Deadline: 14.06.2017 @ 12 noon

Results via e-mail to jens.kersten@uni-weimar.de

## **Assignment 4**

## **Topics**:

- Filtering in frequency-domain
- Object-/Shape recognition using Fourier descriptors

## A) Image filtering

- a. Read the input image *taskA.png* and convert it to a grayscale image (double with values between 0.0 and 1.0)
- b. Add Gaussian noise to the image (function imnoise, parameters e.g. M=0, V=0.01) and plot the result
- c. Filter the noisy image with a self-made (!) 2d Gaussian filter in the frequency-domain (fft2, circshift, ifft2). Which  $\sigma$  is suitable here? Plot the result
- d. Plot the logarithmic centered image spectra of the original image, the noisy image, the Gaussian filter and the filtered image (imagesc, log, abs and fftshift)

## B) Shape recognition

- a. Read the image *trainingB.png* and convert it to a grayscale image (double with values between 0.0 and 1.0)
- b. Derive a binary mask (data type logical) of the image where 1 represents the object of interest and 0 is background (functions graythresh and im2bw)
- c. Build a Fourier-descriptor  $D_f$  based on the binary image of b.
  - i. Extraction of boundaries of the binary mask: bwboundaries
  - ii. Use n = 24 elements for the descriptor
  - iii. Make it invariant against translation, orientation and scale
- d. Apply steps a.-c. on images *test1B.jpg* and *test2B.jpg* in order to identify all potential object boundaries in the images. Note that here more than one boundaries will be identified by *bwboundaries*.
- e. Identify the searched object by comparison of the first trained Fourier-descriptor (result of task c) with all identified descriptors of the two test images (result of task d). Use the Euclidean distance of the Fourier-descriptors for identification. E.g., if

$$norm(D_{f,train} - D_{f,test}) < 0.06$$

- $\rightarrow$   $D_{f,test}$  represents the searched object
- f. Plot the identified boundaries on your mask (result of task b.) in order to validate the results