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452. Minimum Number of Arrows to Burst Balloons
class Solution:
  def findMinArrowShots(self, points: List[List[int]]) -> int:
     if not points or not points[0]:
       return 0
     points.sort()
     cur_s, cur_e = points[0]
     count = 1
     for s, e in points[1:]:
       if s <= cur_e:
          cur_e = min(cur_e, e)
       else:
          count += 1
          cur_e = e
     return count
986. Interval List Intersections
We will use two pointers and TC is O(m + n), SC is O(max(m, n))
class Solution:
  def intervalIntersection(self, A: List[List[int]], B: List[List[int]]) -> List[List[int]]:
     length_A = len(A)
     length_B = len(B)
     i, j = 0, 0
     result = []
     while i < length_A and j < length_B:
       s_A, e_A = A[i]
       s B, e B = B[i]
       if not (s_A > e_B \text{ or } s_B > e_A):
          result.append([max(s_A, s_B), min(e_A, e_B)])
       if e B > e A:
          i += 1
       elif e_B < e_A:
          i += 1
        else:
          i += 1
          i += 1
     return result
438. Find All Anagrams in a String
from collections import defaultdict
class Solution:
  def findAnagrams(self, s: str, p: str) -> List[int]:
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mem = defaultdict(int)
     I, r = 0, 0
     counter = 0
     result = []
     for c in p:
        if c not in mem:
          counter += 1
        mem[c] += 1
     while r < len(s):
        if s[r] not in mem:
          r += 1
          while I < r:
             if s[l] in mem:
                if mem[s[l]] == 0:
                  counter += 1
                mem[s[l]] += 1
             l += 1
        else:
          if mem[s[r]] > 0:
             mem[s[r]] = 1
             if mem[s[r]] == 0:
                counter -= 1
                if counter == 0:
                  result.append(I)
          else:
             while I < r:
                if s[r] == s[l]:
                  | += 1
                  if counter == 0:
                     result.append(I)
                  break
                if mem[s[l]] == 0:
                  counter += 1
                mem[s[l]] += 1
               I += 1
          r += 1
     return result
Simple version:
from collections import defaultdict
class Solution:
  def findAnagrams(self, s: str, p: str) -> List[int]:
```

```
mem = defaultdict(int)
     length = len(p)
     I, r = 0, 0
     counter = 0
     result = []
     for c in p:
       if c not in mem:
          counter += 1
       mem[c] += 1
     while r < len(s):
       mem[s[r]] = 1
       if mem[s[r]] == 0:
          counter -= 1
       r += 1
       while counter == 0:
          if r - I == length:
             result.append(I)
          if s[l] in mem:
             if mem[s[l]] == 0:
               counter += 1
             mem[s[l]] += 1
          l += 1
     return result
567. Permutation in String
from collections import defaultdict
class Solution:
  def checkInclusion(self, s1: str, s2: str) -> bool:
     mem = defaultdict(int)
     length = len(s1)
     I, r = 0, 0
     counter = 0
     for c in s1:
       if c not in mem:
          counter += 1
       mem[c] += 1
     while r < len(s2):
       mem[s2[r]] -= 1
       if mem[s2[r]] == 0:
          counter -= 1
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r += 1

while counter == 0:
    if r - I == length:
        return True
    if s2[I] in mem:
        if mem[s2[I]] == 0:
            counter += 1
        mem[s2[I]] += 1
        I += 1
        return False

242. Valid Anagram
from collections import Counter
class Solution:
    def isAnagram(self, s: str, t: str) -> bool:
        return Counter(s) == Counter(t)
```