

**T1.** Compute the forward and backward pass of the following computation. Note that this is a simplified residual connection.

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 &= \text{ReLU}(x_0 * w_0 + b_0) \\y_1 &= x_1 * w_1 + b_1 \\z &= \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0)\end{aligned}$$

Let  $x_0 = 1.0$ ,  $w_0 = 0.3$ ,  $w_1 = -0.2$ ,  $b_0 = 0.1$ ,  $b_1 = -0.3$ . Find the gradient of  $z$  with respect to  $w_0$ ,  $w_1$ ,  $b_0$ , and  $b_1$ .

$$x_0 = 1.0 \quad w_0 = 0.3 \quad w_1 = -0.2 \quad b_0 = 0.1 \quad b_1 = -0.3$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 &= \text{ReLU}(x_0 * w_0 + b_0) \\&= \text{ReLU}(1.0 * 0.3 + 0.1) \\&= \text{ReLU}(0.4) \\&= 0.4.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dz}{dw_0} &= \frac{d}{dy_1 + x_0} \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \frac{dy_1}{dw_0} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) \cdot \frac{d(x_1 * w_1 + b_1)}{dw_0} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) \cdot w_1 \frac{d \text{ReLU}(x_0 * w_0 + b_0)}{dw_0} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) \cdot w_1 \text{ReLU}'(x_0 * w_0 + b_0) x_0 \\&= (1)(-0.2)(1)(1.0) \\&= -0.2.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dz}{dw_1} &= \frac{d}{y_1 + x_0} \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \frac{dy_1}{dw_1} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) \cdot \frac{d(x_1 * w_1 + b_1)}{dw_1} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) x_1 \\&= (1)(0.4) \\&= 0.4.\end{aligned}$$

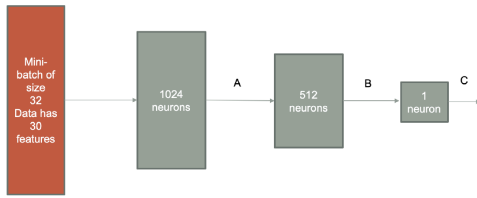
$$\begin{aligned}y_1 &= x_1 * w_1 + b_1 \\&= (0.4)(-0.2) + 0.1 \\&= -0.7\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}z &= \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \\&= \text{ReLU}(-0.7 + 1.0) \\&= \text{ReLU}(0.3) \\&= 0.3.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dz}{db_0} &= \frac{d}{y_1 + x_0} \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \frac{dy_1}{db_0} \\&= \frac{d}{y_1 + x_0} \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \frac{d(x_1 * w_1 + b_1)}{db_0} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) w_1 \frac{d \text{ReLU}(x_0 * w_0 + b_0)}{db_0} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) w_1 \text{ReLU}'(x_0 * w_0 + b_0) \\&= (1)(-0.2)(1) \\&= -0.2.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dz}{db_1} &= \frac{d}{y_1 + x_0} \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \frac{dy_1}{db_1} \\&= \frac{d}{y_1 + x_0} \text{ReLU}(y_1 + x_0) \frac{d(x_1 * w_1 + b_1)}{db_1} \\&= \text{ReLU}'(y_1 + x_0) \\&= 1.\end{aligned}$$

**T2.** Given the following network architecture specifications, determine the size of the output A, B, and C.



Mini-batch's dimension  $30 \times 32$

A's dimension  $1024 \times 32$ .

B's dimension  $512 \times 32$ .

C's dimension  $1 \times 32$ .

**T3.** What is the total number of learnable parameters in this network?  
(Don't forget the bias term)

กำหนดให้  $M_A, M_B, M_C$  คือ Matrix ที่ transform input ไปเป็น Output A, B, C ตามลำดับ.

และ  $b_A, b_B, b_C$  คือ พจน์ Bias ที่ใช้ในการบวกเพิ่มหลังจาก transform เป็น Output A, B, C ตามลำดับ.

$M_A$  มี Dimension  $30 \times 1024$

$b_A$  มี Dimension  $1024 \times 1$

$M_B$  มี Dimension  $1024 \times 512$

$b_B$  มี Dimension  $512 \times 1$

$M_C$  มี Dimension  $512 \times 1$

$b_C$  มี Dimension  $1 \times 1$

$\therefore$  ภายใน Network ในข้อนี้ มีจำนวน Learnable Parameter ทั้งหมด 557,057 พย.

**T4.** Prove that the derivative of the loss with respect to  $h_i$  is  $P(y=i) - y_i$ .  
In other words, find  $\frac{\partial L}{\partial h_i}$  for  $i \in \{0, \dots, N-1\}$  where  $N$  is the number of classes.

$$\begin{aligned}
 L &= - \sum_j y_j \log P(y=j) \\
 &= - \sum_j y_j \log \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \\
 &= - \sum_j \left[ y_j \log \exp(h_j) - \log \sum_k \exp(h_k) \right] \\
 &= - \sum_j \left[ y_j h_j - \log \sum_k \exp(h_k) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial L}{\partial h_i} &= - \frac{\partial}{\partial h_i} \sum_j \left[ y_j h_j - \log \sum_k \exp(h_k) \right] \\
 &= - \left[ y_i - \frac{\partial}{\partial h_i} \log \sum_k \exp(h_k) \right] \\
 &= - \left[ y_i - \frac{\partial \log \sum_k \exp(h_k)}{\partial \sum_k \exp(h_k)} \frac{\partial \sum_k \exp(h_k)}{\partial h_i} \right] \\
 &= - \left[ y_i - \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right] \\
 &= \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} - y_i \\
 &= P(y=i) - y_i
 \end{aligned}$$