

C Sample Paper

Section A

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1. How many times "Test" is get printed?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int x;
  for(x=-1; x<=10; x++)
    if(x < 5)
       continue;
    else
       break;
    printf("Test ");
  return 0;
}
A. Infinite times
B. 11 times
C. 0 times
D. 10 times
2. Which of the following is not logical operator?
A. &
B. &&
C. ||
D.!
3. C programs are converted into machine language with the help of
A. An Editor
B. A compiler
C. An operating system
D. None of these.
4. A C variable cannot start with
A. A number
B. A special symbol other than underscore
C. Both of the above
D. An alphabet
```

5. Guess the output of the following program?

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main()
  int a = 100, b = 200, c = 300;
  if(!a >= 500)
     b = 300;
  c = 400;
  printf("%d,%d,%d",a, b, c);
return 0;
A. 100,300,300
B. 100,200,400
C. 100,200,300
D. 100,300,400
6.In the following loop construct, which one is executed only once always.
for (exp1; exp2; exp3) {...}
A. exp1
B. exp3
C. exp1 and exp3
D. exp1, exp2 and exp3
7. What is the output of the following code?
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
int i = 0;
switch (i)
case 0 : i++;
case 1: i++;
case 2: ++i;
printf("%d", i++);
return 0;
}
A. 1
B. 3
C. 4
D.5
8. Which of the following is the correct output for the program given below?
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int size,i;
scanf("%d", &size);
int arr[size];
for(i = 0; i < size; i++)
```

```
scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
printf("%d", arr[i]);
return 0;
A. The code is erroneous science the subscript for array used in for loop is in the range 0 to size.
B. The code is erroneous science the values of array are getting scanned through a loop.
C. The code is erroneous science the statement declaring array is invalid.
D. The code is correct and runs successfully.
9. The compiler in C ignores all text till the end of line using
A. //
B. /
C. */
D. none of above
10. The && and || operators
A. compare two numeric values
B. combine two numeric values short hand operator, &
C. compare two boolean values
D. none of these
11. Consider the array definition
int num [10] = \{3, 3, 3\};
Pick the Correct answers
A. num [9] is the last element of the array num
B. The value of num [8] is 3
C. The value of num [3] is 3
D. None of the above
12.int x=10;
printf("%d",x++); Output is:
A. 10
B. 11
C. 12
D. None of these
13. Which statement is wrong:
A. A function may have arguments.
B. A function may return value.
C. A can be invoked many time in a single program.
D. Function cannot be reused.
```

14. A function can return only _____

```
A. Single value
B. Two Values.
C. Many values.
D. None of these
15.A function which invokes itself repeatedly until some condition is satisfied is called a
             function.
A. Recursive
B. System
C. Library
D. None of these
16. A pointer variable can store _____
A. Constant value
B. Value of anther variable.
C. Address of another variable
D. None of these.
17. C is a language:
A. Object Oriented
B. Structured
C. Unified Modeling
D. None of these.
18. Which statement will decide whether the number is an even number or not?
A. if (num=0)
B. if (num%2)
C. if (num\%2 = =0)
D. if (num\%2 = =1)
19. What will be the output of the given program?
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
```

int i=10;

printf("i=%d", i);

int i=20;

```
printf("i=%d", i);
         i++;
         printf("i=%d", i);
   }
   printf("i=%d", i);
}
A. 10 10 11 11
B. 10 20 21 21
C. 10 20 21 10
D. 10 20 21 20
20. What is the output of the following statements?
for(i=10; i<15; i++)
printf("%d", i);
A. 10 11 12 13 14
B. 10 11 12 13 14 15
C. 9 10 11 12 13
D. None of these
```

 $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Section B

B1.

- A. Write a SINGLE C statement for each of the following.
 - a) Assign the remainder of X and Y to Z and increment the value of X and Y by 1.
 - b) Increment the value of A and B by 1 and assign the quotient to C
 - c) Multiply the value of P by 10, subtract it from the Q and assign the answer to R.
 - d) Decrement the value of A and B by 1 assign the remainder to C.

(4 marks)

B. Allow user to input N number of numbers and display the number of positives, negatives and zeros in the number series. (N is a positive integer input through the keyboard)

(6 marks)

- C. Answer the following:
- a) What is the general format of a for loop, on which occasions you can use a for loop?
- b) How do you print 2 decimal places only?
- c) Name four data types in C? Explain them briefly.

- d) What is the general format of a do while loop? You may use an example to illustrate the answer
- e) Explain the general format and the use of the switch operation.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

B2.

A. Explain the purpose of using functions in C Language? State four types of functions and provide your own example for each of them. Write only the function headers

(5 marks)

B. Create a function to provide an integer as a parameter to a function and display the number is an odd or even number. Input a number in the main function and display the input is an odd or even number.

(5 marks)

C. Compare and contrast the differences between recursion and iteration (repetition)

(4 marks)

D. Implement a recursive function to calculate and display the factorial value of a given number. Provide a user input in the main function to calculate and display the factorial value.

Hint: Factorial $5 = 120 (5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1)$

(6 marks)

B3.

- A. Write a single C program to perform the following tasks;
- I. Declare a single dimensional array with 10 elements and input values to the array (4 marks)
- II. Display the values in the reverse order (4 marks)
- III. Find and display the highest value (4 marks)
- B. Write a C program to declare a multi-dimensional array with the size of 3 x 4. Input the values to the array and display the values in the form of matrix. (5 marks)
- C. Write C statements for the followings;

Declare an integer variable and assign a value

Declare an integer pointer and assign the address of variable to the pointer

Display the value of the variable through the pointer

(3 marks)