

Water Layer: Omnichain Inscription Standard with Runtime

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Abstract	1
Artifacts	1
Value Proposition	1
Water Standard	2
Asset Protocol (WRC20)	2
Execution Protocol (WSE)	3
Water Client	3
Roadmap	3
Appendix	4

Abstract

Water Layer introduces a set of inscription-based assets and execution protocols (i.e. Water Standard), with a runtime (i.e. Water Client) to support different standards of inscription assets and flexible execution across different blockchains. Water Layer aims to unlock a decentralized, permissionless, scalable and interoperable blockchain paradigm.

Artifacts

- **Water Standard**: the inscription standards for Water Layer
 - Water Standard Asset: defines asset in any blockchain, natively interoperable
 - Fungible token: WRC20, and etc.
 - Non-fungible token: WRC721, and etc.
 - Water Standard Execution (WSE): defines client-side execution logic within different VMs (e.g. Solidity for EVM).
- **Water Client**: any client that implements Water Standard, consisting of indexers and runtimes, which can be implemented in any language.

Value Proposition

1. **Omnichain inscription**: support all major existing asset inscription standards across different blockchains including Etherscription, BRC20, ARC20, etc. via Water Client.
2. **Permissionless**: permissionless for anyone to set up a local client with a RPC endpoint or a blockchain node to interact with Water Layer or adopt a 3rd-party client provider (e.g. Unisat, OKX Wallet).

3. Interoperability: any WRC20 assets minted on any blockchain can be bridged to other blockchains in a trustless way. Cross-chain transfer method is natively defined as a method of WRC20 assets.
4. Scalability: computation is much more cost-efficient compared to blockchain with client-side execution within Water Client. States are indexed and computed off-chain and only inscriptions are stored on-chain, which eliminates the cost for on-chain state storage, compute, and synchronization.

Water Standard

Asset Protocol (WRC20)

<i>method</i>	<i>arguments</i>	<i>example</i>
deploy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • p (required): protocol name • op (required): event type • tick (required): ticker of the asset, max 5 letters • max (optional): max supply • lim (optional): mint limit, default to 10000 • dec (optional): decimal precision, default to 18 	<pre>{ "p": "wrc-20", "op": "deploy", "tick": "wrc", "max": "21000000", "lim": "1000" }</pre>
mint	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • p (required): protocol name • op (required): event type • tick (required): ticker of the asset, max 5 letters • amt (required): the amount of the tick asset to mint. Has to be smaller than "lim" in deploy 	<pre>{ "p": "wrc-20", "op": "mint", "tick": "wrc", "amt": "1000" }</pre>
transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • p (required): protocol name • op (required): event type • tick (required): ticker of the asset, max 5 letters • amt (required): the amount of the tick asset to mint. Has to be smaller than "lim" in deploy 	<pre>{ "p": "wrc-20", "op": "transfer", "tick": "wrc", "amt": "100" }</pre>
teleport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • p (required): protocol name • op (required): event type • tick (required): ticker of the asset, max 5 letters • amt (required): the amount of the tick asset to mint. Has to be smaller than "lim" in deploy • tc (required): target chain name • ta (required): address on target chain 	<pre>{ "p": "wrc-20", "op": "teleport", "tick": "wrc", "amt": "10000", "tc": "solana", "ta": "7rhxnLVs23s" }</pre>

Notice, **deploy**, **mint**, and **transfer** are compatible with BRC20, with **teleport** being the new method in WRC20 standard, enabling cross-chain interoperability for Inscription-based assets.

Execution Protocol (WSE)

<i>method</i>	<i>arguments</i>	<i>example</i>
deploy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• p (required): protocol name• op (required): event type• r (required): runtime name• rv (required): runtime version• b (required): bytecode of the executable• i (required): interface of the executable	<pre>{ "p": "wse", "op": "deploy", "r": "evm", "rv": "13.4", "b": "3ca21bb9e2776ce2", "i": "{ \"get_value\": \"...\", \"set_value\": \"...\" }" }</pre>
call	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• p (required): protocol name• v (required): protocol version• op (required): event type• c (required): chain name• hash (required): tx hash of the “deploy” inscription transaction• m (required): method name• arg0 (optional): argument0 to call• arg1 (optional): argument1 to call• ...	<pre>{ "p": "wse", "op": "call", "c": "ethereum", "hash": "cc397eb2c3aab3", "m": "set_value", "arg0": "10" }</pre>

Water Client

Water Client is responsible to offchain index the inscriptions, and perform client-side execution to update the states and provide an interface for end users to interact with. A wallet supporting Water Standard needs to be backed by a Water Client to get the most up-to-date states.

Water Client can have multiple runtimes executing inscriptions from WSE (check out **r** and **rv** arguments in **deploy**).

Roadmap

Dec 2023: WRC20 token minting with limited runtime support (i.e. EVM)

Jan 2024: WRC20 asset swap (i.e. limited WSE functionality)

Mar 2024: Full WSE implementation

Q2 2024+: Support wrapping inscription assets w/ different standards into WRC20, and more runtimes