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Poisoning the well

Poisoning the well (or attempting to **poison the well**) is a type of informal logical fallacy where irrelevant adverse information about a target is preemptively presented to an <u>audience</u>, with the intention of discrediting or ridiculing everything that the target person is about to say. Poisoning the well can be a special case of <u>argumentum ad hominem</u>, and the term was first used with this sense by <u>John Henry Newman</u> in his work <u>Apologia Pro Vita Sua</u> (1864).^[1] The origin of the term lies in <u>well poisoning</u>, an ancient wartime practice of pouring poison into sources of fresh water before an invading army, to diminish the attacking army's strength.



A water well in Latvia

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Examples

If **Adam** tells **Bob**, "**Chris** is a <u>fascist</u> so do not listen to him", then **Adam** has committed the fallacy of poisoning the well, as fascism is seen as a "bad" ideology in modern <u>Western civilization</u>; if **Bob** takes **Adam**'s advice then he is a victim of the fallacy of poisoning the well. Assuming that **Chris** is not merely going to tell **Bob** that he is not a fascist then there is a fallacy because it is irrelevant to the cogency of **Chris**' argument(s) whether he is or is not a fascist. It is possible to be a fascist and also to have cogent arguments on some arbitrary matter, e.g. **Chris** may wish to persuade **Bob** that the <u>Earth is not flat</u>; being a fascist does not preclude the possibility of having a cogent argument that the Earth is not flat.

If **Adam** tells **Bob**, "I think **Chris** is going to come to you to talk about his promotion. Sounds silly to do so soon after screwing up the Catalina Wine Mixer," **Adam** is attempting to reduce the perceived value of his opponent **Chris** to create a disadvantage when he makes a case for promotion.^[2]

Structure

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Poisoning the well can take the form of an (explicit or implied) argument, and is considered by some philosophers an informal fallacy.^[1]

A poisoned-well "argument" has the following form:

- 1. Unfavorable information (be it true or false) about person A is presented by another. (e.g. "Before you listen to my opponent, may I remind you that he has been in jail")
- 2. Therefore, the claims made by person A will be false. [3]

A subcategory of this form is the <u>false dilemma</u>; an unfavorable attribute to any future opponents, in an attempt to discourage debate. (For example, "That's my stance on funding the public education system, and anyone who disagrees with me hates children.") Any person who steps forward to dispute the claim will then risk applying the tag to him or herself in the process.

A poisoned-well "argument" can also be in this form:

- 1. Unfavorable definitions (be it true or false) which prevent disagreement (or enforce affirmative position)
- 2. Any claims without first agreeing with above definitions are automatically dismissed.

See also

- Ad hominem
- Appeal to ridicule
- Black propaganda
- Evil reptilian kitten-eater from another planet
- Framing (social sciences)
- Fruit of the poisonous tree
- Guilt by association
- Procatalepsis
- Scorched earth

References

- 1. Philosophical society.com Logical Fallacies (http://www.philosophicalsociety.com/Logical%20Fallacies.htm)
- "Poisoning the Well Throwing Shade" (https://everydaysaleshq.com/logical-fallacies/poisoning-the-well). EverydaySalesHQ. Retrieved July 25, 2017.
- 3. "Poisoning the Well" (https://www.logicallyfallacious.com/tools/lp/Bo/LogicalFallacies/140/Poisoning_the_Well). Logically Fallacious. Retrieved May 14, 2016.

External links

Newman Reader – Apologia (1865) – Preface (http://www.newmanreader.org/works/apologia65/preface.html)

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