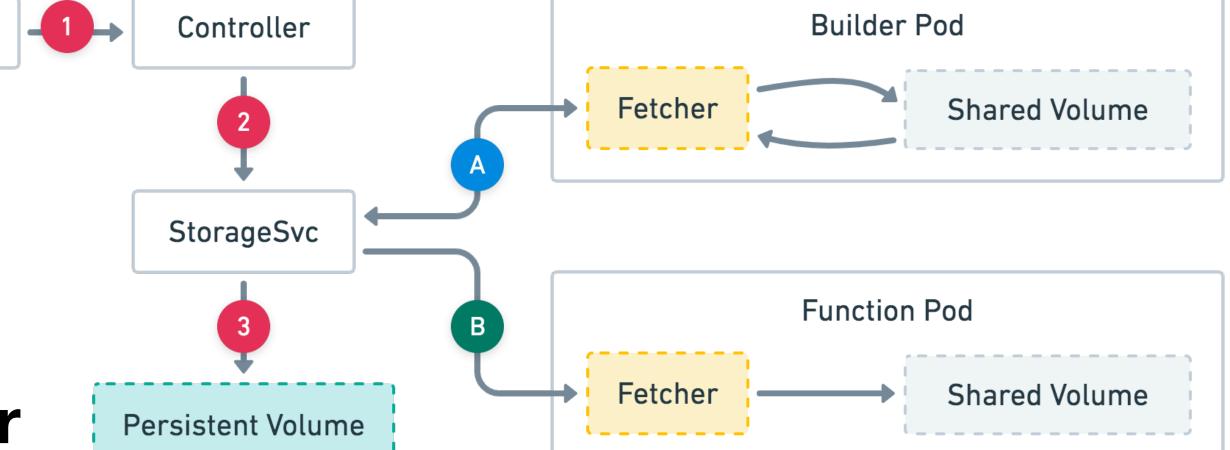
Fission Architecture StorageSVC

Home for source and deployment archives

 The storage service is the home for all archives of packages with sizes larger than 256KB

Client

 https://processon.com/diagraming/ 62f0c5096376896d38772e90



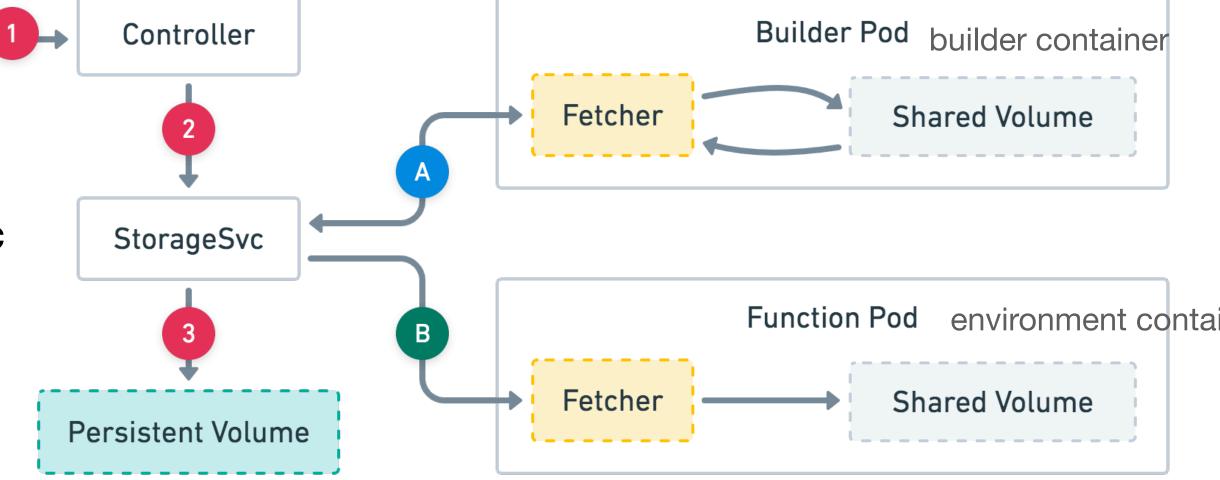
Fission Architecture StorageSVC

Workflow

• Client (CLI or HTTP requests) connects to the **StorageSvc** proxy endpoint on Controller.

Client

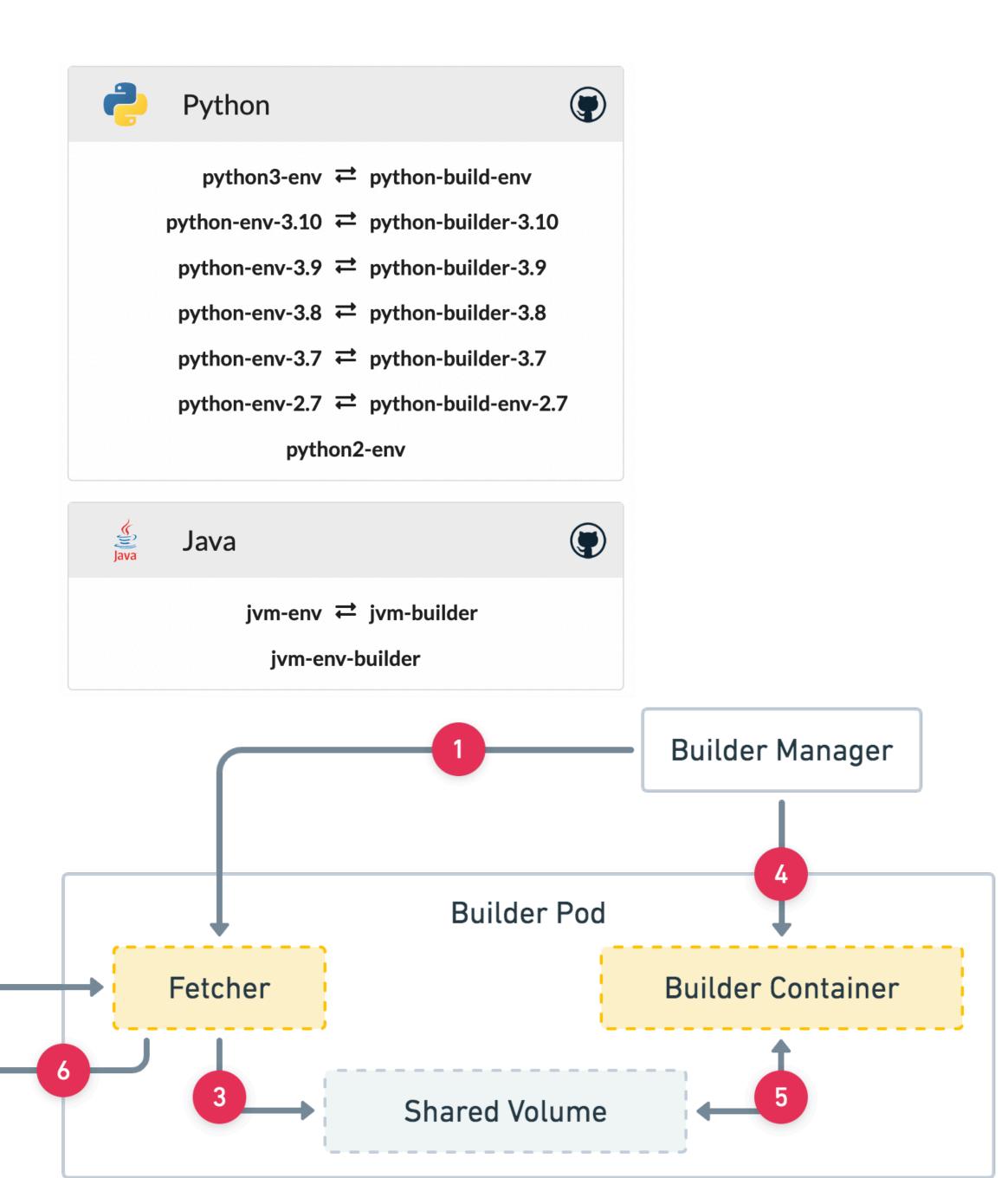
- Controller proxies requests to StorageSvc.
- StorageSvc stores uploaded archives to the Kubernetes persistent volume.
- (A) To build source archive into deployment archive, the
 Fetcher in the builder pod downloads source archive and
 save to shared volume. Once the build process finished,
 the Fetcher uploads the deployment archive to StorageSvc.
- (B) The Fetcher inside function pod fetches deployment archive created in (A) for environment container to load in.



Fission Architecture Builder Pod

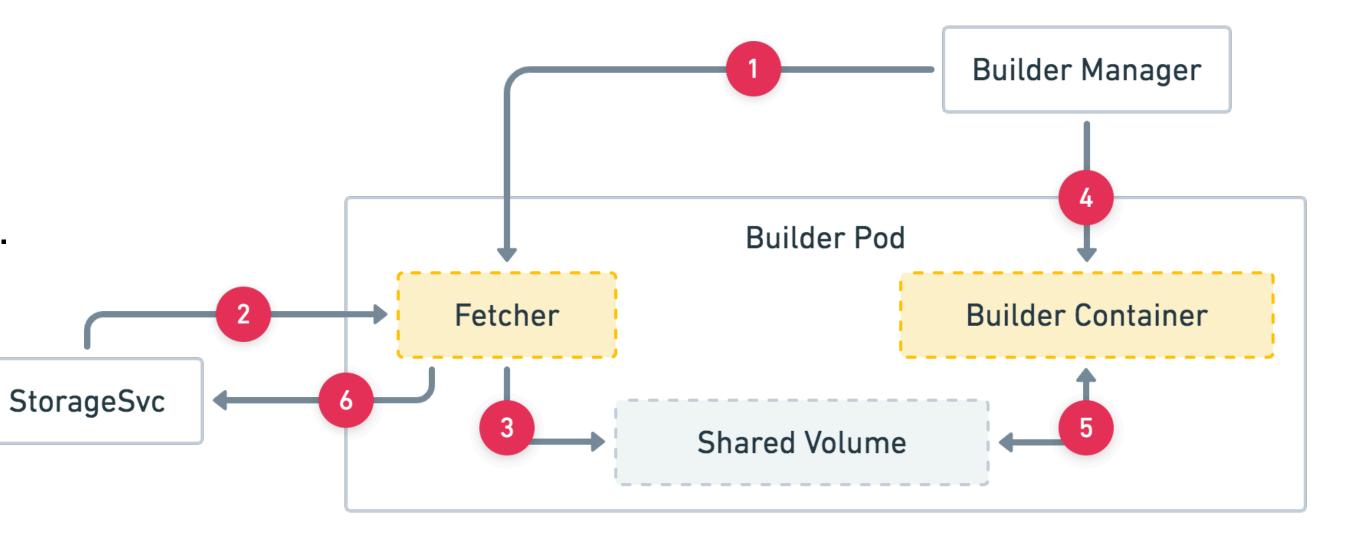
- Fetcher
 - pull source archive from the StorageSvc (verify the checksum of file to ensure the integrity of file)
 - After the build process, it uploads the deployment archive to StorageSvc
- Builder Container
 - Builder Container compiles function source code into executable binary/ files and is language-specific.

StorageSvc



Fission Architecture Builder Pod

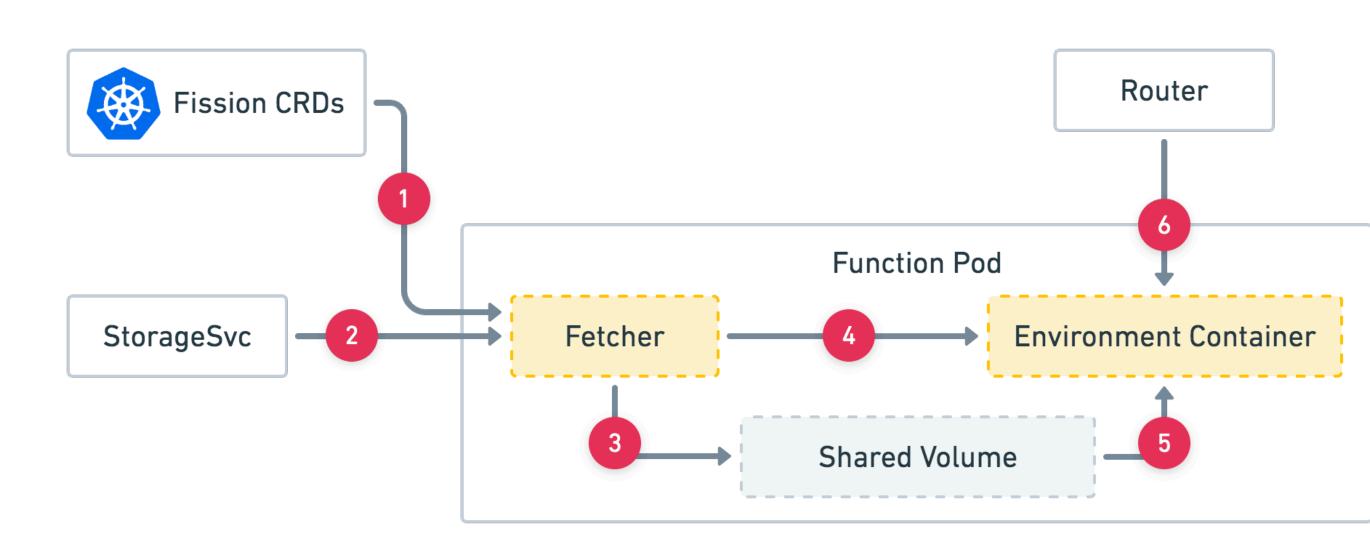
- Workflow
 - Builder Manager asks Fetcher to pull the source archive.
 - Fetcher pulls the source archive from the StorageSvc.
 - Save the archive to the shared volume.
 - Builder Manager sends a build request to the Builde Container to start the build process.
 - build(): 执行命令行命令 ls -a, javac xxx.java
 - Builder Container reads source archive from the volume, compiles it into deployment archive.
 Finally, save the result back to the share volume.
 - Builder Manager asks Fetcher to upload the deployment archive.



Fission Architecture Function Pod

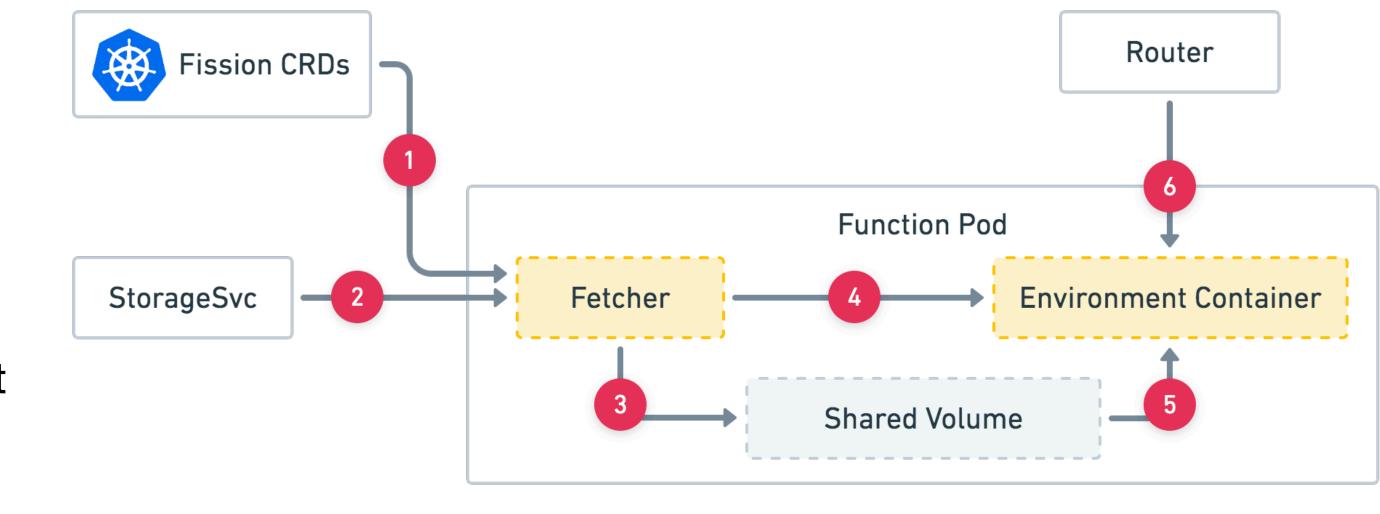
- Fetcher
 - pull deployment archive from the StorageSvc
- Environment Container
 - Environment Container runs userdefined functions and is language-specific.
 - Each environment container must contain an HTTP server and a loader for functions.





Fission Architecture Function Pod

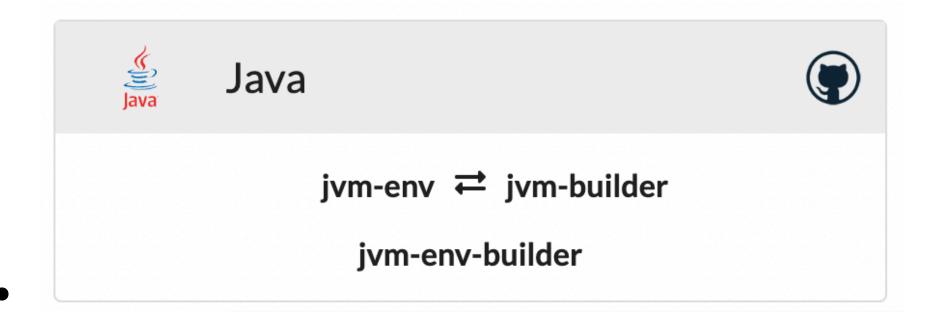
- Workflow
 - Fetcher gets the function information from the CRD.
 - objectMeta
 - Pull the deployment archive from the StorageSvc.
 - Save the archive to the shared volume.
 - Call the specialized endpoint on the environment container to start function specialization.
 - Environment Container loads the user function from the volume.
 - Start serving the requests from Router.



Fission Architecture

Function Pod

• fission environment create --name java --image fission/jvm-env --builder fission/jvm-builder

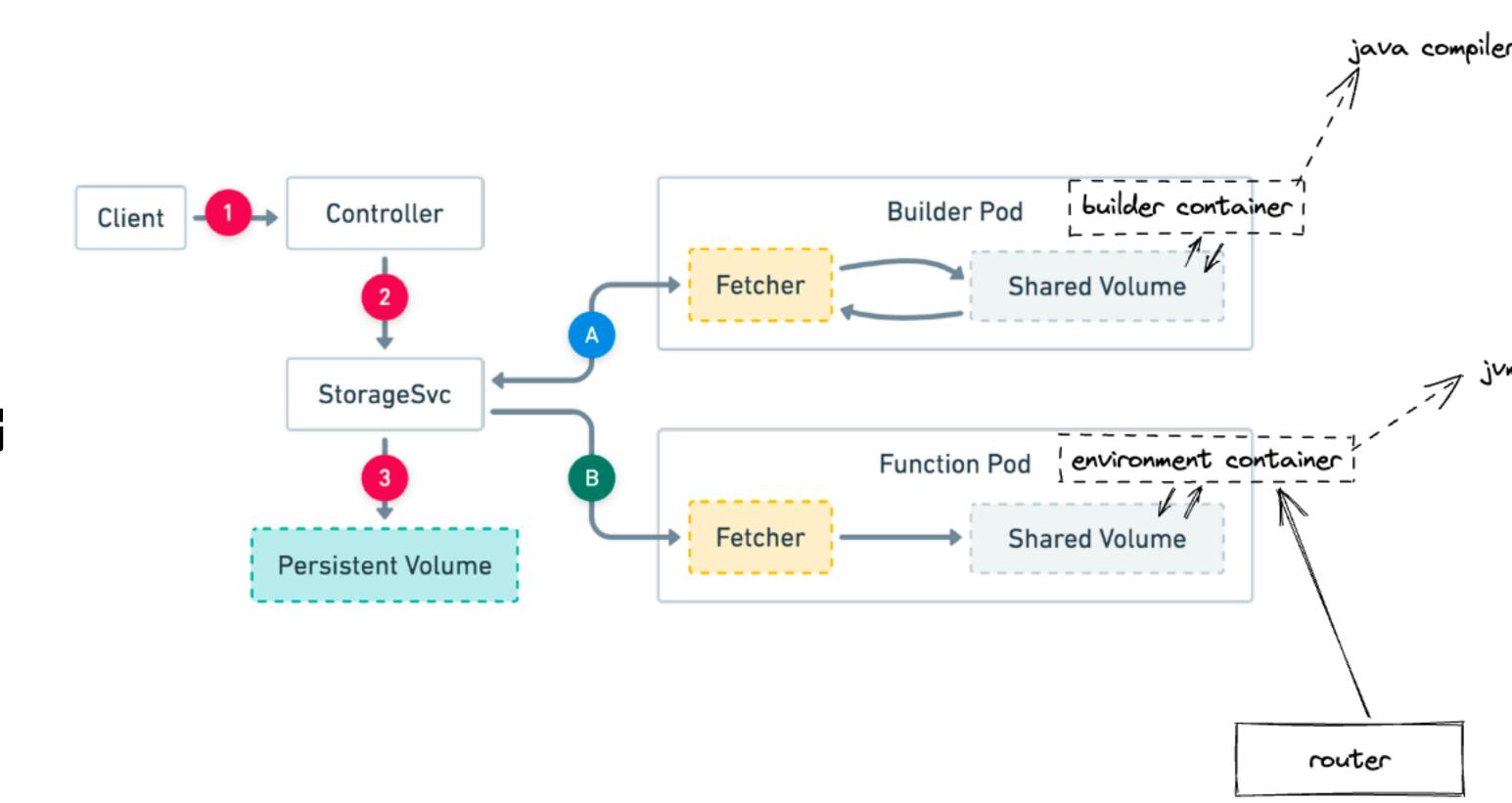


- It's a Docker image containing a OpenJDK8 runtime, along with a dynamic loader. A few dependencies are included in the pom.xml file.
- env的创建过程与package、function的创建过程一致;
 - 发送http请求;

```
env := &fv1.Environment{
    TypeMeta: metav1.TypeMeta{
                    fv1.CRD_NAME_ENVIRONMENT,
        Kind:
        APIVersion: fv1.CRD_VERSION,
   ObjectMeta: metav1.ObjectMeta{
        Name:
                   envName,
        Namespace: envNamespace,
    Spec: fv1.EnvironmentSpec{
        Version: envVersion,
        Runtime: fv1.Runtime{
            Image: envImg,
            Container: &apiv1.Container{
                Env: runtimeEnvList,
        Builder: fv1.Builder{
                     envBuilderImg,
            Command: envBuildCmd,
            Container: &apiv1.Container{
                Env: builderEnvList,
        Poolsize:
                                       poolsize,
                                       *resourceReg,
        Resources:
        AllowAccessToExternalNetwork: envExternalNetwork,
        TerminationGracePeriod:
                                       envGracePeriod,
        KeepArchive:
                                       keepArchive,
        ImagePullSecret:
                                       pullSecret,
   },
```

运行过程的推测

- 创建builder container, env container (通过builder image, env image)
 - 提供某个语言的编译、运行环境 (类似于在本地搭建好了某个语 言的运行环境)
- 以java为例
 - 先交给builder pod 拉取依赖,编译为xxx.class
 - 再交给function pod运行;



参考

- Builder Pod
- Function Pod
- Builder Manager
- StorageSvc
- Environments Store
- Hello World in JVM/Java on Fission