

•auction.sol

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: ATU-1.0
// Verifier: king; wechat group: pkutoken

pragma solidity ^0.8.13;
contract Auction {
    // 拍卖的参数。
    address payable public beneficiary;
    // 时间是unix的绝对时间戳（自1970-01-01以来的秒数）
    uint public auctionEnd;
}

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    // 时间是unix的绝对时间戳（自1970-01-01以来的秒数）
    uint public auctionEnd;
    // 拍卖的当前状态
    address public highestBidder;
    uint public highestBid;

    //可以取回的之前的出价
    mapping(address => uint) pendingReturns;

    // 拍卖结束后设为 true，将禁止所有的变更
    bool ended;

    // 变更触发的事件
    event HighestBidIncreased(address bidder, uint amount);
    event AuctionEnded(address winner, uint amount);

    // 创建一个简单的拍卖，拍卖时间为 `_biddingTime` 秒。
    constructor(uint256 _biddingTime, address payable _beneficiary) {
        beneficiary = _beneficiary;
        auctionEnd = block.timestamp + _biddingTime;
    }

    /// 对拍卖进行出价，具体的出价随交易一起发送。
    /// 如果没有在拍卖中胜出，则返还出价。
    function bid() public payable {
        // 对于能接收以太币的函数，关键字 payable 是必须的。

        // 如果拍卖已结束，撤销函数的调用。
        require(
            block.timestamp <= auctionEnd,
            "Auction already ended."
        );
    }
}
```

```

// 如果出价不够高，返还你的钱
require(
    msg.value > highestBid,
    "There already is a higher bid."
);

if (highestBid != 0) {
    pendingReturns[highestBidder] += highestBid;
}
highestBidder = msg.sender;
highestBid = msg.value;
emit HighestBidIncreased(msg.sender, msg.value);
}

/// 取回出价（当该出价已被超越）
function withdraw() public returns (bool) {
    uint amount = pendingReturns[msg.sender];

    address payable _payableAddr = payable(msg.sender);
    if (amount > 0) {
        pendingReturns[_payableAddr] = 0;
        if (!_payableAddr.send(amount)) {
            pendingReturns[msg.sender] = amount;
            return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}

/// 结束拍卖，并把最高的出价发送给受益人
function AuctionEnd() public {
    // 1. 条件
    require(block.timestamp >= auctionEnd, "Auction not yet ended.");
    require(!ended, "auctionEnd has already been called.");

    // 2. 生效
    ended = true;
    emit AuctionEnded(highestBidder, highestBid);

    // 3. 交互
    beneficiary.transfer(highestBid);
}
}

```

•2_deploy_contracts.js

```

var Auction = artifacts.require('./Auction.sol');

module.exports = function(deployer) {
    deployer.deploy(Auction, 600, "0x5C3d0BB74671C9D60EE25783a5720Ab6929a67b1");
}

```

·truffle-config.js

/**

- Use this file to configure your truffle project. It's seeded with some
- common settings for different networks and features like migrations,
- compilation, and testing. Uncomment the ones you need or modify
- them to suit your project as necessary.

*

- More information about configuration can be found at:

*

- <https://trufflesuite.com/docs/truffle/reference/configuration>

*

- Hands-off deployment with Infura
-

- *

- Do you have a complex application that requires lots of transactions to deploy?

- Use this approach to make deployment a breeze 🤖:

*

- Infura deployment needs a wallet provider (like @truffle/hdwallet-provider)

- to sign transactions before they're sent to a remote public node.

- Infura accounts are available for free at 🔍: <https://infura.io/register>

*

- You'll need a mnemonic - the twelve word phrase the wallet uses to generate

- public/private key pairs. You can store your secrets 😬 in a .env file.

- In your project root, run `$ npm install dotenv`.

- Create .env (which should be .gitignored) and declare your MNEMONIC

- and Infura PROJECT_ID variables inside.

- For example, your .env file will have the following structure:

*

- MNEMONIC = <Your 12 phrase mnemonic>

- PROJECT_ID =

*

- Deployment with Truffle Dashboard (Recommended for best security practice)
-

- *

- Are you concerned about security and minimizing rekt status 😬?

- Use this method for best security:

*

- Truffle Dashboard lets you review transactions in detail, and leverages

- MetaMask for signing, so there's no need to copy-paste your mnemonic.

- More details can be found at 🔍:

*

- <https://trufflesuite.com/docs/truffle/getting-started/using-the-truffle-dashboard/>
*/

```
// require('dotenv').config();
// const { MNEMONIC, PROJECT_ID } = process.env;

// const HDWalletProvider = require('@truffle/hdwallet-provider');
```

```
module.exports = {
  /**
```

- Networks define how you connect to your ethereum client and let you set the defaults web3 uses to send transactions. If you don't specify one truffle
- will spin up a managed Ganache instance for you on port 9545 when you
- run `develop` or `test`. You can ask a truffle command to use a specific
- network from the command line, e.g
*
- `$ truffle test --network`
*/

```
networks: {
```

```
  // Useful for testing. The development name is special - truffle uses it by default
  // if it's defined here and no other network is specified at the command line.
  // You should run a client (like ganache, geth, or parity) in a separate terminal
  // tab if you use this network and you must also set the host, port and network_id
  // options below to some value.
  //
```

```
  development: {
    host: "127.0.0.1", // Localhost (default: none)
    port: 8545, // Standard Ethereum port (default: none)
    network_id: "*", // Any network (default: none)
  },
  //
```

```
  // An additional network, but with some advanced options...
```

```
  // advanced: {
  //   port: 8777, // Custom port
  //   network_id: 1342, // Custom network
  //   gas: 8500000, // Gas sent with each transaction (default: ~6700000)
  //   gasPrice: 20000000000, // 20 gwei (in wei) (default: 100 gwei)
  //   from:

```

```
, // Account to send transactions from (default: accounts[0]) // websocket: true // Enable EventEmitter
interface for web3 (default: false) // }, // // Useful for deploying to a public network. // Note: It's
important to wrap the provider as a function to ensure truffle uses a new provider every time. // goerli:
{ // provider: () => new HDWalletProvider(MNEMONIC,
  https://goerli.infura.io/v3/${PROJECT_ID}), // network_id: 5, // Goerli's id // confirmations: 2,
  // # of confirmations to wait between deployments. (default: 0) // timeoutBlocks: 200, // # of blocks
  before a deployment times out (minimum/default: 50) // skipDryRun: true // Skip dry run before
  migrations? (default: false for public nets ) // }, // // Useful for private networks // private: { // provider:
  () => new HDWalletProvider(MNEMONIC, https://network.io), // network_id: 2111, // This network
  is yours, in the cloud. // production: true // Treats this network as if it was a public net. (default: false) //
  } },
```

```

// Set default mocha options here, use special reporters, etc.
mocha: {
  // timeout: 100000
},

// Configure your compilers
compilers: {
  solc: {
    version: "0.8.17" // Fetch exact version from solc-bin (default: truffle's version)
    // docker: true,      // Use "0.5.1" you've installed locally with docker (default: false)
    // settings: {        // See the solidity docs for advice about optimization and evmVersion
    //   optimizer: {
    //     enabled: false,
    //     runs: 200
    //   },
    //   evmVersion: "byzantium"
    // }
  }
}

// Truffle DB is currently disabled by default; to enable it, change enabled:
// false to enabled: true. The default storage location can also be
// overridden by specifying the adapter settings, as shown in the commented code below.
//
// NOTE: It is not possible to migrate your contracts to truffle DB and you should
// make a backup of your artifacts to a safe location before enabling this feature.
//
// After you backed up your artifacts you can utilize db by running migrate as follows:
// $ truffle migrate --reset --compile-all
//
// db: {
//   enabled: false,
//   host: "127.0.0.1",
//   adapter: {
//     name: "indexeddb",
//     settings: {
//       directory: ".db"
//     }
//   }
// }
};

```