

# Lab1 Week3

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输出



```

consequence: (statement [13, 7] - [15, 1]
  (statement_block [13, 7] - [15, 1]
    (statement [14, 4] - [14, 9]
      (expression_statement [14, 4] - [14, 9]
        (expression [14, 4] - [14, 9]
          (assignment_expression [14, 4] - [14, 9]
            left: (identifier [14, 4] - [14, 5])
            right: (expression [14, 8] - [14, 9]
              (number [14, 8] - [14, 9]))))))))
alternative: (statement [15, 7] - [17, 1]
  (if_statement [15, 7] - [17, 1]
    condition: (parenthesized_expression [15, 10] - [15, 13]
      (expression [15, 11] - [15, 12]
        (identifier [15, 11] - [15, 12])))
    consequence: (statement [15, 14] - [17, 1]
      (statement_block [15, 14] - [17, 1]
        (statement [16, 4] - [16, 9]
          (expression_statement [16, 4] - [16, 9]
            (expression [16, 4] - [16, 9]
              (assignment_expression [16, 4] - [16, 9]
                left: (identifier [16, 4] - [16, 5])
                right: (expression [16, 8] - [16, 9]
                  (number [16, 8] - [16, 9]))))))))))))

```

```

(program [0, 0] - [17, 1]
  (statement [0, 0] - [0, 8]
    (declaration [0, 0] - [0, 8]
      (variable_declaration [0, 0] - [0, 8]
        name: (identifier [0, 4] - [0, 5])
        value: (expression [0, 7] - [0, 8]
          (number [0, 7] - [0, 8])))))
  (statement [1, 0] - [1, 11]
    (declaration [1, 0] - [1, 11]
      (variable_declaration [1, 0] - [1, 11]
        name: (identifier [1, 6] - [1, 7])
        value: (expression [1, 10] - [1, 11]
          (number [1, 10] - [1, 11])))))
  (statement [2, 0] - [2, 12]
    (declaration [2, 0] - [2, 12]
      (variable_declaration [2, 0] - [2, 12]
        name: (identifier [2, 4] - [2, 5])
        type: (type_annotation [2, 5] - [2, 12]
          (primitive_type [2, 6] - [2, 12])))))
  (statement [3, 0] - [5, 1]
    (if_statement [3, 0] - [5, 1]
      condition: (parenthesized_expression [3, 3] - [3, 6]
        (expression [3, 4] - [3, 5]
          (identifier [3, 4] - [3, 5])))
      consequence: (statement [3, 7] - [5, 1]
        (statement_block [3, 7] - [5, 1]
          (statement [4, 4] - [4, 9]
            (expression_statement [4, 4] - [4, 9]
              (expression [4, 4] - [4, 9]
                (assignment_expression [4, 4] - [4, 9]
                  left: (identifier [4, 4] - [4, 5])

```

```

        right: (expression [4, 8] - [4, 9]
                (number [4, 8] - [4, 9])))))))
(statement [7, 0] - [11, 1]
(if_statement [7, 0] - [11, 1]
  condition: (parenthesized_expression [7, 3] - [7, 6]
    (expression [7, 4] - [7, 5]
      (identifier [7, 4] - [7, 5])))
  consequence: (statement [7, 6] - [9, 1]
    (statement_block [7, 6] - [9, 1]
      (statement [8, 4] - [8, 9]
        (expression_statement [8, 4] - [8, 9]
          (expression [8, 4] - [8, 9]
            (assignment_expression [8, 4] - [8, 9]
              left: (identifier [8, 4] - [8, 5])
              right: (expression [8, 8] - [8, 9]
                (number [8, 8] - [8, 9])))))))
alternative: (statement [9, 7] - [11, 1]
  (statement_block [9, 7] - [11, 1]
    (statement [10, 4] - [10, 10]
      (expression_statement [10, 4] - [10, 10]
        (expression [10, 4] - [10, 9]
          (assignment_expression [10, 4] - [10, 9]
            left: (identifier [10, 4] - [10, 5])
            right: (expression [10, 8] - [10, 9]
              (number [10, 8] - [10, 9])))))))
(statement [13, 0] - [17, 1]
(if_statement [13, 0] - [17, 1]
  condition: (parenthesized_expression [13, 3] - [13, 6]
    (expression [13, 4] - [13, 5]
      (identifier [13, 4] - [13, 5])))
  consequence: (statement [13, 7] - [15, 1]
    (statement_block [13, 7] - [15, 1]
      (statement [14, 4] - [14, 9]
        (expression_statement [14, 4] - [14, 9]
          (expression [14, 4] - [14, 9]
            (assignment_expression [14, 4] - [14, 9]
              left: (identifier [14, 4] - [14, 5])
              right: (expression [14, 8] - [14, 9]
                (number [14, 8] - [14, 9])))))))
alternative: (statement [15, 7] - [17, 1]
  (if_statement [15, 7] - [17, 1]
    condition: (parenthesized_expression [15, 10] - [15, 13]
      (expression [15, 11] - [15, 12]
        (identifier [15, 11] - [15, 12])))
    consequence: (statement [15, 14] - [17, 1]
      (statement_block [15, 14] - [17, 1]
        (statement [16, 4] - [16, 9]
          (expression_statement [16, 4] - [16, 9]
            (expression [16, 4] - [16, 9]
              (assignment_expression [16, 4] - [16, 9]
                left: (identifier [16, 4] - [16, 5])
                right: (expression [16, 8] - [16, 9]
                  (number [16, 8] - [16, 9])))))))

```

## if\_statement语句

```

statement: $ => choice(
    $.declaration,
    $.statement_block,
    $.expression_statement,
    $.if_statement
),

if_statement: $ => prec.right(seq(
    //week3 if语句
    'if',
    field('condition', $.parenthesized_expression),
    field('consequence', $.statement),
    optional(seq(
        'else',
        field('alternative', $.statement)
    ))
)),

parenthesized_expression: $ => seq(
    //week3 括号表达式,用于if_statement的条件部分

    '(',
    $.expression,
    ')'
),

```

在if\_statement中,

- 最前部的if用于匹配必须存在的if。
- field('condition', \$.parenthesized\_expression)用于匹配if语句中必须存在的条件部分即括号表达式。
- field('consequence', \$.statement)为if语句中必须存在的至少一个结果, 这个结果可以是statement中的任何一种 (这里我们去掉了statement中重复出现的statement\_block)。
- optional(seq('else', field('alternative', \$.statement)))这一段用于匹配if语句中可选的else或者else if这样的嵌套if\_statement, 这种情况下必然出现else, 以及statement则是后面的内容。这里, 如果是statement中的declaration, statement\_block, expression\_statement这三种之一则对应的是else语句, if\_statement则对应的是嵌套进入的if\_statement: else if{}语句。

在parenthesized\_expression中,

- 直接用'(', \$.expression, ')'进行括号表达式的匹配, 两侧的括号为必须有的左右括号, 中间为表达式expression。

## 变量声明

```
variable_declaration: $ => choice(
  // const声明必须初始化
  seq(
    field('kind', 'const'),
    field('name', $.identifier), // 变量名
    optional(field('type', $.type_annotation)), // 可选的类型注解
    seq('=', field('value', $.expression)), // 初始化表达式是必须的
    optional($_semicolon)
  ),
  // let声明初始化表达式是可选的
  seq(
    field('kind', 'let'),
    field('name', $.identifier),
    optional(field('type', $.type_annotation)),
    optional(seq('=', field('value', $.expression))), // 初始化表达式是可选的
    optional($_semicolon)
  )
),
```

在`variable_declaration`中，需要实现`let`和`const`的变量声明匹配。`const`关键字引导的声明必须在声明时给变量赋值，即必须包含初始化表达式；而`let`关键字引导的声明即可是带类型注解的也可以是带初始化表达式的。因此需要一个`choice`函数来对二者进行选择。

- `field('kind', '...')`用于匹配变量声明的关键字。关键字有两种选择：`let`和`const`。变量声明的关键字通常存储在`kind`属性中，因此使用`field('kind', ...)`来标识。
- 变量声明的关键字后紧跟着的是变量名，通过`field('name', $.identifier)`来匹配。与`week2`实验的函数参数名匹配类似，变量名由`identifier`来定义，并存储在`name`属性中。
- `let`引导的变量声明需支持带初始化和带类型注解两种类型，其中类型注解由`optional(field('type', $.type_annotation))`来匹配，并存储在`type`属性中。合法的类型由`type_annotation`来定义，包括`:any`、`:number`等。注意到`type_annotation`的定义中已经包括了冒号，因此无需单独对冒号进行匹配。
- 由`optional(seq('=', field('value', $.expression)))`匹配带初始化的变量声明。变量声明为一个`expression`，`expression`的定义中不包括等号，因此需要单独匹配等号。
- `const`引导的变量类型必须初始化，在初始化前也可选择注明类型，因此`field('type', $.type_annotation)`的匹配是可选的，而`seq('=', field('value', $.expression))`的匹配是必须的。
- `TypeScript`允许在变量声明语句后有一个可选的分号。

值得注意的是，`let`引导的变量声明的类型注解和初始化表达式的匹配都是可选的，这是因为`TypeScript`允许`let`型声明同时先后带有类型注解和初始化表达式，例如`let a: number = 3`；同时也允许`let`后只声明变量名，不进行赋值或表明类型，例如`let a`。

## 遇到的问题

- 在写变量声明部分时，一开始没有对`const`和`let`进行区分，对两者的选择是在匹配`field('kind', ...)`时进行。后来意识到`const`引导的声明必须在声明时赋值，即`seq('=', field('value', $.expression))`并非`optional`，因此将`choice`移到最外面，从最开始就对二者进行划分。