```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   #include <malloc.h>
 2
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <math.h>
 5
   struct Node
 6
 7
        int data;
        struct Node *next;
 8
 9
    };
10
11
   void Insert (struct Node *1, int x);
12
   void Destory (struct Node *1);
   void Print (struct Node *1);
13
    void Split(struct Node* 1);
    struct Node * NewNode()
15
16
17
         struct Node *p;
         p = (struct Node *) malloc (sizeof (struct Node));
18
19
         if (p == NULL) {
20
            printf ("Error : out of memory\n");
21
            exit (-1);
22
         }
23
         return p;
24
25
   int main ()
26
27
28
        struct Node *la = NewNode();
29
30
        la->next = NULL;
31
        int x;
        printf("请输入数字,以0结束,以空格或回车间隔");
32
33
        scanf ("%d", &x);
        while(x!=0){
34
35
           Insert(la,x);
           scanf ("%d", &x);
36
        }
37
38
        //Print(la);
39
        Split(la);
40
        Destory(la);
41
        return 0;
42
43
    void Insert (struct Node *1, int x)
44
        struct Node *q= NewNode ();
45
46
        q->data = x;
47
        struct Node *p = 1;
48
        while (p->next \&\& x > p->next ->data)
49
            p = p->next;
50
        q->next = p ->next;
51
        p->next = q;
52
53
   void Destory (struct Node *1)
54
55
        while (1)
```

```
56
 57
              struct Node *q = 1->next;
 58
              free (1);
              1 = q;
 59
         }
 60
 61
    }
    void Print (struct Node *1)
 62
 63
 64
         1 = 1 \rightarrow next;
         if (1)
 65
 66
              printf ("%d", 1->data);
 67
 68
              1 = 1 - \text{next};
 69
         }
         while (1)
 70
 71
 72
              printf ("->%d", 1->data);
 73
              1 = 1 - \text{next};
 74
         }
          printf ("\n");
 75
 76
    }
 77
    void Split(struct Node* 1)
 78
 79
         struct Node* p=1;
 80
          struct Node* ra=1;
 81
 82
          struct Node* q = NewNode();
 83
         q->next=NULL;
         struct Node* ql = q;
 84
 85
          p=1->next;
         1->next=NULL;
 86
 87
         while(p){
 88
                  if(abs(p->data) \%2 == 0){
 89
                   q1->next=p;
 90
                   ql=ql->next;
 91
                  }else{
 92
                   1->next=p;
 93
                   1=1->next;
 94
                  }
 95
              p=p->next;
 96
 97
         1->next=NULL;
 98
          q1->next=NULL;
99
          Print(ra);
100
          Print(q);
101
    }
102
```

```
PS D:\csjjg\程序设计综合实践> cd "d:\csjjg\程序设计综合实践\"; if ($?) { gcc fourth.c -o fourth }; if ($?) { .\fourth } 请输入数字,以0结束,以空格或回车间隔1 2 3 4 5 6 7 -32 -3 -1 0 -3->-1->1->3->5->7 -32->2->4->6
```