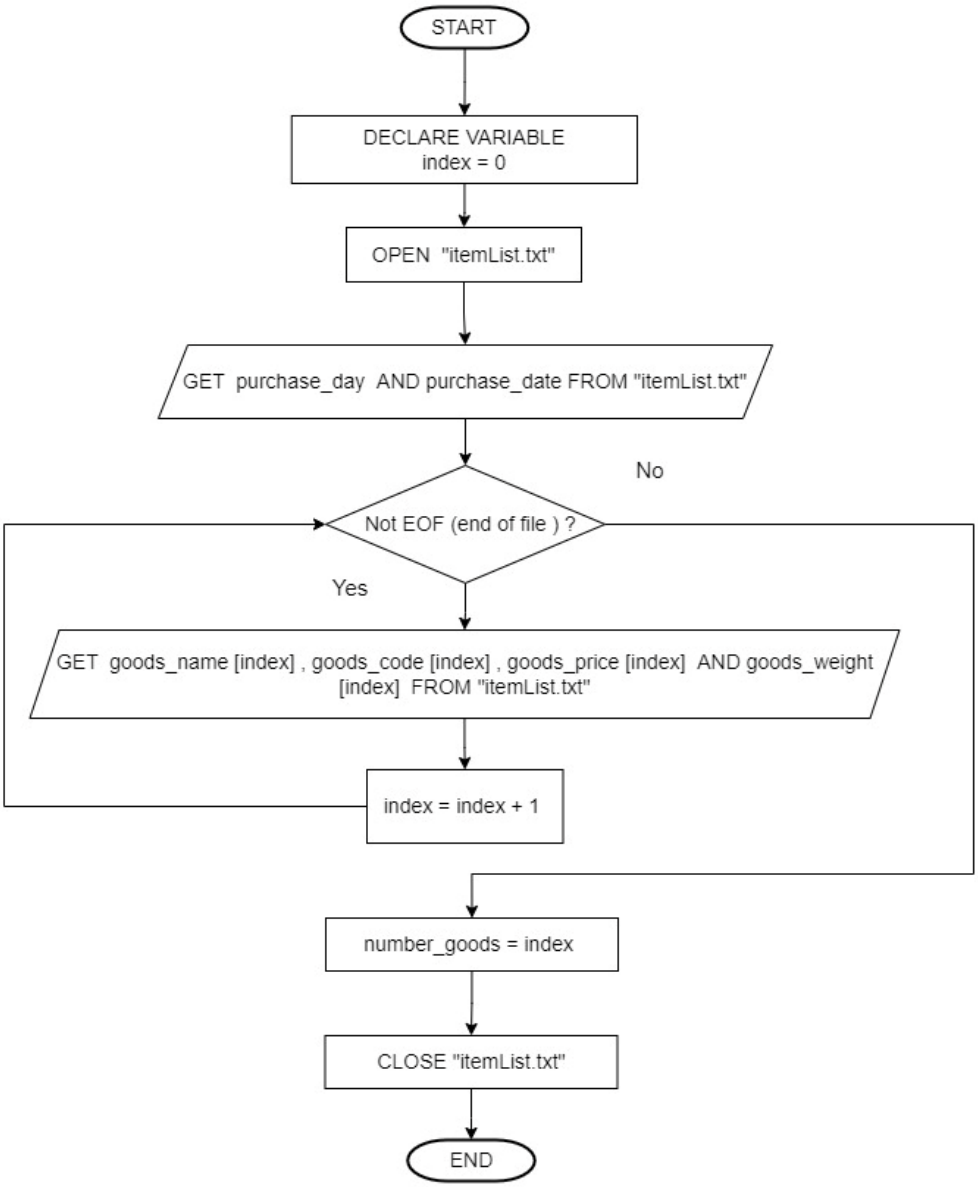
Define Size = 100



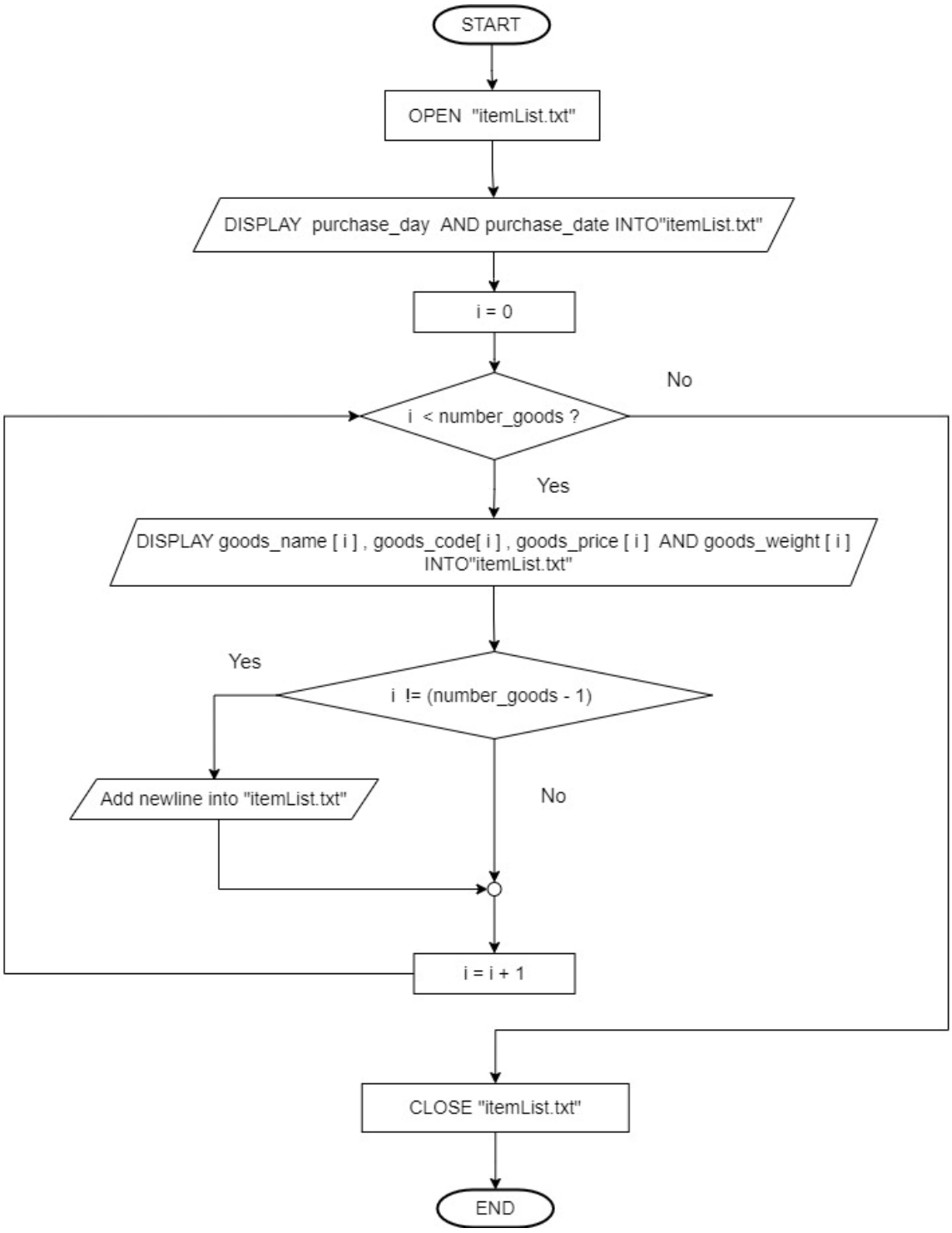
Function Main



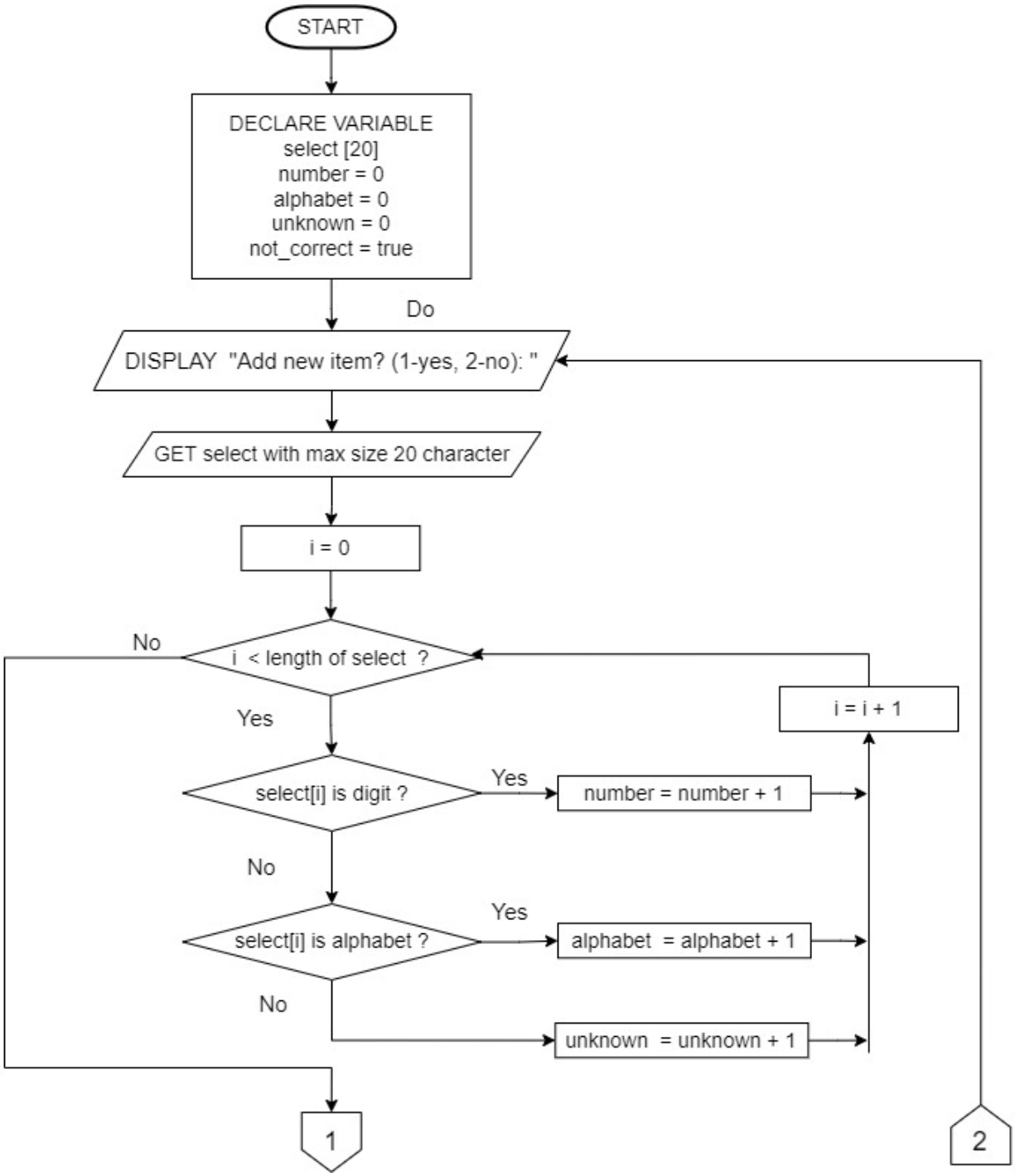
readItemList

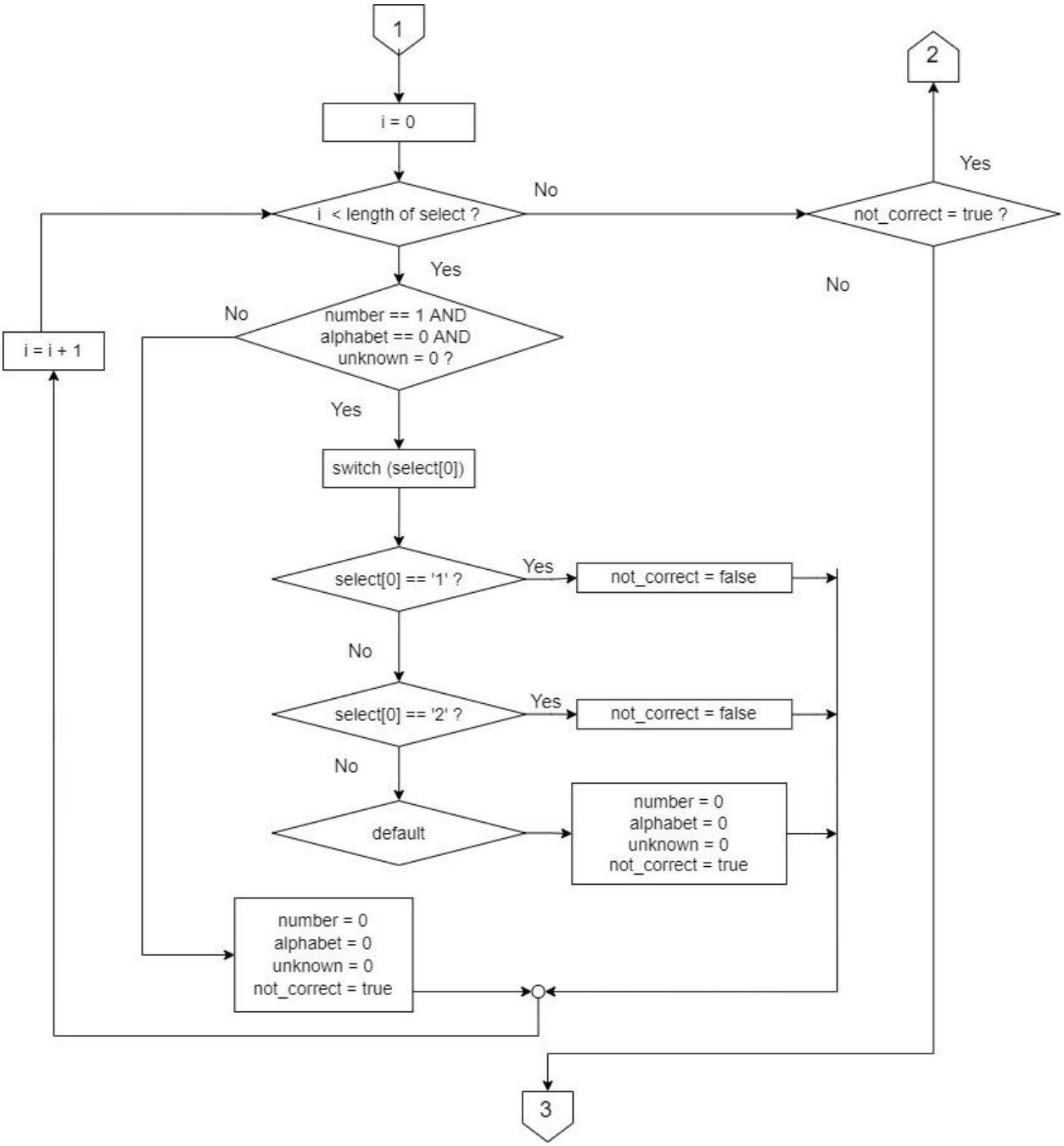


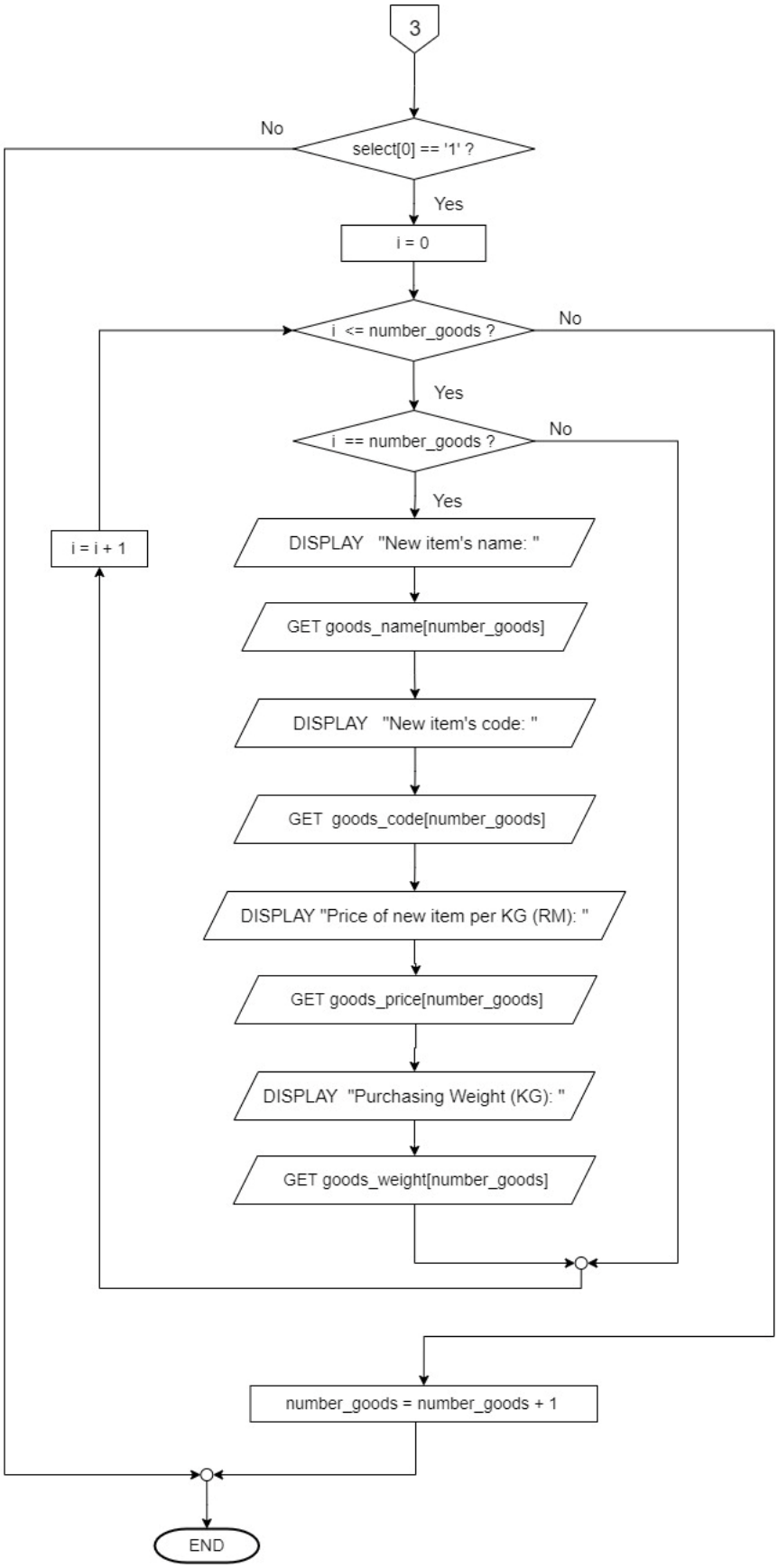
writefileList



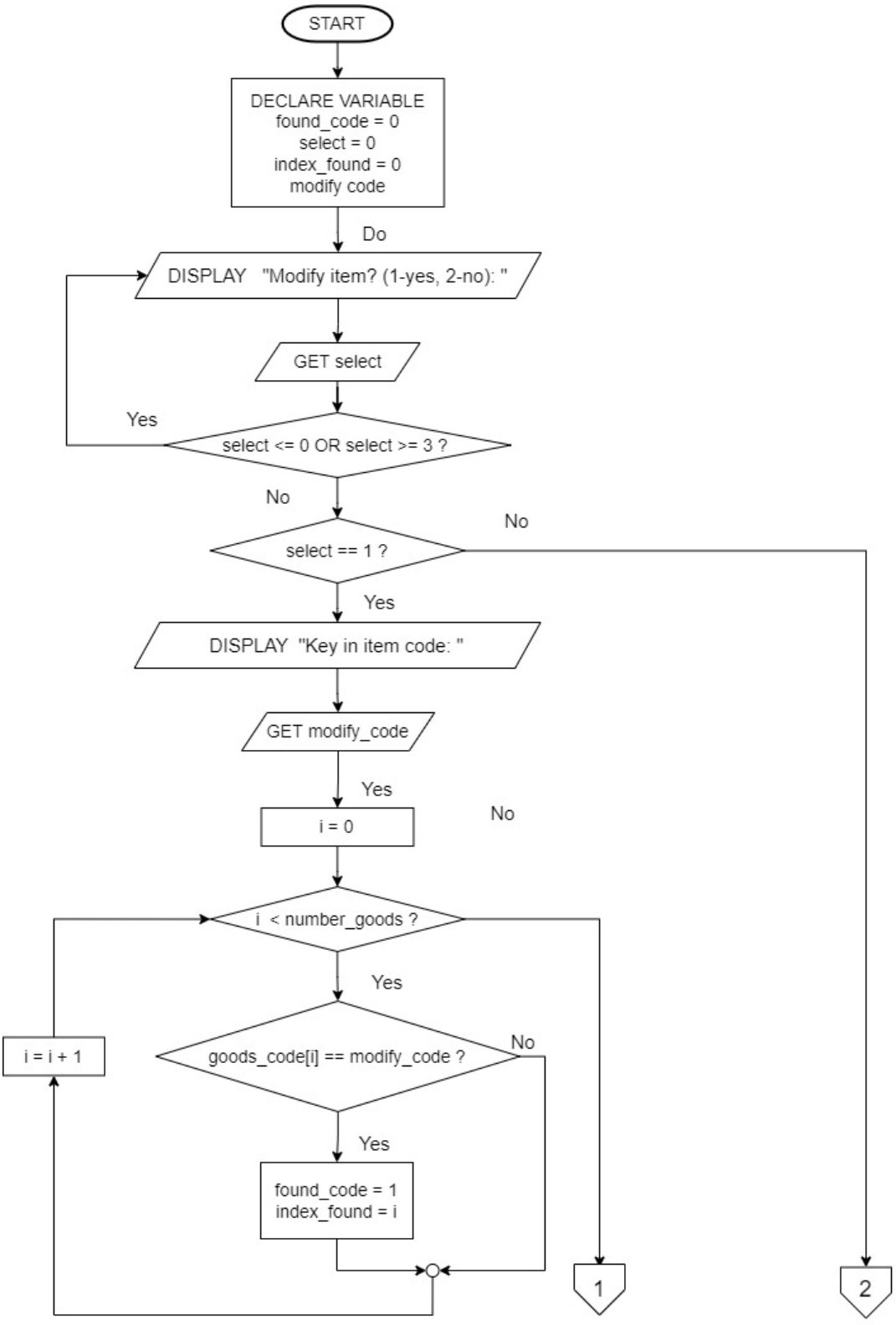
addItemList

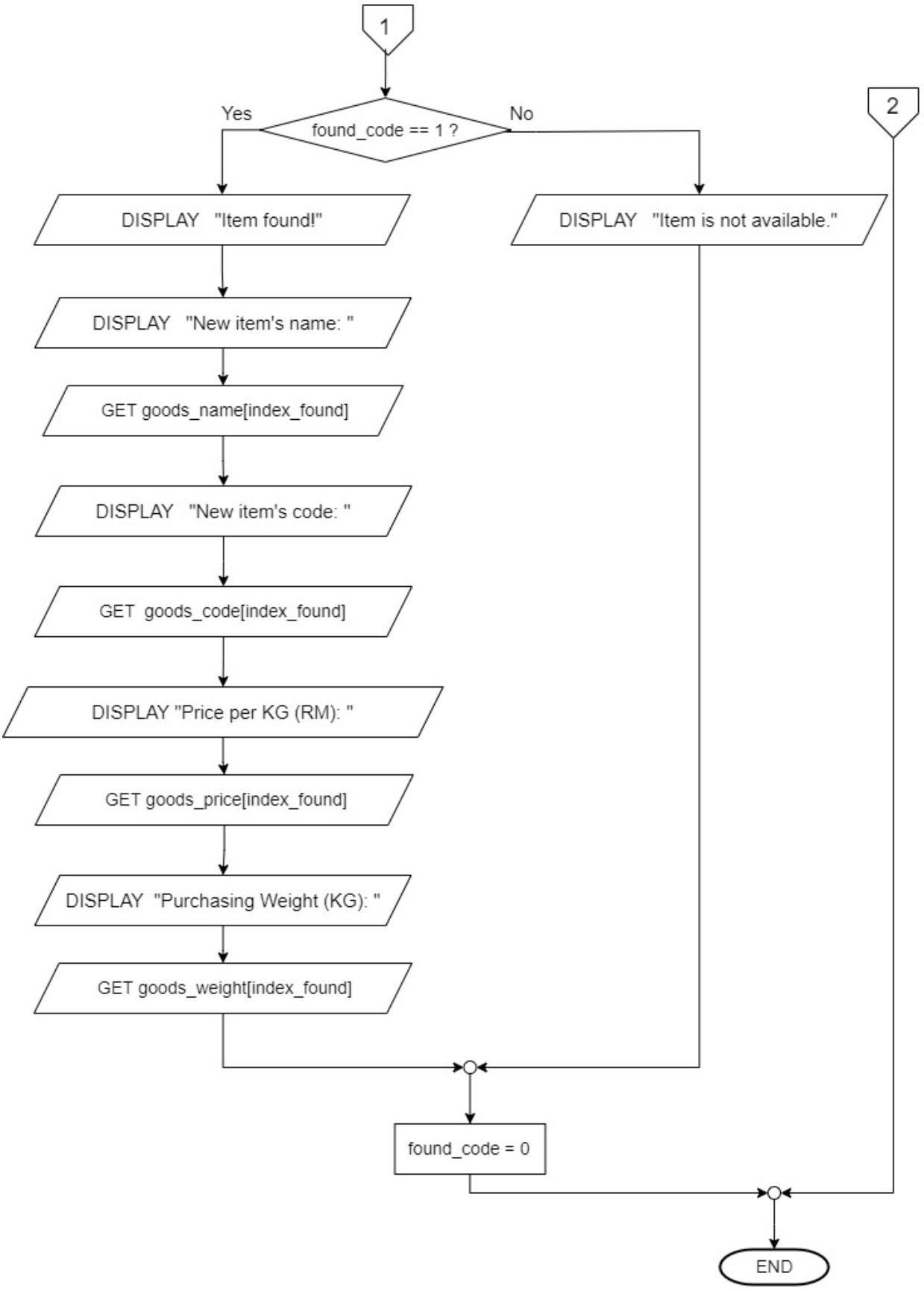



1
i = 0
i < length of select ?
No
Yes
number == 1 AND
alphabet == 0 AND
unknown = 0 ?
No
Yes
i = i + 1
switch (select[0])
select[0] == '1' ?
Yes
not_correct = false
No
select[0] == '2' ?
Yes
not_correct = false
No
default
number = 0
alphabet = 0
unknown = 0
not_correct = true
number = 0
alphabet = 0
unknown = 0
not_correct = true
2
not_correct = true ?
Yes
No
3

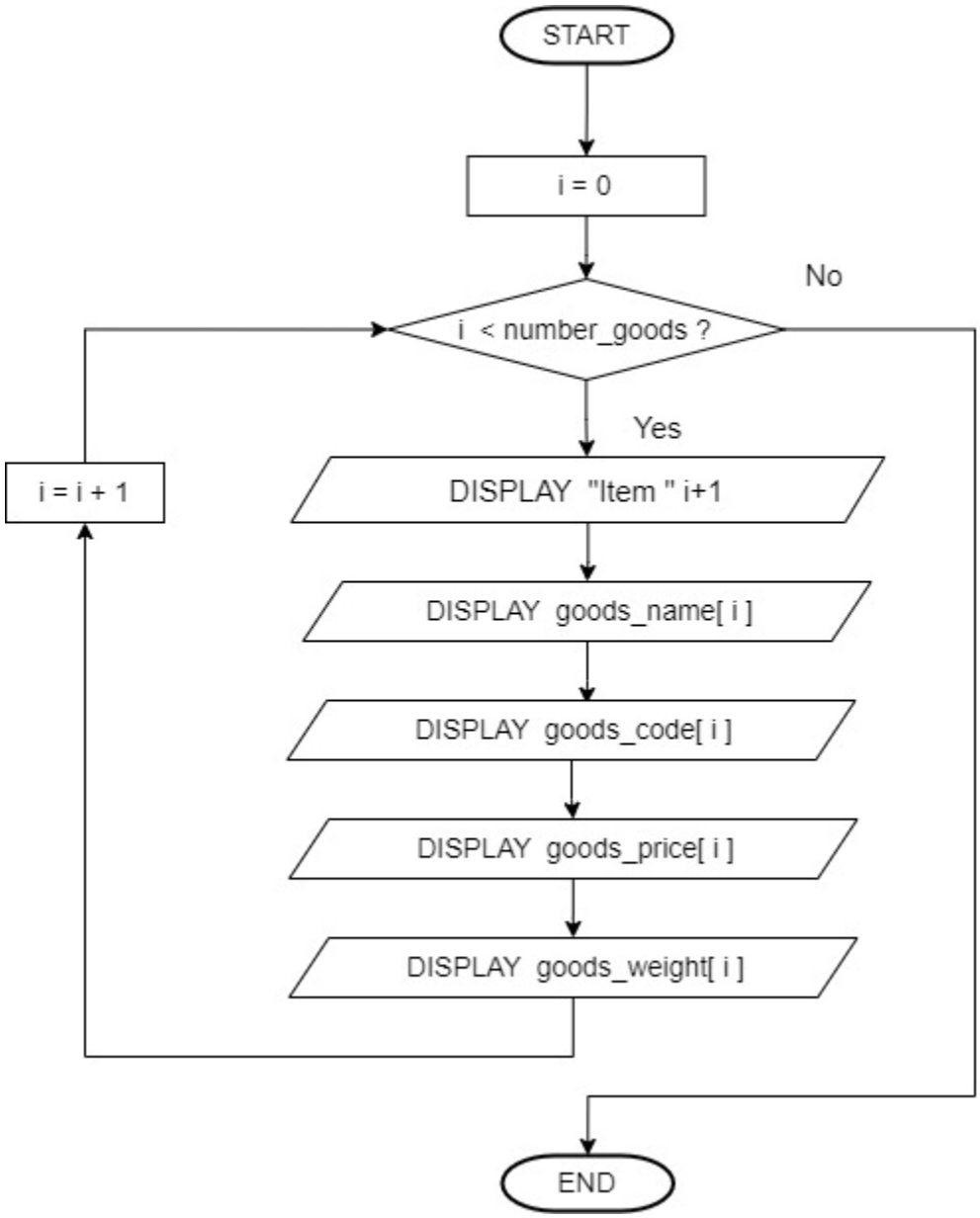

3
No
select[0] == '1' ?
Yes
i = 0
i <= number_goods ?
No
Yes
i == number_goods ?
No
Yes
i = i + 1
DISPLAY "New item's name: "
GET goods_name[number_goods]
DISPLAY "New item's code: "
GET goods_code[number_goods]
DISPLAY "Price of new item per KG (RM): "
GET goods_price[number_goods]
DISPLAY "Purchasing Weight (KG): "
GET goods_weight[number_goods]
number_goods = number_goods + 1
END

modifyItemList

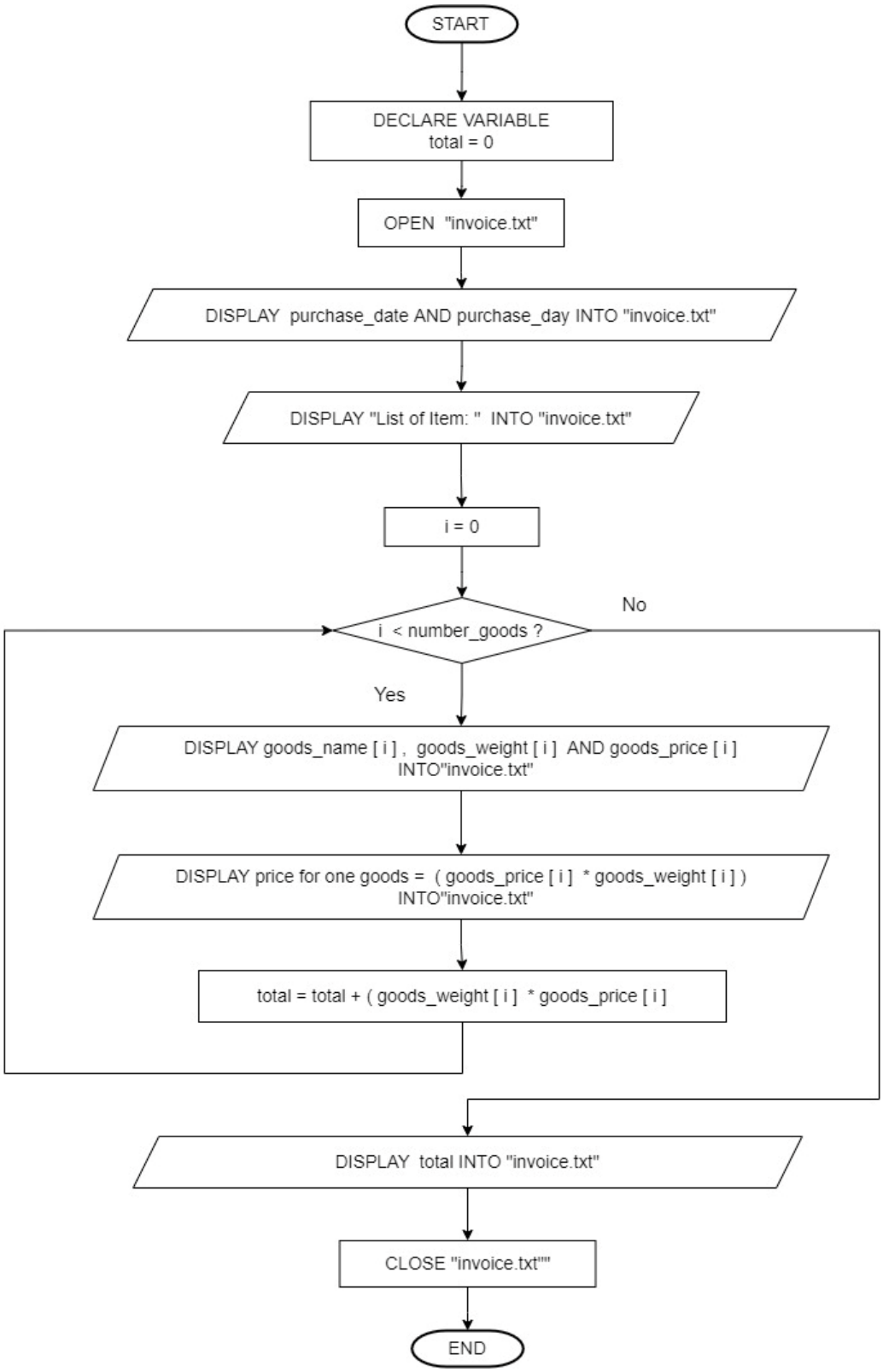



1
Yes
found_code == 1 ?
No
2
DISPLAY "Item found!"
DISPLAY "Item is not available."
DISPLAY "New item's name: "
GET goods_name[index_found]
DISPLAY "New item's code: "
GET goods_code[index_found]
DISPLAY "Price per KG (RM): "
GET goods_price[index_found]
DISPLAY "Purchasing Weight (KG): "
GET goods_weight[index_found]
found_code = 0
END

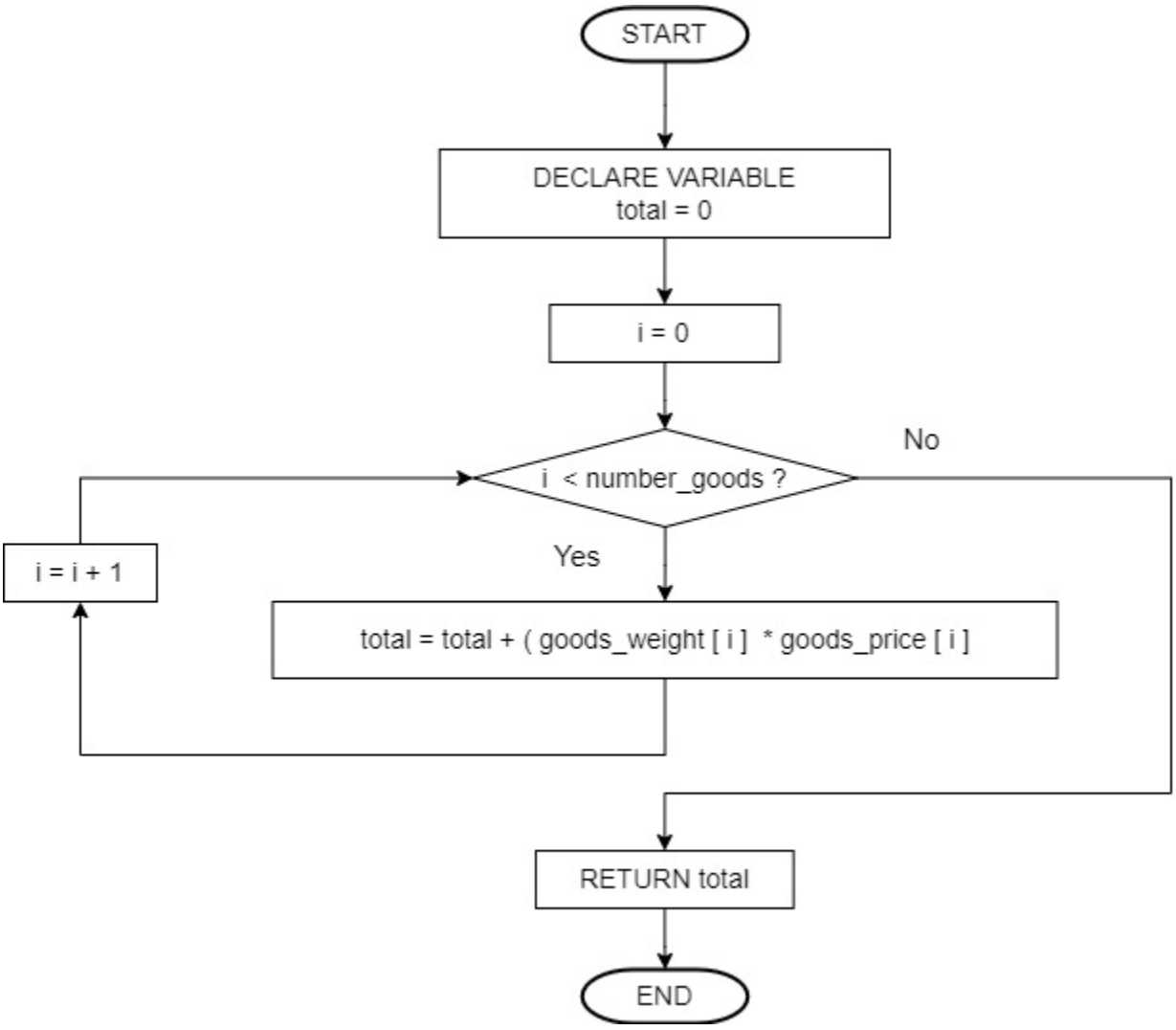
displayItemList



printInvoice



calculateGrandTotal



D. Test case

Test case 1 – Main Menu and Display Item List :

If user executed the program, the program will display the main menu as shown in Figure 1.0 for user to insert the choice.

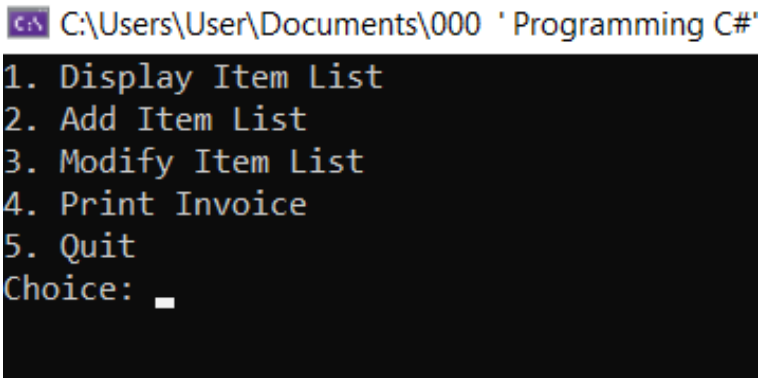


Figure 1.0

If user insert the choice equal to 1 , the program will display all the Item List as shown in Figure2.0 .

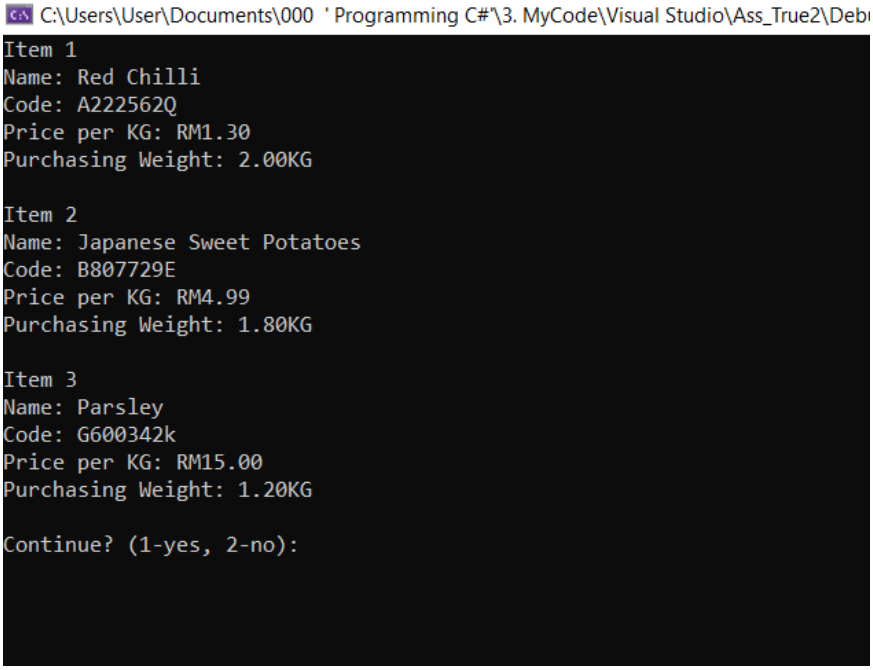


Figure 2.0

Test case 2 - Add Item List

If user insert the choice is 2 which is Add Item List in main menu, the program will display "Add new item? (1-yes, 2 no): " for user to insert. If the value that user insert is not 1 or 2, the program will display again until user insert the correct one as shows in Figure 3.0 and Figure 3.1.

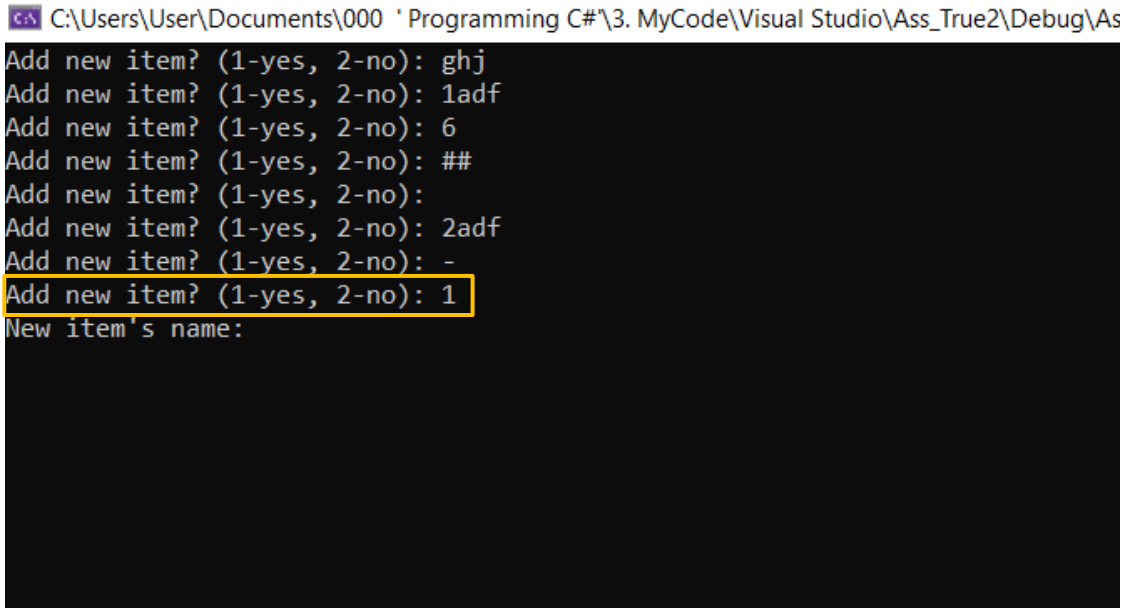


Figure 3.0

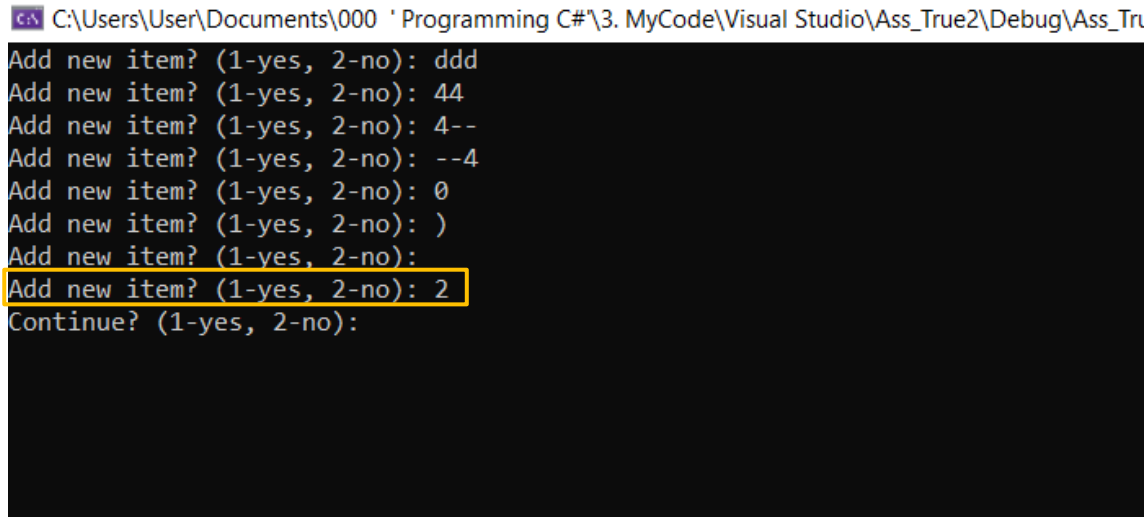


Figure 3.1

If user insert correctly and it is 1, the program will let user to insert the new item's name, new item's code, price of new item (KG) and item weight (RM) as shown in Figure 3.2. Once the user inserts all the information of the new item, the text file named "itemList.txt" will automatically update it as shown in Figure 3.3. Besides, the Display Item List in main menu also will update as shown in Figure 3.4.

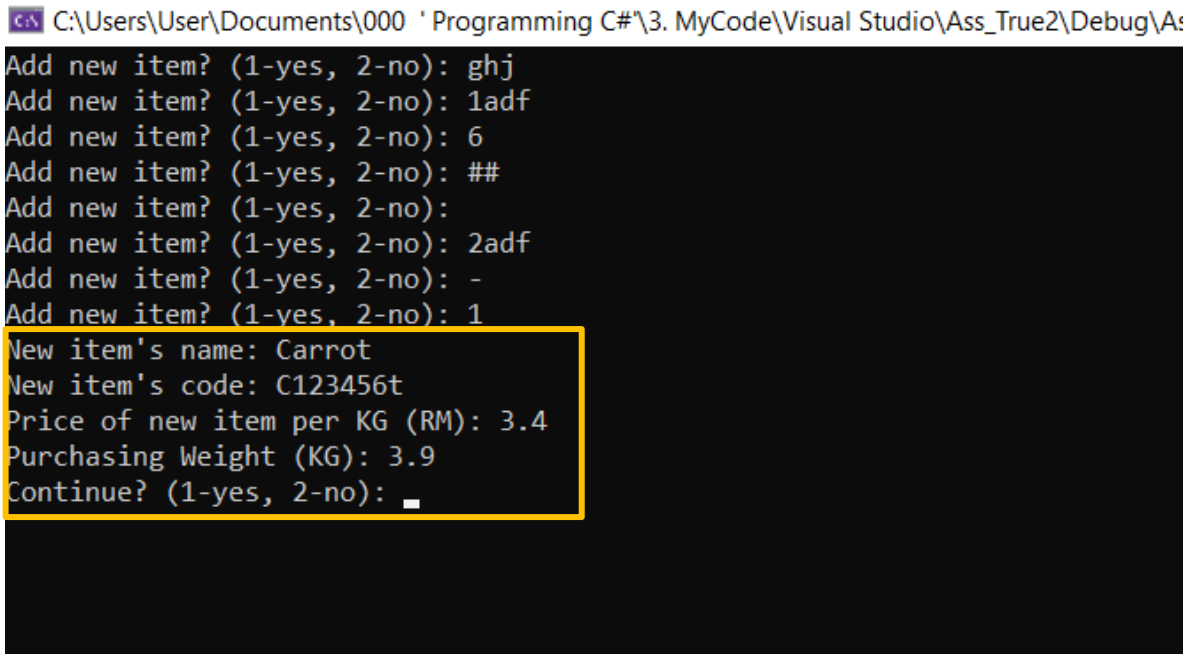


Figure 3.2 : Add Information of Item

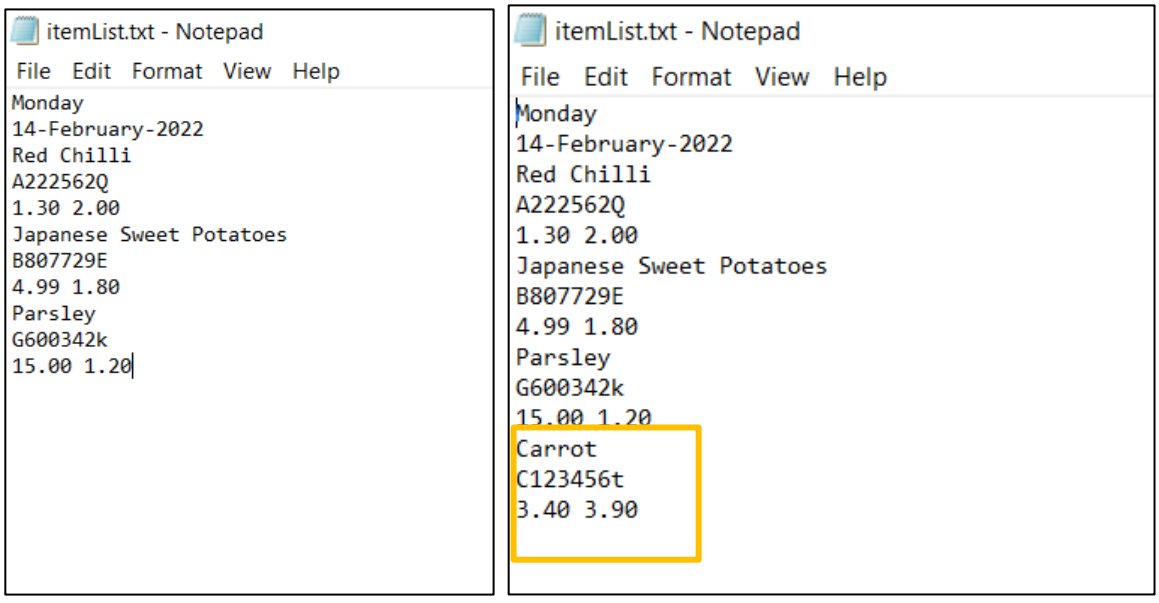


Figure 3.3 : Left is before adding item and Right is after adding item in “itemList.txt”

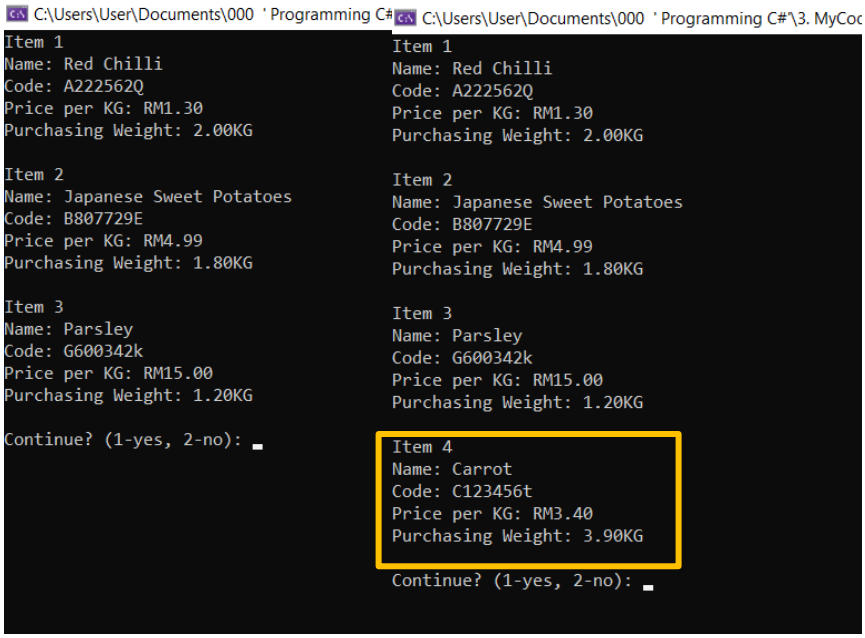


Figure 3.4 Left is before adding item and Right is after adding item in Display Item List

If user insert correctly and it is 2, the program will display “Continue? (1-yes, 2-no) as shown in Figure 3.5 and let user choose whether continue the program or stop it. If choose 1 which continue it will back to the main menu. If choose 2 the system will directly show the grand total of all items as shown 3.6.

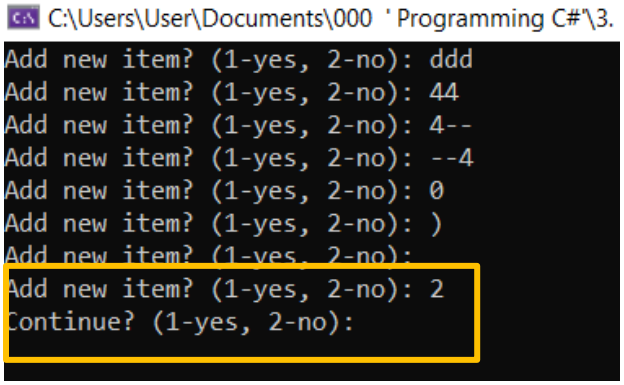


Figure 3.5

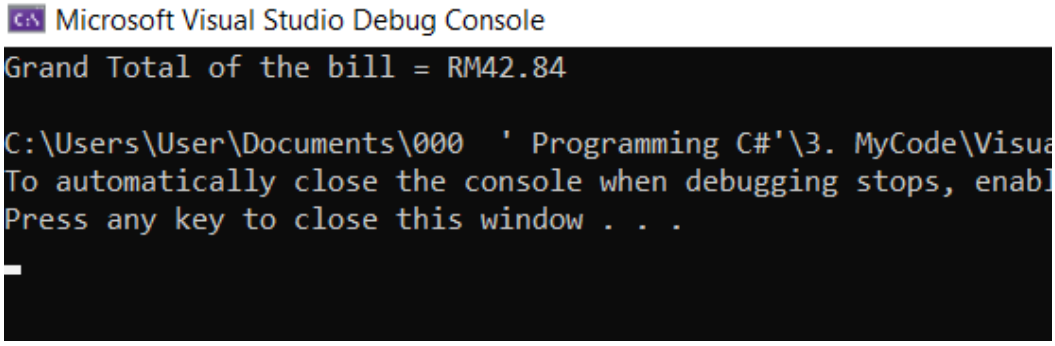


Figure 3.6: This grand total includes the added item (Carrot)

Test case 3 – Modify Item List

If user insert the choice is 3 which is Modify Item List in main menu, the program will display "Modify item? (1-yes, 2 no):" for user to insert.

If user choice 1-yes, the program will need user to insert the code of item. Once the code of item matches with the code of item in item list, the program will let user to insert the information of item such as item's name, item's code, price per KG (RM) and purchasing Weight (KG) as shown in Figure 4.0. The program will also modify the information of item in text file named "itemList.txt" as shown in Figure 4.1. Besides, the Display Item List in main menu also will update as shown in Figure 4.2. Once the code of item does not match, the program will display "Item is not available" as shown in Figure 4.3.

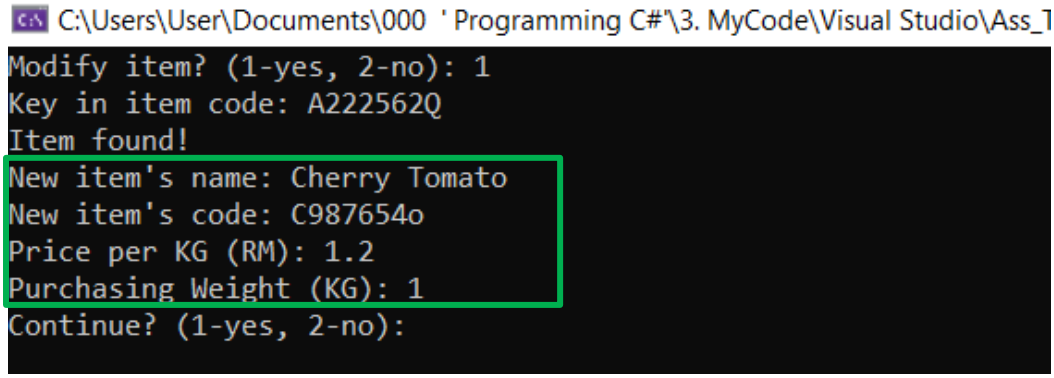


Figure 4.0: If code of item is matches with the codes in item list

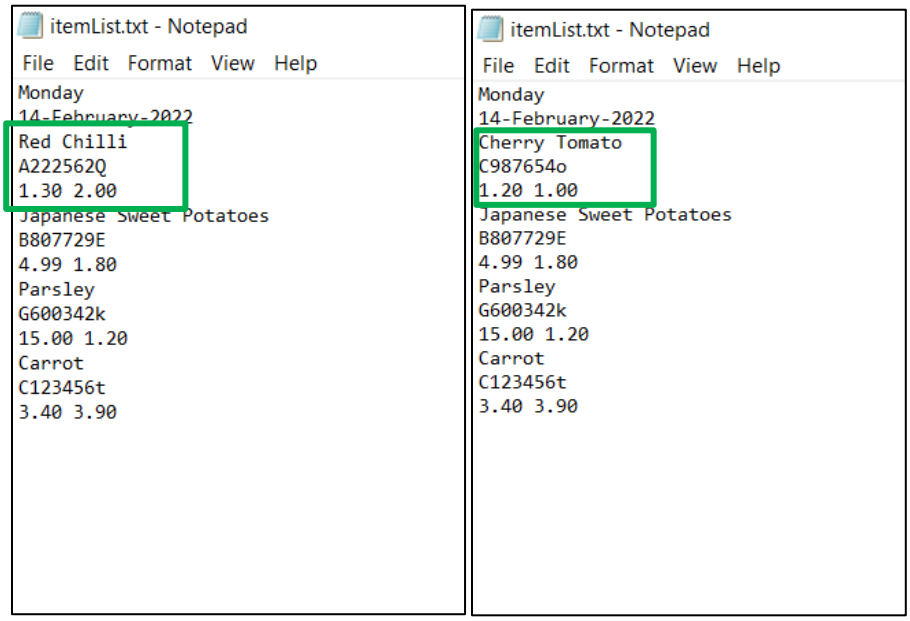


Figure 4.1 : left is before modify and right is after modify in itemList.txt

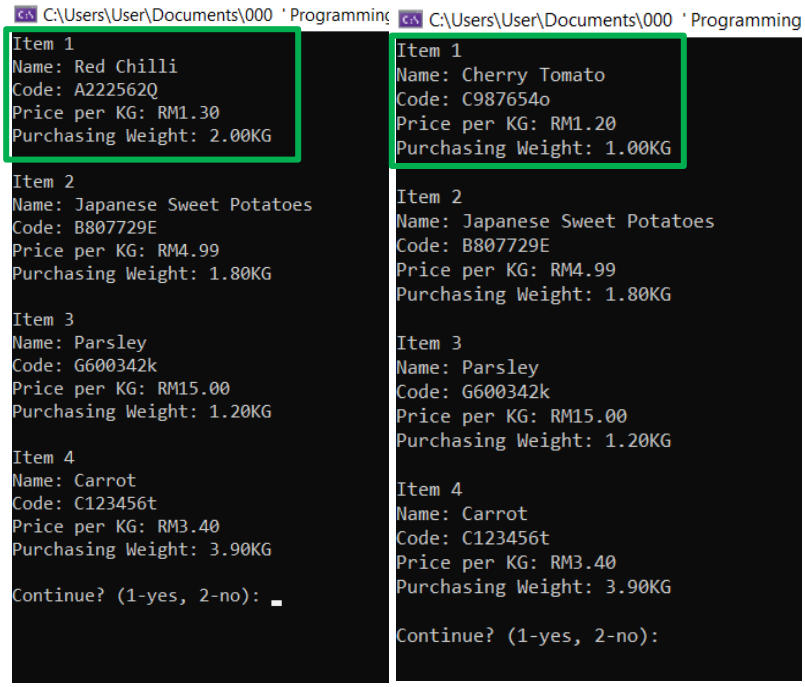


Figure 4.2 : left is before modify and right is after modify in Display Item List

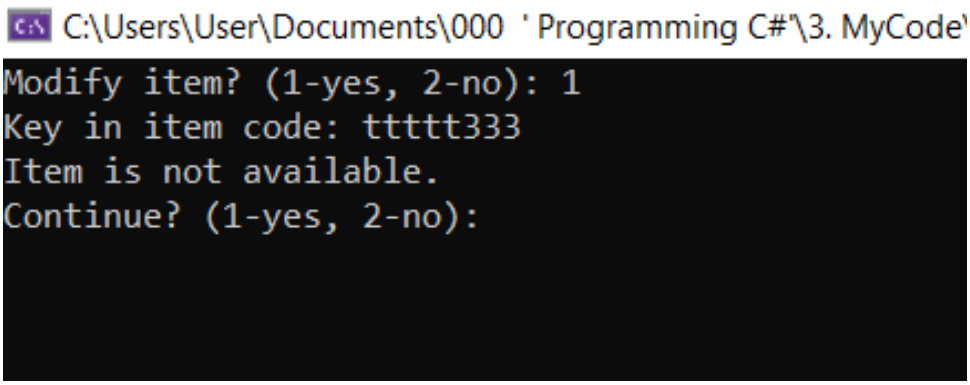


Figure 4.3 : If code of item not matches the code in Item List

If user choice 2-no or finish modifying the item, the program will display “Continue? (1-yes, 2 no). If insert yes the program will display the main menu, If choose no , it will display grand total of all item as shown in Figure 4.3.

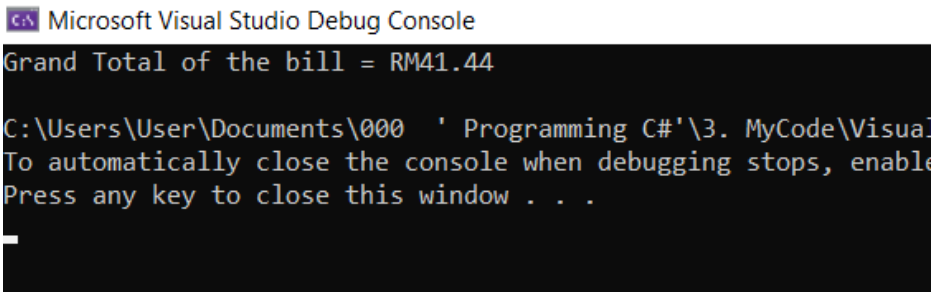


Figure 4.4 : Grand total of all items after added New Item in Test case 2 and after modify in Test case 3

Test case 4 – Print Invoice

If user insert the choice is 3 which is Print Invoice in main menu, the program will create a new file named “invoice.txt” that include all the information of item, purchase date, purchase day, price for one item and grand total of all items as shown in Figure 5.0. After created, the program will display “Continue? (1-yes, 2 no) for user to choose either continue the program or exit the program and display the grand total of all the items.

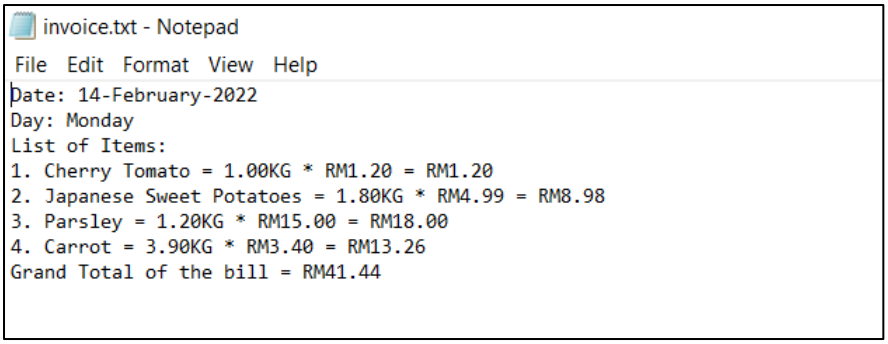


Figure 5.0 : Invoice .txt

Test case 5 – Quit

Once the user insert choice is 5 which is Quit in main menu, the program will stop and display Grand total of the bill as shown in Figure 6.0.

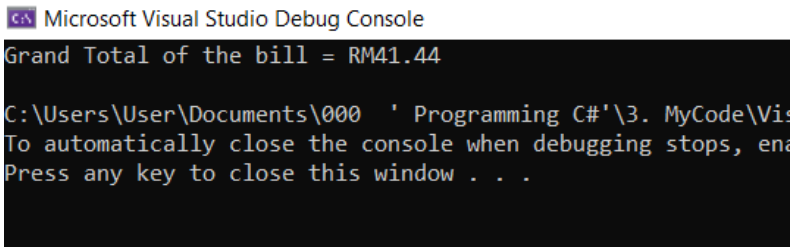


Figure 6.0

E. Source Code

```
/* Important notices for the A2 template:
A. You will need to use this template to work on the Assignment 2 (A2)
B. You are not allowed to change the whole structure of template including
adding additional functions or remove any existing functions
C. You will only need to fill in the codes with the parts that indicated
with numbers and its descriptions
D. You will need to ensure all the COUT are exactly the same as shown in A2
doc as the codes are auto marked by a system. LOW marks or ZERO
   mark will be awarded if the system is unable to detect the correct COUT.
E. No extra decorations are allowed as you will be using the template to
work on A2
F. You will need to define the parameters accordingly (including its
datatype) as described below:
   P1 = parameter to store the day
   P2 = parameter to store the date
   P3 = array to store the name of the items
   P4 = array to store the code of the items
   P5 = array to store the price of the items per kilogram
   P6 = array to store the purchasing weight provided by the user
   P7 = parameter to store the number of items available in the list
*/

//Only these libraries are allowed to be defined and used
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>

using namespace std;

#define SIZE 100 //global definition to determine the size of the array in
A2
//1. Define the FUNCTION PROTOTYPE for all the listed functions
void readItemList(string&, string&, string[], string[], double[], double[],
int&);
void writeItemList(string&, string&, string[], string[], double[],
double[], int&);
void addItemList(string[], string[], double[], double[], int&);
void modifyItemList(string[], string[], double[], double[], int&);
void displayItemList(string[], string[], double[], double[], int&);
void printInvoice(string&, string&, string[], string[], double[], double[],
int&);
double calculateGrandTotal(double[], double[], int&);

int main() {
      //2. Define all the necessary variables
      double goods_price[SIZE], goods_weight[SIZE];
      string purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name[SIZE],
goods_code[SIZE];
```

```
	int select, cont, number_goods = 0;

	//Call readItemList with the required parameters
	readItemList(purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name, goods_code,
goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods);

	do {//do...while iteration is implemented to repeat the selection
menu as below
		cout << "1. Display Item List" << endl;
		cout << "2. Add Item List" << endl;
		cout << "3. Modify Item List" << endl;
		cout << "4. Print Invoice" << endl;
		cout << "5. Quit" << endl;

		//User will key in and select one of the functions available
		cout << "Choice: ";
		cin >> select;

		//"cls" stand for clear screen which refreshes the screen,
placing the cursor on original place.
		//For more information, refer to https://www.quora.com/What-is-
system-CLS-for-in-c++
		system("cls");

		//cin.ignore() is to ignore or clear one or more characters
from the input buffer
		//For more information, refer to
https://www.tutorialspoint.com/what-is-the-use-of-cin-ignore-in-cplusplus
		cin.ignore();

		//3. if...else is implemented to select the function according
to the user input
		if (select == 1)
			displayItemList(goods_name, goods_code, goods_price,
goods_weight, number_goods);
		else if (select == 2)
			addItemList(goods_name, goods_code, goods_price,
goods_weight, number_goods);
		else if (select == 3)
			modifyItemList(goods_name, goods_code, goods_price,
goods_weight, number_goods);
		else if (select == 4)
			printInvoice(purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name,
goods_code, goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods);
		else if (select == 5)
			break;
		else
			cout << "Not available" << endl;
```

```
            //Update the items in the text file whatever function is
carried out
            writeItemList(purchase_day, purchase_date, goods_name,
goods_code, goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods);

            //To check whether user wants to continue to perform these
functions or not
            cout << "Continue? (1-yes, 2-no): ";
            cin >> cont;

            system("cls");
      } while (cont == 1); //the do...while will stop if the condition is
false (user choose to stop the program)

      /*4. Grand total of the items is calculated through the RETURN
function */
      cout << "Grand Total of the bill = RM" << fixed << setprecision(2) <<
calculateGrandTotal(goods_price, goods_weight, number_goods) << endl;

      return 0;
}

//5. Function readItemList --> read (ifstream) all the items listed in
"itemList.txt"
//   and store the data into the respective parameters.
//   Hint: P1, P2 and P7 should be reference parameters in this function
void readItemList(string& purchase_day, string& purchase_date,
      string goods_name[], string goods_code[], double goods_price[],
double goods_weight[], int& number_goods) {

      int index = 0;

      ifstream readfile;
      readfile.open("itemList.txt");

      getline(readfile, purchase_day);
      getline(readfile, purchase_date);

      while (!readfile.eof()) {
            getline(readfile, goods_name[index]);
            getline(readfile, goods_code[index]);
            readfile >> goods_price[index] >> goods_weight[index];
            readfile.ignore();
            index++;
      }
      number_goods = index;
      readfile.close();
}
```

```
//6. Function writeItemList --> write / update (ofstream) all the items to
"itemList.txt"
void writeItemList(string& purchase_day, string& purchase_date,
	string goods_name[], string goods_code[], double goods_price[],
double goods_weight[], int& number_goods) {

	ofstream writefile;
	writefile.open("itemList.txt");

	writefile << purchase_day << endl;
	writefile << purchase_date << endl;

	for (int i = 0; i < number_goods; i++) {
		writefile << goods_name[i] << endl;
		writefile << goods_code[i] << endl;
		writefile << showpoint << fixed << setprecision(2);
		writefile << goods_price[i] << " " << goods_weight[i];
		if (i != (number_goods - 1))
			writefile << endl;
	}
	writefile.close();
}


//7. Function addItemList --> add new items into the existing list
//   Hint: P7 should be a reference parameter as the number of items should
be updated
void addItemList(string goods_name[], string goods_code[], double
goods_price[], double goods_weight[], int& number_goods) {

	char select[20];
	int number = 0, alphabet = 0, unknown = 0;
	bool not_correct = true;

	//8. This part is to confirm whether user want to key in new item or
not.
	//   If yes, user will need to enter 1. Else, user will need to enter
2.
	//   An evaluation is carried out to ensure user only key in 1 or 2.
	//   However, the current evaluation is only able to check on
numbers.
	//   Additional marks will be awarded to those who are able to check
on the input other than numbers such as "abc" or "1abc".
	//   Tips: isdigit and stoi can be used. If you are using stoi with
dev c++, you may face c++ 11 problem and please
	//           refer to
https://stackoverflow.com/questions/13613295/how-can-i-compile-c11-code-
with-orwell-dev-c

	do {
```

```
            cout << "Add new item? (1-yes, 2-no): ";
            cin.getline(select, 20);

            for (int i = 0; i < strlen(select); i++) {

                  if (isdigit(select[i]))
                        number++;
                  else if (isalpha(select[i]))
                        alphabet++;
                  else
                        unknown++;
            }

            for (int i = 0; i < strlen(select); i++) {
                  if ((number == 1) && (alphabet == 0) && (unknown == 0)) {
                        switch (select[0]) {
                        case '1':
                              not_correct = false;
                              break;
                        case '2':
                              not_correct = false;
                              break;
                        default:
                              number = 0;
                              alphabet = 0;
                              unknown = 0;
                              not_correct = true;
                        }
                  }
                  else {
                        number = 0;
                        alphabet = 0;
                        unknown = 0;
                        not_correct = true;
                  }
            }
      } while (not_correct);

      if (select[0] == '1') {
            //9. User will key in the details of the new items
            //   The COUT of add item for this module is shown in the A2
doc
            //   Marks will not be awarded if your COUT different from the
sample COUT
            for (int i = 0; i <= number_goods; i++) {
                  if (i == number_goods) {
                        cout << "New item's name: ";
                        getline(cin, goods_name[number_goods]);
                        cout << "New item's code: ";
                        getline(cin, goods_code[number_goods]);
```

```
                        cout << "Price of new item per KG (RM): ";
                        cin >> goods_price[number_goods];
                        cout << "Purchasing Weight (KG): ";
                        cin >> goods_weight[number_goods];
                  }
            }
            number_goods++;
      }
}

//10. Function modifyItemList --> modify the details of any existing items
in the list
void modifyItemList(string goods_name[], string goods_code[], double
goods_price[], double goods_weight[], int& number_goods) {
      int found_code = 0, select = 0, index_found = 0;
      string modify_code;

      //Evaluation is not required in this function
      do {
            cout << "Modify item? (1-yes, 2-no): ";
            cin >> select;

      } while (select <= 0 || select >= 3);

      if (select == 1) {
            //11. User will key in the item to be modified through item
code and find its match from the existing list
            //    If item is detected, all the details are to be keyed in
            //    Else, it will have to cout "Item is not available." as
shown in the A2 doc
            //    The COUT of modification for this module is shown in the
A2 doc
            //    Marks will not be awarded if your COUT different from the
sample COUT

            cin.ignore();
            cout << "Key in item code: ";
            getline(cin, modify_code);

            for (int i = 0; i < number_goods; i++) {
                  if (goods_code[i] == modify_code) {
                        found_code = 1;
                        index_found = i;
                  }
            }

            if (found_code == 1) {
                  cout << "Item found!" << endl;
                  cout << "New item's name: ";
                  getline(cin, goods_name[index_found]);
```

```
                    cout << "New item's code: ";
                    getline(cin, goods_code[index_found]);
                    cout << "Price per KG (RM): ";
                    cin >> goods_price[index_found];
                    cout << "Purchasing Weight (KG): ";
                    cin >> goods_weight[index_found];
              }
              else
                    cout << "Item is not available." << endl;
              found_code = 0;
        }
}

//12. Function displayItemList --> display the details of all the items in
the list
//    The COUT of display items is shown in the A2 doc
//    Marks will not be awarded if your COUT different from the sample COUT
void displayItemList(string goods_name[], string goods_code[], double
goods_price[], double goods_weight[], int& number_goods) {
      for (int i = 0; i < number_goods; i++) {
            cout << "Item " << i + 1 << endl;
            cout << "Name: " << goods_name[i] << endl;
            cout << "Code: " << goods_code[i] << endl;
            cout << showpoint << fixed << setprecision(2);
            cout << "Price per KG: RM" << goods_price[i] << endl;
            cout << "Purchasing Weight: " << goods_weight[i] << "KG" <<
endl << endl;
      }
}

//13. Function printInvoice --> print out an invoice named "invoice.txt"
//    The output of the invoice is shown in the A2 doc
//    Marks will not be awarded if the output of your invoice is different
from the sample invoice
void printInvoice(string& purchase_day, string& purchase_date,
      string goods_name[], string goods_code[], double goods_price[],
double goods_weight[], int& number_goods) {

      double total = 0;

      ofstream writefile;
      writefile.open("invoice.txt");

      writefile << "Date: " << purchase_date << endl;
      writefile << "Day: " << purchase_day << endl;
      writefile << "List of Items:" << endl;
      for (int i = 0; i < number_goods; i++) {
            writefile << i + 1 << ". " << goods_name[i] << " = " <<
showpoint << fixed << setprecision(2) << goods_weight[i] << "KG"
```

```
                  << " * RM" << goods_price[i] << " = RM" <<
(goods_weight[i] * goods_price[i]) << endl;
            total += (goods_weight[i] * goods_price[i]);
      }
      writefile << "Grand Total of the bill = RM" << total;
      writefile.close();
}

//14. Function calculateGrandTotal --> calculate the grand total of the
items purchase and RETURN the grand total to the calling function
double calculateGrandTotal(double goods_price[], double goods_weight[],
int& number_goods) {
      double total = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < number_goods; i++)
            total += (goods_weight[i] * goods_price[i]);
      return total;
}
```