## Intro to MATLAB

## Learning Objectives

* Get to know the MATLAB environment
* Assign values to variables
* Learn about MATLAB arrays
* Load data, perform operations on arrays of data
* Display simple graphs.

**Part 1 – The MATLAB Environment**

Current Folder

Command Window

Workspace => Temporary memory

Search Documentation

**Part 2 – Assigning Variables**

Assigning a variable, explain semi-colon

X = 1;

Y = 1;

Z = X + Y;

Variable names must begin with a letter, and can contain numbers or underscores

Variable arithmetic (plus, negative, divide, multiply)

Vectors (row, column, transpose, size) - use [ ]

X = [1 2 3];

Matrices

X = [1 2 3; 4 5 6];

Characters and strings – use ‘ ‘

X = 'hello Matlab';

%% Challenge 1

% Make a variable called 'age\_2015' and set it equal to your current age.

% Make another variable called 'age\_2025', set this variable to Age\_2015

% plus 10.

% Make another variable (Choose a name) and set it equal to half your age.

Explain how random numbers are generated, use of rand and randi command

random\_nums = rand(4)

random\_ints = randi([0 10],3,3)

Count how many participants are present and use randperm command to divide them in teams (Valour, Mystic, Instinct). For instance, if 15 participants are present, give each participant a unique number between 1 and 15, then use

teams = randperm(15)

Then assign first 5 numbers to Mystic, next five to Valor and last five to Instinct.

%% Challenge 2

% create a square matrix in your workspace that is filled with random

% numbers

% HINT: randi([a b],Nrows,Ncols), creates a random matrix filled

% with numbers between a and b, and of the size specified by Nrows x Ncols

% randi([-10 10],2,3) is a matrix with 2 rows, and 3 columns,

% containing numbers between -10 and 10

% try it out! (highlight the following line and press F9)

random\_matrix = randi([-10 10],2,3)

**Part 3 – Loading Data**

Pokemon Evolution data (each row: individual pokemon, first column: Pokemon Name, second column: Pokedex Number, third column: Combat Power (CP) before evolution, fourth column: CP after evolution, fifth column: player level)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Name | Pokedex Num CP before | | CP after | Player level |
| Pokemon 1 | … |  |  |  |  |
| Pokemon 2 |  | … |  |  |  |
| Pokemon 3 |  |  | … |  |  |
| … |  |  |  | … |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | … |

Show how to import data from excel file using import data button in home ribbon

Import data directly, also show how to generate code. Go through generated code, explain xlsread and show in documentation

**Concatenating Data – “Putting Numeric Data together”**

Make a new variable Pokemon\_CP\_all

Pokemon\_CP\_all = [Pokedex\_Num CP\_after CP\_before Level];

**Indexing Data – “Taking Slices”**

Look at the first pokemon – use matrix\_name(row index, column index )

Pokemon1\_Data = Pokemon\_CP\_all(1,:);

Look at second pokemon, all data

Pokemon2\_Data = Pokemon\_CP\_all (2,:);

Look at all pokemons, CP before

AllPokemons\_CP\_before = Pokemon\_CP\_all(:,2);

Look at all pokemons before and after CP together

AllPatient\_5Days = Pokemon\_CP\_all(:,2:3);

More vector making

AllNumbers = 1:10; % start:step:end

EverySecondNumber = 1:2:10;

Look at CP before, every second pokemon

All\_CP\_before\_AlternatePokemons = Pokemon\_CP\_all(1:2:end,2);

CHALLENGE:

%% NEED A BETTER CHALLENGE

**RECAP**

Define vectors and matrices with [ ]

Define strings and characters with ‘ ‘, and squish them together with [ ]

Index a matrix or vector with ( )

**Part 4 – Analysing Data**

Construct a new variable Pokemon\_CP

Pokemon\_CP = [CP\_before CP\_after];

Finding the mean CP of all Pokemons – use documentation

mean(Pokemon\_CP (:))

 maximum, minimum and standard deviation

max(Pokemon\_CP (:))

min(Pokemon\_CP (:))

std(Pokemon\_CP (:))

We can also save multiple values to variables

**Part 5 – Displaying Data**

We have a lot of dimensions to look at. A good place to start is visualizing

Show them the plot tab

Heat map

imagesc(Pokemon\_CP)

Of course we can also perform calculations on different dimensions

This is average before and after CP of all Pokemons

mean(Pokemon\_CP, 1)

Dimension 2

This is the average CP of each Pokemon including before and after evolution CP

mean(Pokemon\_CP, 2)

CHALLENGE:

%% Challenge 3 - Part 3

% You saw how to calculate the mean CP for different

% dimensions

% Now create a variable that contains the maximum CP for each Pokemon

% and another with the maximum before and after CP over all Pokemons.

% HINT: Using max on different dimensions is not exactly the same as mean -

% check the documentation!!

%% EXTENSION

% Plot your result (maximum CP for each Pokemon)

% Repeat for min and std.