



Which of the following is/are true about Hashing when compared to One-Hot Encoding?

- A. Hashing is much easier to code
- B. Hashing does not require any dictionaries to prepare
- C. Hashing is friendly to online learning where you can train on a data set that doesn't fit in memory because you need to see each example only once
- D. All of the above



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The correct answer is

D

All of the above are true.



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- A Euclidean distance
- B. Min-max normalization
- c. Label encoding
- D. Minkowski distance



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The correct answer is **C**

Label encoding is the process to convert labels into a machine-readable form to use these in machine learning algorithms.

