

Relational algebra operations

Operation	Notation	Definition	Schema Description	Degree	Cardinality (c)
Selection	$\sigma_{\theta}(\mathbf{r})$	Returns tuples of r satisfying the predicate θ .	R	n	$0 \leq c \leq N$
Projection	$\pi_{A_1, A_2 \dots}(\mathbf{r})$	Returns tuples of r consisting only of attributes $A_1, A_2 \dots$ (eliminates duplicates).	$\{A_1, A_2 \dots\}$	$ \{A_1, A_2 \dots\} $	$1 \leq c \leq N$
Union ¹	$\mathbf{r} \cup \mathbf{s}$	Returns all tuples of r and all of s (eliminates duplicates).	R	n, m	$\max\{N, M\} \leq c \leq N + M$
Difference ¹	$\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{r} \setminus \mathbf{s}$	Returns all tuples of r that are not in s .	R	n, m	$\max\{0, N - M\} \leq c \leq N$
Cartesian product	$\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{s}$	Concatenates each tuple of r with each tuple of s .	$R.S$	$n + m$	NM
Intersection ¹	$\mathbf{r} \cap \mathbf{s}$	$\mathbf{r} - (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{s})$ Returns all tuples of r that are also in s .	R	n, m	$0 \leq c \leq \min\{N, M\}$
Theta join	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\theta} \mathbf{s}$	$\sigma_{\theta}(\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{s})$ Returns tuples of cartesian product of r and s satisfying the predicate θ .	$R.S$	$n + m$	$0 \leq c \leq NM$
Equijoin	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\theta=} \mathbf{s}$	$\sigma_{\theta=}(\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{s})$ Returns tuples of cartesian product of r and s satisfying the predicate $\theta=$.	$R.S$	$n + m$	$0 \leq c \leq NM$
Natural join ²	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie \mathbf{s}$	$\pi_{R \cup S}(\sigma_{r.A_1=s.A_1 \wedge \dots}(\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{s}))$ Returns equijoin of r and s over all common attributes where one occurrence of each common attribute is eliminated.	$R \cup S$	$n + m - cnm$	$0 \leq c \leq NM$
Left outer join	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\leftarrow} \mathbf{s}$	$/$ Returns natural join of r and s where tuples of r having no matching values in common attributes of s are also included in the result ³ . Comment: $\pi_R(\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\leftarrow} \mathbf{s}) = \mathbf{r}$.	$R \cup S$	$n + m - cnm$	$N \leq c \leq NM$
Right outer join	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\rightarrow} \mathbf{s}$	$/$ Returns natural join of r and s where tuples of s having no matching values in common attributes of r are also included in the result ³ . Comment: $\pi_S(\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\rightarrow} \mathbf{s}) = \mathbf{s}$.	$R \cup S$	$n + m - cnm$	$M \leq c \leq NM$
Full outer join	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\leftarrow \rightarrow} \mathbf{s}$	$/$ Returns natural join of r and s where tuples of r or s having no matching values in common attributes of the other relation are also included in the result ³ .	$R \cup S$	$n + m - cnm$	$N + M \leq c \leq NM$
Semijoin	$\mathbf{r} \bowtie_{\theta} \mathbf{s}$	$\pi_R(\sigma_{\theta}(\mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{s}))$ Returns tuples of r that participate in theta join of r and s (due to predicate θ).	R	n	$0 \leq c \leq N$
Division ⁴	$\mathbf{r} / \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{r} \div \mathbf{s}$	$\pi_{R-S}(r) - \pi_{R-S}((\pi_{R-S}(r) \times s) - r)$ Returns tuples of r consisting only of attributes in $R - S$ (denoted x), thus that for <i>every</i> tuple in s (denoted y) there exists a tuple in r equal to concatenation of x and y .	$R - S$	$n - m$	$0 \leq c \leq N/M$
Aggregate	$\tau_{AL}(\mathbf{r})$	$/$ Applies aggregate function list AL to the relation r .	$/$	$ AL $	1
Grouping	$\gamma_{GA} \tau_{AL}(\mathbf{r})$	$/$ Groups tuples of r by grouping attributes GA and then applies aggregate function list AL to these groups.	$/$	$ GA + AL $	$1 \leq c \leq \prod_{A_i \in GA} dom(A_i) $
Rename	$\rho_{\mathbf{r}(A_1, A_2 \dots)}(\mathbf{s})$	$/$ Renames the relation s and all of its attributes (new names are r and $A_1, A_2 \dots$).	$\{A_1, A_2 \dots\}$	$ \{A_1, A_2 \dots\} $	M
Assignment	$\mathbf{r}(A_1, A_2 \dots) \leftarrow \mathbf{s}$	$/$ Assigns name r to relation s and $A_1, A_2 \dots$ to its attributes.	$\{A_1, A_2 \dots\}$	$ \{A_1, A_2 \dots\} $	M

$r, s \rightarrow$ relations, with relation schemas R, S ($Sh(r) = R, Sh(s) = S$)

$n, m \rightarrow$ degrees of the relations ($deg(r) = n, deg(s) = m$)

$cnm \rightarrow$ number of common attributes in the relations r and s

$N, M \rightarrow$ cardinalities of the relations ($card(r) = N, card(s) = M$)

$A_i \rightarrow$ attribute

$\theta \rightarrow$ logical predicate

$\theta= \rightarrow$ logical predicate which contains only equality comparisons and logical conjunction \wedge

$AL \rightarrow$ list of aggregate functions⁵ and corresponding attributes (e.g. "COUNT A_1 , SUM $A_2 \dots$ ")

$GA \rightarrow$ grouping attributes (e.g. " $A_1, A_2 \dots$ "). They must differ from those in AL

⁰ Author takes no responsibility for the errors in the text.

¹ r and s must be union-compatible.

² When r and s have no common attributes, natural join equals cartesian product.

³ Unknown values are set to NULL.

⁴ Attributes of s must be a subset of attributes of $r, S \subseteq R$.

⁵ Can be one of COUNT, SUM, AVG, MAX or MIN.