

CSE 259 - Logic in Computer Science

Recitation-9

List in Prolog

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Lists

- Similar to Python lists
- Important to understand so that we can use it on project-3

Lists

- Lists in Prolog is specified using square brackets
- Example: [mia, vincent, jules, yolanda]

Lists

- All sorts of Prolog objects can be elements of a list
- Example: [mia, car(toyota), X, 2]

Lists

- Lists can be empty
- Example: []

Lists

- Lists can contain other lists as elements
- Example: [mia, [apple, banana], [toyota, honda]]

Lists

- Lists have two parts: **head** and **tail**. The first element is head, and the rest of the part is tail

```
?- [Head | Tail] = [mia, vincent, Yolanda, Jules].  
Head = mia,  
Tail = [vincent, Yolanda, Jules].
```

Lists

- The head and the tail can have any name like variables.

```
?- [X | Y] = [1, 2, 4, []].  
X = 1,  
Y = [2, 4, []].
```


Lists

- Only non-empty lists have head and tail

```
?- [X | Y] = [].  
false.
```

Lists

- If there's only one element in the list then it is assigned to head

```
?- [X | Y] = [1].
```

```
X = 1,
```

```
Y = [].
```

```
?- ■
```

Lists

- Extracting the first two elements from a list

```
?- [X, Y | W] = [[], dead(z), [2, [b, c]]].  
X = [],  
Y = dead(z),  
W = [[2, [b, c]]].
```

```
?- ■
```

Lists

- Suppose we want to get the 2nd and the 4th element of the list!

```
?- [X1, X2, X3, X4 | Tail] = [[], dead(z), [2, [b, c]], [], Z].  
X1 = X4, X4 = [],  
X2 = dead(z),  
X3 = [2, [b, c]],  
Tail = [Z].
```

```
?-
```

Lists

- Instead of binding the values to so many variables, we can use Anonymous variables.

```
?- [_ , X2 , _ , X4 | _] = [[], dead(z), [2, [b, c]], [], Z].  
X2 = dead(z),  
X4 = [].
```

```
?-
```

Lists

- Extracting elements from a list that is inside another list. Suppose inside a list the 5th member is another list and we want to extract the 1st and 3rd member of that list.

`[[], 1, 2, 5, [90, 93, 94, 97, 99], 100, dead(monkey)]`.

Lists

- Extracting elements from a list that is inside another list. Suppose inside a list the 5th member is another list and we want to extract the 1st and 3rd member of that list.

```
?- [_ , _ , _ , _ , [X1 , _ , X3 | _] | _] = [[], 1, 2, 5, [4, 5, 21], dead(monkey), 100].  
X1 = 4,  
X3 = 21.  
~
```