

63. Unique Paths II

We will use 2-d dp. TC is $O(m*n)$, SC is $O(m*n)$

class Solution:

```
def uniquePathsWithObstacles(self, obstacleGrid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
    if not obstacleGrid or not obstacleGrid[0]:
        return 0
    if obstacleGrid[0][0] == 1 or obstacleGrid[-1][-1] == 1:
        return 0
    rows = len(obstacleGrid)
    cols = len(obstacleGrid[0])

    dp = [[0 for j in range(cols)] for i in range(rows)]
    dp[0][0] = 1
    for j in range(1, cols):
        if obstacleGrid[0][j] == 1:
            dp[0][j] = 0
        else:
            dp[0][j] = dp[0][j - 1]

    for i in range(1, rows):
        if obstacleGrid[i][0] == 1:
            dp[i][0] = 0
        else:
            dp[i][0] = dp[i - 1][0]

    for i in range(1, rows):
        for j in range(1, cols):
            if obstacleGrid[i][j] == 1:
                dp[i][j] = 0
            else:
                dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j] + dp[i][j - 1]
    return dp[-1][-1]
```

64. Minimum Path Sum

We will use 2d dp to get minimum path sum. TC is $O(m*n)$, SC is $O(m*n)$

class Solution:

```
def minPathSum(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
    m = len(grid)
    n = len(grid[0])
    for i in range(1, m):
        grid[i][0] += grid[i - 1][0]

    for j in range(1, n):
```

```

        grid[0][j] += grid[0][j - 1]

    for i in range(1, m):
        for j in range(1, n):
            grid[i][j] += min(grid[i - 1][j], grid[i][j - 1])

    return grid[-1][-1]

```

62. Unique Paths

class Solution:

```

    def uniquePaths(self, m: int, n: int) -> int:
        m_map = [[1 for j in range(n)] for i in range(m)]
        for i in range(1, m):
            for j in range(1, n):
                m_map[i][j] = m_map[i][j - 1] + m_map[i - 1][j]
        return m_map[-1][-1]

```

120. Triangle

class Solution:

```

    def minimumTotal(self, triangle: List[List[int]]) -> int:
        rows = len(triangle)
        result = float('inf')
        for i in range(1, rows):
            for j, num in enumerate(triangle[i]):
                if j == 0:
                    triangle[i][j] += triangle[i - 1][j]
                elif j == i:
                    triangle[i][j] += triangle[i - 1][j - 1]
                else:
                    triangle[i][j] += min(triangle[i - 1][j - 1], triangle[i - 1][j])
        return min(triangle[-1])

```

214. Shortest Palindrome

Brute force

```

var shortestPalindrome = function(s) {
    const r = s.split("").reverse().join("");
    for (let i = 0; i < s.length; i++) {
        if (s.startsWith(r.substring(i, r.length))) {
            return r.substring(0, i) + s;
        }
    }

    return r + s;
}

```

};