## **Assignment Test-1**

**Q.1** Find the values of x, y, z for the following system of equations by Gauss Elimination method.

$$2x + y - 3z = -10$$
,  $-2y + z = -2$ ,  $z = 6$ 

- (A) 2, 4, 6 (B) 2, 7, 6 (C) 3, 4, 6 (D) 2, 4, 5
- Q.2 The following system has -----.

$$x - y - z = 4$$
,  $2x - 2y - 2z = 8$ ,  $5x - 5y - 5z = 20$ 

- (A) Unique Solution (B) No solution (C) Infinitely many Solutions (D) None of these
- **Q.3** The aim of elimination steps in Gauss elimination method is to reduce the coefficient matrix into \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) diagonal (B) identity (C) lower triangular (D) upper triangular
- **Q.4** The elimination process in Gaussian elimination method is also known as \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) Forward Elimination (B) Backward Elimination
  - (C) Sideways Elimination (D) Crossways Elimination
- Q.5 Which of the following property of matrix multiplication is correct?
  - (A) Multiplication is not commutative in general (B) Multiplication is associative
  - (C) Multiplication is distributive over addition (D) All of the above
- **Q.6** What value of x and y be choosen for drawing the column picture for the equations x-2y=0, x+y=6?
  - (A) x=4, y=2 (B) x=2, y=1 (C) x=1, y=5 (D) x=3, y=3
- Q.7 For what value of a, the system of equations ax+2y=0, 2x + ay = 0 have whole line of solutions?
  - (A) a=4, -4 (B) a=2, -2 (C) a=1, -1 (D) a=3, -3
- **Q.8** For which numbers a does the elimination breakdown temporarily for the system of equations ax+3y=-3, 4x+6y=6?

	(A) a=-1	(B) a=0	(C) a=5	(D) a=1	
Q.9	If A is skey	w-symmetric	matrix then trans	spose of A =	
	A. A	B. 0	C. 1 D.	-A	
<b>Q.10</b> The system $5x-y+z=0$ , $4x-3y+7z=0$ has					
	A. Only triv	vial solution	B. Unique Solu	tion	
	C. No soluti	on	D. Infinite num	ber of solutions	
Q.11	The matrix v	which does no	ot have inverse	is classified as	
A. Non singular matrix B. Singular matrix					
	C. Unident	ified matrix	D. Linear mata	rix	
Q.12 Which of the following is false?					
A.	$\left(A+B\right)^{T}=A$	$A^T + B^T$ B	$\left(A-B\right)^{T}=A^{T}$	$-B^{T}$	
C.	$(AB)^{T} = A^{T}A$	$B^T$ D. $(A^{-1})$	$)^T = \left(A^T\right)^{-1}$		
<b>Q.13</b> For which number q the system $x+4y-2z=1$ , $x+7y-6z=6$ , $3y+qz=t$ is singular					
A.	q=1 B. q=	=2 <b>C.</b> q=-4	4 D. q=3		
Q.14 Solve the equation by Gauss Jordan method $x+2y+6z=22$ , $3x+4y+z=26$ ,					
(	бх-y-z=19.				
(	A. x=4, y=3,	z=2 B. x=4,	y=31 ,z=11 C. x	x=2, y=4, z=1, D. x=1, y	√= 4 , z=2
Q.15 If a matrix B is obtained by changing rows into columns and column					
	into rows of t	he matrix A, the	hen relation betw	veen A and B is	
A.	$A^2 = B$	$\mathbf{B}.\ \mathbf{A}^T = \mathbf{B}$	C. Depends on	the matrix D. None of	the above
Q.16	If matrix A a	nd B are symm	netric and AB =	BA iff	
A. AB is a symmetric matrix  B. AB is antisymmetric matrix					
C	. AB is a null	matrix	D. None o	of the mentioned	