Lab1 Week2

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截图与输出

```
(program [0, 0] - [9, 1]
  (statement [0, 0] - [5, 1]
    (declaration [0, 0] - [5, 1]
      (function_declaration [0, 0] - [5, 1]
        name: (identifier [0, 15] - [0, 16])
        (call_signature [0, 16] - [0, 38]
          (formal_parameters [0, 16] - [0, 33]
            name: (identifier [0, 17] - [0, 18])
            type: (type_annotation [0, 18] - [0, 25]
              (primitive_type [0, 19] - [0, 25]))
            name: (identifier [0, 27] - [0, 28])
            type: (type_annotation [0, 28] - [0, 32]
              (primitive_type [0, 29] - [0, 32])))
          (type_annotation [0, 33] - [0, 38]
            (primitive_type [0, 34] - [0, 38])))
        body: (statement_block [0, 39] - [5, 1]
          (statement [1, 4] - [1, 10]
            (expression_statement [1, 4] - [1, 10]
              (expression [1, 4] - [1, 9]
                (assignment_expression [1, 4] - [1, 9]
                  left: (identifier [1, 4] - [1, 5])
                  right: (expression [1, 8] - [1, 9]
                    (identifier [1, 8] - [1, 9]))))))
          (statement [2, 4] - [2, 10]
            (expression_statement [2, 4] - [2, 10]
              (expression [2, 4] - [2, 9]
                (assignment_expression [2, 4] - [2, 9]
                  left: (identifier [2, 4] - [2, 5])
                  right: (expression [2, 8] - [2, 9]
                    (identifier [2, 8] - [2, 9]))))))
          (statement [3, 4] - [3, 13]
            (expression_statement [3, 4] - [3, 13]
              (expression [3, 4] - [3, 12]
                (assignment_expression [3, 4] - [3, 12]
                  left: (identifier [3, 4] - [3, 5])
                  right: (expression [3, 8] - [3, 12]
                    (number [3, 8] - [3, 12]))))))
          (statement [4, 4] - [4, 15]
            (expression_statement [4, 4] - [4, 15]
              (expression [4, 4] - [4, 14]
                (assignment_expression [4, 4] - [4, 14]
                  left: (identifier [4, 4] - [4, 5])
                  right: (expression [4, 8] - [4, 14]
                    (number [4, 8] - [4, 14]))))))))))
  (statement [7, 0] - [9, 1]
    (declaration [7, 0] - [9, 1]
      (function_declaration [7, 0] - [9, 1]
```

```
(program [0, 0] - [9, 1]
  (statement [0, 0] - [5, 1]
    (declaration [0, 0] - [5, 1]
      (function declaration [0, 0] - [5, 1]
        name: (identifier [0, 15] - [0, 16])
        (call_signature [0, 16] - [0, 38]
          (formal_parameters [0, 16] - [0, 33]
            name: (identifier [0, 17] - [0, 18])
            type: (type_annotation [0, 18] - [0, 25]
              (primitive_type [0, 19] - [0, 25]))
            name: (identifier [0, 27] - [0, 28])
            type: (type_annotation [0, 28] - [0, 32]
              (primitive_type [0, 29] - [0, 32])))
          (type_annotation [0, 33] - [0, 38]
            (primitive_type [0, 34] - [0, 38])))
        body: (statement_block [0, 39] - [5, 1]
          (statement [1, 4] - [1, 10]
            (expression statement [1, 4] - [1, 10]
              (expression [1, 4] - [1, 9]
                (assignment_expression [1, 4] - [1, 9]
                  left: (identifier [1, 4] - [1, 5])
                  right: (expression [1, 8] - [1, 9]
                    (identifier [1, 8] - [1, 9]))))))
          (statement [2, 4] - [2, 10]
            (expression_statement [2, 4] - [2, 10]
              (expression [2, 4] - [2, 9]
                (assignment expression [2, 4] - [2, 9]
                  left: (identifier [2, 4] - [2, 5])
                  right: (expression [2, 8] - [2, 9]
                    (identifier [2, 8] - [2, 9]))))))
          (statement [3, 4] - [3, 13]
            (expression statement [3, 4] - [3, 13]
              (expression [3, 4] - [3, 12]
                (assignment expression [3, 4] - [3, 12]
                  left: (identifier [3, 4] - [3, 5])
                  right: (expression [3, 8] - [3, 12]
                    (number [3, 8] - [3, 12]))))))
          (statement [4, 4] - [4, 15]
            (expression_statement [4, 4] - [4, 15]
```

```
(expression [4, 4] - [4, 14]
              (assignment expression [4, 4] - [4, 14]
                left: (identifier [4, 4] - [4, 5])
                right: (expression [4, 8] - [4, 14]
                  (number [4, 8] - [4, 14]))))))))))
(statement [7, 0] - [9, 1]
  (declaration [7, 0] - [9, 1]
    (function declaration [7, 0] - [9, 1]
      name: (identifier [7, 9] - [7, 10])
      (call_signature [7, 10] - [7, 16]
        (formal_parameters [7, 10] - [7, 12])
        (type_annotation [7, 12] - [7, 16]
          (primitive_type [7, 13] - [7, 16])))
      body: (statement_block [7, 17] - [9, 1]
        (statement [8, 4] - [8, 13]
          (expression_statement [8, 4] - [8, 13]
            (expression [8, 4] - [8, 12]
              (assignment expression [8, 4] - [8, 12]
                left: (identifier [8, 4] - [8, 5])
                right: (expression [8, 8] - [8, 12]
                  (number [8, 8] - [8, 12])))))))))))
```

16进制与10进制无符号整数的正则表达式

```
//week2任务, 16进制数的正则表达式
const hex_literal = /0[xX][0-9a-fA-F]+/;

//week2任务, 10进制数的正则表达式
const decimal_digits = /[0-9]+/;
```

这一部分较为简单。

- 对于16进制无符号整数的正则表达式,0[xX]为16进制数必须的前导,此后可以为任意长度大于等于一的由0-9, a-f, A-f组成的序列。
- 对于10进制无符号整数的正则表达式,直接就是任意长度大于等于一的由2-9组成的序列。

遇到的问题

- 前导零的问题。最初尝试写正则表达式时考虑过含有前导零在TypeScript中是否合法的问题,经过查阅资料发现至少在JavaScript中前导零是合法的。参考资料为字面量。
 - 不过在ECMAScript 5规范以前,如果一个十进制字面量以前导零开始,那么它就会被当作八进制数解析。相应的,在这些规范下,如果后续数字大于等于8,则会产生报错(参见这个bug)。
- 下划线的问题。查阅前述资料字面量时发现数字中允许使用数值分隔符_,来便于阅读。_不允许在数字 开头出现、不允许再数字结尾出现、不允许连续出现。问过助教后,助教表示不用考虑这么复杂,但是 我们还是尝试给出了正则表达式:

```
const hex_literal = /0[xX][0-9a-fA-F]+(_[0-9a-fA-F]+)*/;
const decimal_digits = /[0-9]+(_[0-9]+)*/;
```

• 这里,第一个正闭包操作保证了至少有一个数字存在,并且保证下划线不会出现在数字最前面;后面的 (_[0-9]+)*和(_[0-9a-fA-F]+)*保证了下划线不会出现在最后,并且下划线不会连续重复出现。

函数的参数解析与返回类型

1. 参数解析

```
formal_parameters: $ => seq( // seq()表示按顺序匹配多个元素
    '(', // 匹配左括号
    commaSep(seq(
        field('name', $.identifier),
        field('type', optional($.type_annotation))
    )),
    ')', // 匹配右括号
),
```

参数解析的对象是函数定义中声明的参数列表,定义函数接收的输入参数及其类型。匹配的顺序依次为左括号 (、参数列表和右括号)。在该任务中左右括号的匹配已经给出。

根据提示,用commaSep()函数来匹配零个或多个由逗号分隔的元素,里面嵌套使用seq()函数来顺序匹配具体元素。

- field('name', \$.identifier): field('name', ...)用于识别参数的名称,而参数名称规定为identifier, 这是引用其他已被定义的语法规则,在此处identifier被定义为/[_a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z0-9]*/,测试代码中的变量名b和c就是有它来匹配。
- field('type', optional(\$.type_annotation)): field('type', ...)用于识别参数的类型, optional()表示该部分是可选的,可存在也可不存在。函数的参数列表必须有变量名,但是 TypeScript允许不规定参数的类型,此时会被隐式推断为: any,因此类型的注解为optional。此处引用名为type_annotation的规则,该规则已被定义包含: number和: any, 冒号的匹配也被包含在其中。

由于commaSep()函数可以匹配零个元素,因此当参数为空时也可以正确匹配。

2. 函数调用签名

```
call_signature: $ => seq(
    //week2任务, 函数的调用签名, 包括参数与返回类型 。 匹配的内容为 (b:number,
c:any):void
    $.formal_parameters,
    $.type_annotation,
),
```

call_signature用于定义函数的调用签名语法规则,包含函数的参数列表和返回类型。

- \$.formal_parameters部分对应上述参数解析的内容,定义了函数的参数列表。
- \$.type_annotation定义函数的返回类型为type_annotation(包含: any、: number和: void 等),该返回类型是必需的。查阅资料后发现,TypeScript支持用竖线分隔符|联合标记来支持泛型,但是此处只考虑简单情况,不对这种复杂情况进行匹配。

遇到的问题

对于call_signature返回类型究竟是否是optional存疑,在查阅相关资料后可知TypeScript必须规定 call_signature返回类型。此外,发现函数返回类型可以用竖线分隔符/联合标记来支持泛型,但简单起见此次实验并没有实现该功能。参考资料为TypeScript Handbook。