DSP assignment1 report

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1 Task1

The record can be found in

- 2 Task2
- 3 Task3

4 Task4

To amplify the amplitude of the waveform, we create a window function(Figure 1) whose amplitude is 6 in 200-900Hz and 6K-10KHz. Then, we multiply it with the frequency domain of the original signal (amplify the original signal 6 times in both base and higher frequency range). Finally, we turn it back to a time series by ifft:

```
w = np.ones(N)
modifyWindow(w, 200, 900, rate, 6)
modifyWindow(w, 6000, 10000, rate, 6)

lchannelfRefine = lchannelf*w

rchannelfRefine = rchannelf*w

lchannelRefine = np.fft.ifft(lchannelfRefine)
rchannelRefine = np.fft.ifft(rchannelfRefine)

rchannelRefine = np.fft.ifft(rchannelfRefine)

def modifyWindow(w, startFreqency, endFreqency, sampleRate, value):

"""modify the window function into rectangular form"""
beginPoint = int(startFreqency/(sampleRate/N))
endPoint = int(endFreqency//(sampleRate/N))

w[beginPoint:endPoint] = value
w[-endPoint:-beginPoint] = value
```

we can find difference in both time domain and frequency domain with Figure 2 and Figure 3

the ouput wavefile in "./Output/refinedVoice.wav"

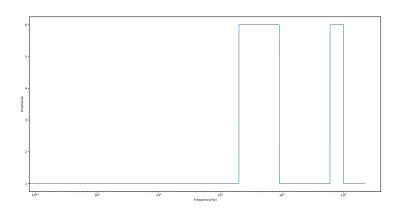


Figure 1: window

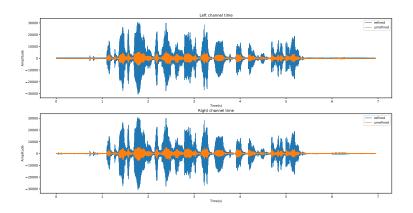


Figure 2: recordTR

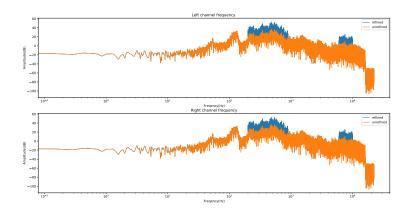


Figure 3: recordFR

5 Code

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
2 # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
3 11 11 11
4 Created on Sat Oct 10 23:57:41 2020
6 @author: wayenvan
"""import essential modules"""
11 import os
12 import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
14 import matplotlib
15 from scipy.io import wavfile
16 from enum import Enum
"""change font to fit Latex"""
19 matplotlib.rcParams['mathtext.fontset'] = 'custom'
20 matplotlib.rcParams['mathtext.rm'] = 'Times New Roman'
21 matplotlib.rcParams['mathtext.it'] = 'Times New Roman'
22 matplotlib.rcParams['mathtext.bf'] = 'Times New Roman'
"""define globael number"""
25 dtmfHighFrequency = (1209, 1336, 1477, 1633)
26 dtmfLowFrequency = (697, 770, 852, 941)
27 dtmfLetter = [['1', '2', '3', 'A'],
                 ['4', '5', '6', 'B'],
                 ['7', '8', '9', 'C'],
29
                 ['*', 'O', '#', 'D']]
30
32 class ToneFlag(Enum):
      low = 0
33
      high = 1
34
      NoFind = 2
37 """define functions"""
def readWavefile(address):
      """read wave file and devide into two channel"""
      # check if the file is a wave
40
      assert os.path.splitext(address)[-1]==".wav"
41
      sampleRate, wav = wavfile.read(address)
      # make sure the wave is 2 channel
      assert len(wav.shape) == 2
44
45
```

```
lchannel = wav[:,0]
      rchannel = wav[:,1]
48
49
      return (sampleRate, lchannel, rchannel)
50
51
52 def writeWavefile(address, sampleRate, lchannel, rchannel):
      """read wave file from folder"""
53
      #merge left and right channel
54
      data = np.hstack((lchannel[...,np.newaxis], rchannel[...,np.
55
     newaxis]))
      wavfile.write(address, sampleRate, data)
58
59 def subPlot(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, legend, title, xscale="linear"
      , yscale="linear"):
      """plot each subplot in time domain """
60
      plt.title(title)
61
      plt.plot(x, y, label=legend)
      plt.xlabel(xlabel)
      plt.ylabel(ylabel)
64
      plt.xscale(xscale)
65
      plt.yscale(yscale)
      plt.legend()
67
68
  def wavePlotT(figure, x, lchannel, rchannel, legend="waveform"):
69
      """plot all channels of wave in time domain once"""
71
      xlabel="Time(s)"
      ylabel="Amplitude"
72
73
      plt.figure(figure, figsize=(20,10))
74
      plt.subplot(2,1,1)
75
      subPlot(x, lchannel, xlabel, ylabel, legend, title="Left
     channel time")
      plt.subplot(2,1,2)
      subPlot(x, rchannel, xlabel, ylabel, legend, title="Right
78
     channel time")
      plt.show()
79
81
82 def wavePlotF(figure, xf, lchannelf, rchannelf, legend="waveform
     "):
      """plot all channels of signal in frequency downain once"""
83
      xlabel="Freqency(Hz)"
84
      ylabel="Amplitude(dB)"
85
      plt.figure(figure, figsize=(20,10))
      plt.subplot(2,1,1)
88
      subPlot(xf, lchannelf, xlabel, ylabel, legend, title="Left
     channel frequency ", xscale = "log")
```

```
plt.subplot(2,1,2)
      subPlot(xf, rchannelf, xlabel, ylabel, legend,
                                                         title="Right
91
       channel frequency", xscale = "log")
      plt.show()
92
93
  def generateXf(sampleRate, N):
94
       """generateXf for frequeny domain"""
      return np.linspace(0.0, (N-1)*sampleRate/N, N)
96
97
  def generateXt(sampleRate, N):
98
       """generateXt for time domain"""
      return np.linspace(0.0, (N-1)*1/sampleRate, N)
100
101
def mag2dB(yf):
      """ change magnitude into dB form """
      return 20*np.log10(yf)
104
105
def modifyWindow(w, startFreqency, endFreqency, sampleRate,
      """modify the window function into rectangular form"""
107
      beginPoint = int(startFreqency//(sampleRate/N))
108
      endPoint = int(endFreqency//(sampleRate/N))
109
110
      w[beginPoint:endPoint] = value
      w[-endPoint:-beginPoint] = value
112
  def peakFinding(data):
114
      """finding the max value of an array"""
      maxIndex = -1
116
117
      maxValue = 0
118
      for i in range(len(data)):
119
           if(data[i]>maxValue):
120
               maxIndex = i
               maxValue = data[i]
      return maxIndex
124
def peakFindingDouble(data):
       """finding the first 2 greatest value of an array"""
127
      indexMax = peakFinding(data[1:])+1
128
      indexTemp1 = peakFinding(data[1:indexMax-1])+1
130
      indexTemp2 = peakFinding(data[indexMax+1:])+indexMax+1
      if (data[indexTemp1]>=data[indexTemp2]):
           indexMaxSec = indexTemp1
134
      elif(data[indexTemp2]>data[indexTemp1]):
           indexMaxSec = indexTemp2
```

```
137
       ret = [indexMaxSec, indexMax]
138
139
       return ret
140
141
def aliasingFrequency(fs, sampleRate):
       """convert the signal frequency into (0, N/2)"""
       N = int(fs/sampleRate+0.5)
144
       return abs(fs-N*sampleRate)
145
  def findFrequencyBelong(f, dtmfMin, dtmfMax, sampleRate):
148
       Parameters
149
150
           input frequency of the chunk signal
       dtmfMin:
           acceptable lower bound
154
155
       dtmfMax:
           acceptable high bound
156
       sampleRate:
157
158
           sampling frequency
159
       Returns
160
161
       flag:
           define which tone of the frequency belongs (high or low)
163
       index:
164
          return the index of dtmfFrequency array for easy finding
       of letter
166
       0.00
167
168
       for indexLow in range(4):
           for indexHigh in range(4):
170
                if (f-dtmfMin < aliasingFrequency (dtmfHighFrequency [</pre>
      indexHigh], sampleRate) < f + dtmfMax):</pre>
                    flag = ToneFlag.high
                    return flag, indexHigh
173
                if (f-dtmfMin<aliasingFrequency(dtmfLowFrequency[</pre>
174
      indexLow], sampleRate)<f+dtmfMax):</pre>
                    flag = ToneFlag.low
175
                    return flag, indexLow
176
       return ToneFlag.NoFind, -1
177
def detectOneDigitFromChunk(data, sampleRate):
180
       detect each chunk
181
```

```
183
       Parameters
184
       data: ndarray
185
           series of chunk data in time domain
186
       sampleRate: float
187
           the sampling frequency of signal
188
190
       Returns
191
       letter: string
192
           goal letter of this chunk 'N' means no letter found
193
194
       #prepare the data
195
       dataf = np.fft.fft(data)
196
       N=len(data)
197
       minMagnitude = 30
198
       #cut the data half
199
       rdataf = dataf[0:N//2]
201
       dtmfMin = 9
202
       dtmfMax = 9
203
204
       #calculate the peak point
205
       #ind = np.argpartition(abs(rdataf), -3)[-3:]
206
       ind = peakFindingDouble(abs(rdataf))
207
       #cut out small signal
209
       if((2/N*(abs(rdataf)[ind[0]])<minMagnitude) | (2/N*(abs(</pre>
210
      rdataf)[ind[1]])<minMagnitude)):</pre>
211
           return 'N'
       f1 = ind[0]*(sampleRate/N)
       f2 = ind[1]*(sampleRate/N)
214
       #print(f1, f2)
216
       #start the for loop to check if the frequency meet any of
      high or low frequency of dtmf
       (flag1, index1) = findFrequencyBelong(f1, dtmfMin, dtmfMax,
218
      sampleRate)
       (flag2, index2) = findFrequencyBelong(f2, dtmfMin, dtmfMax,
219
      sampleRate)
220
       #find out corresponding point of this 2 frequency
       if((flag1==ToneFlag.high) & (flag2==ToneFlag.low)):
222
           return dtmfLetter[index2][index1]
223
       elif((flag1==ToneFlag.low) & (flag2==ToneFlag.high)):
224
           return dtmfLetter[index1][index2]
225
       elif((flag1==ToneFlag.NoFind)|(flag2==ToneFlag.NoFind)):
226
           #print("index1:", index1, flag1, "index2", index2, flag2
```

```
return 'N'
229
       else:
           return 'N'
231
232 def autoDetectNumbers(data, sampleRate):
233
234
       Parameters
235
236
       data : ndarray
238
           touch tone data
       sampleRate : int or float
239
           sampling frequency
240
       Returns
242
243
       seriesNumber : String
          the number detected
246
       0.00
247
       K = 0
248
       N = len(data)
       gap = 300
                            #the length of eah chunk
250
       T = 1/sampleRate
251
       preResult = 'N'
253
       seriesNumber = ''
254
255
256
       #start checking numbers
       #print("check raising edge")
257
       while gap-1+K*gap < N:</pre>
258
           result = detectOneDigitFromChunk(data[K*gap: gap-1+K*gap
259
      ], sampleRate)
           if((preResult == 'N') & (result != 'N')):
260
                #print(K*gap*T,'s', "-", (gap-1+K*gap)*T,'s')
261
                seriesNumber = seriesNumber + result
           preResult = result
           K = K + 1
264
265
       return seriesNumber
268 """main function """
269
270 inputWaveAddress = "./resources/recordding1.wav"
271 outputWaveAddress = "./Output/refinedVoice.wav"
272 figurePath = "./Output/Figures/"
273
274 (rate, lchannel, rchannel) = readWavefile(inputWaveAddress)
```

```
276 N = np.size(lchannel)
_{277} T = 1.0/rate
278 xt = generateXt(rate, N)
279 xf = generateXf(rate, N)
281 #plot time domain wave
#wavePlotT(xt, lchannel, rchannel)
284 """start fft"""
285 #caculate fft
286 lchannelf = np.fft.fft(lchannel)
rchannelf = np.fft.fft(rchannel)
289 #calculate PSD
290 PSDlchannelf = np.abs(lchannelf)**2 / N
PSDrchannelf = np.abs(rchannelf)**2 / N
293 """task4 refine the record"""
294 #generate window
w = np.ones(N)
modifyWindow(w, 200, 900, rate, 6)
297 modifyWindow(w, 6000, 10000, rate, 6)
299 lchannelfRefine = lchannelf*w
300 rchannelfRefine = rchannelf*w
302 lchannelRefine = np.fft.ifft(lchannelfRefine)
303 rchannelRefine = np.fft.ifft(rchannelfRefine)
305 """task5 result"""
306 #load .dat file
307 for i in range(10):
      dataAddress = './Resources/TouchToneData/msc_matric_'+str(i)
      +'.dat'
      dataI = np.loadtxt(dataAddress, usecols=(1), dtype=np.int16)
309
310
      data = dataI
311
      Fs2 = 1000
312
      N2 = len(data)
313
      x2 = range(N2)
314
      xt2 = generateXt(Fs2, N2)
      xf2 = generateXf(Fs2, N2)
316
      dataf = np.fft.fft(data)
317
318
      series = autoDetectNumbers(data, Fs2)
319
      print(dataAddress+":")
320
       print("final result: ", series)
321
```

```
"""plot and save all figures"""
324 #wavePlotT("timedomainRecord", xt, lchannel, rchannel, legend="
      record")
#plt.savefig("./Output/Figures/recordT.pdf")
326
#wavePlotF("frequencydomainRecord", xf[0:N//2], mag2dB(2/N*np.
      abs(lchannelf[0:N//2])), mag2dB(2/N*np.abs(rchannelf[0:N//2])
      ), legend="unrefined")
#plt.savefig("./Output/Figures/recordF.pdf")
330 #plot time domain wave form
331 wavePlotT("timedomainReference", xt, lchannelRefine.astype(np.
      int16), rchannelRefine.astype(np.int16), legend="refined")
332 wavePlotT("timedomainReference", xt, lchannel, rchannel, legend=
      "unrefined")
plt.savefig(figurePath+"recordTR.pdf")
335 #plot frequency
336 wavePlotF("frequencydomainReference", xf[0:N//2], mag2dB(2/N*np.
      abs(lchannelfRefine[0:N//2])), mag2dB(2/N*np.abs(
      rchannelfRefine[0:N//2])), legend="refined")
wavePlotF("frequencydomainReference", xf[0:N//2], mag2dB(2/N*np.
      abs(lchannelf[0:\mathbb{N}//2])), mag2dB(2/\mathbb{N}*np.abs(rchannelf[0:\mathbb{N}//2])
      ), legend="unrefined")
plt.savefig(figurePath+"recordFR.pdf")
340 #plot the window
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
342 plt.plot(xf[0:N//2], w[0:N//2])
plt.xlabel("Frequency(Hz)")
344 plt.xscale("log")
345 plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
346 plt.show()
plt.savefig(figurePath+"window.pdf")
349 #plot task5 wave
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
351 plt.plot(xt2, data)
352 plt.xlabel("Time(s)")
353 plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
354 plt.show()
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.plot(xf2, mag2dB(abs(2/N2*dataf)))
358 plt.title("Frequency domain")
359 plt.xlabel("Frequency(Hz)")
plt.ylabel("Magnitude(dB)")
361 plt.show()
```

```
"""export the .wav file"""
writeWavefile(outputWaveAddress, rate, lchannelRefine.astype(np. int16), rchannelRefine.astype(np.int16))
```