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42. Trapping Rain Water
We will scan from both sides and always add the water we could trap, then we will move lower
layer to center. TC is O(n), SC is O(1)
class Solution:
  def trap(self, height: List[int]) -> int:
     left, right = 0, len(height) - 1
     max_water = 0
     cur height = 0
     while left <= right:
      cur_height = max(cur_height, min(height[left], height[right]))
      if height[left] < height[right]:</pre>
       max_water += max(cur_height - height[left], 0)
       left += 1
      else:
       max_water += max(cur_height - height[right], 0)
       right -= 1
     return max_water
146. LRU Cache
class Node:
 def __init__(self, key, val):
  self.key = key
  self.val = val
  self.next = None
  self.prev = None
class LRUCache:
  def __init__(self, capacity: int):
     self.capacity = capacity
     self.dummy = Node(0, 0)
     self.dummy.next = self.dummy
     self.dummy.prev = self.dummy
     self.map = {}
  def get(self, key: int) -> int:
     if key in self.map:
      node = self.map[key]
      node.prev.next = node.next
      node.next.prev = node.prev
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node.next = self.dummy.next self.dummy.next = node node.next.prev = node node.prev = self.dummy

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return node.val
     else:
      return -1
  def put(self, key: int, value: int) -> None:
     if key in self.map:
      node = self.map[key]
      node.prev.next = node.next
      node.next.prev = node.prev
      node.val = value
     else:
      if self.capacity > 0:
       self.capacity -= 1
      else:
       del_node = self.dummy.prev
       del_node.prev.next = self.dummy
       self.dummy.prev = del_node.prev
       del self.map[del_node.key]
      node = Node(key, value)
     self.map[key] = node
     node.next = self.dummy.next
     self.dummy.next = node
     node.next.prev = node
     node.prev = self.dummy
# Your LRUCache object will be instantiated and called as such:
# obj = LRUCache(capacity)
# param_1 = obj.get(key)
# obj.put(key,value)
151. Reverse Words in a String
class Solution:
  def reverseWords(self, s: str) -> str:
     return ' '.join(reversed(s.split()))
5. Longest Palindromic Substring
class Solution:
  def longestPalindrome(self, s: str) -> str:
   max_length = 0
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max substring = "
   for i, _ in enumerate(s):
    sub = self.helper(i, i + 1, s)
    if len(sub) > max_length:
      max_length = len(sub)
      max_substring = sub
     sub = self.helper(i - 1, i + 1, s)
    if len(sub) > max_length:
      max_length = len(sub)
      max_substring = sub
   return max_substring
  def helper(self, I, r, s):
   while I \ge 0 and r < len(s):
    if s[l] == s[r]:
     I -= 1
      r += 1
     else:
      break
   return s[I + 1: r]
22. Generate Parentheses
class Solution:
  def generateParenthesis(self, n: int) -> List[str]:
    result = []
    self.helper(", 0, 0, n, result)
    return result
  def helper(self, cur, I, r, n, result):
   if I == r and I == n:
    result.append(cur)
    return
   elif l > n or r > n:
    return
   if I < n:
    self.helper(cur + '(', I + 1, r, n, result)
   if I > r:
    self.helper(cur + ')', I, r + 1, n, result)
```