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 SEC-X
- ASSIGNMENT-1
- Q1) → WAP that takes a string as a parameter and returns a string with every successive character replaced with star (*).
- ```

 a = input("Enter a string : ")
 modif = " "
 for i in a:
 if i in modif:
 modif += "*"
 else:
 modif += i
 print(modif)

```
- Q2) → Enter the string : MESSI SSI PPI  
 M2S \* \* \* \* P \* \*
- WAP that takes two string and return true if they are anagram or false otherwise
- ```

    def anagram(str1, str2):
      str1 = str1.replace(" ", "").lower()
      str2 = str2.replace(" ", "").lower()
      return sorted(str1) == sorted(str2)
  
```
- str1 = "Listen"
 str2 = "Silent"
 res = anagram(str1, str2)
 print(res)
- Q3) → WAP that takes a sentence as input and display no. of words in a sentence.

def count(sent):

word = sent.split()

return len(word)

sent = "This is a simple sentence"

word = Count(sent)

print ("The no. of words are ", word)

(d) def caps(sent):

words = sent.split()

for i in range(len(words)):

word = words[i]

if word:

words[i] = word[0].upper() + word[1:].lower()

capital = ".join(words)

return capital

sent = "This is a simple sentence"

caps = caps(sent)

print ("Capitalized sentence: ", caps)

(e) WAF that takes a string as input and determine the count of the number of words using RE.

import re

def wordcount(sent):

word = re.compile(r'\b\w+\b')

match = word.findall(sent)

return len(match)

sent = "This is me."

word = wordcount(sent)

print ("The no. of words are: ", word)

⑥ What will be the output on executing each of the statements, following the assignment statement?
address = 'B-6, Lodhi road, Delhi'

⑦ len(address) → 20

⑧ address[7:-1] → er

⑨ address[-len(address):len(address)] → B-6, Lodhi road, Delhi

⑩ address[:-12]+address[-12:] → B-6, Lodhi road, Delhi

⑪ address.find('delhi') → -1

⑫ address.swapcase() → B-6, LODHI ROAD, DELHI

⑬ address.split(',') → ['B-6', 'Lodhi road', 'Delhi']

⑭ address.isalpha() → false

⑮ Examine the following string:

greeting = 'Good Morning. Have a Good Day!!'

⑯ greeting.count('Good')

↳ 2

⑰ greeting.find('a')

↳ 15

⑱ greeting.rfind('a')

↳ 27

⑲ greeting.capitalize()

↳ Good morning. Have a good day!!

⑳ greeting.lower()

↳ good morning. have a good day!!

㉑ greeting.upper()

↳ GOOD MORNING HAVE A GOOD DAY!!

㉒ greeting.swapcase()

↳ good MORNING.HAVE A good DAY!!

㉓ greeting.replace('Good', 'Sweet')

↳ false

㉔ greeting.replace('Good', 'Sweet')

↳ Sweet Morning. Have a sweet Day!!

(8) greeting.stript()

↳ Good Morning, Have a Good Day!!

(9) greeting.split()

↳ ['Good', 'Morning', 'Have', 'a', 'Good', 'Day!!']

(10) greeting.partition('!')

→ ('Good Morning', '!', 'Have a Good Day!!')

(11) greeting.startswith('Good')

→ False

(12) greeting.endswith('!!')

→ True

(8) + i) determine the patterns extracted by the following regular expressions.

1. string1 = 'Python Programming Language'

1. match1 = re.search('.....m?', string1)

print(match1.group(1))

→ Program

2. match2 = re.search('.....m\S1,2\$', string1)

print(match2.group(1))

→ Progamm

3. match3 = re.search('.*Language\$', string1)

print(match3.group(1))

→ Python Programming Language

4. match4 = re.search('W+|S|w+', string1)

print(match4.group(1))

→ Python Programming

5. match5 = re.search('.*!', string1)

print(match5.group(1))

↳ Python Programming Language

(d) 2. string 2 = 'Care Number' DLS645'

1. match1 = re.search ('(\w\w\d\d\d\d)', string2)
print (match1.group(1))

→ DLS645

2. match2 = re.search ('\.*5', string2)
print (match2.group(1))

→ Care Number DLS645

3. match3 = re.search ('\.*52', string2)
print (match3.group(1))

→ Care Number DLS675

4. match4 = re.search ('\d\d\d', string2)
print (match4.group(1))

→ 567

5. match5 = re.search ('^C.*5\$', string2)

print (match5.group(1))

→ Care Number DLS675

3. string 3 = 'cdccddeddd343377aaabb'

1. match1 = re.search ('(cd)*\d*(aa|bb)*', string3)

print (match1.group(1))

→ cdccddeddd343377aaabb

2. match2 = re.search ('(dd)*d', string3)

print (match2.group(1))

→ d

3. match3 = re.search ('(cc|dd)* (3|4)* (aa|bb)*', string3)

print (match3.group(1))

→ 343377aa

4. match4 = re.search ('(cc|dd|dd|dd)* (3|4)* (aa|bb)*', string3)

print (match4.group(1))

→ (d) cccddeddd343377aaabb

5. match5 = re.search ('(cc|dd|dd|dd)* (3|4)* (aa|bb)*', string3)

print (match5.group(1))

→ cdcccdcccc343377aaabb

① → write a python program to perform the following tasks:

(a) → Reverse a string:

n = input("Enter a string:")

length = len(n)

sl = ""

for i in range(length - 1, -1, -1):

sl = sl + n[i]

print(sl)

(b) → Reverse a string, without reversing the words:

n = input("Enter the string")

s = n.split(" ")

k = "

for i in range(len(s) - 1, -1, -1):

k = k + " " + s[i]

m = k.lstrip()

print(m)

② → check if a string is symmetric or assymetric

n = input("Enter the string")

s = n[0 : len(n) // 2]

p = n[len(n) // 2 : len(n)]

if (s == p):

print("Symmetric")

else:

print("Assymmetric")

① Check if a string is palindrome.

$n = \text{input}("Enter a string: ")$

$m = n$

$\text{length} = \text{len}(n)$

$s1 = ''$

$\text{for } i \text{ in range}(\text{length}-1, -1, -1):$

$s1 = s1 + n[i]$

$\text{if } (s1 == n):$

$\text{print} ("Yes palindrome")$

else:

$\text{print} ("Not palindrome")$

② Given a string s and index i , delete i^{th} value from s .

$s = \text{input} ("Enter the string: ")$

$n = \text{len}(s)$

$i = \text{int} (\text{input} ("Enter the index: "))$

$l = s[0:i]$

$m = s[i+1:n+1]$

$k = l + m$

$\text{print} (k)$

③ Count the no. of vowels and consonants in a string.

$s = \text{input} ("Enter the string: ")$

$n = \text{len}(s)$

$wount = 0$

$\text{for } i \text{ in } s:$

$\text{if } (i == 'a' \text{ or } i == 'e' \text{ or } i == 'i' \text{ or } i == 'o' \text{ or } i == 'u'):$

$wount = wount + 1$

$\text{vowel} = \text{count}$

$\text{consonant} = n - \text{count}$

$\text{print} ("No. of vowel is: ", \text{vowel})$

$\text{print} ("No. of consonant is: ", \text{consonant})$

⑥ → find length of a string without using inbuilt function.

s = input ("enter a string: ")

count = 0

for i in s:

 count = count + 1

print (count)

⑦ → check if a string contains at least one digit and one alphabet.

s = input ("enter the string: ")

c = 0

cl = 0

for i in s:

 if (i.isdigit()):

 c = c + 1

 elif (i.isalpha()):

 cl = cl + 1

else:

 print ("no")

if (cl == 0 and c != 0):

 print ("true")

else:

 print ("false")

⑧ → Remove duplicate from a string

s = input ("enter the string: ")

n = len(s)

j = 0

for i in s:

 if (i not in j):

 j = j + 1

print (j)

(P)

count
 $\hookrightarrow s = \text{input}('')$ frequency of characters in a string.
 $a = \text{input}('')$ Enter a string.)
 for i in s:

if (i not in a):

$a = a + i$
 print (s.count(i) + " times" + i)

(k)

Find the character having max frequency in a string.
 $s = \text{input}('')$ Enter a string.)
 $a = \text{input}('')$

$l = 0$

$c = c1$

for i in s:

if (s.count(i) > l):

$l = s.count(i)$

$c = i$

print ("The character having max frequency is: ", c)

(G)

check if a word is anagram.

$s = \text{input}('')$ Enter a string.)

$a = \text{input}('')$ Enter a string.)

$f = 1$

for i in s:

if (i not in a):

$f = 0$

elif (len(s) != len(a)):

$f = 0$

i) $f = 0$:

print ("Not anagram")

else:

print ("Anagram")