Node.js Startup Performance

Joyee Cheung, Igalia

About me

- Joyee Cheung (Cantonese) / Qiuyi Zhang (Mandarin)
- Compilers @ Igalia
- Node.js TSC & V8 Committer
- Champion of the startup performance initiative in Node.js
 - https://github.com/nodejs/TSC/blob/master/Strategic-Initiatives.md
- @joyeecheung on GitHub & Twitter

Slides of this talk:

https://github.com/joyeecheung/talks/blob/master/nodeconf_remote_202011/node-startup-performance.pdf



Node Startup Improvement #27196



suresh-srinivas opened this issue on Apr 12, 2019 · 18 comments



suresh-srinivas commented on Apr 12, 2019

Contributor



Is your feature request related to a problem? Please describe.

Node takes around 60ms to start on a modern Skylake Server, processing ~230M instructions to execute a mostly empty function (see below). From looking at the startup timeline view (using trace-events). During this time, it loads 56 JavaScript core library files and compiles them. Much of the startup time is due to that.

```
"events.is"
"internal/trace events async hooks.js"
"async hooks.js"
"internal/errors.js"
"internal/validators.js"
"internal/async hooks.js"
"internal/safe globals.js"
```



	nodejs v10.13.0	nodejs master	nodejs v10.13.0/master
cycles	149,778,245	77,046,107	1.9
instructions	210,776,025	91,695,996	2.3

We will analyze this some more. Let us know where we can help.



suresh-srinivas commented on Apr 18, 2019

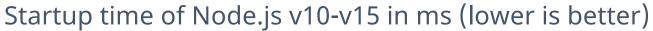
Contributor

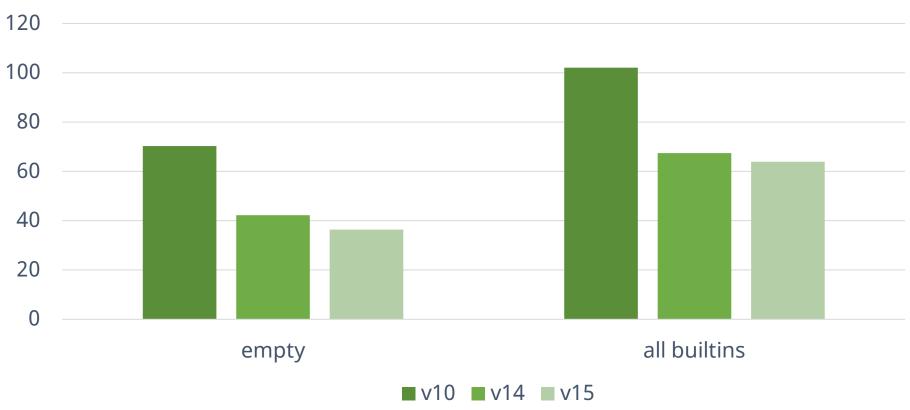
Author



The new trace for empty shows it is down to 21ms. Very impressive. @hashseed there is a 1ms of GC Scavenge around 15 ms. Any suggestions?

There is also a hit of sparse script parse and compile hits of green. Is that loading the cached code? Would be nice to batch it

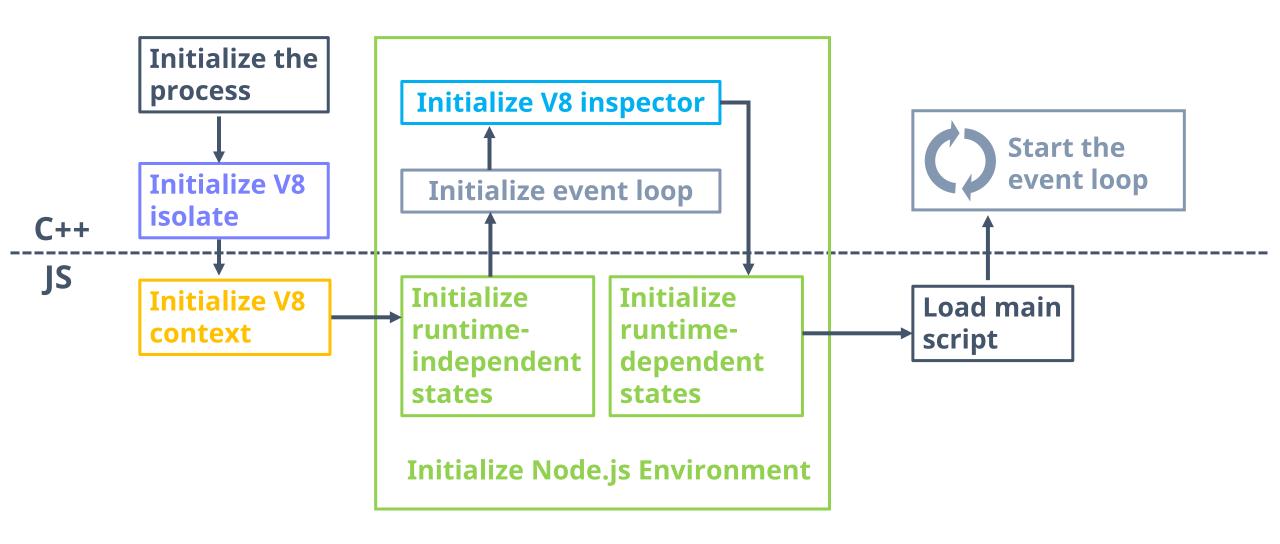




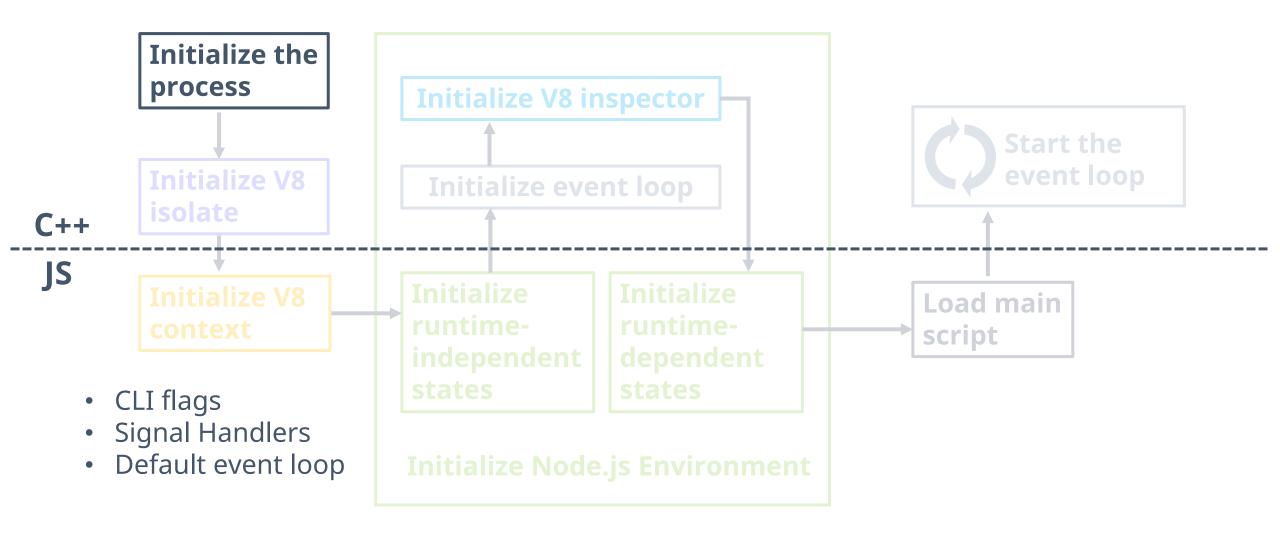
^{*} Unlike in the previous issue, these benchmarks were run on a MacBook with Coffee Lake 2.9 GHz Core-i9 CPUs

- 1. Refactoring to avoid unnecessary work
- 2. Implement code caching
- 3. Integrating V8 startup snapshot

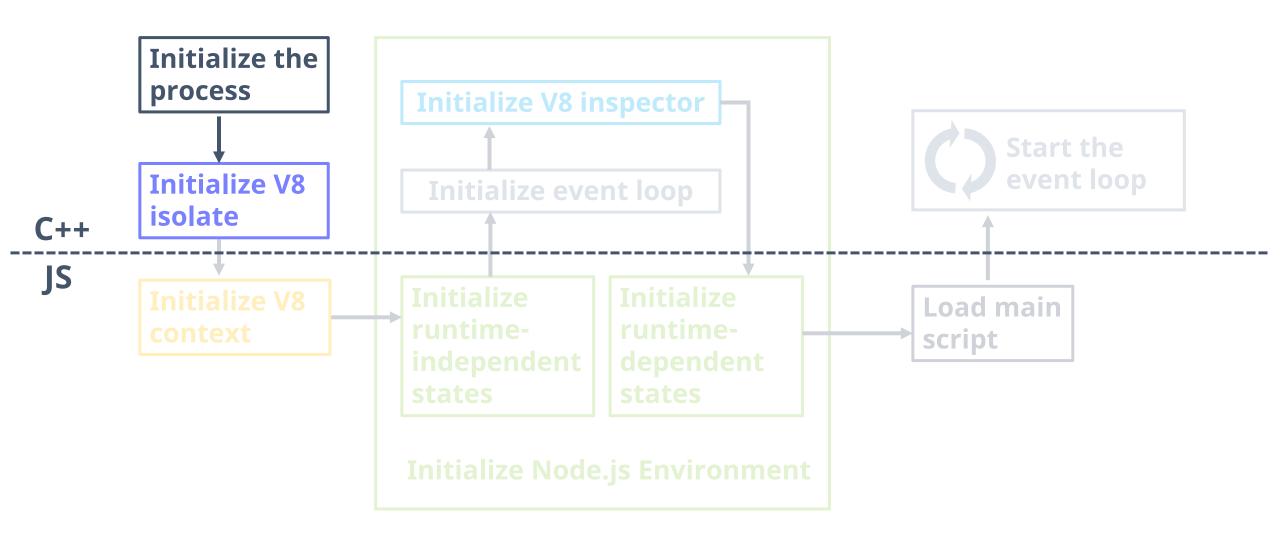
Overview of the Node.js bootstrap



Setting up the process



Setting up the V8 isolate

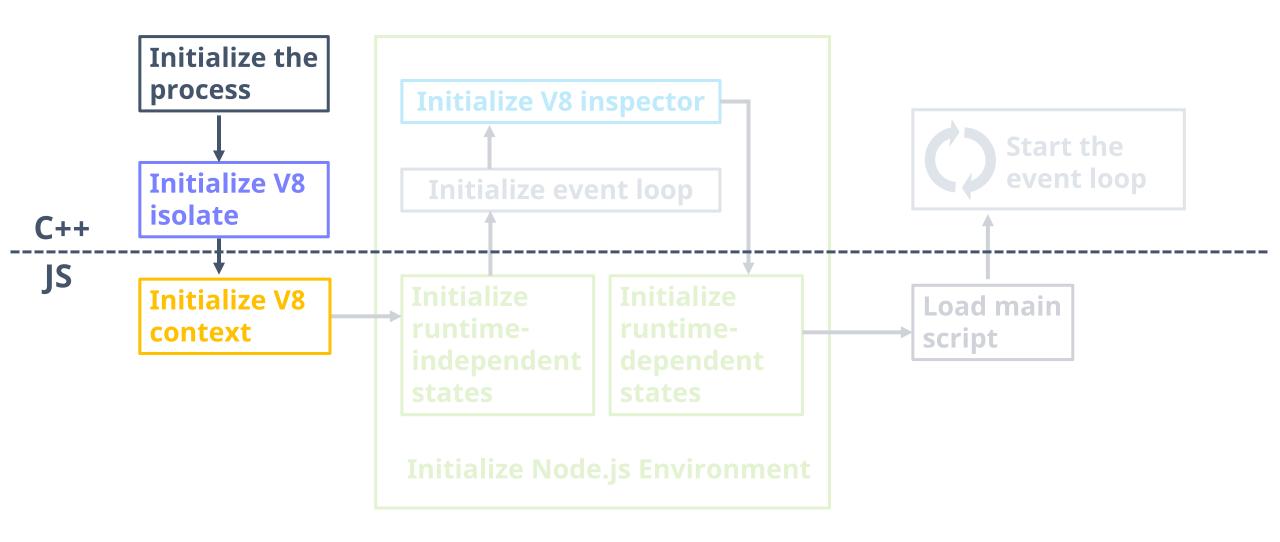


Setting up the V8 isolate

What's a V8 isolate?

- v8::Isolate is the instance of the v8 JavaScript engine
- Encapsulates the JS heap, microtask queue, pending exceptions...
- In Node.js, the main instance and each worker gets their own V8 isolates

Setting up the V8 context



Setting up the V8 context

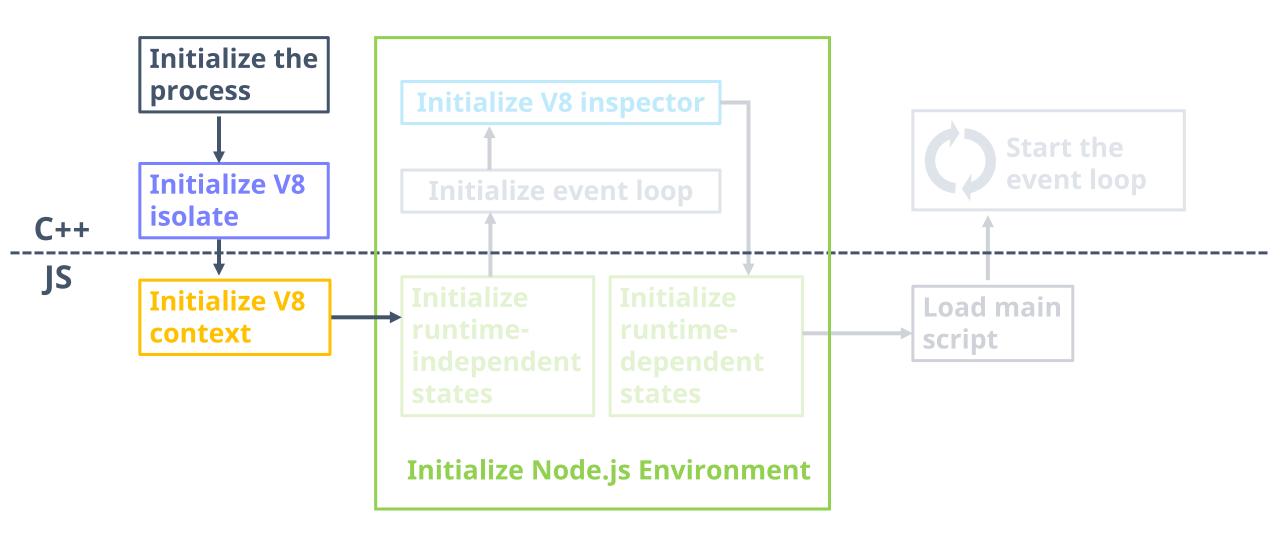
What's a V8 context?

- A sandboxed execution context
- Encapsulates JavaScript builtins (primordials) e.g. globalThis, Array, Object...
- What's inside the returned result of vm.createContext()

Setting up the V8 context

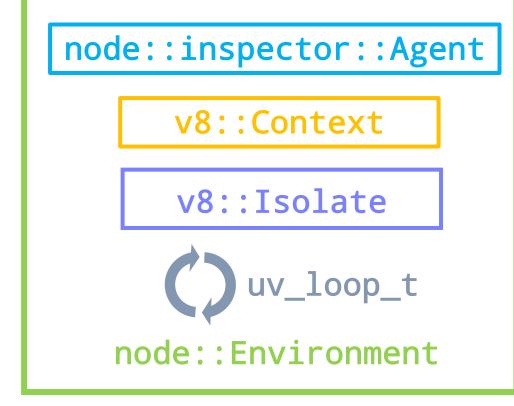
What's a V8 context?

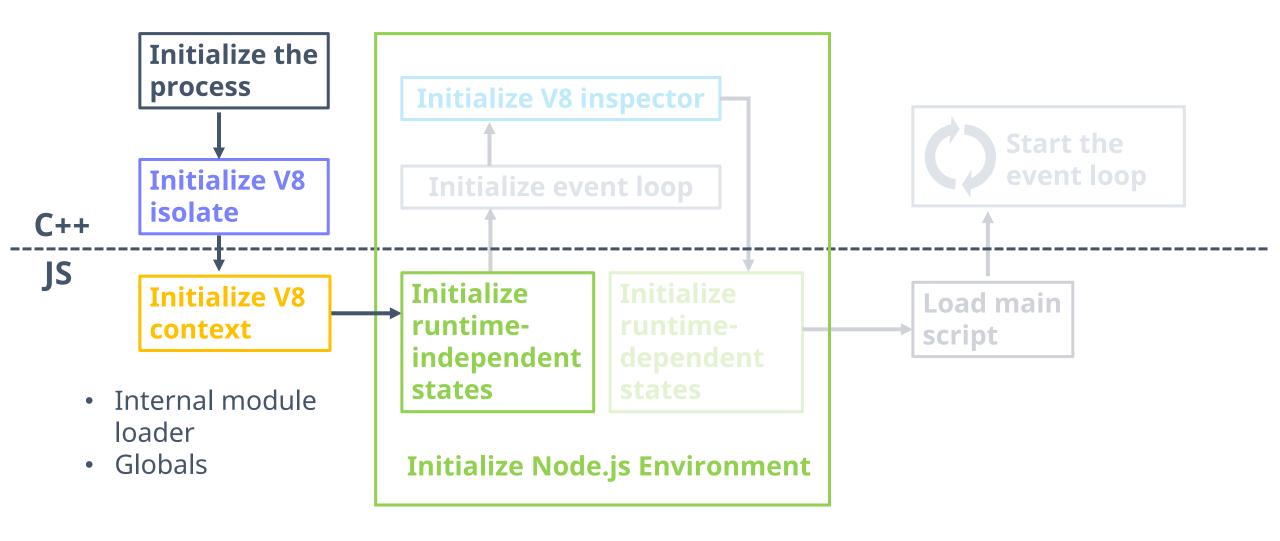
- In Node.js, userland JavaScript is executed in the main V8 context by default, sharing the same context as the one used by the built-ins of Node.js.
- Node.js copies the original JS built-ins at the beginning of the bootstrap for the built-in modules to use.

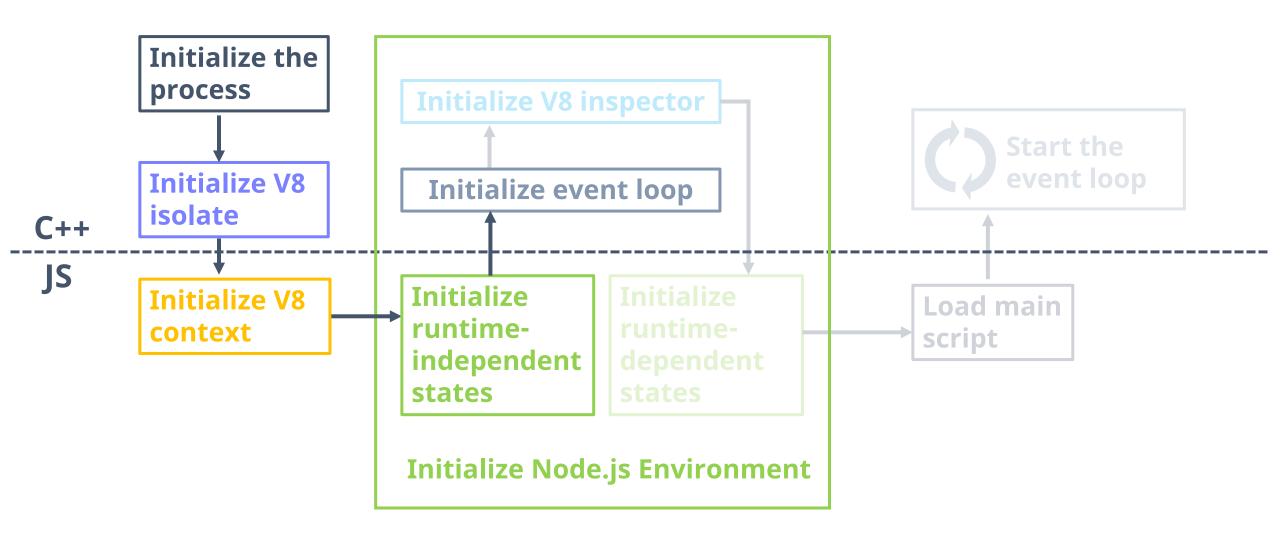


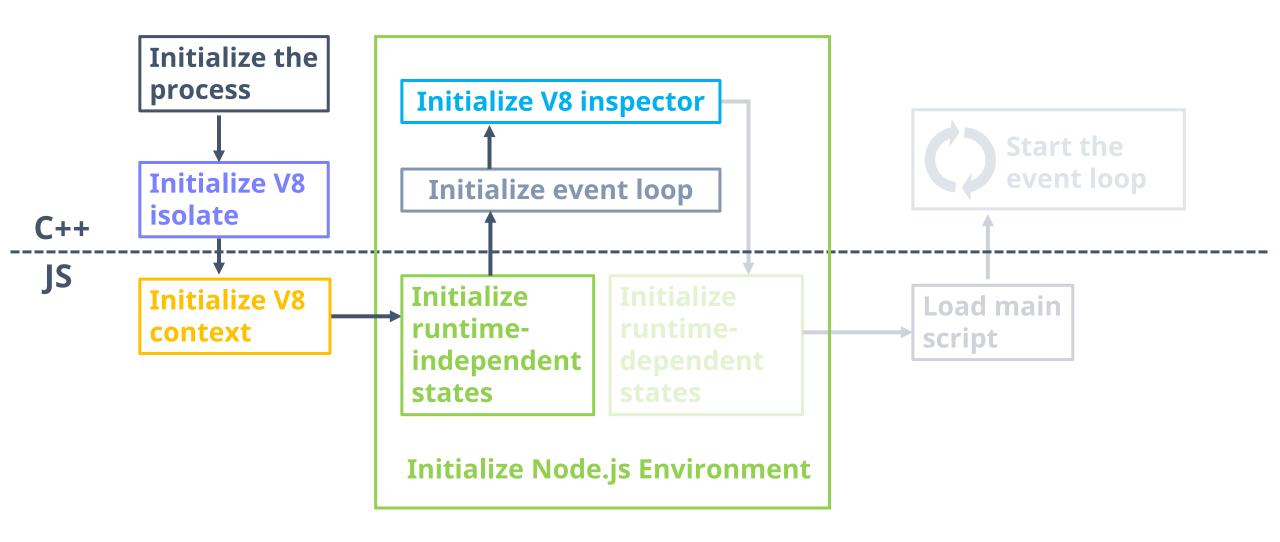
What's a Node.js Environment?

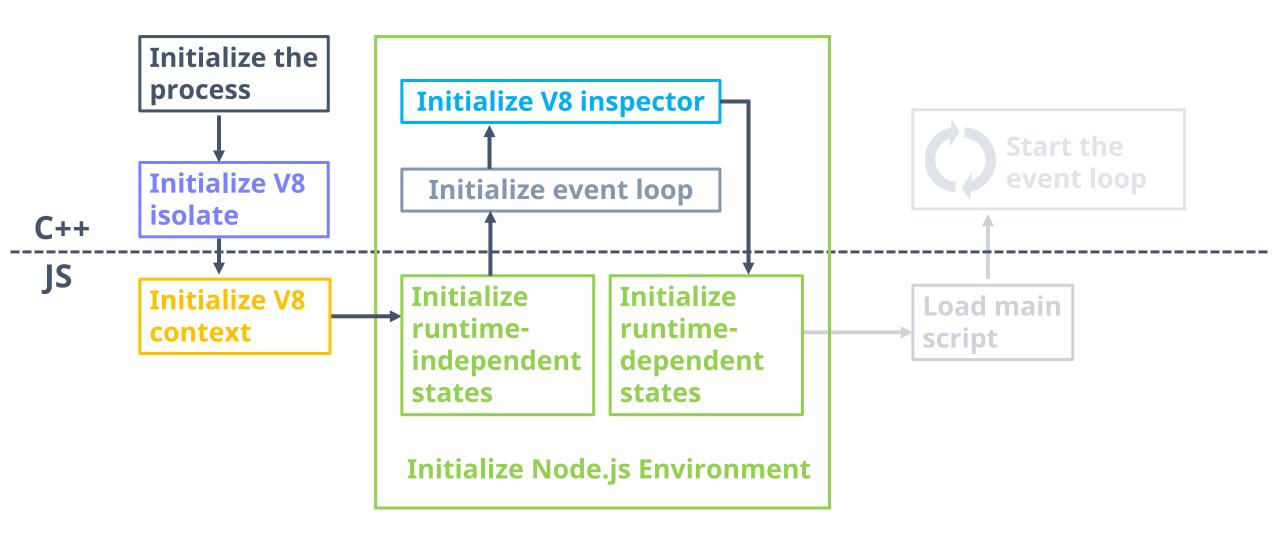
- Encapsulation of the Node.js instance
- Associated with
 - One V8 inspector agent (for JS debugging)
 - One main V8 context
 - One V8 isolate
 - One libuv event loop









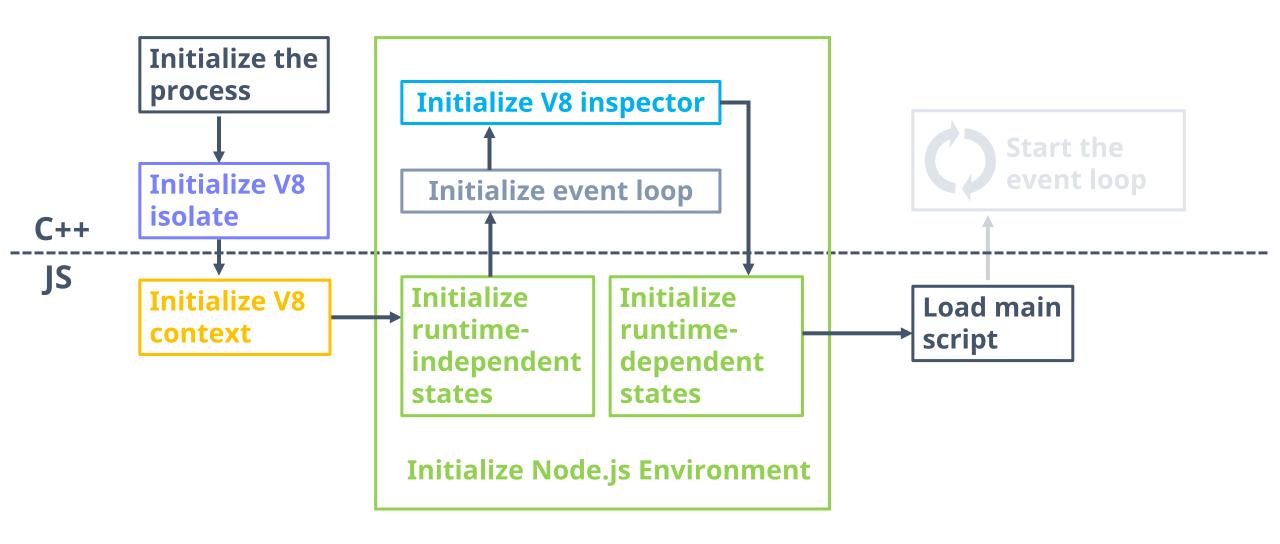


Refactoring for snapshot integration

- Introduce a new step *pre-execution* to handle runtime configurations
 - CLI flags: e.g. --no-warnings, --experimental-policy, --report-signal
 - Environment variables: e.g. NODE_PENDING_DEPRECATION, NODE_V8_COVERAGE

```
const { onWarning } = require('internal/process/warning');
if (!getOptionValue('--no-warnings') &&
  process.env.NODE_NO_WARNINGS !== '1') {
  process.on('warning', onWarning);
}
```

Start execution



Start execution: from CLI

Create and initialize Environment Select a main script Load run_main_module.js Detect module type **Read and compile \${cwd}/index.js** as CJS **Start event loop**

\$ node index.js

Start execution: Worker

Create and initialize

Environment

Select a main script

Load worker_thread.js

Setup message port and start listening

Start event loop

Compile and run the script sent from the port

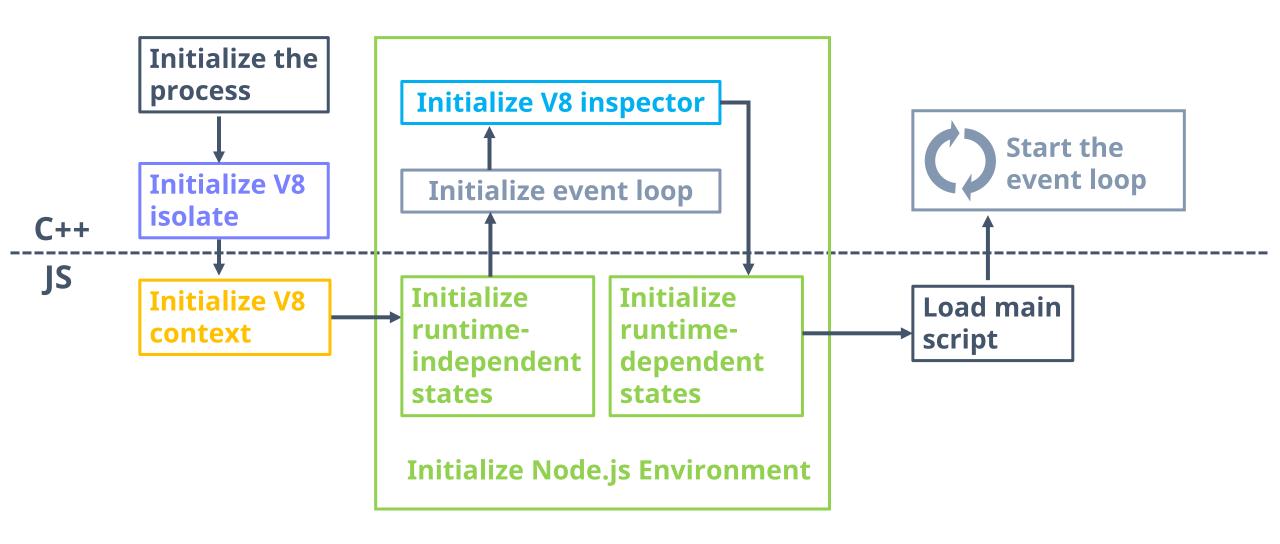
From user code on the main thread

```
const { Worker } =
  require('worker_threads');
const script =
  `console.log('hello')`;
new worker_threads
  .Worker(script, { eval: true });
```

From the worker_thread.js on the worker thread

```
evalScript('[worker eval]', script);
```

Start execution



- 1. Refactoring to avoid unnecessary work
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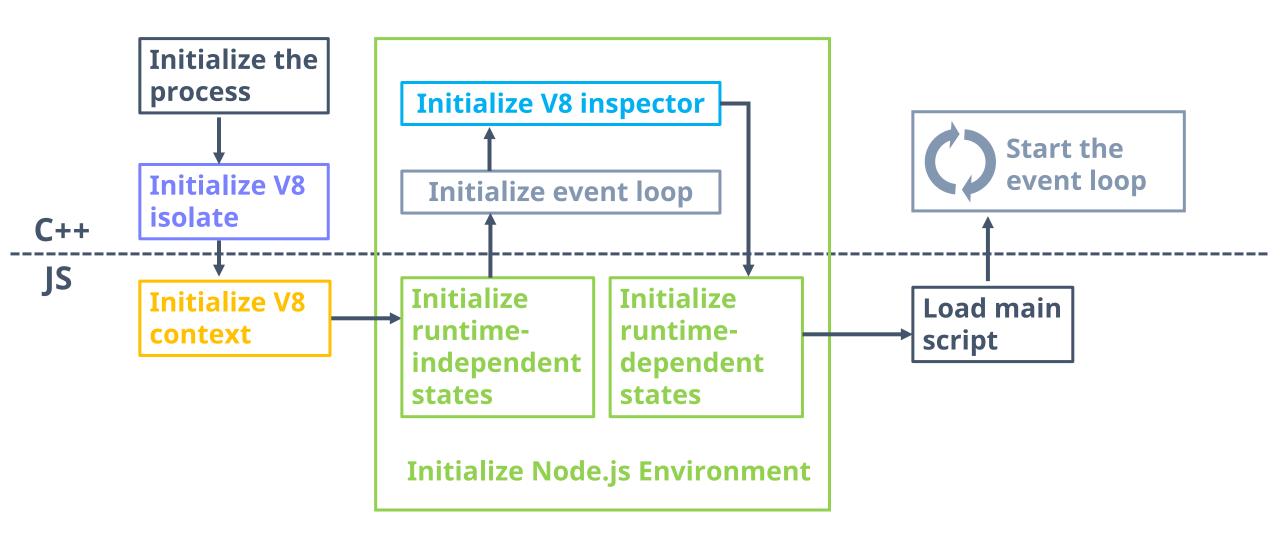
Refactoring

- Lazy-load builtins that are not always used
 - A lot of builtin modules depend on each other
 - Caveat: we'd spend more time loading them on demand later
 - Can be reverted when startup snapshot covers these modules

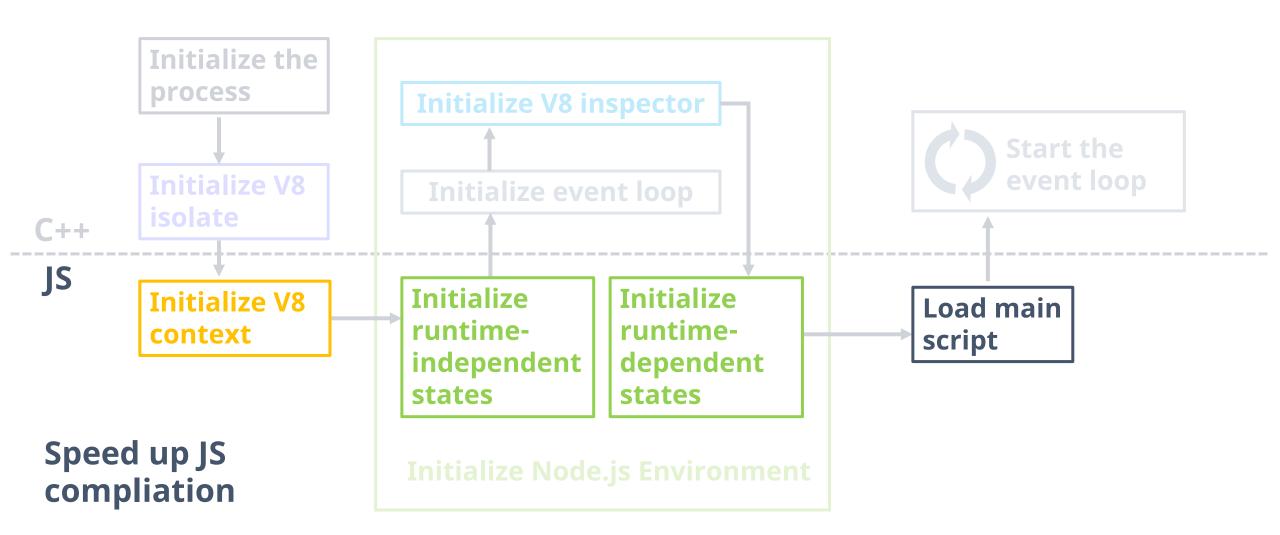
Refactoring

- Lazy-load builtins that are not always used
 - A lot of builtin modules depend on each other
 - Caveat: we'd spend more time loading them on demand later
 - Can be reverted when startup snapshot covers these modules
- Avoid unnecessary work
 - e.g. console creation
 - Startup snapshot doesn't help since it depends on runtime states

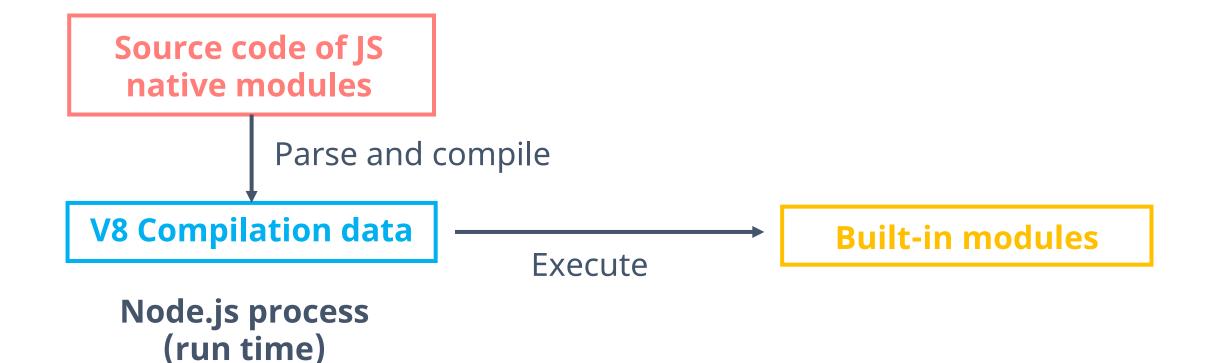
Refactoring



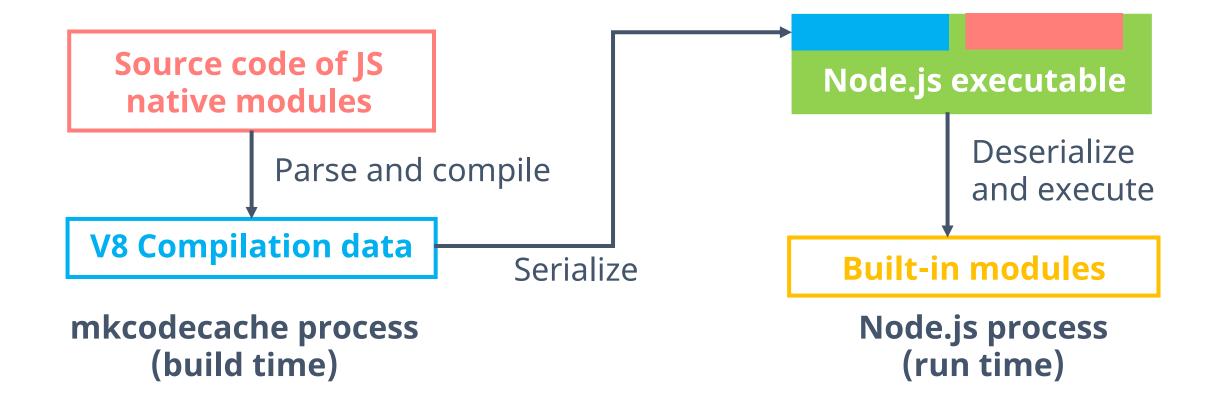
Code caching



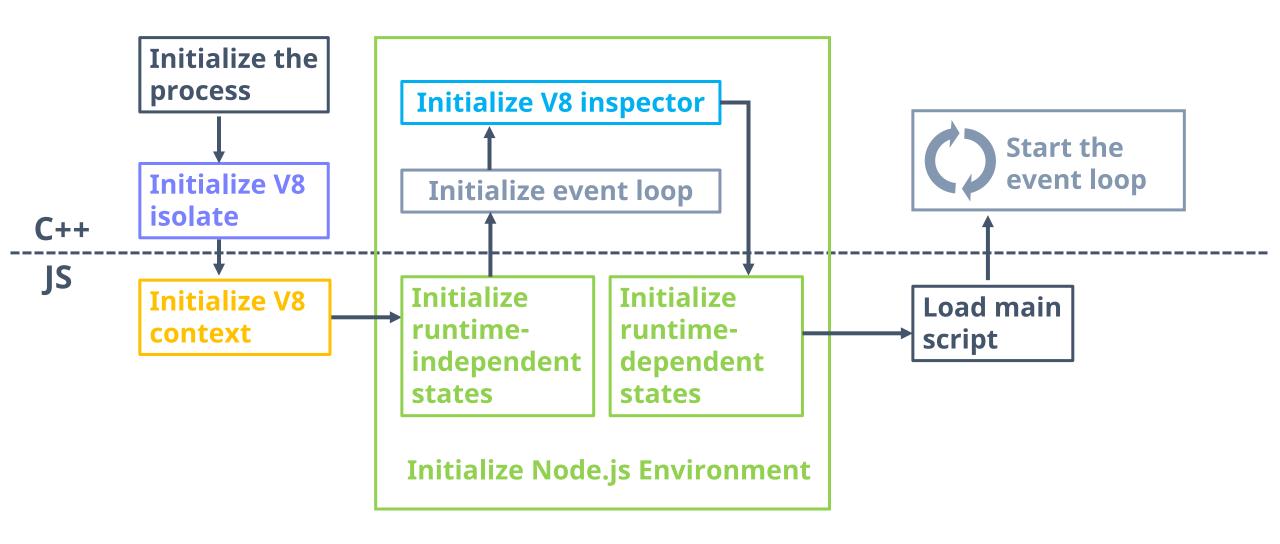
V8 code cache: before



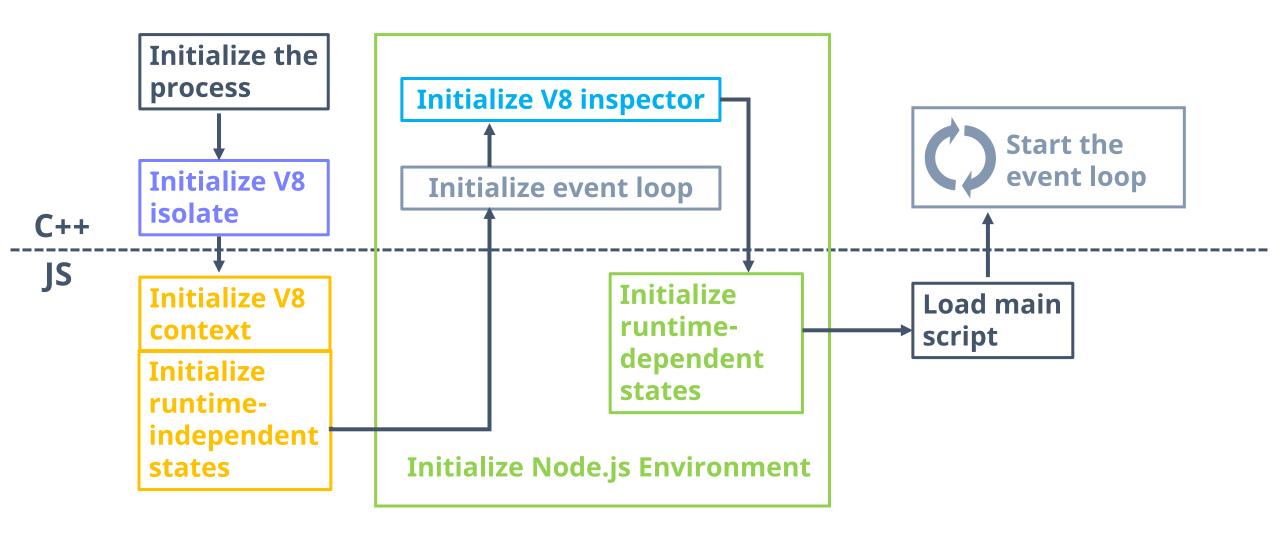
V8 code cache: after



Refactoring for snapshot integration



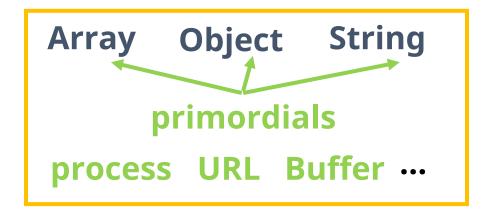
Refactoring for snapshot integration



V8 startup snapshot: before

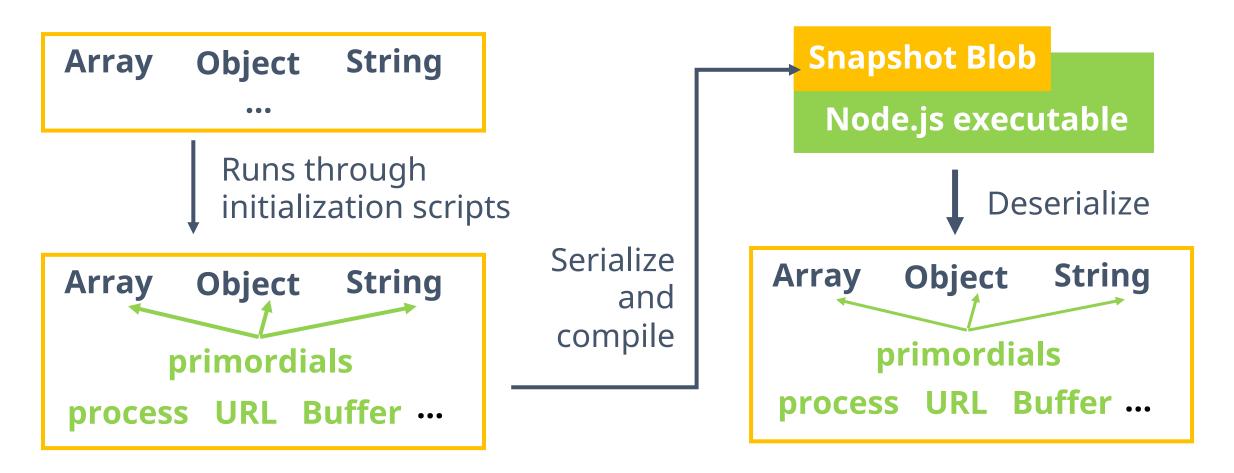
```
Array Object String ...
```

Runs through initialization scripts



Node.js process

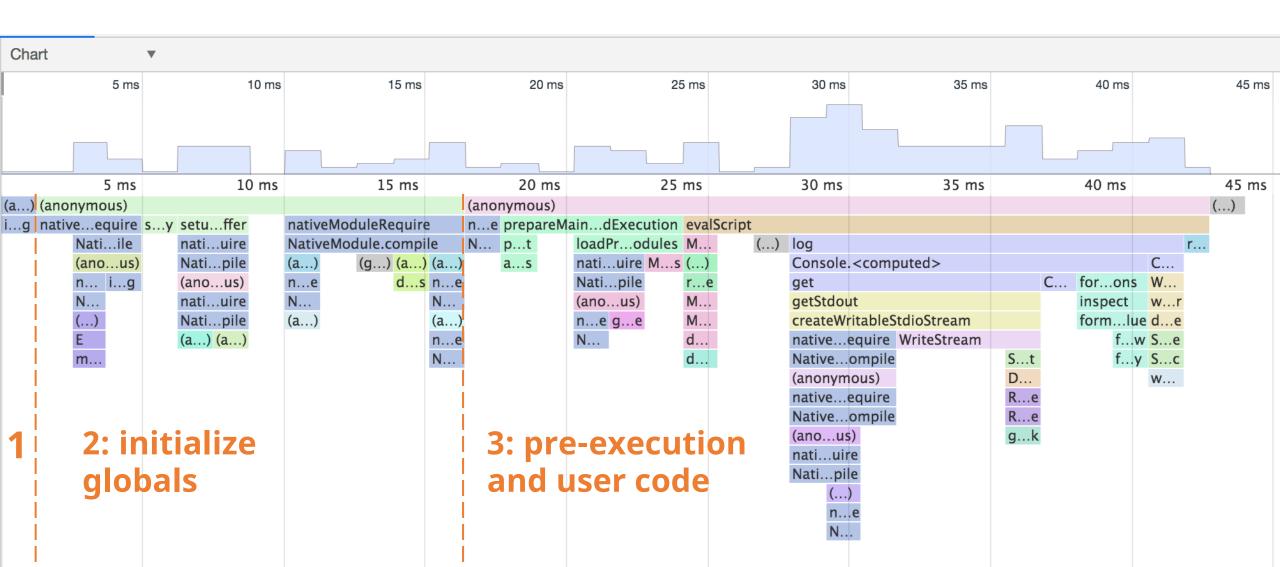
V8 startup snapshot: after



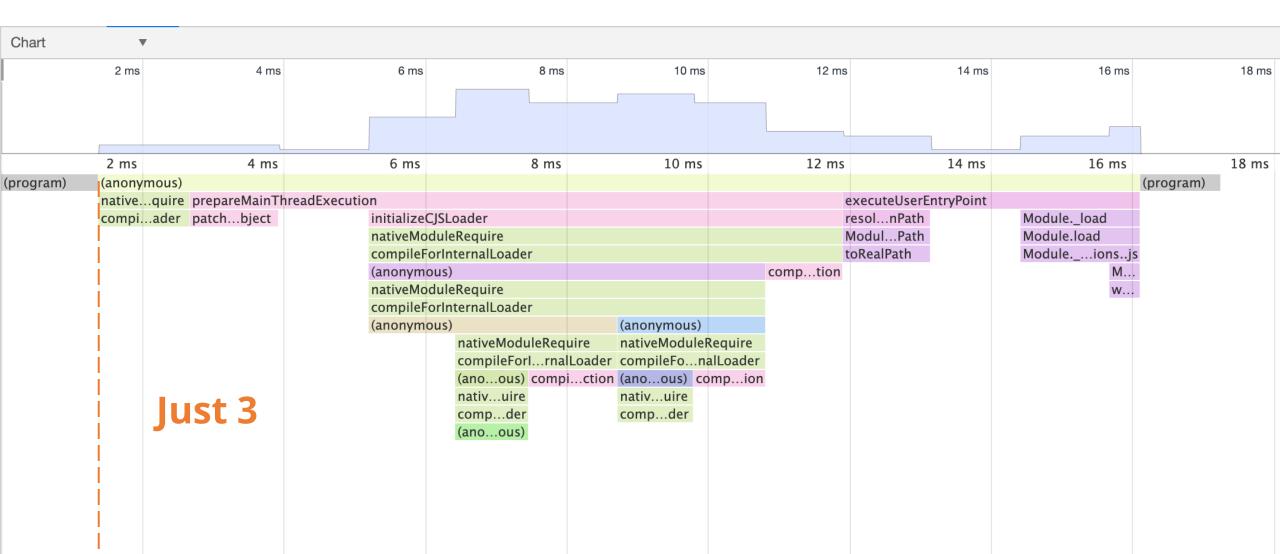
node_mksnapshot process (build time)

Node.js process (run time)

V8 startup snapshot: before



V8 startup snapshot: after



- JSMap and JSSet rehashing
 - Hash flooding vulnerability caused by fixed hash seed from the snapshot: https://v8.dev/blog/hash-flooding
 - Solution: generate new hash seed and rehash all the objects

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 - Hash flooding vulnerability caused by fixed hash seed from the snapshot: https://v8.dev/blog/hash-flooding
 - Solution: generate new hash seed and rehash all the objects
 - Rehashing was not implemented for Map and Sets
 - Implemented Map and Set rehashing in V8 so that they can be used in the startup snapshot of Node.js

- Class field initializers
 - Once used by the EventTarget: https://www.nearform.com/blog/node-js-and-the-struggles-of-being-an-eventtarget/

- Class field initializers
 - Once used by the EventTarget: https://www.nearform.com/blog/node-js-and-the-struggles-of-being-an-eventtarget/
 - Work in progress: reparse the initializers after deserializing them from the V8 snapshot

Future work

Userland snapshotting

- Take a snapshot of an application and write it to disk
- Load it from the file system or build it into an executable
- CLI or APIs under worker_thread/child_process

Tracking issue: https://github.com/nodejs/node/issues/35711

Thank you!

to Igalia & Bloomberg for supporting my work Special thanks to @addaleax (Anna Henningsen)