



# 基于嵌入式**Web**服务器 监控系统的设计

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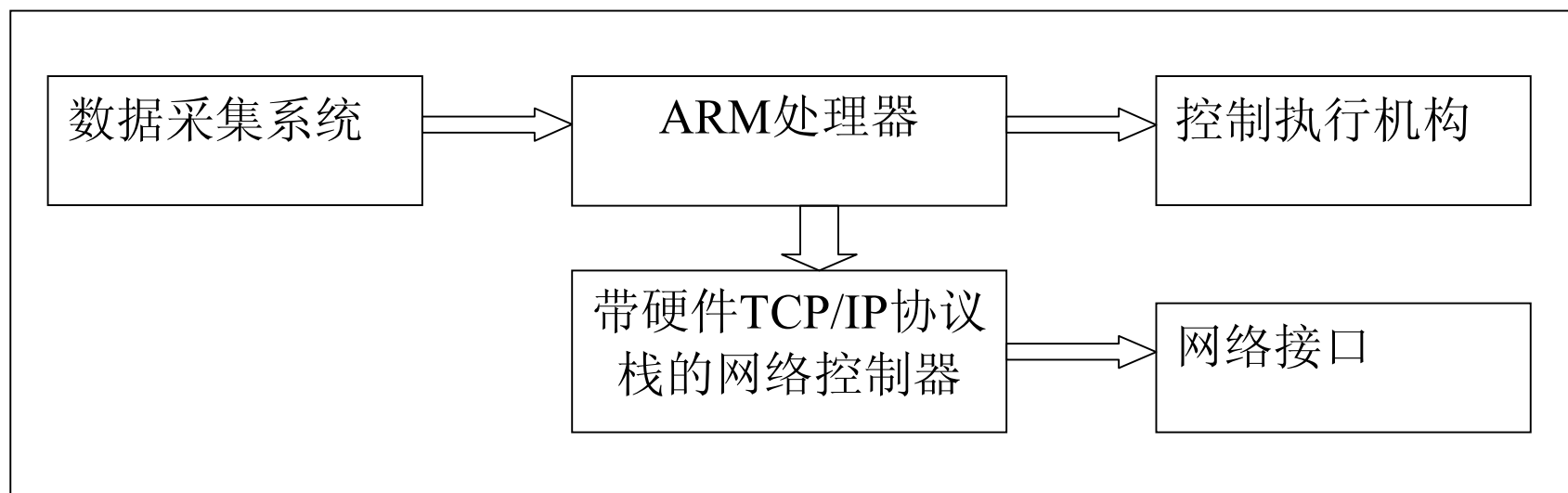


# 主要内容

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- 1、方案选择
- 2、硬件设计
- 3、软件设计
- 4、功能演示
- 5、实物欣赏
- 6、设计总结

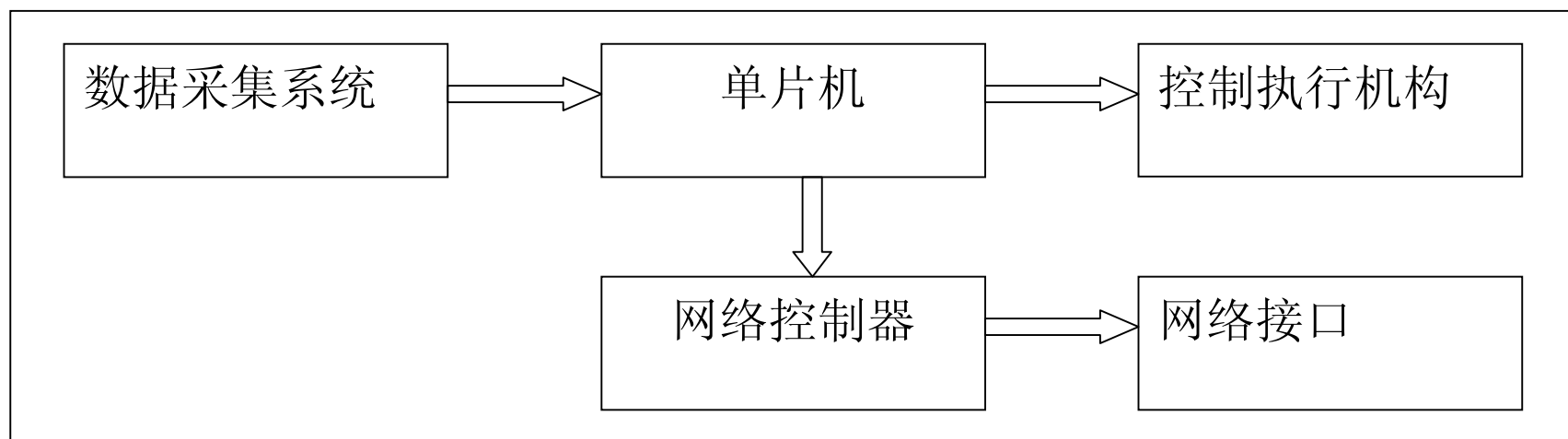
# 方案一



优点：CPU负担小、数据传输快、功能强

缺点：成本高、体积大、功耗大

## 方案二

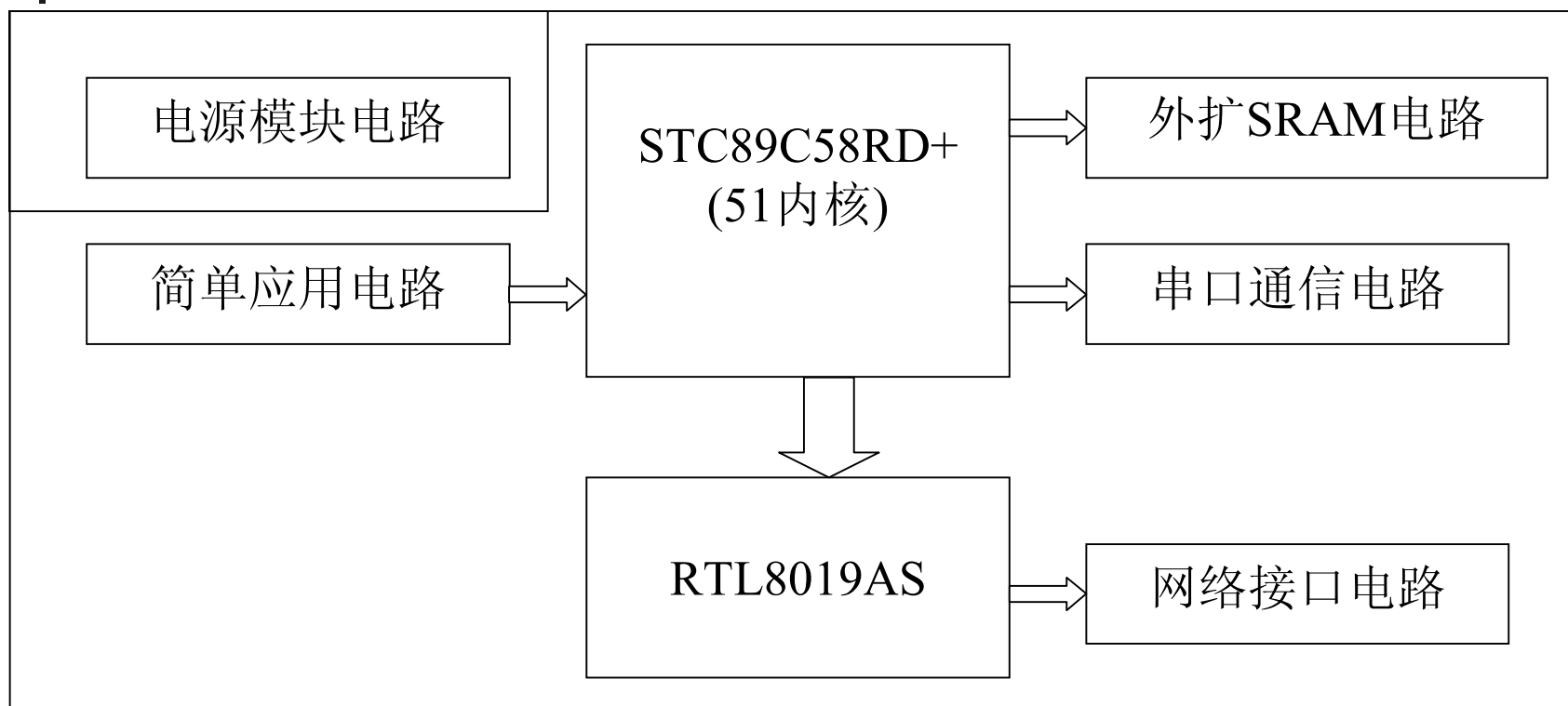


优点：开发简单、成本低、功耗低、应用广泛

缺点：CPU负担重、速度慢

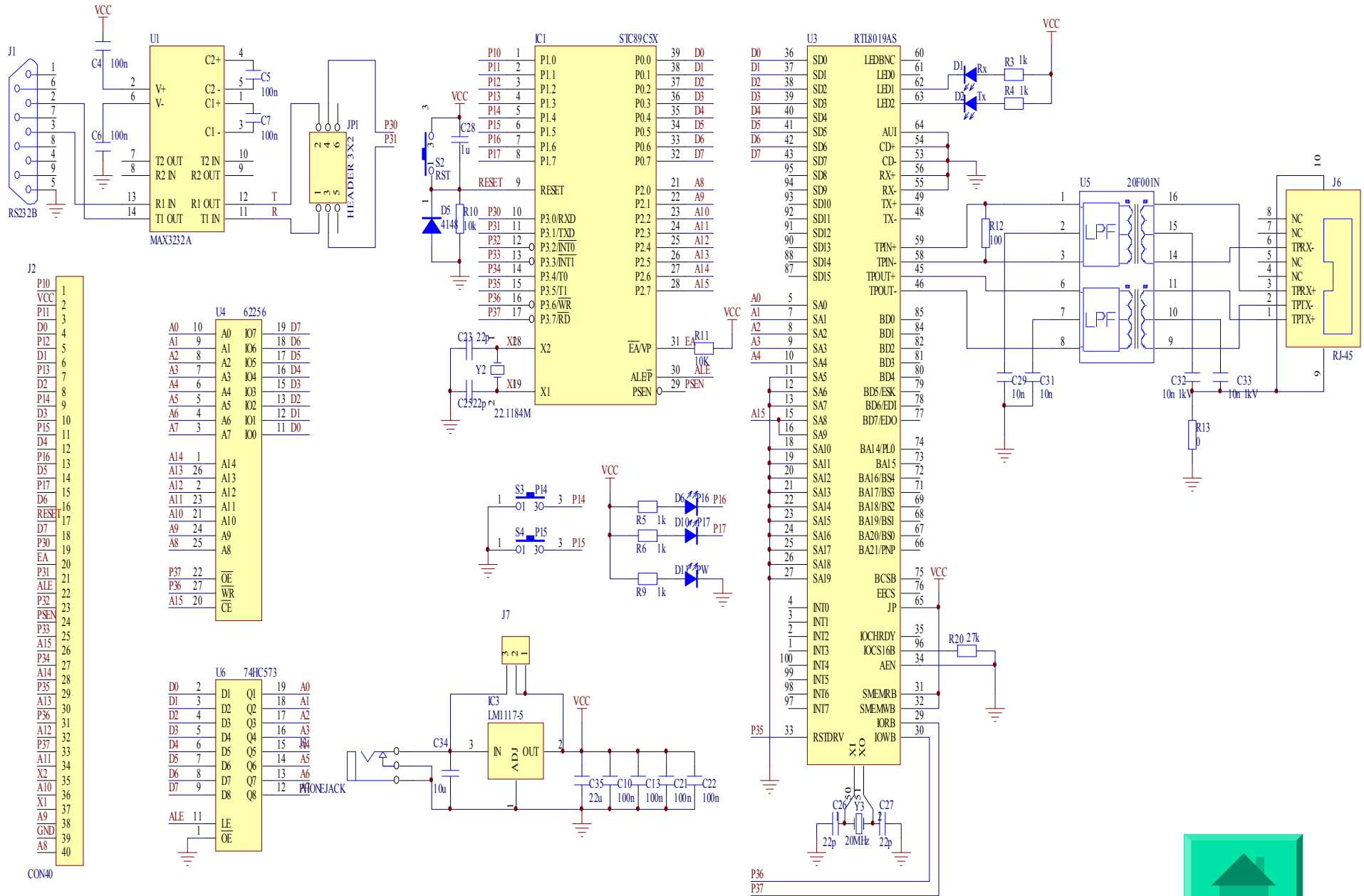


# 硬件设计



8019: 实现底层协议DLC、MAC, 并提供网络接口

89C58 : 实现嵌入式TCP/IP协议栈和具体的应用



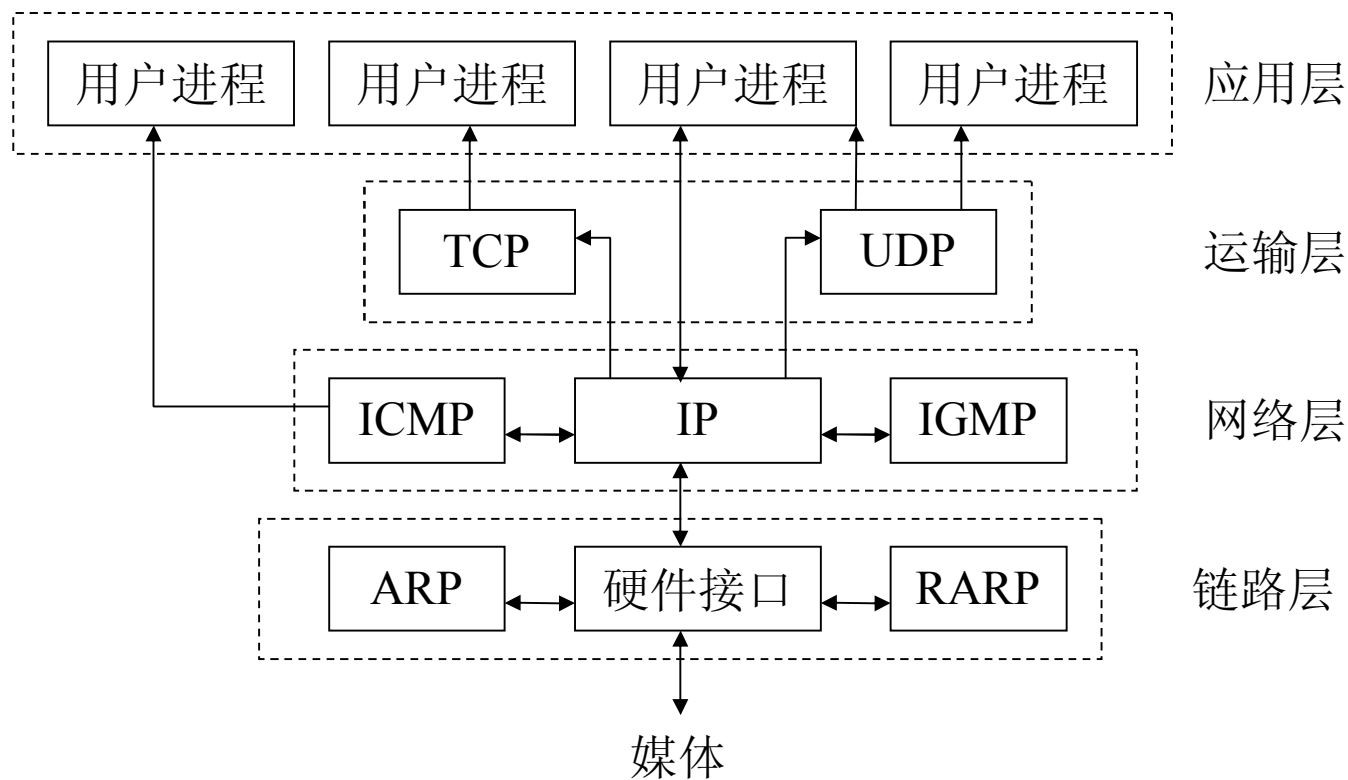


# 软件设计

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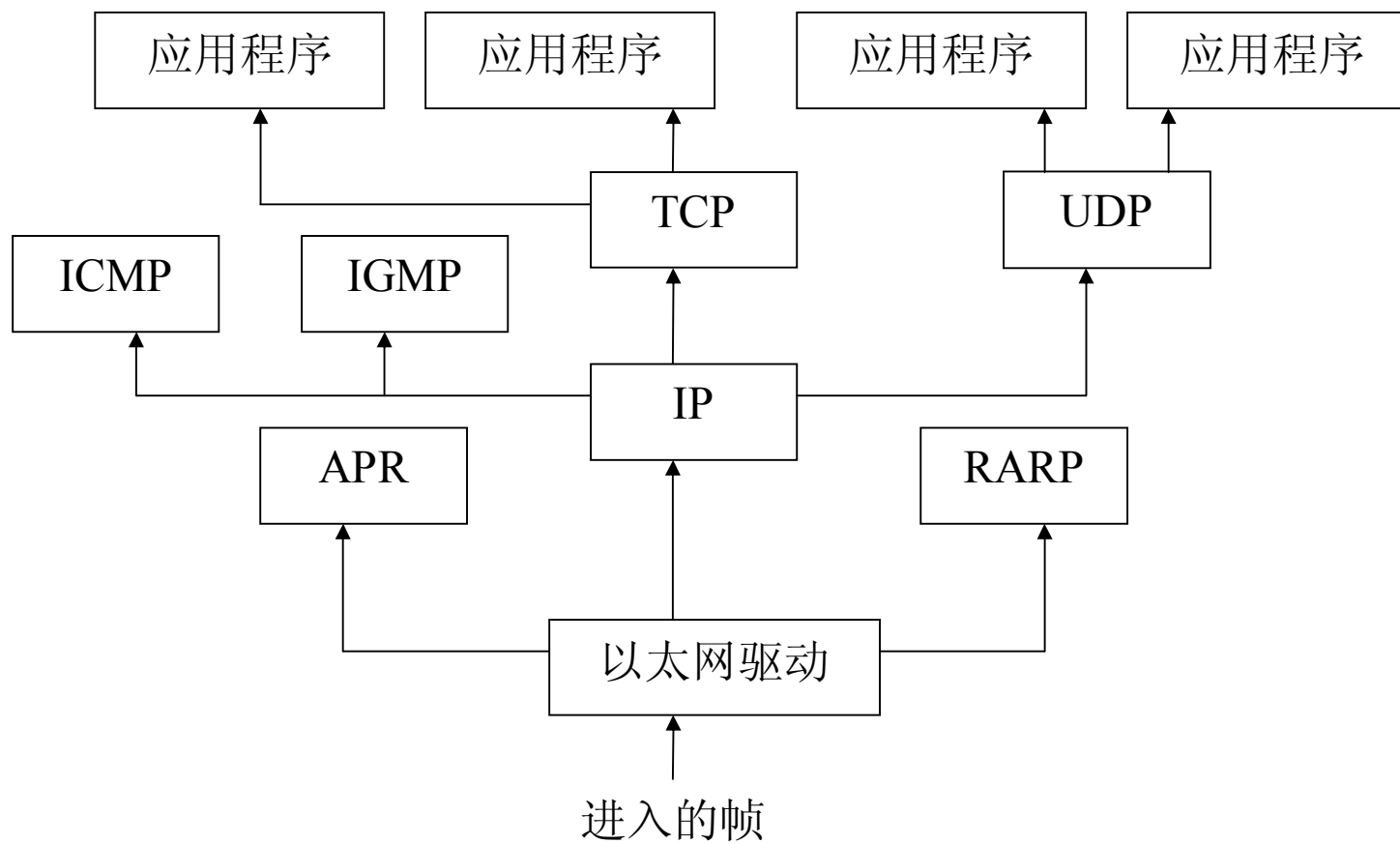
核心:TCP/IP

# TCP/IP参考模型分层





# 数据帧的分用





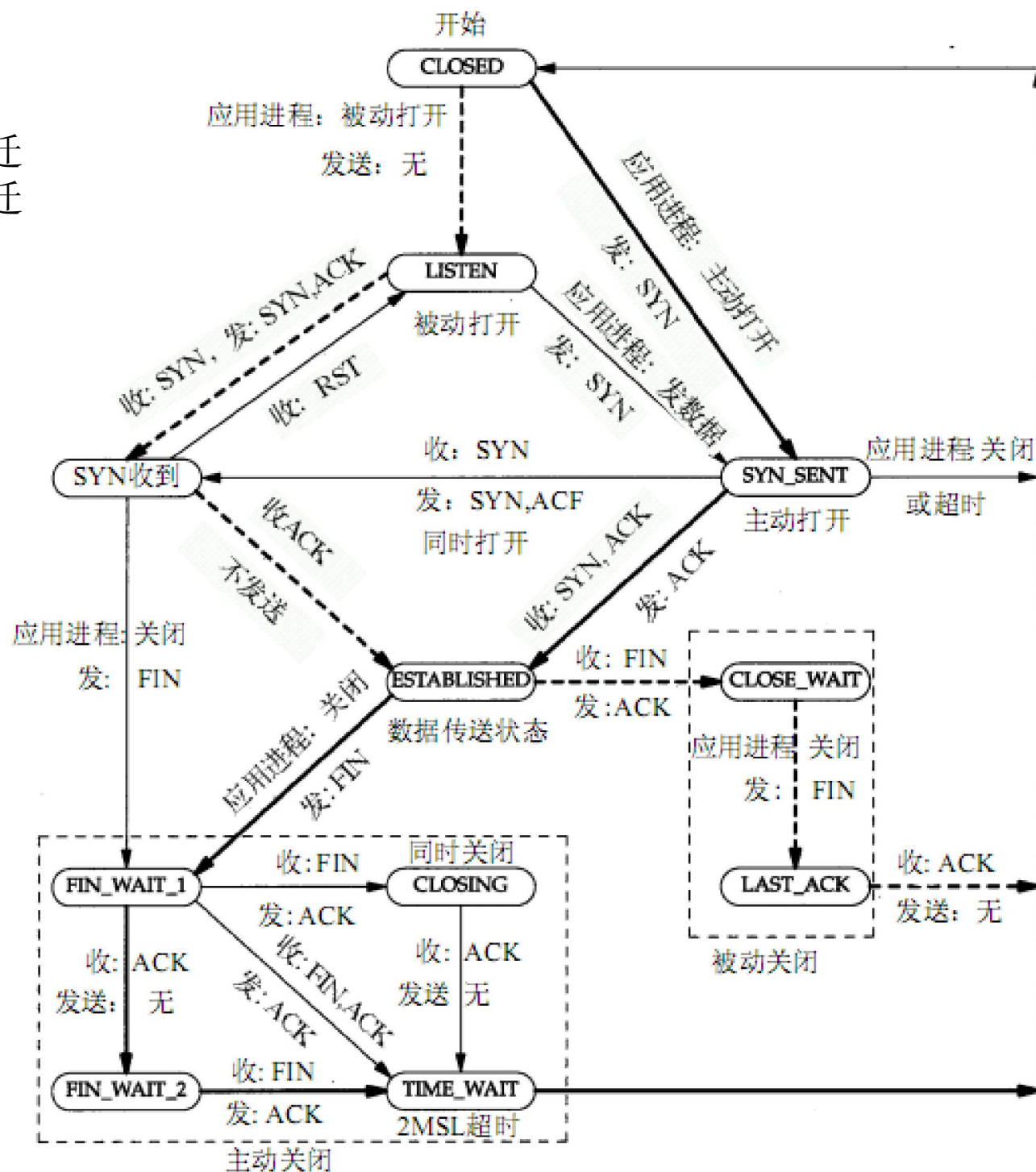
# TCP/IP的核心-TCP

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TCP提供可靠的数据传输，其工作过程就是其状态转换过程

—————> 客户机的正常变迁  
 .....> 服务器的正常变迁

连接的建立：三次握手  
 连接的终止：四次握手





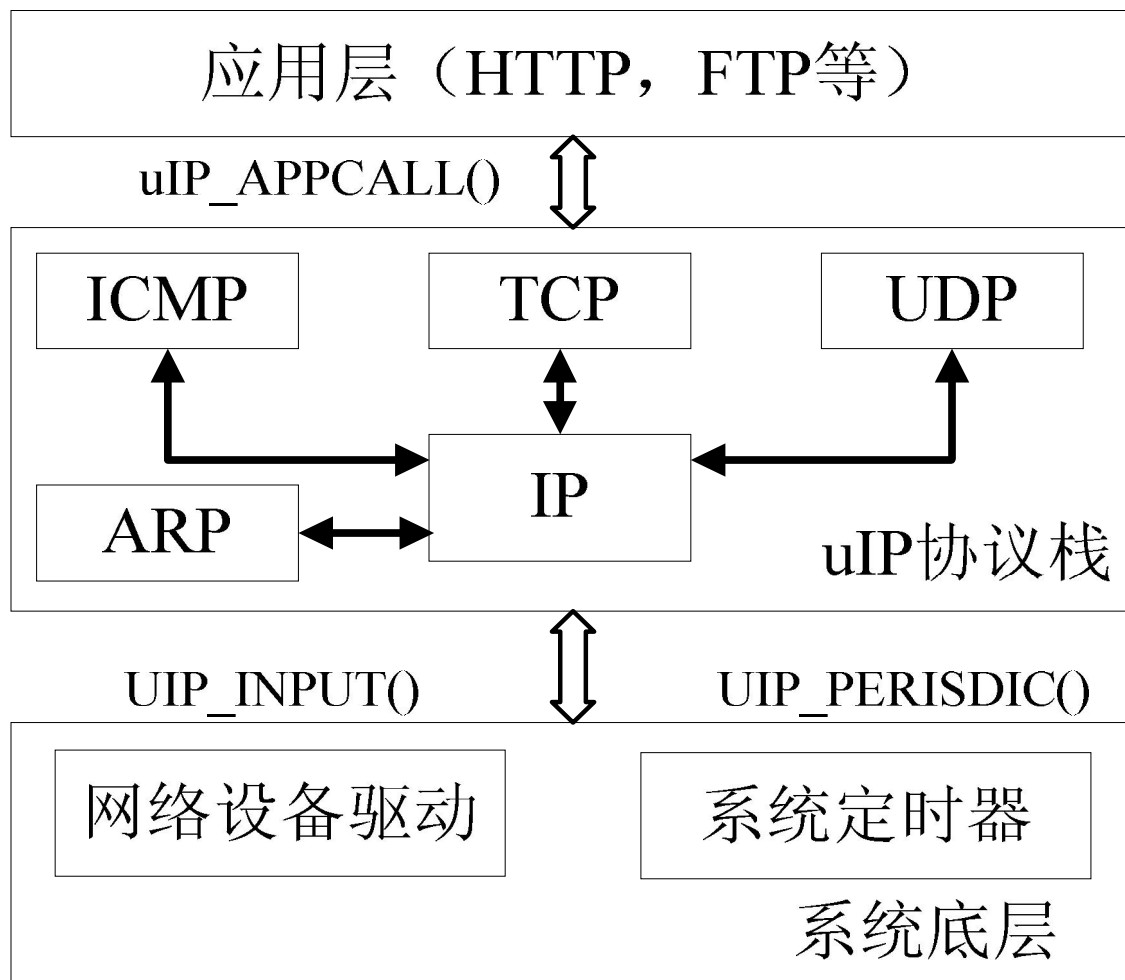
# uIP协议栈

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## 特点:

- 开源、免费
- 支持ARP、IP、ICMP、UDP(可选)、TCP
- RAM和ROM需求低
- 高度可配置
- 支持多个主、被动连接
- 网络设备驱动接口简单

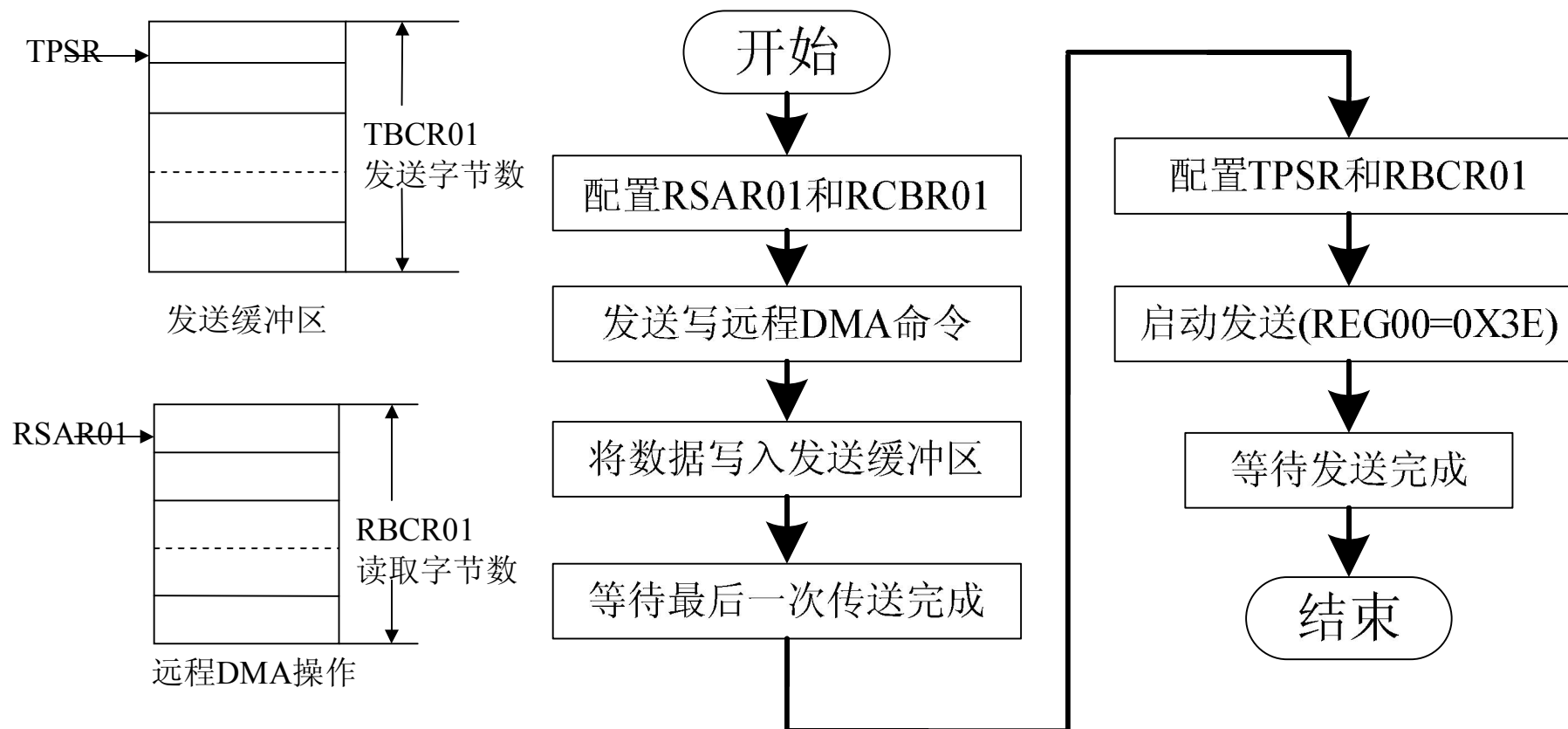
# uIP协议栈结构



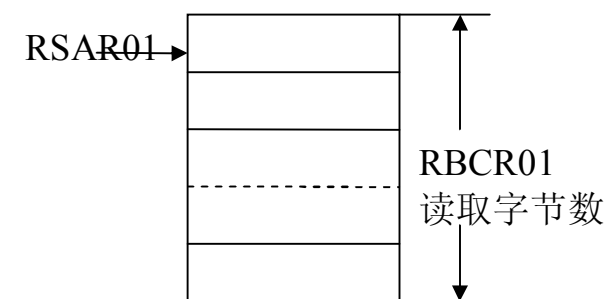
# RTL8019AS内部RAM分布



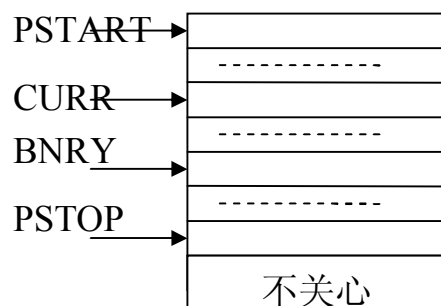
# 网络设备驱动-发送数据包



# 网络设备驱动-接收数据包

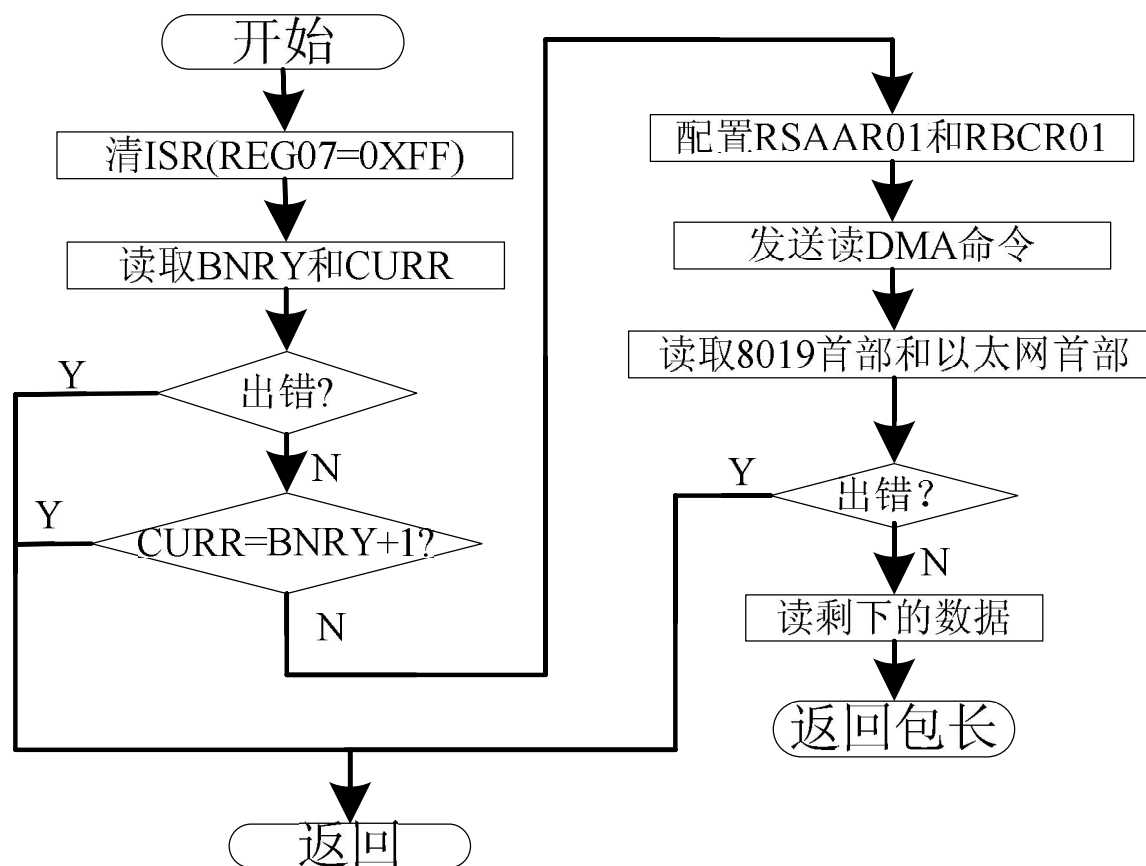


远程DMA操作



接收FIFO队列

BNRY: 已读的页  
CURR: 将要写入的页





# 文本传输协议HTTP

HTTP: 客户端和服务端请求和应答的标准





# HTTP请求消息

---

No.	Status	Source Address	Dest Address	Summary	L
1	M	[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 SYN SEQ=2398867733 LEN=0 WIN=0	6
2		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	TCP: D=1535 S=80 SYN ACK=2398867734 SEQ=468	6
3		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=469 WIN=17352	6
4		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	HTTP: C Port=1535 GET / HTTP/1.1	4
5		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	HTTP: R Port=1535 HTTP/1.0 Status=OK	5
6		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=928 WIN=16893	6
7		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	TCP: D=1535 S=80 FIN ACK=2398868096 SEQ=928	6
8		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=929 WIN=16893	6
9		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 FIN ACK=929 SEQ=2398868096	6
10		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	TCP: D=1535 S=80 ACK=2398868097 WIN=1500	6

+ DLC: Ethertype=0800, size=416 bytes  
 + IP: D=[192.168.1.100] S=[192.168.1.2] LEN=382 ID=15525  
 + TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=469 SEQ=2398867734 LEN=362 WIN=17352  
 - HTTP: ----- Hypertext Transfer Protocol -----  
   HTTP:  
     HTTP: 1: GET / HTTP/1.1  
     HTTP: 2: Accept: application/x-shockwave-flash, image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/  
     HTTP: 3: Accept-Language: zh-cn  
     HTTP: 4: Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
     HTTP: 5: User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; SV1)  
     HTTP: 6: Host: 192.168.1.100  
     HTTP: 7: Connection: Keep-Alive  
     HTTP: 8:  
     HTTP:

```

00000030: 43 c8 10 50 00 00 47 45 54 20 2f 20 48 54 54 50 C?P.. GET / HTTP
00000040: 2f 31 2e 31 0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74 3a 20 61 70 /1.1..Accept: ap
00000050: 70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 78 2d 73 68 6f 63 plication/x-shoc
00000060: 6b 77 61 76 65 2d 66 6c 61 73 68 2c 20 69 6d 61 kwave-flash, ima
00000070: 67 65 2f 67 69 66 2c 20 69 6d 61 67 65 2f 78 2d ge/gif, image/x-
00000080: 78 62 69 74 6d 61 70 2c 20 69 6d 61 67 65 2f 6a xbitmap, image/j
00000090: 70 65 67 2c 20 69 6d 61 67 65 2f 70 6a 70 65 67 peg, image/pjpeg
000000a0: 2c 20 61 70 70 6c 69 63 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 76 6e . application/vn
  
```

Expert Decode Matrix Host Table Protocol Dist. Statistics



# HTTP响应消息

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No.	Status	Source Address	Dest Address	Summary
1	M	[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 SYN SEQ=2398867733 LEN=0 W.
2		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	TCP: D=1535 S=80 SYN ACK=2398867734 SEQ=468
3		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=469 WIN=17352
4		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	HTTP: C Port=1535 GET / HTTP/1.1
5		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	HTTP: R Port=1535 HTTP/1.0 Status=OK
6		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=928 WIN=16893
7		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	TCP: D=1535 S=80 FIN ACK=2398868096 SEQ=928
8		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 ACK=929 WIN=16893
9		[192.168.1.2]	[192.168.1.100]	TCP: D=80 S=1535 FIN ACK=929 SEQ=2398868096
10		[192.168.1.100]	[192.168.1.2]	TCP: D=1535 S=80 ACK=2398868097 WIN=1500

+ DLC: Ethertype=0800, size=513 bytes  
 + IP: D=[192.168.1.2] S=[192.168.1.100] LEN=479 ID=18  
 + TCP: D=1535 S=80 ACK=2398868096 SEQ=469 LEN=459 WIN=1500  
 - HTTP: ----- Hypertext Transfer Protocol -----  
 HTTP:  
 HTTP: 1: HTTP/1.0 200 OK  
 HTTP: 2: Content-Type: text/html  
 HTTP: 3:  
 HTTP: 4: <html><meta http-equiv=refresh content=3><body><center><h1>>ûÓÚWEBpÃ&azØİ  
 HTTP: <table align=center><tr align=center><td>P1\_7:&nbspnbsp&nbsp<input type=submi  
 HTTP: /h3></body></html>  
 HTTP:

```

00000030: 05 dc fc f2 00 00 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 30 20 32 .?? HTTP/1.0 2
00000040: 30 30 20 4f 4b 0a 43 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 54 79 00 OK.Content-Ty
00000050: 70 65 3a 20 74 65 78 74 2f 68 74 6d 6c 0a 0a 3c pe: text/html..<
00000060: 68 74 6d 6c 3e 3c 6d 65 74 61 20 68 74 74 70 2d html><meta http-
00000070: 65 71 75 69 76 3d 72 65 66 72 65 73 68 20 63 6f equiv=refresh co
00000080: 6e 74 65 6e 74 3d 33 3e 3c 62 6f 64 79 3e 3c 63 ntent=3><body><c
00000090: 65 6e 74 65 72 3e 3c 68 31 3e bb f9 d3 da 57 45 enter><h1>基于WE
000000a0: 42 b5 c4 bc e0 bf d8 cf b5 cd b3 c9 e8 bc c6 b2 B的监控系统设计I
000000b0: e2 ca d4 d2 b3 c3 e6 3c 2f 68 31 3e 3c 68 33 3e 饭砸趁?/h1><h3>
000000c0: bf aa b9 d8 c1 bf bf d8 d6 c6 3a 3c 2f 68 33 3e 开关量控制:</h3>
000000d0: 3c 62 72 3e 3c 70 3e b5 e3 bb f7 b0 b4 c5 a5 d2 <br><p>点击按钮I
  
```





# 本系统的HTML文件

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```
<html>
<meta http-equiv=refresh content=3>
<body>
  <center>
    <h1>基于WEB的监控系统设计测试页面</h1>
    <h3>开关量控制:</h3>
    <br><p>点击按钮以开启或关闭LED 1对应LED灭 0对应LED亮</p>
  </center>
  <form action=swc.html>
    <table align=center>
      <tr align=center>
        <td>P1_7:&nbsp;<input type=submit name=sw7 value=1></td>
        <td>P1_6:&nbsp;<input type=submit name=sw6 value=1></td>
      </tr>
    </table>
  </form>
  <center>
    <h3>环境温度: 29.93&degC</h3>
  </center>
</body>
</html>
```



# 一个简单**Web Server**的工作过程

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视频演示





# 功能演示

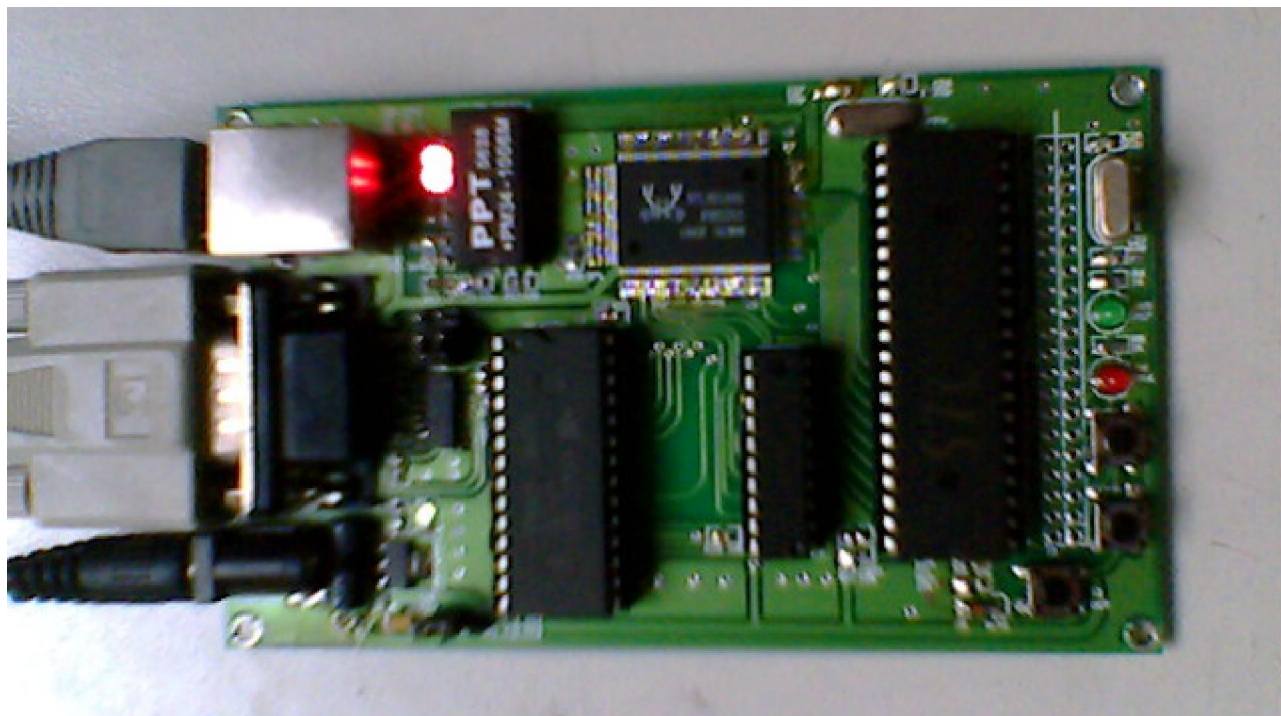
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- 1、ARP功能演示
- 3、PING功能演示
- 4、Web Server功能演示
- 5、RS232与RJ45相互转换功能演示

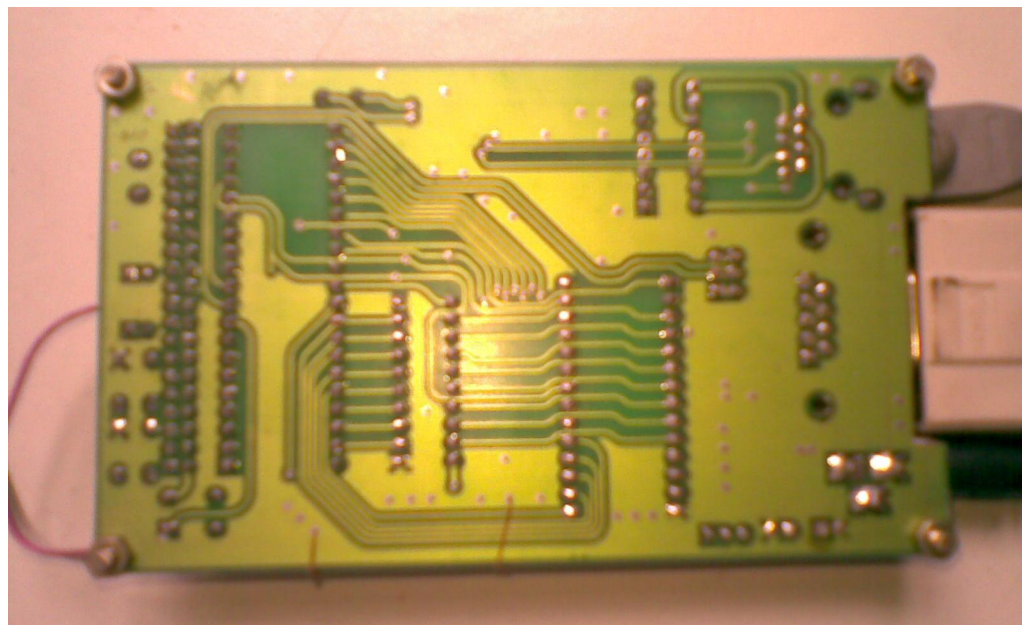




# 硬件正面



# 硬件背面





# 总结

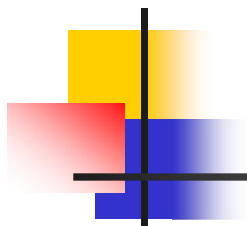
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## 成果:

- 实现了TCP/IP协议
- 实现了简单的Web服务
- 实现了RS232与RJ45接口的相互转换

## 不足:

- 没有实现DHCP
- 没有添加DNS的支持
- 没有添加文件系统
- 没有添加保密服务



谢谢大家!