# Lab1

## 王宁森 周子轩 22307130058 22307130401

## 环境配置中遇到的问题

- 主要遇到的问题是在利用ubuntu 22.04直接使用apt安装nodejs得到的12.22.9版本过低,因此我手动利用nodesource添加了nodejs 18.20.6并进行了安装。
- tree-sitter generate指令默认编译grammar.js文件,若所提供的grammar文件名称不是grammar.js,则需要将其重命名为grammar.js,否则无法被编译。

# 运行输出截图

simpletest.java:

```
| eunice@eunice-VHware:-/Desktop/tree-sitter-typescript/comptler2025spring/lab1/simpletest.java
| (program [0, 0] - [12, 1]
| (class_declaration [0, 0] - [12, 1]
| (nodifiers [0, 0] - [0, 6])
| name: (identifier [0, 13] - [0, 23])
| body: (class_body [0, 24] - [12, 1])
| (method_declaration [2, 4] - [11, 5])
| (nodifiers [2, 4] - [2, 17])
| type: (void_type [2, 18] - [2, 22])
| name: (identifier [2, 23] - [2, 27])
| parameters: (formal_parameters [2, 27] - [2, 42])
| (formal_parameter [2, 28] - [2, 27])
| parameters: (formal_parameters [2, 27] - [2, 42])
| (formal_parameter [2, 28] - [2, 36])
| element: (type_identifier [2, 28] - [2, 36])
| dimensions: (dimensions [2, 34] - [2, 36]))
| name: (identifier [2, 37] - [2, 41])))
| body: (block [2, 43] - [11, 5])
| (line_comment [4, 8] - [4, 16])
| (local_variable_declaration [5, 8] - [5, 32])
| type: (integral_type [5, 8] - [5, 11])
| declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 12] - [5, 17])
| name: (identifier [5, 12] - [5, 13])
| value: (dectnal_integer_literal [5, 16] - [5, 17]))
| declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 19] - [5, 24])
| name: (identifier [5, 19] - [5, 20])
| value: (dectnal_integer_literal [5, 16] - [5, 31])
| value: (dectnal_integer_literal [5, 23] - [5, 24]))
| declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 26] - [5, 31])
| name: (identifier [5, 19] - [5, 20])
| value: (dectnal_integer_literal [5, 30] - [5, 31]))
| value: (dectnal_integer_literal [5, 30] - [5, 31]))
| if_statement [6, 8] - [10, 9]
| condition: (parenthesized_expression [6, 11] - [6, 18])
| (binary_expression_statement [7, 12] - [7, 22]
| (assignment_expression [7, 12] - [7, 21]
| left: (identifier [7, 20] - [7, 21]
| left: (identifier [7, 20] - [7, 21])
| left: (identifier [7, 20] - [7, 21])
| left: (identifier [9, 12] - [9, 18])
| (assignment_expression [7, 16] - [7, 17])
| left: (identifier [9, 12] - [9, 18])
| cunice@eunice-VWeare-------------
```

#### week1case.ts:

# simpletest.java抽象语法树解析

simpletest.java源代码:

```
public class SimpleTest {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        //分支
        int a = 1, b = 2, c = 3;
        if (x > 0) {
            x = a + b;
        } else {
            x = a;
        }
    }
}
```

#### tree-sitter生成的抽象语法树:

```
dimensions: (dimensions [2, 34] - [2, 36]))
   name: (identifier [2, 37] - [2, 41])))
body: (block [2, 43] - [11, 5]
  (line_comment [4, 8] - [4, 16])
  (local_variable_declaration [5, 8] - [5, 32]
   type: (integral_type [5, 8] - [5, 11])
   declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 12] - [5, 17]
     name: (identifier [5, 12] - [5, 13])
     value: (decimal_integer_literal [5, 16] - [5, 17]))
   declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 19] - [5, 24]
     name: (identifier [5, 19] - [5, 20])
     value: (decimal_integer_literal [5, 23] - [5, 24]))
   declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 26] - [5, 31]
     name: (identifier [5, 26] - [5, 27])
     value: (decimal_integer_literal [5, 30] - [5, 31])))
  (if_statement [6, 8] - [10, 9]
   condition: (parenthesized_expression [6, 11] - [6, 18]
      (binary_expression [6, 12] - [6, 17]
        left: (identifier [6, 12] - [6, 13])
        right: (decimal_integer_literal [6, 16] - [6, 17])))
   consequence: (block [6, 19] - [8, 9]
      (expression_statement [7, 12] - [7, 22]
        (assignment_expression [7, 12] - [7, 21]
          left: (identifier [7, 12] - [7, 13])
          right: (binary_expression [7, 16] - [7, 21]
            left: (identifier [7, 16] - [7, 17])
            right: (identifier [7, 20] - [7, 21])))))
   alternative: (block [8, 15] - [10, 9]
      (expression_statement [9, 12] - [9, 18]
        (assignment_expression [9, 12] - [9, 17]
          left: (identifier [9, 12] - [9, 13])
          right: (identifier [9, 16] - [9, 17])))))))))
```

## 分析:

```
(program [0, 0] - [12, 1] ....
```

以上为根节点 (program):整个文件被解析为一个程序节点,从文件开头 (第0行第0列) 到文件结束 (第12行第1列)。

## 根节点内部:

```
(class_declaration [0, 0] - [12, 1]
(modifiers [0, 0] - [0, 6])
name: (identifier [0, 13] - [0, 23])
```

```
body: (class_body [0, 24] - [12, 1]
...
)
```

类声明 (class\_declaration)表示整个 SimpleTest 类的声明。它包括:

```
modifiers [0, 0] - [0, 6]: 修饰符部分(这里是 public)。
name: (identifier [0, 13] - [0, 23]): 类名 SimpleTest。
body: (class_body [0, 24] - [12, 1]): 类体,包含类中的成员,在这里就是内部的main方法。
```

### 类体内部:

```
(method_declaration [2, 4] - [11, 5]
  (modifiers [2, 4] - [2, 17])
  type: (void_type [2, 18] - [2, 22])
  name: (identifier [2, 23] - [2, 27])
  parameters: (formal_parameters [2, 27] - [2, 42]
        (formal_parameter [2, 28] - [2, 41]
            type: (array_type [2, 28] - [2, 36]
            element: (type_identifier [2, 28] - [2, 34])
            dimensions: (dimensions [2, 34] - [2, 36]))
        name: (identifier [2, 37] - [2, 41])))
  body: (block [2, 43] - [11, 5]
...
))
```

方法声明(method declaration [2, 4] - [11, 5]) 对应 main 方法的声明,包含以下部分:

```
• modifiers [2, 4] - [2, 17]: 方法的修饰符, 这里是public static。
```

```
• type: (void type [2, 18] - [2, 22]): 返回类型 void。
```

- name: (identifier [2, 23] [2, 27]): 方法名 main。
- parameters: (formal\_parameters [2, 27] [2, 42]): 方法的参数部分,这里只有一个参数。 参数由两部分组成:

```
o type: (array_type [2, 28] - [2, 36])表示参数类型为数组,进一步细分为:
```

- element: (type\_identifier [2, 28] [2, 34]): 元素类型, 这里是 String。
- dimensions: (dimensions [2, 34] [2, 36]): 数组的维度标识 []。
- name: (identifier [2, 37] [2, 41])为参数名,即 args。
- body: (block [2, 43] [11, 5])方法体。

#### 方法体内部:

```
(line_comment [4, 8] - [4, 16])
```

行内注释节点。

```
(local_variable_declaration [5, 8] - [5, 32]
    type: (integral_type [5, 8] - [5, 11])
    declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 12] - [5, 17]
        name: (identifier [5, 12] - [5, 13])
        value: (decimal_integer_literal [5, 16] - [5, 17]))
    declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 19] - [5, 24]
        name: (identifier [5, 19] - [5, 20])
        value: (decimal_integer_literal [5, 23] - [5, 24]))
    declarator: (variable_declarator [5, 26] - [5, 31]
        name: (identifier [5, 26] - [5, 27])
        value: (decimal_integer_literal [5, 30] - [5, 31])))
```

局部变量声明: (local\_variable\_declaration [5, 8] - [5, 32]) 声明了局部变量 a、b 和 c:

- type: (integral\_type [5, 8] [5, 11]): 整型 int。
- 三个 variable\_declarator: 变量a, b, c, 依次初始化为1, 2, 3。

```
(if_statement [6, 8] - [10, 9]
 condition: (parenthesized_expression [6, 11] - [6, 18]
    (binary_expression [6, 12] - [6, 17]
      left: (identifier [6, 12] - [6, 13])
      right: (decimal_integer_literal [6, 16] - [6, 17])))
 consequence: (block [6, 19] - [8, 9]
    (expression_statement [7, 12] - [7, 22]
      (assignment_expression [7, 12] - [7, 21]
       left: (identifier [7, 12] - [7, 13])
        right: (binary_expression [7, 16] - [7, 21]
          left: (identifier [7, 16] - [7, 17])
          right: (identifier [7, 20] - [7, 21])))))
 alternative: (block [8, 15] - [10, 9]
    (expression_statement [9, 12] - [9, 18]
      (assignment_expression [9, 12] - [9, 17]
        left: (identifier [9, 12] - [9, 13])
        right: (identifier [9, 16] - [9, 17])))))
```

if 语句(if\_statement [6, 8] - [10, 9]) 表示 if 分支结构,包含条件condition、主分支consequence 和可选的 else 分支alternative:

- 条件部分 (condition):
  - 。 (parenthesized\_expression [6, 11] [6, 18]) 表示条件表达式被圆括号包围,其内部为:
    - (binary expression [6, 12] [6, 17])是一个二元表达式,其中:
      - left: (identifier [6, 12] [6, 13]): 标识符 x。
      - right: (decimal\_integer\_literal [6, 16] [6, 17]): 整型字面量 0。
      - 整个表达式表示 x > 0, 虽然树中没有显示运算符, 但它已经被识别为一个二元表达式。

• 主分支 (consequence):

```
。 (block [6, 19] - [8, 9])表示 if 条件为真时执行的代码块:
```

- 包含一个表达式语句(expression\_statement [7, 12] [7, 22]), 内部的赋值表达式:
  - (assignment\_expression [7, 12] [7, 21])将变量 x 赋值为 a + b:
    - 左侧: (identifier [7, 12] [7, 13])为x;
    - 右侧: (binary expression [7, 16] [7, 21])为 a + b:
      - left: (identifier [7, 16] [7, 17]) 是 a;
      - right: (identifier [7, 20] [7, 21]) 是 b。
- else 分支 (alternative):
  - o (block [8, 15] [10, 9])表示当if条件为假时执行的代码块:
    - 同样包含一个表达式语句: (expression\_statement [9, 12] [9, 18]), 内部为赋值表达式:
      - (assignment\_expression [9, 12] [9, 17])将 x 赋值为 a:
        - 左侧: (identifier [9, 12] [9, 13]) 为 x;
        - 右侧: (identifier [9, 16] [9, 17])为a。

# week1case.ts抽象语法树解析

week1case.td源代码:

```
// 单个函数
async function a() {
    // 两条赋值表达式
    x = b;
    x = c;
}
```

#### tree-sitter生成的抽象语法树:

```
(program [0, 0] - [3, 1]
 (statement [0, 0] - [3, 1]
   (declaration [0, 0] - [3, 1]
      (function_declaration [0, 0] - [3, 1]
       name: (identifier [0, 15] - [0, 16])
        (formal_parameters [0, 16] - [0, 18])
        body: (statement_block [0, 19] - [3, 1]
          (statement [1, 4] - [1, 10]
            (expression statement [1, 4] - [1, 10]
              (expression [1, 4] - [1, 9]
                (assignment_expression [1, 4] - [1, 9]
                  left: (expression [1, 4] - [1, 5]
                    (identifier [1, 4] - [1, 5]))
                  right: (expression [1, 8] - [1, 9]
                    (identifier [1, 8] - [1, 9]))))))
          (statement [2, 4] - [2, 10]
```

```
(expression_statement [2, 4] - [2, 10]
  (expression [2, 4] - [2, 9]
        (assignment_expression [2, 4] - [2, 9]
        left: (expression [2, 4] - [2, 5]
              (identifier [2, 4] - [2, 5]))
        right: (expression [2, 8] - [2, 9]
              (identifier [2, 8] - [2, 9]))))))))))))
```

## 分析:

```
(program [0, 0] - [3, 1]

(statement [0, 0] - [3, 1]

(declaration [0, 0] - [3, 1]

...
```

这里有三个节点,分别为program、statement和declaration节点。program节点表示整个程序,其中包含一个表示程序中一条语句的statement节点;statement节点包含一个declaration节点,表明一个声明语句。这三层节点的范围都是[0,0] - [3,1],因为这个代码只有一个函数。

```
...
  (function_declaration [0, 0] - [3, 1]
    name: (identifier [0, 15] - [0, 16])
    (formal_parameters [0, 16] - [0, 18])
    body: (statement_block [0, 19] - [3, 1]
    ...
```

function\_declaration节点表示一个函数的声明,包含三个部分: name函数名(此处为a)、formal\_parameters函数的参数(此处为空列表,该函数无参数)和body函数体。

body里是函数的主体部分。该函数共有两行指令,  $x = b \pi x = c$ 。上述语法树片段对应第一行指令x = b,这个statement的范围为[1,4] - [1,10]。这个指令是一个assignment\_expression,即赋值表达式。该赋值表达式等号左侧和右侧内容分别由left和right给出,其中的identifier分别表示x和b。

该部分与上一部分类似,表示赋值表达式x = c,此处不赘述。