# Lin Wang

Zhejiang University | +86 18006642075 | wllll26112002@outlook.com

## **EDUCATION**

# • Zhejiang University, Department of Mathematical Sciences

Sep. 2021 - Jun. 2025(Expected)

BSc in Mathematics and Applied Mathematics

Hangzhou, China

- $\circ$  **GPA:** 3.96/4.00; Ranked  $1^{st}/79$
- Core Courses: Abstract Algebra, Complex Variable Functions, Real Variable Functions, Probability
  Theory, Topology, Partial Differential Equations, Functional Analysis, Differential Geometry, Numerical
  Analysis.

## **SUBMITTED**

[C.1] Lin Wang, et al. (2024). Enhancing Numerical Reasoning in Language Models through Rule Learning.

## HONORS AND AWARDS

National Scholarship	Oct. 2024
First Prize, Mathematics Competition for College Students, China	Nov. 2023 & Nov. 2022
Ling Jun Investment Corporation Scholarship	Oct. 2023
Zhejiang Provincial Government Scholarship	Oct. 2022
First Prize, Mathematics Competition, Zhejiang Province	Oct. 2022
Second Prize, Physics Innovation Competition, Zhejiang Province	Feb. 2023
Winning Prize, Mathematical Contest in Modeling, Zhejiang University	May. 2023

## RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

• Model-Based Continuous-Time Policy Evaluation with Unknown Lévy Process Dynamics University of California, San Diego (UCSD)

Online

Jun. 2024 - Onging

- **Objective:** Developed a robust model to recover the policy and the value function parameters for a model-based continuous-time reinforcement learning framework. The model leverages a set of trajectories sampled from either real-world data or simulated density functions.
- **Approach:** Utilized the recovery of value functiton from **Fokker-Planck Equation** to model the evolution of the system, applying **Wasserstein distance** and **Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)** as loss functions to minimize functional recovery errors.
  - Applied **Physics-Informed Neural Networks (PINNs)**, which provided an efficient framework for solving Partial Differential Equations (PDEs), to solve the Fractional Fokker-Planck Equation. This allowed for real-time policy evaluation with an initial Dirac-Delta condition.
  - Deployed the **Model-Based Policy Optimization (MBPO)** algorithm to efficiently solve policy optimization in reinforcement learning, reducing cumulative error of the model, so as to ensure the final sampling efficiency and strategy performance.
- Key Contribution: Implemented a Lévy process-based model, effectively capturing abrupt changes in market and system dynamics. This model surpasses traditional Gaussian-based models by accounting for extreme, heavy-tailed events.
- Theoretical results demonstrated improved policy evaluation accuracy and provided a more reliable framework for continuous-time decision-making, particularly beneficial in fields like robotics and financial modeling, where precise control over dynamic systems is required.
- Enhancing Numerical Reasoning in Language Models through Rule Learning Zhejiang University

Hangzhou

Jun. 2024 - Ongoing

- **Objective:** Developed **MetaRuleGPT**, a language model designed to enhance numerical reasoning and logical operations through rule-based learning, addressing the limitations of traditional language models in handling complex mathematical calculations.
- **Approach:** Introduced a **Transformer-based** model architecture incorporating a structured rule-learning mechanism. Trained on a dataset of basic arithmetic rule (e.g., carry rule, borrow rule, and mapping rules) to ensure accuracy.
- Employed recursive reasoning methods inspired by **meta-learning** to enhance the model's adaptability across tasks, allowing flexible combination and application of learned rules.
- **Key Contribution:** Demonstrated that rule-based learning significantly improves accuracy in high-digit and complex calculations, achieving 100% accuracy in test scenarios where other language models struggle. MetaRuleGPT establishes a foundation for integrating rule learning to bolster the mathematical reasoning capabilities of language models with minimal computational resources.
- Crystals Physical Properties Prediction with Equivariant Graph Neural Networks Zhejiang University

Hangzhou

Jun. 2023 - Ongoing

• **Objective:** Developed a machine-learning model to predict the physical properties of crystals, such as force constants and superconducting temperature, using equivariant graph neural networks.

- **Approach:** Calculated the phonon properties of crystals using **VASP** (Vienna Ab initio Simulation Package) and **Phonopy**, and extracted the **force constant matrix** as ground truth data.
- Encoded crystal structures as graphs, where nodes represented atoms and edges carried force constants. Developed a **Crystal Equivariant Graph Neural Network (CEGNN)** that predicted force constants between atoms, expressed as 3x3 matrices capturing interactions in three-dimensional space which is equivariant under operator in E(3). Compared various **equivariant GNNs** and assessed their performance in predicting force constants.
- **Key Contribution:** Demonstrated the efficacy of using CEGNNs to predict crystal properties with minimal computational cost, significantly reducing the need for expensive physical simulations.

## • Vision Training at Test Time (Vision TTT)

Hangzhou

Zhejiang University

Jul. 2024 - Oct.2024

- **Objective:** Explored the application of **Training at Test Time (TTT)** models to improve classification accuracy in scenarios where training and testing data distributions differ.
- Approach: Built a classification model inspired by Vision Mamba and extended it to Vision TTT, where the model parameters are slightly adjusted during testing to account for distributional shifts.

  Experimented with various techniques such as down-sampling, convolutional layers with different kernel sizes, and the addition of global patches and CLS (classification) tags. Incorporated model distillation to transfer knowledge from a larger, pre-trained model to a smaller, more efficient one.

  Conducted extensive testing on CIFAR-100 and ImageNet 2012 datasets, achieving a top-1 accuracy of 80.09% on CIFAR-100 (surpassing Vision Mamba's 72.5%), but found limitations in multi-label classification tasks for
- **Key Contribution:** The project highlighted the strengths of TTT models in handling few-shot and zero-shot tasks, demonstrating their potential for small-scale, distribution-shifted datasets. Further exploration is needed for large-scale, multi-label tasks.

## • Spline Curve Construction

Hangzhou

Zhejiang University

ImageNet.

Nov. 2023 - Jan. 2024

- **Objective:** Developed algorithms for the construction of spline and B-spline curves, focusing on different forms of endpoint conditions and their influence on curve fitting accuracy.
- **Approach:** Implemented **piecewise-polynomial splines** and **B-splines** using C++, providing solutions for both open and closed curves.
  - Investigated the effects of non-smooth points and the number of interpolation nodes on curve fitting quality, leading to optimized spline fitting techniques for various geometrical applications.
- **Key Contribution:** The project offered practical insights into computational geometry, specifically in designing curves for use in computer graphics and geometric modeling.

# INTERNSHIP EXPERIENCE

# Hangzhou Kezan Data Technology Co., Ltd

Hangzhou

Quantitative Intern

Feb. 2024 - Jun. 2024

- Developed and optimized an end-to-end time series model using GRU for stock market prediction, processing data at daily and minute-level frequencies. The model generated buy and sell signals, achieving an annualized return of 26% with a 2.7% drawdown.
- Integrated transformer-based techniques, enabling the interaction between time series and cross-sectional data, which improved the annualized return to 32% with a reduced 2.1% drawdown.
- Addressed the issue of missing data in the Chinese stock market by applying methods that preserved data integrity and minimized loss of predictive power.
- Reproduced and encapsulated financial factors from research reports for efficient integration into the model. Ensured selected factors maintained stable correlations with market returns and adjusted them for model input.
- Used neural networks, including CrossGRU, to enhance data utilization efficiency and extract market features, followed by rigorous backtesting to evaluate model performance.

## LANGUAGE & OTHER SKILLS

- Language Skills: Native proficiency in Chinese; Proficient in English (TOFEL 102; GRE 325)
- Technical Skills: Python, C++, Linux Operating System
- Mathematical Skills: Probability Analysis, Algebra, Differential Equations(GRE Math Subject 900)
- Interests: Statistical Learning, Machine Learning, Computational Mathematics

## LEADERSHIP EXPERIENCE

#### Sports Center Leader

Hangzhou

Student Union of School of Mathematical Sciences

Sep. 2022 - Jun. 2023

- Established an organization to support students by providing academic guidance, Q&A sessions, and life services.
- Led various extracurricular sports activities and hosted calculus Q&A sessions for international students, fostering a balanced academic and physical fitness environment.

• Organized large-scale campus events, including the New Year's Party and Graduation Party, contributing to community building within the university.

• Participant Hangzhou

Student Quality Training Project

Feb. 2022 - Jun. 2022

- Conducted research on food safety issues in university canteens, identifying causes of common food borne illnesses.
- Distributed questionnaires to assess students' awareness of food safety, gathering data to inform food safety workshops.
- Organized educational sessions, demonstrating the risks of unsafe foods such as sprouted potatoes and poisonous mushrooms, raising student awareness of food safety practices.

## **VOLUNTEER EXPERIENCE**

## • Volunteer Participant

Hangzhou

Zhejiang University & Charitable Organizations

Sep. 2021 - Ongoing

 Accumulated over 250 hours of volunteer service, including organizing activities at Senior Activity Centers, supporting library functions, and assisting with logistics for the Southeast China University College Basketball Tournament.