Template

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Experimental aims

- know how to use VAO and VBO
- write vertex shader and fragment shader
- know how to draw basic 2-D and 3-D shapes

Experimental setting

GLEW windows 10 GPU OpenGL 3.3

Experimental content (key functions with code and clear comments)

- 1. create the window object
- 2. set the dimentions of window and start the depth test
- 3. create an array to store the vertex information
- 4. create and bind VAO and VBO
- 5. call glBufferData to transfer the data of the array to the buffers
- 6. call glvertexAttribPointer to set the pointers of vertex attributes
- 7. set the model matrix, observation matrix and projecting matrix
- 8. Call gldrawArrays to draw 12 triangles

code:

• header:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <glm/glm.hpp>
#include <glad/glad.h>
#include <GLFW/glfw3.h>
#include <glm/gtc/type_ptr.hpp>
#include <glm/gtc/matrix_transform.hpp>
#ifdef Local
#define debug(...) fprintf(stderr, __vA_ARGS__)
#else
#define debug(...)
#endif
using namespace std;

GLFWwindow* window;
const int windowL = 640, windowD = 480;
typedef GLuint vao;
```

```
typedef GLuint vbo;
typedef GLuint shader;
typedef GLuint GLpro;
const float vertex[] = \{ 0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 0.5f, 
0.0f, -0.5f,
                                0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.75f, 0.0f, 0.75f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
0.0f, 0.75f, 0.75f,
                                0.0f, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.75f, 0.0f }; // position
float ver_col[60]; // position and color
void gen_color()
                for (int i = 0; i < 30; ++i)
                                if (i % 3 == 0)
                                {
                                                for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
                                                {
                                                                 ver_col[i * 2 + j] = vertex[i + j];
                                                                 float color = vertex[i + j] + 0.5;
                                                                 if (color > 1.0f)
                                                                                 color = -1.0f + (color - 1.0f);
                                                                 }
                                                                 else if (color < -1.0f)
                                                                                 color = 1.0 - (-1.0f - color);
                                                                 ver_col[i * 2 + j + 3] = color;
                                                }
                                }
}//get color
```

Color is generated by the position.

Position and Color are stored in float ver_col;

• shaders(3.3)

It uses the position we defined in header and the color we calculated in header.

```
const char *vertexShaderSource = "#version 330 core\n"
"layout (location = 0) in vec3 aPos;\n"
"layout (location = 1) in vec3 aColor;"
"out vec3 outcolor:"
"void main()\n"
"{\n"
   gl_Position = vec4(aPos.x, aPos.y, aPos.z, 1.0); n"
" outcolor = aColor;"
"}\0";
const char *fragmentShaderSource = "#version 330 core\n"
"out vec4 FragColor;\n"
"in vec3 outcolor;"
"void main()\n"
"{\n"
" FragColor = vec4(outcolor, 1.0f);\n"
"}\n\0";
```

• core code(both cube and rectangle)

```
int main()
{
    gen_color();
    debug("color\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < 60; ++i)
        debug("%f ", ver_col[i]);
        if ((i + 1) \% 6 == 0)
            debug("\n");
        }
    }
    /*pre check glfw and glad init.*/
    if (!glfwInit())
        debug("GLFW init failed.");
        return -1;
    window = glfwCreateWindow(windowL, windowD, "11612908_zhaoyu", NULL,
NULL);
    if (window == NULL)
    {
        glfwTerminate();
        debug("window init failed.");
        return -1;
    }
    glfwMakeContextCurrent(window);
    if (!gladLoadGLLoader((GLADloadproc)glfwGetProcAddress))
    {
        debug("Load glad failed");
        return -1;
    }
    vao VAO;
    vbo VBO;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
    glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
    debug("VAO = %u, VBO = %u\n", VAO, VBO);
    glBindVertexArray(VAO);
    glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, VBO);
    debug("VAO = %u, VBO = %u\n", VAO, VBO);
    g]BufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, sizeof(ver_col), ver_col, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
    glvertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 6 * sizeof(float),
(void*)0);
    glVertexAttribPointer(1, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 6 * sizeof(float),
(void*)(3 * sizeof(float)));
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(1);
    shader vertexShader = glCreateShader(GL_VERTEX_SHADER);
    glshaderSource(vertexShader, 1, &vertexShaderSource, NULL);
    glCompileShader(vertexShader);
    shader fragmentShader = glCreateShader(GL_FRAGMENT_SHADER);
    glshaderSource(fragmentShader, 1, &fragmentShaderSource, NULL);
    glCompileShader(fragmentShader);
```

```
GLpro shaderProgram = glCreateProgram();
    glattachShader(shaderProgram, fragmentShader);
    glattachShader(shaderProgram, vertexShader);
    glLinkProgram(shaderProgram);
    glDeleteShader(vertexShader);
    glDeleteShader(fragmentShader);
    /*core code*/
    while (!glfwWindowShouldClose(window)) {
        glclear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
        glclearColor(1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1);
        /*draw a triangle*/
        gluseProgram(shaderProgram);
        glBindVertexArray(VAO);
        for (int i = 0; i < 8; ++i)
            if(i != 3 && i != 4) glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, i, 3);
        }
        */
        /*
        glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
        glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 1, 3);
        glBindVertexArray(0);
        /* Swap front and back buffers */
        glfwSwapBuffers(window);
        /* Poll for and process events */
        glfwPollEvents();
    /*close window*/
    glfwTerminate();
    return 0;
}
```

when draw rectangle, use

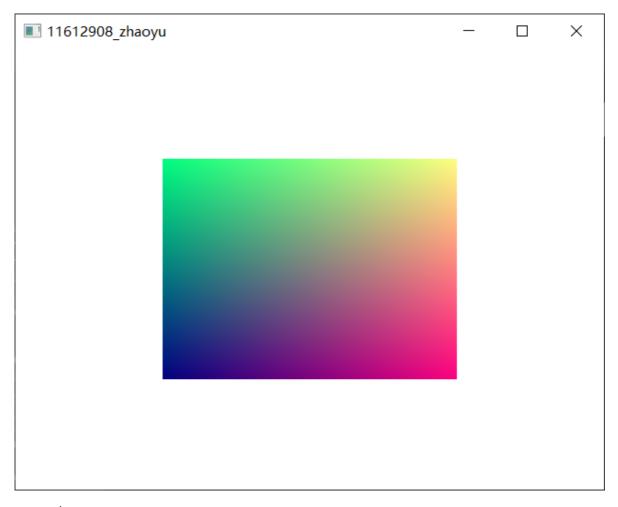
```
glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 3);
glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 1, 3);
```

o when draw cube, use

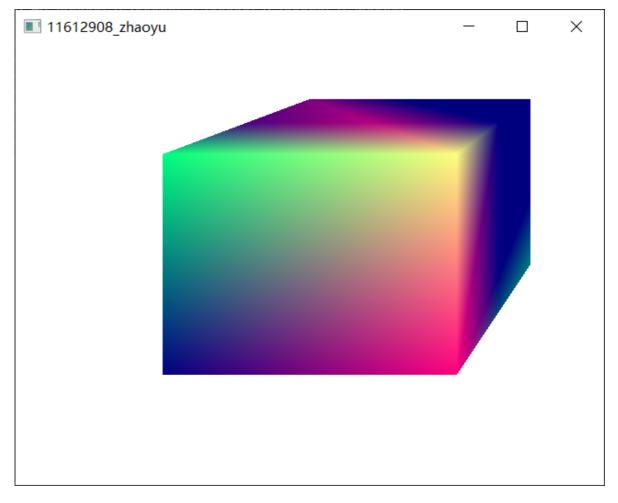
```
for (int i = 0; i < 8; ++i)
{
   if(i != 3 && i != 4) glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, i, 3);
}</pre>
```

Experimental results

• rectangle:



• cube:



Problems during experiment (optional)

• The color is to hard to become beautiful.