

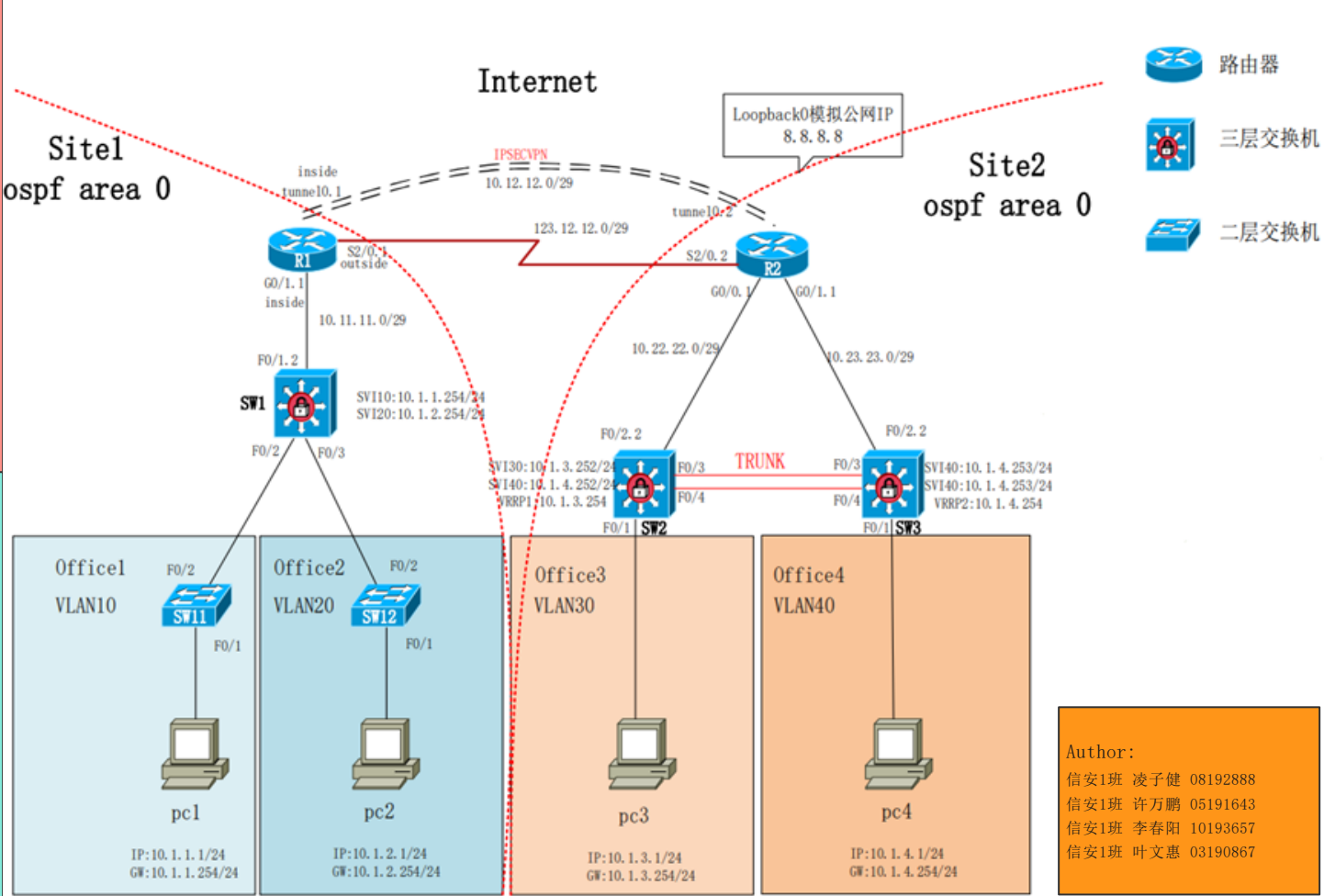
```
SW1:
enable                                ! 修改主机名
configure terminal
hostname SW1
spanning-treenableing-tree  ! 开启生成树
! 该指令错误, 修正为: spanning-tree
spanning-treenableing-tree mode rstp
! 该指令错误, 修正为: spanning-tree mode rstp
vlan 10                                ! 创建vlan
vlan 20
interface f0/2                        ! 划分vlan
switch mode access
switch access vlan 10
no shutdown
interface f0/3
switch mode access
switch access vlan 20
no shutdown
interface vlan 10                    ! 进入svi口
ip address 10.1.1.254 255.255.255.0  ! 设置svi的ip地址
no shutdown                        ! 打开接口
interface vlan 20                    ! 设置svi口
ip address 10.1.2.254 255.255.255.0
no shutdown
interface f0/1                        ! 进入接口
no switch                            ! 关闭交换功能(打开路由功能)
ip address 10.11.11.2 255.255.255.248  ! 配置ip
no shutdown                        ! 开启接口
router ospf 1                        ! 开启ospf进程1
network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0  ! 在area0中宣告网段10.1.1.0/24
network 10.1.2.0 0.0.0.255 area 0  ! 宣告网段10.1.2.0/24
network 10.11.11.0 0.0.0.7 area 0  ! 宣告网段10.11.11.0/29
```

```
SW2:
enable                                ! 修改主机名
configure terminal
hostname switch3
vlan 30                                ! 创建vlan
vlan 40                                ! 创建vlan40并设置svi40接口
interface vlan 40
ip address 10.1.4.254 255.255.255.0
no shutdown
interface r f0/3-4
switch mode trunk
no shutdown
interface f0/1                        ! vlan划分
switch mode access
switch access vlan 40
no shutdown
spanning-tree  ! 配置mst生成树
spanning-tree mode mst  ! 生成树模式mst
spanning-tree mst conf  ! 配置mst
instance 2 vlan 40
instance 1 vlan 30
spanning-tree mst 2 prio 0
spanning-tree mst 1 prio 4096
interface f0/2                        ! 关闭交换功能, 打开路由功能
no switch
ip address 10.23.23.2 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
router ospf 1  ! 开启ospf进程1并宣告网段
network 10.23.23.0 0.0.0.7 area 0
network 10.1.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 10.1.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
ip access-list extenabled 100  ! 拓展访问控制列表100
deny ip hostnamet 10.1.4.1 host 8.8.8.8
! 拒绝主机10.1.4.1访问主机8.8.8.8
permit ip any any  ! 放行所有流量
interface f0/1                        ! 进入接口f0/1并在入方向接口下调用ACL100
ip access-group 100 in
```

```
SW11:
enable                                ! 特权模式
configure terminal
hostname SW11                        ! 命名
vlan 10                                ! 创建vlan10
spanning-tree                        ! 开启生成树
spanning-tree mode rstp              ! 设置生成树模式rstp
interface f0/1                        ! 进入接口
switch mode access
switch access vlan 10                ! 给接口划分vlan
no shutdown                          ! 打开接口
interface f0/2                        ! 划分vlan
switch mode access
switch access vlan 10
no shutdown
```

```
SW12:
enable                                ! 进入特权模式修改主机名
configure terminal
hostname SW12
vlan 20                                ! 创建vlan
spanning-tree                        ! 开启生成树
spanning-tree mode rstp
interface f0/1                        ! 划分vlan
switch mode access
switch access vlan 20
no shutdown
interface f0/2                        ! 划分vlan
switch mode access
switch access vlan 20
no shutdown
```

```
SW2:
enable                                ! 修改主机名
configure terminal
hostname switch2
vlan 30                                ! 创建vlan
vlan 40
interface vlan 30
ip address 10.1.3.254 255.255.255.0
no shutdown
interface r f0/3-4
switch mode trunk
no shutdown
interface f0/1                        ! vlan划分
switch mode access
switch access vlan 30
no shutdown
spanning-tree  ! 开启生成树
spanning-tree mode mst  ! 生成树模式mst
spanning-tree mst conf  ! 配置mst
instance 1 vlan 30  ! 划分vlan30到mst实例1
instance 2 vlan 40
spanning-tree mst 1 prio 0  ! 配置实例1优先级(本地最高)
spanning-tree mst 2 prio 4096  ! 配置实例2优先级
interface f0/2                        ! 关闭交换功能配置三层ip
no switch
ip address 10.22.22.2 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
router ospf 1  ! 开启ospf进程并在areaa 0中宣告路由
network 10.22.22.0 0.0.0.7 area 0
network 10.1.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 10.1.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
ip access-list stand 10  ! 标准的访问控制列表10
permit hostnamet 10.1.3.1  ! 放行源地址是10.1.3.1的所有流量
interface f0/1                        ! 进入接口
ip access-group 10 in  ! 将ACL10接口下调用在接口的入方向
```



```
R1:
enable
configure terminal
hostname R1
interface gi0/1                        ! 给接口配置ip
ip address 10.11.11.1 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
interface s2/0
ip address 123.12.12.1 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
interface tunnel 0                    ! 配置tunnel口
tunnel mode gre ip
tunnel source 123.12.12.1
tunnel destination 123.12.12.2
ip address 10.12.12.1 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
router ospf 1                        ! ospf进程1
network 10.11.11.0 0.0.0.7 area 0  ! 宣告接口
network 10.12.12.0 0.0.0.7 area 0
default-info originate  ! 给邻居下发默认路由
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 s2/0  ! 配置静态默认路由
ip access-list extend NAT  ! 拓展ACL NAT
permit ip 10.1.0.0 0.0.255.255 hostnamet 8.8.8.8
! 允许源自10.1.0.0/16的ip层流量访问主机8.8.8.8
exit  ! 退出
ip nat inside source list NAT interface s2/0 overload
! 动态nat在s2/0接口端口复用
interface s2/0
ip nat outside  ! nat流量为出方向
interface tunnel0
ip nat inside  ! nat流量进方向
interface gi0/1
ip nat inside  ! nat流量进方向
```

```
R2:
enable
configure terminal
hostname R2
interface gi0/0                        ! 打开接口配置ip
ip address 10.22.22.1 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
interface gi0/1
ip address 10.23.23.1 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
interface s2/0
ip address 123.12.12.2 255.255.255.248
no shutdown
interface tunnel 0                    ! 进入tunnel口0
tunnel mode gre ip  ! tunnel模式为gre, ip支持ipv4
tunnel source 123.12.12.2  ! 设置tunnel源地址
tunnel destination 123.12.12.1  ! 设置tunnel目的地址
ip address 10.12.12.2 255.255.255.248  ! 给tunnel口配置ip地址
no shutdown  ! 开启接口
interface lo 0                        ! 进入环回接口loopback0
ip address 8.8.8.8 255.255.255.255  ! 配置ip
router ospf 1                        ! ospf进程1
network 10.22.22.0 0.0.0.7 area 0  ! 在areaa 0宣告路由
network 10.23.23.0 0.0.0.7 area 0
network 10.12.12.0 0.0.0.7 area
```

```
RRRP:
SW2:
int vlan 30
ip address 10.1.3.252 255.255.255.0
vrrp 1 version 2  ! vrrp进程1版本2
vrrp 1 ip 10.1.3.254  ! 虚拟网关10.1.3.254
vrrp 1 prio 100  ! 本地进程优先级100(主)
vrrp 1 preempt  ! 开启抢占, 进程优先级高的会抢占成为主设备
vrrp 1 track f0/2 20  ! 监控f0/2状态, 如果异常优先级降低20
int vlan40
Ip add 10.1.4.252 255.255.255.0
vrrp 2 version 2  ! 进程1版本2
vrrp 2 ip 10.1.4.254  ! 虚拟网关10.1.4.254
vrrp 2 prio 99  ! 本地进程优先级99(备)
vrrp 2 preempt  ! 开启抢占
vrrp 2 track f0/2 20  ! 监控f0/2口状态, 异常降低优先级
SW3:
int vlan 30
ip address 10.1.3.253 255.255.255.0
vrrp 1 version 2  ! 版本
vrrp 1 ip 10.1.3.254  ! 虚拟网关
vrrp 1 prio 99  ! 优先级(备)
vrrp 1 pre  ! 抢占
vrrp 1 track f0/2 20  ! 监控端口
int vlan 40
ip add 10.1.4.253 255.255.255.0
vrrp 2 version 2  ! 版本
vrrp 2 ip 10.1.4.254  ! 虚拟网关
vrrp 2 prio 100  ! 优先级(主)
vrrp 2 pre  ! 抢占
vrrp 2 track f0/2 20  ! 监控端口
```

```
ISEPC:
R1:
ip access-list extend 100  ! 拓展ACL抓取加密感兴趣流
per ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
crypto isakmp police 10  ! ike第一阶段 策略10
! 该指令错误, 修正为: crypto isakmp police 10
encry 3des  ! 加密算法3des
authen preshare  ! 协商方法预共享密钥
group 2  ! 密钥长度1024
crypto isakmp key 7 ruijie add 10.12.12.2
! 该指令错误, 修正为: crypto isakmp key 7 ruijie add 10.12.12.2
! 加密的共享密钥ruijie, 对端ip10.12.12.2
crypto ipsec transform-set IPSEC esp-aes-256 esp-sha-hmac
! ike第二阶段, 设置传输集IPSEC, 约定esp协议封装数据包、加密算法256位aes、哈希算法sha
mode tunnel  ! 加密模式位传输
crypto map VPN 1 ipsec-isakmp  ! 配置加密映射表VPN策略1
! 该指令错误, 修正为: crypto map VPN 1 ipsec-isakmp
set transform-set IPSEC  ! 设定传输集IPSEC
set peer 10.12.12.2  ! 设置对端ip10.12.12.2
match add 100  ! 匹配感兴趣流量
int tunnel0
crypto map VPN  ! 接口下调用加密策略
```

```
R2:
ip access-list extend 100  ! 同上
per ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255
crypto isakmp police 10
! 该指令错误, 修正为: crypto isakmp police 10
encry 3des
authen preshare
group 2
crypto isakmp key 7 ruijie add 10.12.12.1
! 该指令错误, 修正为: crypto isakmp key 7 ruijie add 10.12.12.1
crypto ipsec transform-set IPSEC esp-aes-256 esp-sha -hmac
mode tunnel
crypto map VPN 1 ipsec-isakmp
! 该指令错误, 修正为: crypto map VPN 1 ipsec-isakmp
set transform-set IPSEC
set peer 10.12.12.1
match add 100
int tunnel0
crypto map VPN
```

```
端口安全:
SW2/SW3:
interface f0/1
sw port-sec mac-address sticky  ! 端口安全自动绑定mac
sw port-sec violation shutdown  ! 发生违规自动关闭端口
```

```
交换机端口限速:
SW1:
enable
configure terminal
ip access-list standard qoslimit1  ! 定义访问控制列表
permit host 10.1.1.254  ! 定义需要限速的数据流
exit
class-map classmap1  ! 设置分类映射图
match access-group qoslimit1  ! 匹配访问控制列表
exit
policy-map policymap1  ! 设置策略映射图
class classmap1  ! 匹配分类映射图
police 1000000 65536 exceed-action drop  ! 带宽限制为1Mbps, 猝发数据量为 64k/sec
exit
interface fa0/2
mls qos trust cos  ! 启动 Qos, 并且设置信任模式为 cos
service-policy input policymap1  ! 应用策略
```