

Computer Science and Engineering

Sharit Software Design Description

Version 1.0

Document Number: SDD-001

Team B6

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REVISION LEVEL

Date	Revision Number	Purpose
October 25, 2016	Version 1.0	Initial Release

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to specify the overall design of Sharit and to characterize its architecture. This document is intended for the development team and management.

1.2 Scope

The project is a website that facilitates conversations and file sharing between people from a common organization. The layout will be a clean and simple format for easy intuitive understanding. Organizations will have a domain that will be split into smaller pieces, such as the subdomain and topics. Users will have permissions regarding which organization domain and subsequent subdomains they may access.

Students can use this service to post notes for the underclassmen and receive feedback on their work. Students will be able to collaborate and create notebooks that can be shared with other students in the class. This will benefit those who may not have been able to attend school for that day or those who want to use this platform to study for an upcoming exam. The key to our platform is organization of uploaded files; we want people to be able to look up the file they want and quickly access it or ask the owner of the file to grant permission to access.

Upon release, students that are part of the NYU can access the site with the email and creating a password. Teachers can also access the site with their NYU credentials.

1.3 Identification

This document is the Software Design Description for Sharit. This is revision 1.0, number 1. This document will be released on 10/25/16.

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1.4 Document Summary

The software design description (SDD) aims at defining, in detail, the core functionalities of the Sharit system, its implementation, design, class architecture, deployment methods and definitions of components.

1.5 System Overview

Students can use this service to post notes for the underclassmen and receive feedback on their work. Students will be able to collaborate and create notebooks that can be shared with other students in the class. This will benefit those who may not have been able to attend school for that day or those who want to use this platform to study for an upcoming exam. The key to our platform is organization of uploaded files; we want people to be able to look up the file they want and quickly access it or ask the owner of the file to grant permission to access.

The project is a website that facilitates conversations and file sharing between people from a common organization. The layout will be a clean and simple format for easy intuitive understanding. Organizations will have a domain that will be split into smaller pieces, such as the subdomain and topics. Users will will have permissions regarding which organization domain and subsequent subdomains they may access.

1.6 Document Overview

The document will cover the system architecture of Sharit, software class interaction, system testing, and deployment architecture. See the table of contents for more details.

2. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Team A6 System Requirements Specification, Version 2.0, March 23, 2016

Team A6 System Analysis Specification, Version 1.0, April 18, 2016

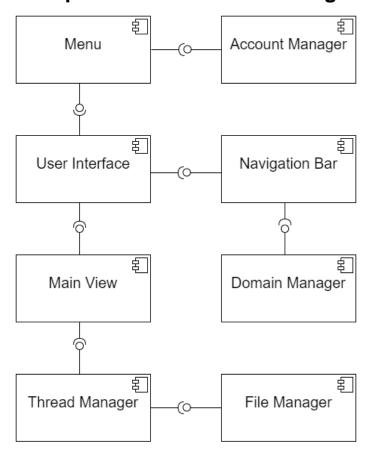
Team B6 Project Proposal, Version 1.0, September 20, 2016

Team B6 Software Project Management Plan, Version 2.0, September 27, 2016

Team B6 Requirements/Analysis Specification, Version 1.0, October 4, 2016

3. SYSTEM WIDE DESIGN DECISIONS

3.1 Software Component Architectural Design



3.2 Software Architecture General Description

The user interface is the main component of Sharit. It is the front-end and will be the point of access for the user. It is composed of the settings, navigation bar, and the main view. The settings is where the user can sign in and change account information and website settings. The navigation bar will be used to navigate the domains and subdomains. The main view is used to display the threads. From the threads, users can download shared files. The main view can also be used to create new threads with attached files.

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3.3 Software Item Components

Component	Description
Settings	This is where the use can change account information and site settings. Future site functionality, such as searching, will also be located here.
Account Manager	This is used to manage user accounts. Login and account changes will be handled by this component.
User Interface	The front-view where the user will interact with the site.
Navigation Bar	Handles navigation between domains and subdomains that the user has permission to access.
Main View	Component that will show available threads and the comments and files in each thread.
Domain Manager	Handles domain and subdomain authentication for users.
Thread Manager	Handles organizing threads, comments, and files. Future functionality may include sorting threads.
File Manager	Handles file uploads and downloads.

3.4 Component Interface Identification

Component	Interface 1	Interface 2	Interface 3
User Interface	Navigation Bar	Main View	Settings
Navigation Bar	Domain Manager	Manager	Navigation
Main View	Thread Manager	Manager	View
Settings	Account Manager	Manager	Account
Thread Manager	File Manager	Manager	File

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3.5 Software Component Concept of Execution

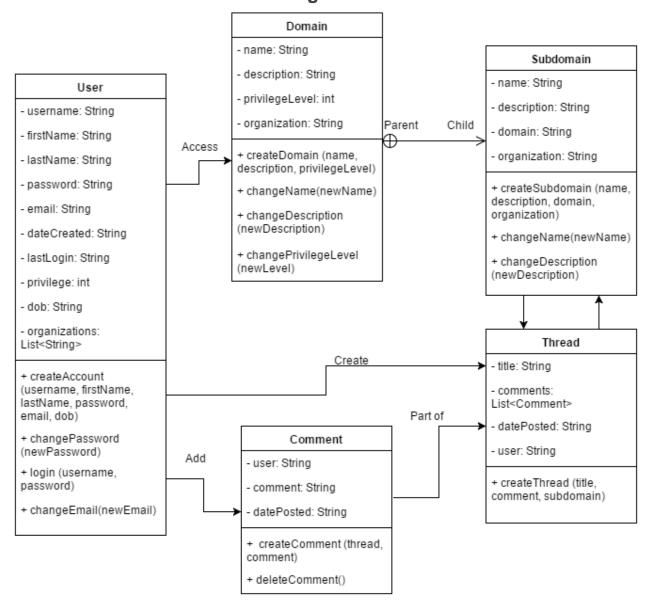
Componen	Goal	Execution
Settings	The user wants to change accounts settings or site settings	The user presses the Profile link or Settings link on the settings.
Account Manager	The user wants to change account settings.	The user changes the desired information and saves the changes.
User Interface	The user wants to use Sharit.	The user navigates the website through the User Interface.
Navigation Bar	The user wants to access a domain or subdomain.	The user clicks the domain or subdomain he wishes to access.
Main View	The user wants to access a thread and read comments or download files.	The user clicks on the links to access a thread and download a file.
Domain Manager	The user wants to know the what domains or subdomains are accessible.	The domain manager lets the navigation bar know which domains are accessible by the user.
Thread Manager	The user wants to access a thread.	The thread manager lets the main view know which threads are in this domain and what each comment contains.

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4. SOFTWARE ITEM DETAILED DESIGN

4.1 Structure

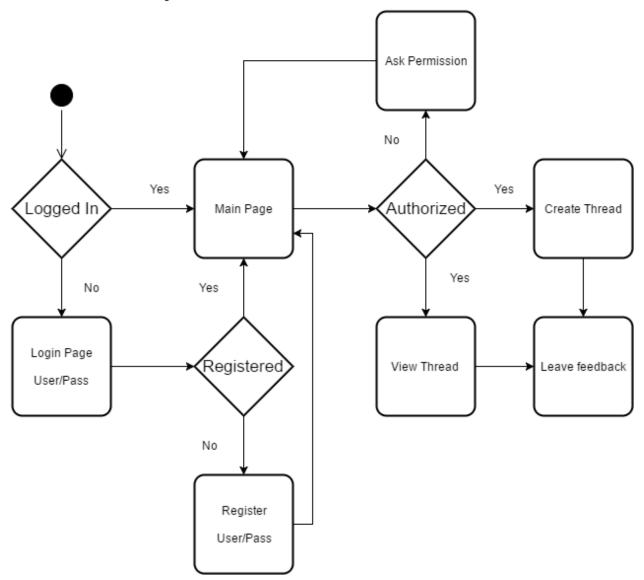
4.1.1 Software Unit Detailed Design



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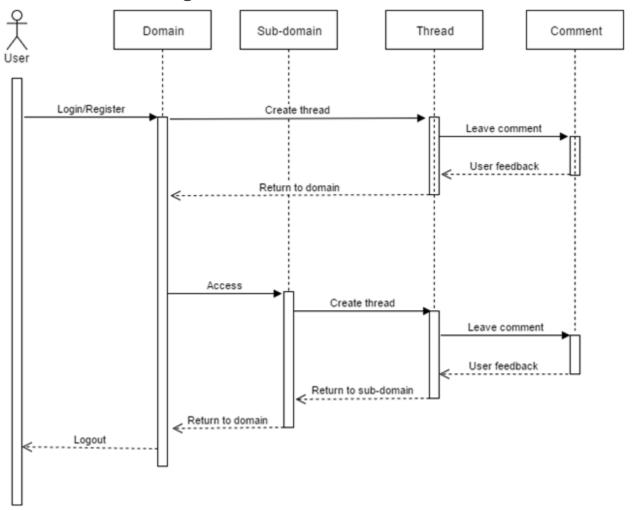
4.2 Static Relationship of Software Unit

4.2.1 Runtime Object Instances



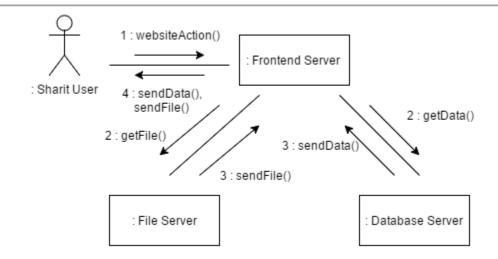
4.3 Behavior

4.3.1 Interaction Diagrams



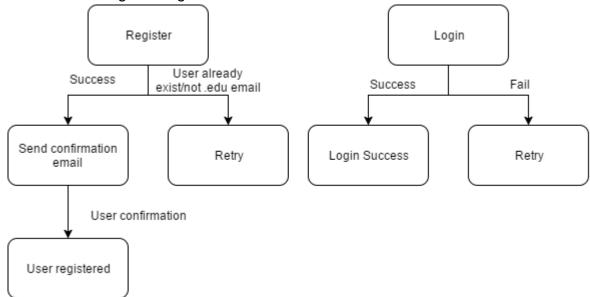
4.3.2 Collaboration Diagrams

This is a very simplified collaboration diagram as there would be too many actions to fit everything on one clean diagram.

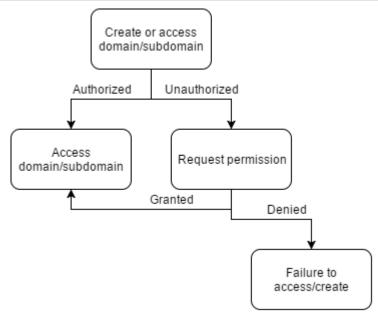


4.3.3 Activity Diagrams

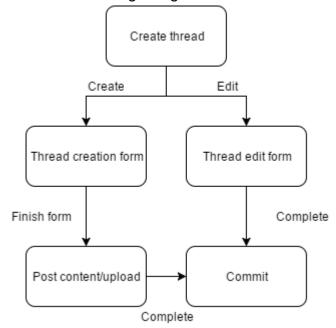
The user tries to login or register into Sharit.



The user tries to access or create a domain or a subdomain.

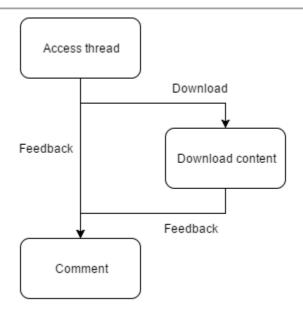


The user tries to create a thread after gaining access to a domain or subdomain.



The user wants to download content from a thread or leave feedback

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4.4 Concept of Execution

Component Name	Motive	Expected Outcome
Menu	Allows users to modify settings as well as maintain all site settings.	The user successfully creates an account and can update account settings and site settings. (Database insert and update)
Create Thread	User can create a thread and set permissions for it.	The user successfully creates a thread with information. (Database insert)
Feedback	User can leave comments and feedback on threads.	The user successfully leaves a comment or feedback on a thread.(Database insert
Download Content	User can download content that is in a thread.	The user successfully accesses a thread and downloads content (Database select)
Request Permission	User requests permission from thread owner to access thread.	User sends a message to the thread owner(Database select)
Grant Permission	User grants access to a thread	Thread owner receives a message and can accept or deny the request(Database update,insert)

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4.5 Interface Design

4.5.1 Interface Identification and Diagrams

User Interface:

- 1. Create account
 - a. INSERT INTO user(username, firstName, lastname, password, email, dob) VALUES (...)
- 2.
- a. SELECT user_id FROM user WHERE "some_username" = username and "some_password" = password

Navigation Bar:

- 1. View domains
 - a. SELECT * FROM domain
- 2. View subdomains
 - a. SELECT * FROM subdomain

Main View:

- SELECT * FROM thread.
- 2. SELECT * FROM comment

Settings:

- 1. Change account settings
 - a. UPDATE user SET password = new val WHERE id = user id
 - b. UPDATE user SET email = new val WHERE id = user id

Thread Manager:

- Create thread
 - a. INSERT INTO thread(title, user, datePosted) VALUES (...)
- 2. View thread
 - a. SELECT * FROM thread WHERE thread_id = domain_id
- 3. Delete thread
 - a. DELETE FROM thread WHERE thread id = domain id
- 4. Create comment
 - a. INSERT INTO comment(user, comment, datePosted) VALUES (...)
- 5. View comment
 - a. SELECT * FROM comment WHERE thread_id = comment_id
- 6. Delete comment
 - a. DELETE FROM comment WHERE thread_id = comment_id

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4.5.2 Unique Identifier of Interface

Component	Interface 1	Interface 2	Interface 3
User Interface	Navigation Bar	Main View	Settings
Navigation Bar	Domain Manager	Manager	Navigation
Main View	Thread Manager	Manager	View
Settings	Account Manager	Manager	Account
Thread Manager	File Manager	Manager	File

5. IMPLEMENTATION ARCHITECTURE

5.1 All Active and Passive Classes Assigned to Components

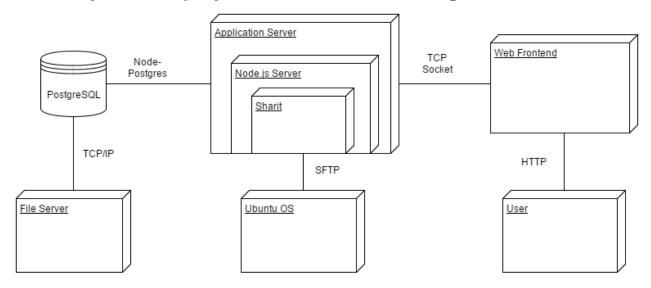
Active and passive classes are not required in this project.

5.2 Diagrams of Physical Packaging of Logical Components

Diagrams of physical packaging of logical components are not required in this project.

6. DEPLOYMENT ARCHITECTURE

6.1 Physical Deployment Architecture Diagram



7. DICTIONARIES

See appendix section 13.1 for dictionaries.

8. SOFTWARE ITEM COMPUTER RESOURCE UTILIZATION

The Sharit file server will require 100TB of disk storage for user uploads, threads, user information, domains and sub-domain, and posts. This server will need to be periodically upgraded as more files get uploaded and the system grows. To ensure that the user will have seamless upload/download speeds, the system should have a minimum of 500Megabits/s upload and download. To support many concurrent users, the main application server will require 100GB of RAM, increasing with more traffic.

9. REQUIREMENTS TRACEABILITY

9.1 Software Component-Level Requirements Traceability

The functional and nonfunctional requirements will be thoroughly traced throughout the life of the software engineering process. Each specification will be corresponded with an artifact in each of the workflows and be traced. Requirements tracing is done to avoid litigation and also mitigates liabilities. Keeping track of requirements will make sure everything is implemented and that the product meets specifications.

10. SYSTEM DESIGN TESTING

The document, code, system design and architecture will go through many rigorous reviews to ensure that there are no defects and that the system is most optimal. There will be several walkthroughs and inspections by various members of the team to review all the information related to the Sharit. Each team member has a thorough understanding of all the system specifications and documentation. All faults that are found will be reported to all the other members of the team for verification. Once all team members have inspected the code and documentation, faults will be promptly corrected by the person in charge of that piece of work. Once the defects have been found, another team member will inspect the correction for further defects.

All aspects of the software development life cycle will be documented and monitored in each phase and workflow. Quality control will be handled by the SQA. Reviews will happen at regular intervals and at the end of each workflow. Each team member will perform validation checks once the software is complete before the system is finalized.

11. RATIONALE

Finding information relevant to coursework can drastically improve one's grades. NYU-Poly has historically incurred an usually low graduation rate (50~60%). Information, pertaining previous semester student notes, tests, and possibly homeworks, should be upheld as samples for students currently taking the course to

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help them review. In the requirements, we aim to answer general questions posted by students that not even google.com, NYUClasses, and instructors could not provide. This is most often phrased "what's the format" or "is there a sample midterm?". To uphold integrity of information, we provide and limit information and registration to students with a nyu.edu email address.

In the future, if the project expands outside the NYU community, Sharit can be a creative solution for an easier file sharing system while also fostering a sense of community within a group. It intentions are to be simplistic in nature while boasting required functionalities to fulfill its purpose. Clear organization will allow intuitive understanding to allow the user to quickly execute their actions.

12. NOTES

Currently, Sharit is developed to be accessible only by those with an NYU email address. In the future access may be expanded to allow all email addresses.

13. APPENDICES

13.1 Dictionaries

CLASSES

User - represents a user in the system			
username	The user's username	String	
firstName	The user's first name	String	
lastName	The user's last name	String	
password	The user's password	String	
email	The user's email address	String	
dateCreated	The timestamp the user	String	

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	was created	
lastLogin	The last timestamp when the user logged in	String
privilege	The user's privilege	int
dob	The user's date of birth	String
organizations	A collection of the organizations the user is part in	Collection <string></string>
createAccount(username, firstName, lastName, password, email, dob)	Creates a new user	Boolean - returns true if successful
changePassword(newPassword)	Changes the user's password	void
login(username, password)	Logs in the user	Boolean - returns true if successful
changeEmail(newEmail)	Changes the user's email address	Void

Domain - represents an organization's domain			
name	The domain's name	String	
description	A description of the domain	String	
privilegeLevel	The user privilege required to access the domain	int	
organization	The organization this domain belongs to	String	
createDomain(name, description,	Creates a new	Boolean - returns	

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privilegeLevel)	domain with the passed in parameters	true if successful
changeName(newName)	Changes the domain's name	void
changeDescription(newDescription)	Changes the domain's description	void
changePrivilegeLevel(newPrivilegeLevel)	Changes the domain's access privilege level	void

Subdomain - represents a subdomain, a mini-domain part of a domain		
name	The subdomain's name	String
description	A description of the subdomain	String
domain	The domain name this subdomain is part of	String
organization	The organization this subdomain belongs to	String
createSubdomain(name, description, domain, organization)	Creates a new subdomain with the passed in parameters	Boolean - returns true if successful
changeName(newName)	Changes the subdomain's name	void
changeDescription (newDescription)	Changes the subdomain's description	void

Thread - represents a topic of discussion		
title	The thread's name	String

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comments	A collection of all the Comments in the thread where the first comment is original post	Collection <comment></comment>
datePosted	The timestamp the thread was created	String
user	The user who created the thread	String
createThread(title, comment, subdomain)	Creates a new thread in the specified subdomain	Boolean - returns true if successful

Comment - represents a user's comment			
user	The user who posted this comment	String	
comment	The user's comment	String	
datePosted	The timestamp the thread was created	String	
createComment(thread, comment)	Creates a new comment in the specified thread)	Boolean - returns true if successful	
deleteComment()	Deletes the comment from the thread	void	

RELATIONSHIPS

Class 1	Class 2	Description	Cardinality
User	Domain	A user can access a domain	Many-to-many
Domain	Subdomain	A subdomain is part of domain	One-to-many

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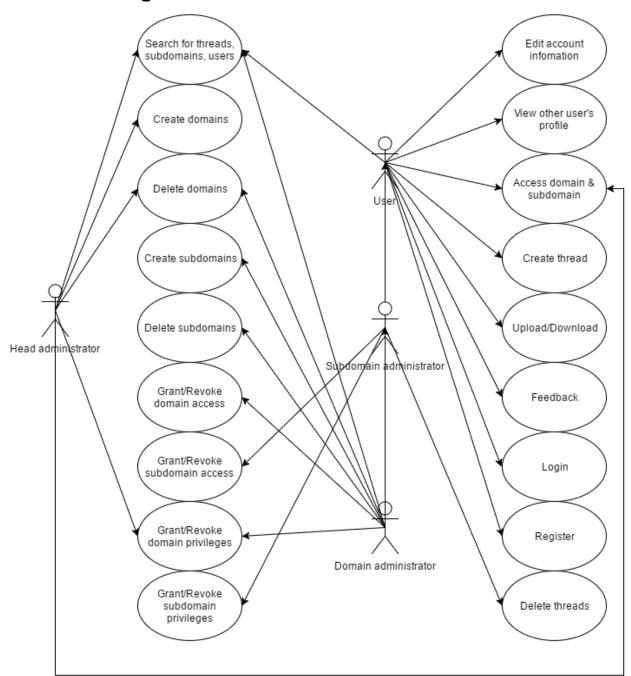
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Subdomain	Thread	A thread is part of a subdomain	One-to-many
Thread	Comment	A comment is part of a thread	One-to-many

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13.2 UML Diagrams



Use case diagram:

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Register			
Description	Newcomers could register	for an account on the website.	
Pre-Conditions	Registering for an account	requires a @nyu.edu email address.	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. Registrants registers for an account using @nyu.edu email address. 2. After registering, the server will send an email confirmation (click link to verify) to the registered email address. 3. Email address will be verified by server and registration complete.		
	Alternative Flows	Registrant attempts to register with an invalid email address - not @nyu.edu Registrant account creation denied	
Post Conditions	Registrant becomes registered, functionality of the website is granted.		
Special Requirements	Email address used to register must be @nyu.edu.		
Extension Points	Invalid email addresses will result in rejection to account creation.		

Login			
Description	A user who has previously registered will be able to log in using the registered username and password.		
Pre-Conditions	The user must have been previously registered.		
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. User entered login information. 2. Website validates with database and the information is in the system. 3. The user is redirected to the homepage. Alternative Flows 1. User enters invalid credentials. 2. User is prompted to enter again. 3. Process repeats until valid credentials have		
		been provided.	
Post Conditions	The user is logged in and can use the website and its functionalities.		
Special Requirements	The system will create a session to store the user's information.		
Extension Points	User enters invalid credentials Prompt user to reenter credentials		

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2. User forgot the login information
- Has option to recover via email

Edit account information		
Description	Users can edit their account information	
Pre-Conditions	Must login to edit account information	
Flows	 User specifies which fields they desire to edit. User then edit desired fields. User then saves the information and server will acknowledge saved changes. 	
	Alternative Flows	User specifies which fields they desire to edit. User provides invalid information or information that the server does not know how to process. User edited fields will not be saved and error messages will be displayed.
Post Conditions	User account information is updated with saved changes.	
Special Requirements	All updated changes will be saved into the database.	
Extension Points	If a user tries to enter invalid information, such as wrong formatting, error message(s) pertaining to incorrect fields will be displayed.	

View other users' profile		
Description	A user can view the information of other users	
Pre-Conditions	The user must be logged in and within the same domain	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows	User is redirected to the other user's profile page User is able to view basic information like name, school, and threads User can see account activity
	Alternative Flows	There are no alternate flows.

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Post Conditions	The user is able to view another user's basic information and account activity which includes: comments, threads and upvotes
Special Requirements	The user must be logged in and within the same domain as the user they are trying to view.
Extension Points	If the user tries to view the profile of another user who has deleted their account, an error message will be displayed.

Access domain and subdomain		
Description	Head administrators and users can access domains that expand to further subdomains and threads.	
Pre-Conditions	The groups must be logged in and authorized.	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. User chooses which domain to enter 2. User enters domain 3. User can see subdomains and, if have access to, its threads	
	Alternative Flows	User does not have access to domain User enters a domain they don't have access to Access denied
Post Conditions	User can view accessed subdomains and threads of entered domain.	
Special Requirements	User must have access to enter desired domain and subdomain	
Extension Points	If user tries to enter a domain they do not have permission to, they will not see its domain contents: subdomains and its threads.	

Create thread			
Description	Users can create threads within subdomains.		
Pre-Conditions	The user must be authorized within the subdomain and logged in.		
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows	User is logged in and is authorized in the subdomain that they want to post to. User browses to the subdomain Use posts a thread	

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	Alternative Flows	User is logged in but is not authorized in the subdomain. User browses to the subdomain. User cannot post a thread.
Post Conditions	There is now an option to upload a file into the subdomain and leave comments.	
Special Requirements	User must be logged in and received permission from the administrator.	
Extension Points	If the user does not have authorization, they will not see the create thread button or be able to view any threads in the subdomain.	

Upload/Download		
Description	Users can upload and/or download file(s) to thread	
Pre-Conditions	The user must be authorized within the subdomain and logged in.	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows Alternative Flows	1. User finds which thread to upload/download to/from 2. User uploads/downloads to/from a thread (comment-link) 3. User can post new thread (thread-link) 1. User uploads something inappropriate 2. File(s) uploaded 3. File(s) deleted by moderator
Post Conditions	User will successfully download file from thread or upload file(s) to thread (comment-link) or make a new thread (thread-link).	
Special Requirements	User uploaded file(s) will be saved to database.	
Extension Points	If user tries to upload something inappropriate, the file(s) will be uploaded, but will be quickly brought down by moderators.	

Feedback		
Description The user can leave a comment or upvote/downvote in a thread.		
Pre-Conditions The user must be logged in and authorized within the subdomain.		

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Flows	Basic or Normal Flows	User navigates to a subdomain. User finds a thread that they want to leave feedback for. User leaves feedback.
	Alternative Flows	 User navigates to a subdomain. User does not have authorization within the subdomain. User is unable to see threads or leave feedback.
Post Conditions	The feedback that the user leaves will be visible to other users.	
Special Requirements	User must be authorized within the subdomain	
Extension Points	There will be a character limit on the comments that the user leaves.	

Search for threads, subdomains, users		
Description	Head and domain administrators, as well as users, can search for existing threads, subdomains, and/or users	
Pre-Conditions	Must be logged in and have	e authorization.
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. Specify which thread, subdomain, and/or user to search for 2. Searches for specified item 3. Item found and displayed 1. User chooses which thread/subdomain/user	
	Atternative Flows	to search for 2. Specified item does not exist 3. Error message displayed
Post Conditions	Request of item will be delivered if it exists and request party has access to.	
Special Requirements	In order to use the search functionality, head and domain administrator, as well as user, will require access beforehand.	
Extension Points	If search functionality is used without proper access rights, error message will be displayed	

Grant/revoke domains, subdomains access/privilege

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Description	Administrators will be able to grant or revoke permission/access to users or other administrators	
Pre-Conditions	The administrator must be registered in the database	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. User requests privilege from administrators. 2. Administrator receives the request. 3. Administrator grants request.	
	Alternative Flows	 User requests privilege from administrators. Administrator receives the request. Administrator denies request.
Post Conditions	The user or other administrators now have privilege/access to a domain or subdomain.	
Special Requirements	Authorization must be granted from a current administrator.	
Extension Points	Access to a subdomain grants access to all threads in that sub-domain Privilege to to a domain or subdomain means you are the administrator	

Create domains, sub-domains		
Description	Administrators can create domains and subdomains.	
Pre-Conditions	Administrators must be logged in.	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. Administrator logs in. 2. Administrator creates a domain. 3. Domain is now visible.	
	Alternative Flows	Administrator logs in. Administrator creates a subdomain. Subdomain is now visible.
Post Conditions	The domain or subdomain can be accessed by those who have permission,	
Special Requirements	Only head administrator can create domains. Domain administrator can create subdomains.	
Extension Points	Head administrator has the most power, followed by domain administrator, followed by subdomain administrator.	

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Description	Administrators can delete domains, subdomains, and threads.	
Pre-Conditions	Administrators must be logged in.	
Flows	Basic or Normal Flows 1. Administrator logs in 2. Administrator deletes domain	
	Alternative Flows	Administrator logs in Administrator deletes subdomain
		Administrator logs in Administrator deletes a thread
Post Conditions	The domain/subdomain/thread is deleted.	
Special Requirements	Only head administrators and domain administrators can delete domains. Only domain administrators and subdomain administrators can delete subdomains.	
Extension Points	Deleting a domain deletes the domain and all subdomains within. Deleting a subdomain deletes the subdomain and all threads within.	

13.3 Schedule Tracking

Artifact or Deliverable	Whom	Estimated	Actual	Difference
Initial SRS	Allen Zheng	3 hr	4 hr	1 hr
	Hui Huang	3 hr	5 hr	2 hr
	Kenneth Liang	3 hr	7 hr	4 hr
	Warlon Zeng	3 hr	5 hr	2 hr
	Summary	12 hr	21 hr	9 hr
SRS 2.0	Allen Zheng	2 hr	2 hr	0 hr
	Hui Huang	2 hr	4 hr	2 hr
	Kenneth Liang	2 hr	3 hr	1 hr
	Warlon Zeng	2 hr	4 hr	2 hr

SOFTWARE DESIGN DESCRIPTION SDD-001

	Summary	8 hr	13 hr	5 hr
Initial SPMP	Allen Zheng	3 hr	3 hr	0 hr
	Hui Huang	3 hr	5 hr	2 hr
	Kenneth Liang	3 hr	4 hr	1 hr
	Warlon Zeng	3 hr	4 hr	1 hr
	Summary	12 hr	16 hr	4 hr
SPMP 2.0	Allen Zheng	2 hr	1 hr	1 hr
	Hui Huang	2 hr	2 hr	0 hr
	Kenneth Liang	2 hr	1 hr	1 hr
	Warlon Zeng	2 hr	2 hr	0 hr
	Summary	8 hr	6 hr	2 hr
Initial SAS	Allen Zheng	3 hr	4 hr	1 hr
	Hui Huang	3 hr	5 hr	2 hr
	Kenneth Liang	3 hr	3 hr	0 hr
	Warlon Zeng	3 hr	2 hr	1 hr
	Summary	12 hr	14 hr	2 hr
Initial RAS	Allen Zheng	3 hr	3 hr	0 hr
	Hui Huang	3 hr	4 hr	1 hr
	Kenneth Liang	3 hr	5 hr	2 hr
	Warlon Zeng	3 hr	3 hr	0 hr
	Summary	12 hr	15 hr	3 hr
Initial SDD	Allen Zheng	4 hr	3 hr	1 hr
	Hui Huang	4 hr	3 hr	1 hr
	Kenneth Liang	4 hr	4 hr	0 hr

Warlon Zeng	4 hr	3 hr	1 hr
Summary	16 hr	13 hr	3 hr

Cumulative

Whom	Whom Estimated		Difference
Allen Zheng	20 hr	20 hr	0 hr
Hui Huang	20 hr	28 hr	8 hr
Kenneth Liang	20 hr	27 hr	7 hr
Warlon Zeng	20 hr	23 hr	3 hr
Summary	80 hr	98 hr	18 hr

13.4 Defect Tracking

Artifact or Deliverable	Whom	Estimated	Actual	Difference
Initial SRS	Allen Zheng	5	3	2
	Hui Huang	5	2	3
	Kenneth Liang	5	4	1
	Warlon Zeng	5	2	3
	Summary	20	11	9
SRS 2.0	Allen Zheng	4	2	2
	Hui Huang	4	5	1
	Kenneth Liang	4	3	1
	Warlon Zeng	4	2	2
	Summary	16	12	6

SOFTWARE DESIGN DESCRIPTION SDD-001

Initial SPMP	Allen Zheng	5	4	1
	Hui Huang	5	5	0
	Kenneth Liang	5	6	1
	Warlon Zeng	5	3	2
	Summary	20	18	4
SPMP 2.0	Allen Zheng	3	4	1
	Hui Huang	3	3	0
	Kenneth Liang	3	4	1
	Warlon Zeng	3	2	1
	Summary	12	13	3
Initial SAS	Allen Zheng	7	3	4
	Hui Huang	7	8	1
	Kenneth Liang	7	5	2
	Warlon Zeng	7	4	3
	Summary	28	20	10
Initial RAS	Allen Zheng	6	5	1
	Hui Huang	6	7	1
	Kenneth Liang	6	9	3
	Warlon Zeng	6	4	2
	Summary	24	25	7
Initial SDD	Allen Zheng	8	6	2
	Hui Huang	8	9	1
	Kenneth Liang	8	10	2
	Warlon Zeng	8	7	1

SHARIT

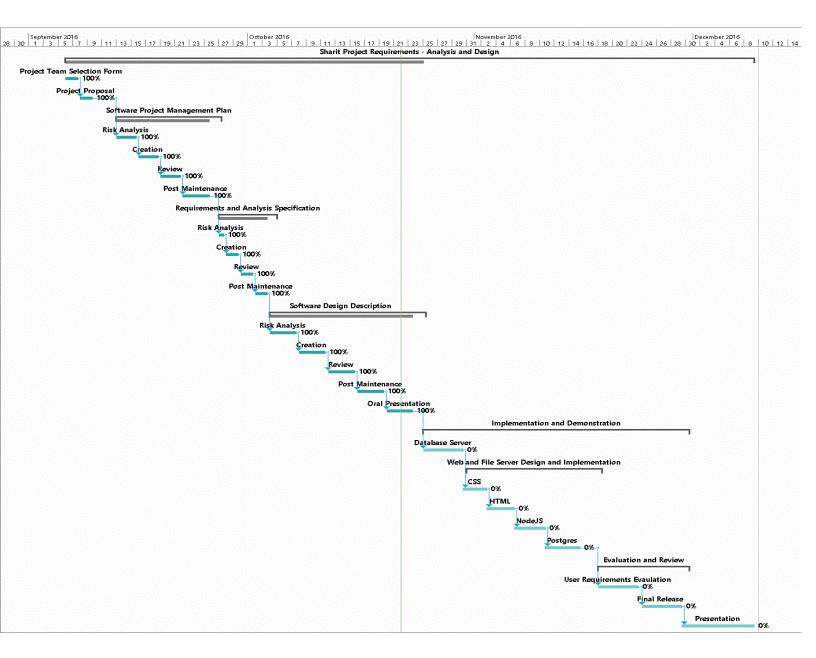
SOFTWARE DESIGN DESCRIPTION SDD-001

Summary	32	32	6
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Cumulative

Whom	Estimated	Actual	Difference
Allen Zheng	38	27	11
Hui Huang	38	39	1
Kenneth Liang	38	41	3
Warlon Zeng	38	24	14
Summary	152	131	29

13.5 Gantt Chart/Microsoft Project Schedule



SHARIT

SOFTWARE DESIGN DESCRIPTION SDD-001

	0	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Resource Initial
1		Sharit Project Requirements - Analysis and Design	106 days	Tue 9/6/16	Fri 12/9/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
2	~	Project Team Selection Form	2 days	Tue 9/6/16	Wed 9/7/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
3	~	Project Proposal	2 days	Thu 9/8/16	Fri 9/9/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
4	~	Software Project Management Plan	16 days	Tue 9/13/16	Tue 9/27/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
5	~	Risk Analysis	3 days	Tue 9/13/16	Thu 9/15/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
6	~	Creation	3 days	Fri 9/16/16	Sun 9/18/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
7	~	Review	3 days	Mon 9/19/16	Wed 9/21/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
8	~	Post Maintenance	4 days	Thu 9/22/16	Sun 9/25/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
9	~	Requirements and Analysis Specification	9 days	Tue 9/27/16	Tue 10/4/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
10	~	Risk Analysis	1 day	Tue 9/27/16	Tue 9/27/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
11.	Y	Creation	2 days	Wed 9/28/16	Thu 9/29/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
12	Y.	Review	2 days	Fri 9/30/16	Sat 10/1/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
13	Y	Post Maintenance	2 days	Sun 10/2/16	Mon 10/3/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
14	'	Software Design Description	24 days	Tue 10/4/16	Tue 10/25/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
15	~	Risk Analysis	4 days	Tue 10/4/16	Fri 10/7/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
16	Y	Creation	4 days	Sat 10/8/16	Tue10/11/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
17	~	Review	4 days	Wed 10/12/16	Sat 10/15/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
18	~	Post Maintenance	4 days	Sun 10/16/16	Wed 10/19/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
19	'	Oral Presentation	4 days	Thu 10/20/16	Sun 10/23/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
20		Implementation and Demonstration	41 days	Tue 10/25/16	Wed 11/30/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
21		Database Server	6 days	Tue 10/25/16	Sun 10/30/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
22		Web and File Server Design and Implementation	21 days	Mon 10/31/16	Fri 11/18/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
23		CSS	4 days	Sun 10/30/16	Wed 11/2/16	AZ
24		HTML	4 days	Wed 11/2/16	Sun 11/6/16	НН
25		NodelS	5 days	Sun 11/6/16	Thu 11/10/16	WZ
26		Postgres	5 days	Thu 11/10/16	Tue 11/15/16	KL
27		Evaluation and Review	14 days	Fri 11/18/16	Wed 11/30/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
28		User Requirements Evaulation	6 days	Fri 11/18/16	Wed 11/23/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
29		Final Release	6 days	Thu 11/24/16	Tue 11/29/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ
30		Presentation	11 days	Tue 11/29/16	Fri 12/9/16	KL,HH,WZ,AZ