

8.2 实例: "Python蟒蛇绘制"





#### 用程序绘制一条蟒蛇

- 貌似很有趣,可以来试试

- 先学会蟒蛇绘制,再绘朵玫瑰花送给TA



设计蟒蛇的基本形状





#### 用程序绘制一条蟒蛇

- 问题1: 计算机绘图是什么原理?
  - 一段程序为何能够产生窗体?为何能在窗体上绘制图形?
- 问题2: Python蟒蛇绘制从哪里开始呢?

如何绘制一条线?如何绘制一个弧形?如何绘制一个蟒蛇?



#### 用程序绘制一条蟒蛇

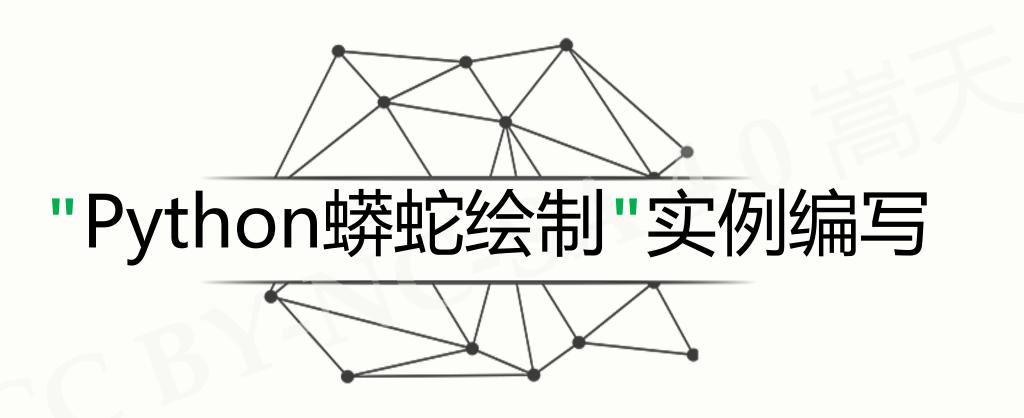
实例1: 温度转换



Python蟒蛇绘制

能否借鉴?





```
#PythonDraw.py
import turtle
turtle.setup(650, 350, 200, 200)
turtle.penup()
turtle.fd(-250)
turtle.pendown()
turtle.pensize(25)
turtle.pencolor("purple")
turtle.seth(-40)
for i in range(4):
    turtle.circle(40, 80)
    turtle.circle(-40, 80)
turtle.circle(40, 80/2)
turtle.fd(40)
turtle.circle(16, 180)
turtle.fd(40 * 2/3)
turtle.done()
```



#### 使用IDLE的文件方式

编写代码

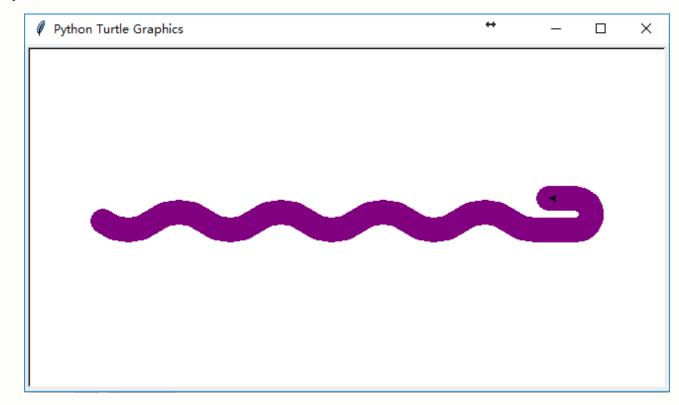
并保存为

PythonDraw.py 文件



### 运行效果

### IDLE打开文件,按F5运行



#### #PythonDraw.py

#### import turtle

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#### 程序关键



#### import 保留字

#### 引入了一个绘图库

名字叫: turtle

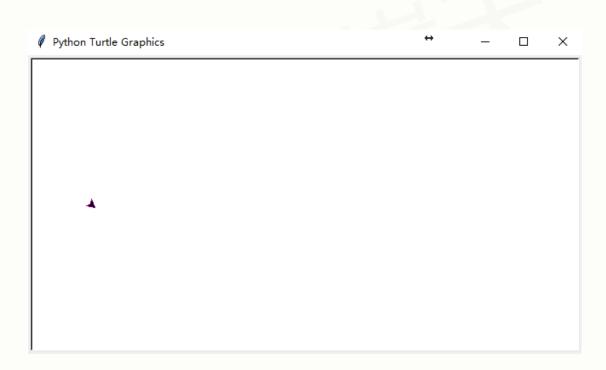
没错,就是海龟





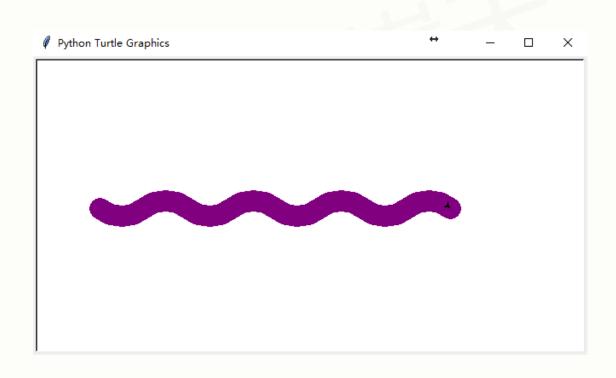
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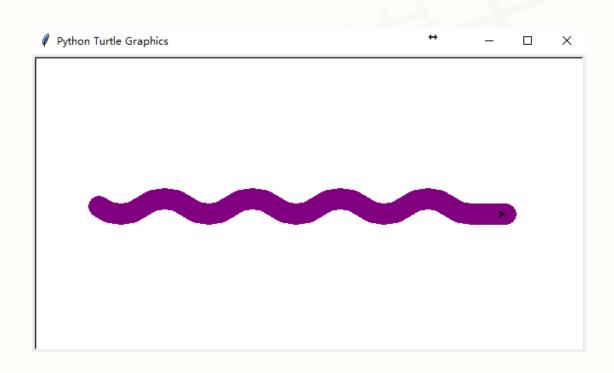
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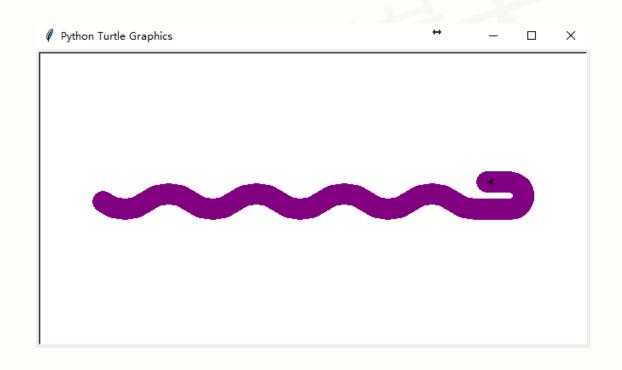
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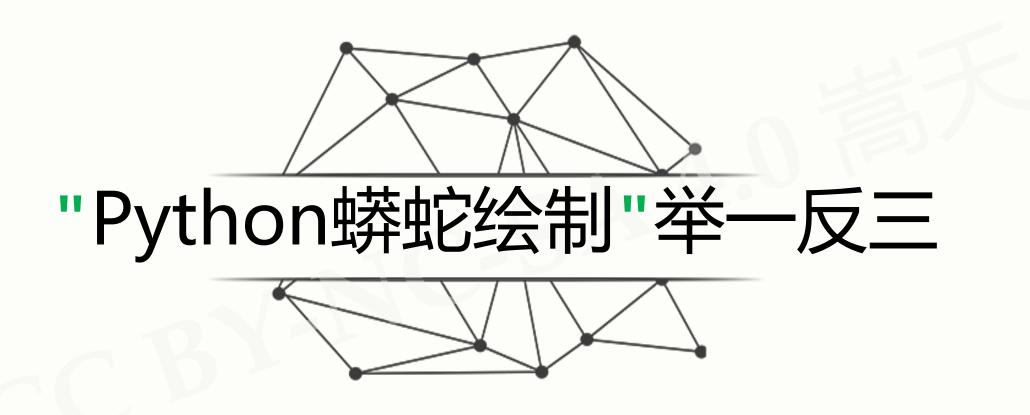


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### 举一反三





### Python语法元素理解

- Python蟒蛇绘制共17行代码,但很多行类似
- 清楚理解这17行代码能够掌握Python基本绘图方法
- 参考框架结构、逐行分析、逐词理解



### 举一反三

#### 程序参数的改变

- Python蟒蛇的颜色:黑色、白色、七彩色...

- Python蟒蛇的长度: 1节、3节、10节...

- Python蟒蛇的方向: 向左走、斜着走...

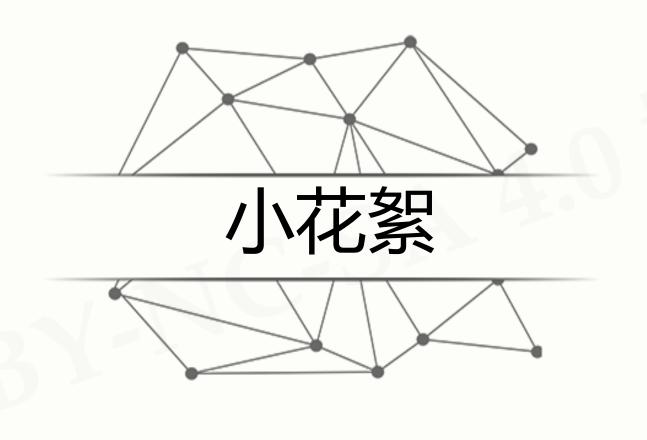


## 举一反三

#### 计算问题的扩展

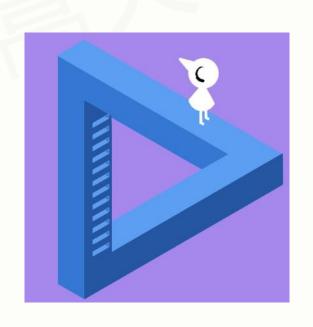
- Python蟒蛇绘制问题是各类图像绘制问题的代表
- 圆形绘制、五角星绘制、国旗绘制、机器猫绘制...
- 掌握绘制一条线的方法,就可以绘制整个世界







### 小惊喜:这些图像都是Python海龟的作品

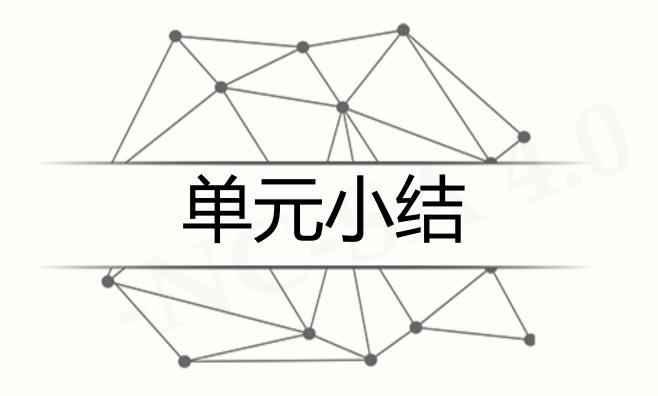






更多作品请参考: https://python123.io/index/turtle\_drawing





### turtle程序语法元素分析



- 库引用: import、from...import、import...as...
- penup(), pendown(), pensize(), pencolor()
- fd()、circle()、seth()

循环语句: for和in、range()函数

