### PRACTICAL NO - 1

Aim: DDL operations on Relational Schema

Design the following schema and execute the following queries on it:

salesman					tomer				
salesman_id	name	city	commi	997011	omer id	customer name	city	grade	salesman id
5001	James Hoog				1	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
5002	Nail Knite		0.		(	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.	11 3001	1	Brad Guzan	London		
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.:			Fabian Johns	Paris	300	5006
5003	Lauson Hen		0.			Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.			Geoff Camero	Berlin	100	
				3008		Julian Green	London	300	5002
				3003		Jozy Altidor	Moncow	200	5007
		order no	purch amt	order date	customer	id salesman	The state of the s		
		70001	150.5	2016-10-0	3005	5002			
		70009	270.65	2016-09-1	3001				
		70002	65.26	2016-10-0		5001			
		70004	110.5	2016-08-1					
		70007	948.5	2016-09-1		5002			
		70005	2400.6	2016-07-2		5001			
		70008	5760	2016-09-1		5001			
		70010	1983.43	2016-10-1		5006			
		70003	2480.4	2016-10-1					
		70012	250.45	2016-06-2		5002			
		70011	75.29	2016-08-1	3003	5007			

#### Code:

create database salesman;

use salesman

CREATE TABLE salesman(salesman\_id INT NOT NULL AUTO\_INCREMENT PRIMARY key,

name VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL,

city VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL,

commission DECIMAL(10,2)

);

Roll no: L012 **ADBMS Practical** MSC DS & AI

desc salesman;

Name: Vipul Jadhav

## **Output:**

```
mysql> create database salesman
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> use salesman
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE salesman(salesman_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY key,
    -> name VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL,
    -> city VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL,
   -> commission DECIMAL(10,2)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> desc salesman
 Field
                              | Null | Key | Default | Extra
              Type
 salesman_id | int(11)
                                NO
                                       PRI
                                             NULL
                                                       auto_increment
 name
               varchar(100)
                                NO
                                             NULL
 city
                varchar(100)
                                NO
                                             NULL
              decimal(10,2)
 commission
                                             NULL
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

#### Code:

```
insert into salesman values(5001, 'James Hoog', 'New York', 0.15);
insert into salesman values (5002, 'Nail Knite', 'Paris', 0.13);
insert into salesman values (5005, 'Pit Alex', 'London', 0.11);
insert into salesman values(5006, 'Mc Lyon', 'Paris', 0.14);
insert into salesman values(5003, 'Lauson Hen', ", 0.12);
insert into salesman values(5007, 'Paul Adam', 'Rome', 0.13);
select * from salesman;
```

Name: Vipul Jadhav
Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## **Output:**

```
mysql> insert into salesman values(5001, 'James Hoog', 'New York', 0.15);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> insert into salesman values(5002, 'Nail Knite', 'Paris', 0.13);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into salesman values(5005, 'Pit Alex', 'London', 0.11);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into salesman values(5006, 'Mc Lyon', 'Paris', 0.14);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into salesman values(5003, 'Lauson Hen', '', 0.12);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into salesman values(5007, 'Paul Adam', 'Rome', 0.13);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> select * from salesman;
 salesman_id | name
                          city | commission |
         5001 | James Hoog | New York |
5002 | Nail Knite | Paris |
                                              0.15
                                              0.13
         5003 | Lauson Hen |
                                              0.12
         5005 | Pit Alex
                            London
                                              0.11
              Mc Lyon
         5006
                            Paris
                                              0.14
         5007 | Paul Adam | Rome
                                              0.13
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

#### Code:

```
CREATE TABLE customer(customer_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY key, customer_name VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL, city VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL, grade INT, salesman_id INT, FOREIGN KEY (salesman_id) REFERENCES salesman(salesman_id) );
```

Roll no: L012 **ADBMS Practical** MSC DS & AI

desc customer;

Name: Vipul Jadhav

## **Output:**

```
nysql> CREATE TABLE customer(customer_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY key,
    -> customer name VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL,
    -> city VARCHAR(100)NOT NULL,
    -> grade INT,
    -> salesman id INT,
    -> FOREIGN KEY (salesman id) REFERENCES salesman(salesman id)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
mysql> desc customer;
 Field
                                 Null | Key |
                                               Default |
                                                         Extra
                  Type
 customer_id
                  int(11)
                                  NO
                                         PRI
                                               NULL
                                                          auto_increment
 customer name
                  varchar(100)
                                  NO
                                               NULL
 city
                  varchar(100)
                                  NO
                                               NULL
  grade
                  int(11)
                                  YES
                                               NULL
  salesman_id
                  int(11)
                                  YES
                                         MUL
                                               NULL
  rows in set (0.04 sec)
```

#### Code:

insert into customer values (3002, 'Nick Rimando', 'New York', 100, 5001);

insert into customer values (3005, 'Graham Zusi', 'California', 200, 5002);

insert into customer values (3001, 'Brad Guzan', 'Londan', 100, 5005);

insert into customer values (3004, 'Fabian Johns', 'Paris', 300, 5006);

insert into customer values (3007, 'Brad Davis', 'New York', 200, 5001);

insert into customer values (3009, 'Geoff Camero', 'Berlin', 100, 5003);

insert into customer values (3008, 'Julian Green', 'London', 300, 5002);

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

insert into customer values (3003, 'Jory Altidor', 'Moncow', 200, 5007);

select \* from customer;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> insert into customer values(3002, 'Nick Rimando', 'New York', 100, 5001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3005, 'Graham Zusi', 'California', 200, 5002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3001, 'Brad Guzan', 'Londan', 100, 5005);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3004, 'Fabian Johns', 'Paris', 300, 5006);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3007, 'Brad Davis', 'New York', 200, 5001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3009, 'Geoff Camero', 'Berlin', 100, 5003);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3008, 'Julian Green', 'London', 300, 5002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> insert into customer values(3003, 'Jory Altidor', 'Moncow', 200, 5007);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
 nysql> select * from customer
 customer_id | customer_name | city
                                                | grade | salesman_id |
                                                                   5005
          3001
                 Brad Guzan
                                   Londan
                                                     100
                                   New York
          3002
                 Nick Rimando
                                                     100
                                                                   5001
                 Jory Altidor
Fabian Johns
          3003
                                    Moncow
                                                     200
                                                                   5007
                                                     300
                                                                   5006
                 Graham Zusi
                                   California
                                                     200
                                                                   5002
          3007
                 Brad Davis
                                   New York
                                                     200
                                                                   5001
                 Julian Green
          3008
                                   London
                                                     300
                                                                   5002
          3009 | Geoff Camero
                                   Berlin
                                                                   5003
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

#### Code:

CREATE TABLE orders(order\_no INT NOT NULL AUTO\_INCREMENT PRIMARY key,

purch amt DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,

order date DATE NOT NULL,

customer\_id INT,

salesman\_id INT,

FOREIGN KEY (customer\_id) REFERENCES customer(customer\_id),

Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

```
FOREIGN KEY (salesman_id) REFERENCES salesman(salesman_id)
);
desc orders;
```

## Output:

```
nysql> CREATE TABLE orders(order_no INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY key,
    -> purch_amt DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
    -> order date DATE NOT NULL,
    -> customer_id INT,
    -> salesman_id INT,
    -> FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customer(customer_id),
-> FOREIGN KEY (salesman_id) REFERENCES salesman(salesman_id)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> desc orders;
 Field
                                   Null | Key | Default | Extra
                 Type
  order no
                  int(11)
                                                               auto increment
                  decimal(10,2)
                                                   NULL
  purch amt
                                    NO
 order date
                                                   NULL
                  date
                                    NO
  customer id
                  int(11)
                                            MUL
                                    YES
                                                   NULL
  salesman id | int(11)
                                    YES
                                            MUL
                                                   NULL
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

#### Code:

insert into orders values(70001, 150.5, '2016-10-05', 3005, 5002); insert into orders values(70009, 270.65, '2016-09-10', 3001, NULL); insert into orders values(70002, 65.26, '2016-10-05', 3002, 5001); insert into orders values(70004, 110.5, '2016-08-17', 3009, NULL); insert into orders values(70007, 948.5, '2016-09-10', 3005, 5002); insert into orders values(70005, 2400.6, '2016-07-27', 3007, 5001); insert into orders values(70008, 5760, '2016-09-10', 3002, 5001); insert into orders values(70010, 1983.43, '2016-10-10', 3004, NULL); insert into orders values(70003, 2480.4, '2016-10-10', 3009, 5006);

insert into orders values(70012, 250.45, '2016-06-27', 3008, 5002); insert into orders values(70011, 75.29, '2016-08-17', 3003, 5007); select \* from orders;

```
mysql> insert into orders values(70001, 150.5, '2016-10-05', 3005, 5002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70009, 270.65, '2016-09-10', 3001, NULL);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70002, 65.26, '2016-10-05', 3002, 5001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70004, 110.5, '2016-08-17', 3009, NULL);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70007, 948.5, '2016-09-10', 3005, 5002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70005, 2400.6, '2016-07-27', 3007, 5001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70008, 5760, '2016-09-10', 3002, 5001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70010, 1983.43, '2016-10-10', 3004, NULL)
Ouery OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70003, 2480.4, '2016-10-10', 3009, 5006);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> insert into orders values(70012, 250.45, '2016-06-27', 3008, 5002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into orders values(70011, 75.29, '2016-08-17', 3003, 5007);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> select * from orders;
 order_no | purch_amt | order_date | customer_id | salesman_id
     70001
                150.50
                         2016-10-05
     70002
                65.26
                         2016-10-05
                                              3002
                                                             5001
               2480.40
     70003
                         2016-10-10
                                              3009
                                                             5006
                110.50
     70004
                         2016-08-17
                                              3009
                                                             NULL
               2400.60
                                              3007
     70005
                         2016-07-27
                                                             5001
     70007
                948.50
                         2016-09-10
                                              3005
                                                             5002
               5760.00
     70008
                         2016-09-10
                                              3002
                                                             5001
     70009
                270.65
                         2016-09-10
                                              3001
                                                             NULL
               1983.43
                         2016-10-10
     70010
                                              3004
                                                             NULL
     70011
                         2016-08-17
                                              3003
                                                             5007
                 75.29
     70012
                250.45 | 2016-06-27
                                              3008
                                                             5002
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012

1. Display name and commission for all the salesmen.

#### Code:

select name, commission FROM salesman;

## **Output:**

2. Retrieve salesman id of all salesmen from orders table without any repeats.

#### Code:

select DISTINCT salesman id FROM orders;

```
mysql> select DISTINCT salesman_id FROM orders;

+-----+
| salesman_id |

+-----+
| NULL |
| 5001 |
| 5002 |
| 5006 |
| 5007 |

+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

3. Display names and city of salesman, who belongs to the city of Paris.

#### Code:

select name, city FROM salesman WHERE city = 'Paris';

## **Output:**

4. Display all the information for those customers with a grade of 200.

#### Code:

select \* FROM customer WHERE grade = 200;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> select * FROM customer WHERE grade = 200;
 customer id | customer name | city
                                          grade | salesman_id
        3003
               Jory Altidor | Moncow
                                              200
                                                           5007
        3005
               Graham Zusi
                             | California |
                                              200
                                                           5002
        3007
             | Brad Davis
                                                           5001
                              New York
                                              200
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Display the order number, order date and the purchase amount for order(s) which will be delivered by the salesman with ID 5001

#### Code:

select order\_no,order\_date,purch\_amt FROM orders WHERE
salesman\_id = 5001;

Roll no: L012 **ADBMS Practical** MSC DS & AI

Display all the customers, who are either belongs to the 12. city New York or not had a grade above 100.

#### Code:

select \* FROM customer WHERE city ='New York' OR grade<=100;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> select * FROM customer WHERE city ='New York' OR grade<=100;
 customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id
        3001 | Brad Guzan
                              Londan
                                           100
              Nick Rimando | New York
        3002
                                           100
                                                       5001
        3007
             Brad Davis
                            New York
                                           200
                                                       5001
        3009 | Geoff Camero | Berlin
                                           100
                                                       5003
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Find those salesmen with all information who gets the 13. commission within a range of 0.12 and 0.14.

#### Code:

select \* FROM salesman WHERE commission BETWEEN 0.12 AND 0.14;

```
mysql> select * FROM salesman WHERE commission BETWEEN 0.12 AND 0.14;
 salesman_id | name
                          city | commission
              Nail Knite | Paris |
        5002
              Lauson Hen
        5003
                                         0.12
        5006
               Mc Lyon
                           Paris
                                         0.14
        5007 | Paul Adam | Rome
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012

14. Find all those customers with all information whose names are ending with the letter 'n'.

#### Code:

select \* FROM customer WHERE customer name LIKE '%n';

## **Output:**

15. Find those salesmen with all information whose name containing the 1st character is 'N' and the 4<sup>th</sup> character is 'I' and rests may be any character.

#### Code:

select \* FROM salesman WHERE name LIKE 'N 1%';

## **Output:**

16. Find that customer with all information who does not get any grade except NULL.

#### Code:

select \* FROM customer WHERE grade is NULL;

```
mysql> select * FROM customer WHERE grade is NULL;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

17. Find the total purchase amount of all orders.

#### Code:

select SUM(purch\_amt) AS total\_purchase FROM orders;

## **Output:**

18. Find the number of salesman currently listing for all of their customers.

#### Code:

select salesman\_id, COUNT(customer\_id) AS total\_customers FROM customer GROUP BY salesman\_id;

## **Output:**

19. Find the highest grade for each of the cities of the customers.

#### Code:

select city, Max(grade) As highest\_grade FROM customer GROUP BY city;

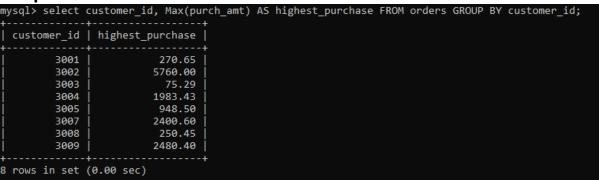
Roll no: L012

20. Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer with their ID and highest purchase amount.

#### Code:

select customer\_id, Max(purch\_amt) AS highest\_purchase FROM orders GROUP BY customer\_id;

## **Output:**



21. Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date with their ID, order date and highest purchase amount.

#### Code:

select customer\_id, order\_date, Max(purch\_amt) AS
highest\_purchase FROM orders GROUP BY customer\_id, order\_date;

_	. –	highest_purchase			
3001	2016-09-10	270.65			
3002	2016-09-10	5760.00			
3002	2016-10-05	65.26			
3003	2016-08-17	75.29			
3004	2016-10-10	1983.43			
3005	2016-09-10	948.50			
3005	2016-10-05	150.50			
3007	2016-07-27	2400.60			
3008	2016-06-27	250.45			
3009	2016-08-17	110.50			
3009	2016-10-10	2480.40			

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

22. Find the highest purchase amount on a date '2012-08-17' for each salesman with their ID.

#### Code:

select salesman\_id, MAX(purch\_amt) AS highest\_purchase FROM orders WHERE order date = 2012-08-17 GROUP BY salesman id;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> select salesman_id, MAX(purch_amt) AS highest_purchase FROM orders WHERE order_date = 2012-08-17 GROUP BY salesman_id;
Empty set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

23. Find the highest purchase amount with their customer ID and order date, for only those customers who have the highest purchase amount in a day is more than 2000.

#### Code:

select customer\_id, order\_date, MAX(purch\_amt) AS highest\_purchase FROM orders GROUP BY customer\_id, order\_date HAVING MAX(purch\_amt)>2000;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> select customer_id, order_date, MAX(purch_amt) AS highest_purchase FROM orders GROUP BY customer_id, order_date HAVING MAX(purch_amt)>2000;

| customer_id | order_date | highest_purchase |
| 3002 | 2016-09-10 | 5760.00 |
| 3007 | 2016-09-17 | 2400.60 |
| 3009 | 2016-10-10 | 2480.40 |
| 3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

24. Write a SQL statement that counts all orders for a date August 17th, 2012.

#### Code:

select COUNT(\*) AS total\_orders FROM orders WHERE order\_date =
2012-08-17;

```
mysql> select COUNT(*) AS total_orders FROM orders WHERE order_date = 2012-08-17;
+-----+
| total_orders |
+------+
| 0 |
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

### PRACTICAL NO - 2

Aim: Subquery-join operations on Relational Schema

## **USING (practical 1)**

1. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average.

### Code:

```
SELECT COUNT(*)

FROM Customer

WHERE grade > (

SELECT AVG(grade)

FROM Customer

WHERE city = 'Bangalores'
);
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*)
    -> FROM Customer
    -> WHERE grade > (
     -> SELECT AVG(grade)
     -> FROM Customer
     -> WHERE city = 'Bangalores'
     -> );
+-----+
| COUNT(*) |
+-----+
| 0 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

# 2. Find the name and numbers of all salesmen who had more than one customer.

#### Code:

```
SELECT S.name, S.salesman_id
```

FROM Salesman S

JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman\_id = C.salesman\_id

GROUP BY S.salesman id, S.name

HAVING COUNT(C.customer\_id) > 1;

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

# 3. List all salesmen and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities

(Use UNION operation.)

#### Code:

SELECT S.salesman\_id, S.name, 'Has Customers' AS customer\_status

FROM Salesman S

JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman id = C.salesman id

WHERE S.city = C.city

**UNION** 

SELECT S.salesman id, S.name, 'No Customers' AS customer status

FROM Salesman S

LEFT JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman\_id = C.salesman\_id AND S.city = C.city

WHERE C.customer id IS NULL;

```
mysql> SELECT S.salesman_id, S.name, 'Has Customers' AS customer_status
   -> FROM Salesman S
   -> JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman_id = C.salesman_id
   -> WHERE S.city = C.city
   -> UNION
   -> SELECT S.salesman_id, S.name, 'No Customers' AS customer_status
   -> FROM Salesman S
   -> LEFT JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman_id = C.salesman_id AND S.city = C.city
-> WHERE C.customer_id IS NULL;
 salesman_id | name
                            customer_status
        5001
               James Hoog | Has Customers
        5006
                             Has Customers
               Mc Lyon
        5002
               Nail Knite | No Customers
        5003
               Lauson Hen | No Customers
               Pit Alex
        5005
                            No Customers
        5007
              | Paul Adam
                           No Customers
rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

4. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day.

#### Code:

CREATE VIEW SalesmanWithHighestOrder AS

SELECT S.salesman\_id, S.name, O.order\_date, MAX(O.purch\_amt) AS max\_order\_amount

FROM Salesman S

JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman id = C.salesman id

JOIN 'orders' O ON C.customer id = O.customer id

GROUP BY S.salesman\_id, S.name, O.order\_date;

select \* from SalesmanWithHighestOrder;

```
mysql> CREATE VIEW SalesmanWithHighestOrder AS
    -> SELECT S.salesman id, S.name, O.order date, MAX(O.purch amt) AS max order amount
    -> FROM Salesman S
    -> JOIN Customer C ON S.salesman_id = C.salesman_id
-> JOIN `orders` O ON C.customer_id = O.customer_id
-> GROUP BY S.salesman_id, S.name, O.order_date;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 \text{ sec})
mysql> select * from SalesmanWithHighestOrder;
  salesman_id | name
                                | order_date | max_order_amount
          5001
                  James Hoog
                                 2016-07-27
                                                            2400.60
          5001
                  James Hoog
                                  2016-09-10
                                                            5760.00
                  James Hoog
                                  2016-10-05
          5001
                                                              65.26
                  Nail Knite
                                  2016-06-27
          5002
                                                             250.45
                  Nail Knite
                                  2016-09-10
                                                             948.50
          5002
          5002
                  Nail Knite
                                  2016-10-05
                                                             150.50
          5003
                  Lauson Hen
                                  2016-08-17
                                                             110.50
                                  2016-10-10
                                                            2480.40
          5003
                  Lauson Hen
          5005
                  Pit Alex
                                  2016-09-10
                                                             270.65
          5006
                  Mc Lyon
                                  2016-10-10
                                                            1983.43
                                  2016-08-17
          5007
                  Paul Adam
                                                              75.29
l1 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

Roll no: L012

## 5. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted

#### Code:

DELETE FROM salesman WHERE salesman\_id = 1000;

SELECT \* FROM Salesman;

SELECT \* FROM Orders;

```
mysql> DELETE FROM salesman WHERE salesman_id = 1000;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Salesman;
                             city
 salesman_id | name
                                          commission
         5001 | James Hoog | New York |
5002 | Nail Knite | Paris |
                                                  0.15
                                                  0.13
                 Lauson Hen
         5003
                                                  0.12
                Pit Alex
         5005
                               London
                                                  0.11
                Mc Lyon
         5006
                               Paris
                                                  0.14
         5007 | Paul Adam
                             Rome
                                                  0.13
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
order_no | purch_amt | order_date | customer_id | salesman_id
                 150.50 | 2016-10-05 |
65.26 | 2016-10-05 |
2480.40 | 2016-10-10 |
     70001
                                                                        5002
     70002
                                                      3002
                                                                        5001
     70003
                                                      3009
                                                                        5006
                  110.50 | 2016-08-17 |
     70004
                                                      3009
                                                                        NULL
                 2400.60 | 2016-07-27 |
948.50 | 2016-09-10 |
     70005
                                                      3007
                                                                        5001
     70007
                                                                        5002
                                                      3005
                 5760.00
     70008
                              2016-09-10
                                                      3002
                                                                        5001
     70009
                  270.65
                              2016-09-10
                                                      3001
                                                                        NULL
                   .983.43 | 2016-10-10 |
| 75.29 | 2016-08-17 |
     70010
                 1983.43
                                                      3004
                                                                       NULL
     70011
                                                      3003
                                                                        5007
     70012
                   250.45 | 2016-06-27 |
                                                      3008
                                                                        5002
11 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

# 2. Design ERD for the following schema and execute the following Queries on it:

**Consider the schema for Movie Database:** 

```
ACTOR (Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)
```

```
DIRECTOR (Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)
```

MOVIES (Mov\_id, Mov\_Title, Mov\_Year, Mov\_Lang, Dir\_id)

MOVIE\_CAST (Act\_id, Mov\_id, Role)

**RATING (Mov\_id, Rev\_Stars)** 

#### Code:

```
CREATE TABLE ACTOR (
```

 $ACT_{ID} INT (3),$ 

ACT\_NAME VARCHAR (20),

ACT\_GENDER CHAR (1),

PRIMARY KEY (ACT ID));

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE ACTOR (
-> ACT_ID INT(3),
-> ACT_NAME VARCHAR(20),
-> ACT_GENDER CHAR(1),
-> PRIMARY KEY (ACT_ID)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Name: Vipul Jadhav Roll no: L012

**ADBMS Practical** 

#### Code:

```
CREATE TABLE DIRECTOR (
```

DIR\_ID INT (3),

DIR NAME VARCHAR (20),

DIR PHONE INT (10),

PRIMARY KEY (DIR\_ID));

## **Output:**

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE DIRECTOR (
-> DIR_ID INT (3),
-> DIR_NAME VARCHAR (20),
-> DIR_PHONE INT (10),
-> PRIMARY KEY (DIR_ID));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

#### Code:

```
CREATE TABLE MOVIES (
```

MOV\_ID INT (4),

MOV\_TITLE VARCHAR (25),

MOV\_YEAR INT (4),

MOV\_LANG VARCHAR (12),

DIR\_ID INT (3),

PRIMARY KEY (MOV\_ID),

FOREIGN KEY (DIR\_ID) REFERENCES DIRECTOR (DIR\_ID));

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE MOVIES (
-> MOV_ID INT (4),
-> MOV_TITLE VARCHAR (25),
-> MOV_YEAR INT (4),
-> MOV_LANG VARCHAR (12),
-> DIR_ID INT (3),
-> PRIMARY KEY (MOV_ID),
-> FOREIGN KEY (DIR_ID) REFERENCES DIRECTOR (DIR_ID));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

#### Code:

```
CREATE TABLE MOVIE_CAST (

ACT_ID INT (3),

MOV_ID INT (4),

OLE VARCHAR (10),

PRIMARY KEY (ACT_ID, MOV_ID),

FOREIGN KEY (ACT_ID) REFERENCES ACTOR (ACT_ID),
```

FOREIGN KEY (MOV ID) REFERENCES MOVIES (MOV ID));

## **Output:**

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE MOVIE_CAST (
-> ACT_ID INT (3),
-> MOV_ID INT (4),
->
-> OLE VARCHAR (10),
-> PRIMARY KEY (ACT_ID, MOV_ID),
-> FOREIGN KEY (ACT_ID) REFERENCES ACTOR (ACT_ID),
-> FOREIGN KEY (MOV_ID) REFERENCES MOVIES (MOV_ID));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

#### Code:

```
CREATE TABLE RATING (
```

MOV ID INT (4),

REV STARS VARCHAR (25),

PRIMARY KEY (MOV ID),

FOREIGN KEY (MOV\_ID) REFERENCES MOVIES (MOV\_ID));

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE RATING (
-> MOV_ID INT (4),
-> REV_STARS VARCHAR (25),
-> PRIMARY KEY (MOV_ID),
-> FOREIGN KEY (MOV_ID) REFERENCES MOVIES (MOV_ID));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

Name: Vipul Jadhav
Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

#### Code:

INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (301,'ANUSHKA','F');
INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (302,'PRABHAS','M');
INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (303,'PUNITH','M');
INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (304,'JERMY','M');

## **Output:**

```
mysql> INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (301, 'ANUSHKA', 'F');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (302, 'PRABHAS', 'M');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (303, 'PUNITH', 'M');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO ACTOR VALUES (304, 'JERMY', 'M');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

#### Code:

INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (60, 'RAJAMOULI', 875161100);
INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (61, 'HITCHCOCK', 776613891);
INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (62, 'FARAN', 998677653);
INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (63, 'STEVEN SPIELBERG', 898977653);

```
mysql> INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (60, 'RAJAMOULI', 875161100);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (61, 'HITCHCOCK', 776613891);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (62, 'FARAN', 998677653);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO DIRECTOR VALUES (63, 'STEVEN SPIELBERG', 898977653);

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

Name: Vipul Jadhav
Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## Code:

INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1001, 'BAHUBALI-2', 2017, 'TELAGU', 60);

INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1002, BAHUBALI-1', 2015, 'TELAGU', 60);

INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1003,'AKASH', 2008, 'KANNADA', 61);
INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1004,'WAR HORSE', 2011, 'ENGLISH', 63);

## **Output:**

```
mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1001, 'BAHUBALI-2', 2017, 'TELAGU', 60);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1002, 'BAHUBALI-1', 2015, 'TELAGU', 60);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1003, 'AKASH', 2008, 'KANNADA', 61);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIES VALUES (1004, 'WAR HORSE', 2011, 'ENGLISH', 63);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

#### Code:

```
INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (301, 1002, 'HEROINE');
INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (301, 1001, 'HEROINE');
INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (303, 1003, 'HERO');
INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (303, 1002, 'GUEST');
INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (304, 1004, 'HERO');
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (301, 1002, 'HEROINE');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (301, 1001, 'HEROINE');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (303, 1003, 'HERO');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (303, 1002, 'GUEST');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO MOVIE_CAST VALUES (304, 1004, 'HERO');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

#### Code:

```
INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1001, 4);
```

INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1002, 2);

INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1003, 5);

INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1004, 4);

## **Output:**

```
mysql> INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1001, 4);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1002, 2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1003, 5);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO RATING VALUES (1004, 4);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

Write SQL queries to

1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.

#### Code:

SELECT MOV\_TITLE

FROM MOVIES m

JOIN DIRECTOR d ON m.DIR\_ID = d.DIR\_ID

WHERE d.DIR\_NAME = 'HITCHCOCK';

Name: Vipul Jadhav Roll no: L012

**ADBMS Practical** 

2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.

#### Code:

```
SELECT DISTINCT m.MOV_TITLE

FROM MOVIES m

JOIN MOVIE_CAST mc ON m.MOV_ID = mc.MOV_ID

WHERE mc.ACT_ID IN (

SELECT ACT_ID

FROM MOVIE_CAST

GROUP BY ACT_ID

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT MOV_ID) >= 2

);
```

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT m.MOV_TITLE

-> FROM MOVIES m

-> JOIN MOVIE_CAST mc ON m.MOV_ID = mc.MOV_ID

-> WHERE mc.ACT_ID IN (
-> SELECT ACT_ID

-> FROM MOVIE_CAST
-> GROUP BY ACT_ID

-> HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT MOV_ID) >= 2

-> );

+-----+

| MOV_TITLE |

+-----+

| BAHUBALI-2 |

| BAHUBALI-1 |

| AKASH |

+-----+

3 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation).

#### Code:

```
SELECT DISTINCT a.ACT_NAME
```

FROM ACTOR a

JOIN MOVIE\_CAST mc1 ON a.ACT\_ID = mc1.ACT\_ID

JOIN MOVIES m1 ON mc1.MOV\_ID = m1.MOV\_ID

JOIN MOVIE CAST mc2 ON a.ACT ID = mc2.ACT ID

JOIN MOVIES m2 ON mc2.MOV\_ID = m2.MOV\_ID

WHERE m1.MOV\_YEAR < 2000 AND m2.MOV\_YEAR > 2015;

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT a.ACT_NAME
    -> FROM ACTOR a
    -> JOIN MOVIE_CAST mc1 ON a.ACT_ID = mc1.ACT_ID
    -> JOIN MOVIES m1 ON mc1.MOV_ID = m1.MOV_ID
    -> JOIN MOVIE_CAST mc2 ON a.ACT_ID = mc2.ACT_ID
    -> JOIN MOVIES m2 ON mc2.MOV_ID = m2.MOV_ID
    -> WHERE m1.MOV_YEAR < 2000 AND m2.MOV_YEAR > 2015;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012 **ADBMS Practical** MSC DS & AI

4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title.

#### Code:

```
SELECT m.MOV TITLE, r.REV STARS, (
 SELECT MAX(r1.REV STARS)
 FROM RATING r1
 WHERE r1.MOV ID = m.MOV ID
) AS MAX STARS
FROM MOVIES m
JOIN RATING r ON m.MOV ID = r.MOV ID
ORDER BY m.MOV TITLE;
```

```
mysql> SELECT m.MOV TITLE, r.REV STARS, (
          SELECT MAX(r1.REV_STARS)
          FROM RATING r1
          WHERE r1.MOV_ID = m.MOV_ID
   -> ) AS MAX_STARS
   -> FROM MOVIES m
   -> JOIN RATING r ON m.MOV_ID = r.MOV_ID
   -> ORDER BY m.MOV TITLE;
 MOV_TITLE | REV_STARS | MAX_STARS |
 AKASH
                          2
 BAHUBALI-1
 BAHUBALI-2 4
                          4
 WAR HORSE
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## 5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.

#### Code:

```
UPDATE RATING

SET REV_STARS = '5'

WHERE MOV_ID IN (

SELECT m.MOV_ID

FROM MOVIES m

JOIN DIRECTOR d ON m.DIR_ID = d.DIR_ID

WHERE d.DIR_NAME = 'STEVEN SPIELBERG'
);
```

```
mysql> UPDATE RATING
   -> SET REV_STARS = '5'
   -> WHERE MOV_ID IN (
   -> SELECT m.MOV_ID
   -> FROM MOVIES m
   -> JOIN DIRECTOR d ON m.DIR_ID = d.DIR_ID
   -> WHERE d.DIR_NAME = 'STEVEN SPIELBERG'
   -> );
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

Name: Vipul Jadhav Roll no: L012

**ADBMS Practical** 

# 3. Design ERD for the following schema and execute the following Queries on it:

```
Code:
CREATE TABLE students (
  stno INT PRIMARY KEY,
 name VARCHAR(50),
 addr VARCHAR(255),
 city VARCHAR(50),
 state VARCHAR(2),
 zip VARCHAR(10)
);
CREATE TABLE INSTRUCTORS (
 empno INT PRIMARY KEY,
 name VARCHAR(50),
 rank VARCHAR(20),
 roomno VARCHAR(10),
 telno VARCHAR(15)
);
CREATE TABLE COURSES (
 cno INT PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
Name: Vipul Jadhav
Roll no: L012
                            ADBMS Practical
                                                           MSC DS & AI
  cname VARCHAR(50),
  cr INT,
  cap INT
);
CREATE TABLE GRADES (
  stno INT,
  empno INT,
  cno INT,
  sem VARCHAR(10),
  year INT,
  grade INT,
  PRIMARY KEY (stno),
  FOREIGN KEY (stno) REFERENCES students(stno),
  FOREIGN KEY (empno) REFERENCES INSTRUCTORS(empno),
  FOREIGN KEY (cno) REFERENCES COURSES(cno)
);
CREATE TABLE ADVISING (
  stno INT,
```

```
Page | 31
```

empno INT,

PRIMARY KEY (stno, empno),

FOREIGN KEY (stno) REFERENCES students(stno),

FOREIGN KEY (empno) REFERENCES INSTRUCTORS(empno)

);

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE students (
   -> stno INT PRIMARY KEY,
   ->
         name VARCHAR(50),
         addr VARCHAR(255),
          city VARCHAR(50),
         state VARCHAR(2),
          zip VARCHAR(10)
   -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TABLE INSTRUCTORS (
         empno INT PRIMARY KEY,
         name VARCHAR(50),
        rank VARCHAR(20),
         roomno VARCHAR(10),
         telno VARCHAR(15)
   -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TABLE COURSES (
        cno INT PRIMARY KEY,
          cname VARCHAR(50),
          cr INT,
          cap INT
   ->
   -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE GRADES (
    -> stno INT,
             empno INT,
    ->
            cno INT,
sem VARCHAR(10),
            year INT,
           grade INT,
PRIMARY KEY (stno),
FOREIGN KEY (stno) REFERENCES students(stno),
FOREIGN KEY (empno) REFERENCES INSTRUCTORS(empno),
             FOREIGN KEY (cno) REFERENCES COURSES(cno)
    ->
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TABLE ADVISING (
            stno INT,
             empno INT,
            PRIMARY KEY (stno, empno),
FOREIGN KEY (stno) REFERENCES students(stno),
             FOREIGN KEY (empno) REFERENCES INSTRUCTORS(empno)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

**ADBMS Practical** 

MSC DS & AI

#### Code:

INSERT INTO COURSES (cno, cname, cr, cap)

**VALUES** 

```
(1, 'Math101', 3, 30),
```

(2, 'CS210', 4, 25),

(3, 'Physics101', 3, 20);

INSERT INTO students (stno, name)

**VALUES** 

```
(1, 'John Doe'),
```

(2, 'Jane Smith'),

(3, 'Alice Johnson');

INSERT INTO instructors (empno, name)

**VALUES** 

```
(101, 'Instructor A'),
```

(102, 'Instructor B'),

(103, 'Instructor C');

Roll no: L012

INSERT INTO GRADES (stno, empno, cno, sem, year, grade)

#### **VALUES**

```
(1, 101, 1, 'Fall', 2021, 85),
```

(2, 102, 2, 'Fall', 2021, 92),

(3, 103, 3, 'Fall', 2021, 78);

## INSERT INTO ADVISING (stno, empno)

#### **VALUES**

(1, 101),

(2, 102),

(3, 103);

```
mysql> INSERT INTO COURSES (cno, cname, cr, cap)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 'Math101', 3, 30),
-> (2, 'CS210', 4, 25),
-> (3, 'Physics101', 3, 20);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.04 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO students (stno, name)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 'John Doe'),
-> (2, 'Jane Smith'),
-> (3, 'Alice Johnson');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Roll no: L012 **ADBMS Practical** MSC DS & AI

```
nysql> INSERT INTO instructors (empno, name)
    -> VALUES
           (101, 'Instructor A'),
(102, 'Instructor B'),
(103, 'Instructor C');
    ->
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> INSERT INTO GRADES (stno, empno, cno, sem, year, grade)
    -> VALUES
            (1, 101, 1, 'Fall', 2021, 85),
(2, 102, 2, 'Fall', 2021, 92),
(3, 103, 3, 'Fall', 2021, 78);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> INSERT INTO ADVISING (stno, empno)
    -> VALUES
             (1, 101),
    ->
            (2, 102),
            (3, 103);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## For odd rollnumbers(any 10)

1. Find the names of students who took some four-credit courses.

#### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

WHERE c.cr = 4;

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT s.name
   -> FROM students s
   -> JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno
   -> JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno
   -> WHERE c.cr = 4;
 Jane Smith
 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## 2. Find the names of students who took every four-credit course.

#### Code:

```
SELECT s.name

FROM students s

WHERE NOT EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM courses c

WHERE c.cr = 4 AND NOT EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM grades g

WHERE g.stno = s.stno AND g.cno = c.cno
)

);
```

Roll no: L012

ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

3. Find the names of students who took a course with an instructor who is also their advisor.

#### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

JOIN instructors i ON g.empno = i.empno

JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno

WHERE g.empno = a.empno;

Code:

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

#### 4. Find the names of students who took cs210 and cs310.

# SELECT s.name FROM students s WHERE EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM grades g

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

WHERE s.stno = g.stno AND c.cname = 'cs210'

```
AND EXISTS (
```

SELECT 1

FROM grades g

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

WHERE s.stno = g.stno AND c.cname = 'cs310'

);

```
mysql> SELECT s.name
-> FROM students s
-> WHERE EXISTS (
-> SELECT 1
-> FROM grades g
-> JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno
-> WHERE s.stno = g.stno AND c.cname = 'cs210'
->)
-> AND EXISTS (
-> SELECT 1
-> FROM grades g
-> JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno
-> WHERE s.stno = g.stno AND c.cname = 'cs310'
->);
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

5. Find the names of all students whose advisor is not a full professor.

#### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno

JOIN instructors i ON a.empno = i.empno

WHERE i.rank <> 'Full Professor';

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT s.name
   -> FROM students s
   -> JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno
   -> JOIN instructors i ON a.empno = i.empno
   -> WHERE i.rank <> 'Full Professor';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Find instructors who taught students who are advised by another instructor who shares the same room.

### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT i1.name

FROM instructors i1

JOIN grades g ON i1.empno = g.empno

JOIN advising a ON g.stno = a.stno

JOIN instructors i2 ON a.empno = i2.empno

WHERE i1.roomno = i2.roomno AND i1.empno <> i2.empno;

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT i1.name
   -> FROM instructors i1
   -> JOIN grades g ON i1.empno = g.empno
   -> JOIN advising a ON g.stno = a.stno
   -> JOIN instructors i2 ON a.empno = i2.empno
   -> WHERE i1.roomno = i2.roomno AND i1.empno <> i2.empno;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Find course numbers for courses that enroll exactly two students

### Code:

SELECT g.cno

FROM grades g

GROUP BY g.cno

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.stno) = 2;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT g.cno
   -> FROM grades g
   -> GROUP BY g.cno
   -> HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.stno) = 2;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Find the names of all students for whom no other student lives in the same city.

#### Code:

SELECT s1.name

FROM students s1

WHERE NOT EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM students s2

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

```
WHERE s1.city = s2.city AND s1.stno <> s2.stno
```

**Output:** 

);

9. Find course numbers of courses taken by students who live in Boston and which are taught by an associate professor.

## Code:

SELECT DISTINCT g.cno

FROM grades g

JOIN students s ON g.stno = s.stno

JOIN instructors i ON g.empno = i.empno

WHERE s.city = 'Boston' AND i.rank = 'Associate Professor';

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT g.cno
    -> FROM grades g
    -> JOIN students s ON g.stno = s.stno
    -> JOIN instructors i ON g.empno = i.empno
    -> WHERE s.city = 'Boston' AND i.rank = 'Associate Professor';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

# 10. Find the telephone numbers of instructors who teach a course taken by any student who lives in Boston.

#### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT i.telno

FROM instructors i

JOIN grades g ON i.empno = g.empno

JOIN students s ON g.stno = s.stno

WHERE s.city = 'Boston';

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT i.telno
-> FROM instructors i
-> JOIN grades g ON i.empno = g.empno
-> JOIN students s ON g.stno = s.stno
-> WHERE s.city = 'Boston';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Find names of students who took every course taken by Richard Pierce.

#### Code:

SELECT s.name

FROM students s

WHERE NOT EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM grades g1

JOIN students rp ON rp.name = 'Richard Pierce'

JOIN grades g2 ON rp.stno = g2.stno

WHERE g1.cno = g2.cno AND g1.stno <> s.stno

Name: Vipul Jadhav
Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

);

## **Output:**

12. Find the names of students who took only one course.

#### Code:

SELECT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

GROUP BY s.stno, s.name

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.cno) = 1;

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## 13. Find the names of instructors who teach no course.

#### Code:

SELECT i.name

FROM instructors i

LEFT JOIN grades g ON i.empno = g.empno

WHERE g.cno IS NULL;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT i.name
-> FROM instructors i
-> LEFT JOIN grades g ON i.empno = g.empno
-> WHERE g.cno IS NULL;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

14. Find the names of the instructors who taught only one course during the spring semester of 2001.

#### Code:

SELECT i.name

FROM instructors i

JOIN grades g ON i.empno = g.empno

WHERE g.sem = 'Spring' AND g.year = 2001

GROUP BY i.empno, i.name

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.cno) = 1;

```
mysql> SELECT i.name
   -> FROM instructors i
   -> JOIN grades g ON i.empno = g.empno
   -> WHERE g.sem = 'Spring' AND g.year = 2001
   -> GROUP BY i.empno, i.name
   -> HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.cno) = 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

# For even rollnumbers (any 10)

1. Find the names of students who took only four-credit courses. Code:

```
SELECT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

GROUP BY s.stno, s.name

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT CASE WHEN c.cr = 4 THEN g.cno END) =

COUNT(DISTINCT g.cno)

AND COUNT(DISTINCT CASE WHEN c.cr <> 4 THEN g.cno END) =

0;
```

## **Output:**

# 2. Find the names of students who took no four-credit courses.

#### Code:

SELECT s.name

FROM students s

WHERE NOT EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM grades g

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

Name: Vipul Jadhav Roll no: L012

ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

```
WHERE g.stno = s.stno AND c.cr = 4
```

## **Output:**

);

## 3. Find the names of students who took cs210 or cs310.

### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

WHERE c.cname IN ('cs210', 'cs310');

4. Find names of all students who have a cs210 grade higher than the highest grade given in cs310 and did not take any course with Prof. Evans.

#### Code:

```
SELECT DISTINCT s.name
FROM students s
JOIN grades g1 ON s.stno = g1.stno
JOIN courses c1 ON g1.cno = c1.cno
WHERE c1.cname = 'cs210' AND g1.grade > (
  SELECT MAX(g2.grade)
  FROM grades g2
  JOIN courses c2 ON g2.cno = c2.cno
  WHERE c2.cname = 'cs310'
AND NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT 1
  FROM grades g3
  JOIN instructors i ON g3.empno = i.empno
  WHERE g3.stno = s.stno AND i.name = 'Prof. Evans'
);
```

Name: Vipul Jadhav
Roll no: L012 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

**Output:** 

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT s.name
    -> FROM students s
    -> JOIN grades g1 ON s.stno = g1.stno
   -> JOIN courses c1 ON g1.cno = c1.cno
-> WHERE c1.cname = 'cs210' AND g1.grade > (
           SELECT MAX(g2.grade)
           FROM grades g2
          JOIN courses c2 ON g2.cno = c2.cno
           WHERE c2.cname = 'cs310'
    -> AND NOT EXISTS (
           SELECT 1
   ->
           FROM grades g3
           JOIN instructors i ON g3.empno = i.empno
           WHERE g3.stno = s.stno AND i.name = 'Prof. Evans'
    -> );
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Find course numbers for courses that enrol at least two students; solve the same query for courses that enroll at least three students.

#### Code:

-- For courses with at least two students

SELECT g.cno

FROM grades g

GROUP BY g.cno

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.stno) >= 2;

-- For courses with at least three students

SELECT g.cno

FROM grades g

GROUP BY g.cno

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.stno) >= 3;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> -- For courses with at least two students
mysql> SELECT g.cno
    -> FROM grades g
    -> GROUP BY g.cno
    -> HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.stno) >= 2;
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
mysql>
mysql> -- For courses with at least three students
mysql> SELECT g.cno
    -> FROM grades g
    -> GROUP BY g.cno
    -> HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT g.stno) >= 3;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Find the names of students who obtained the highest grade in cs210.

### Code:

```
SELECT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

WHERE c.cname = 'cs210' AND g.grade = (

SELECT MAX(grade)

FROM grades g1

JOIN courses c1 ON g1.cno = c1.cno

WHERE c1.cname = 'cs210'

);
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## **Output:**

7. Find the names of instructors who teach courses attended by students who took a course with an instructor who is an assistant professor.

#### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT i1.name

FROM instructors i1

JOIN grades g ON i1.empno = g.empno

JOIN students s ON g.stno = s.stno

JOIN grades g2 ON s.stno = g2.stno

JOIN instructors i2 ON g2.empno = i2.empno

WHERE i2.rank = 'Assistant Professor';

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT i1.name
   -> FROM instructors i1
   -> JOIN grades g ON i1.empno = g.empno
   -> JOIN students s ON g.stno = s.stno
   -> JOIN grades g2 ON s.stno = g2.stno
   -> JOIN instructors i2 ON g2.empno = i2.empno
   -> WHERE i2.rank = 'Assistant Professor';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

8. Find the lowest grade of a student who took a course during the spring of 2003.

#### Code:

```
SELECT MIN(g.grade)
```

FROM grades g

WHERE g.sem = 'Spring' AND g.year = 2003;

## Output:

```
mysql> SELECT MIN(g.grade)
    -> FROM grades g
    -> WHERE g.sem = 'Spring' AND g.year = 2003;
+-----+
| MIN(g.grade) |
+-----+
| NULL |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Find the names for students such that if prof. Evans teaches a course, then the student takes that course (although not necessarily with prof. Evans).

#### Code:

```
SELECT s.name
```

FROM students s

WHERE NOT EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM courses c

WHERE EXISTS (

SELECT 1

FROM grades g

WHERE g.stno = s.stno AND g.cno = c.cno
) AND EXISTS (

FROM grades g

SELECT 1

JOIN instructors i ON g.empno = i.empno

WHERE g.cno = c.cno AND i.name = 'Prof. Evans'

)

);

```
mysql> SELECT s.name
   -> FROM students s
   -> WHERE NOT EXISTS (
          SELECT 1
          FROM courses c
          WHERE EXISTS (
               SELECT 1
               FROM grades g
               WHERE g.stno = s.stno AND g.cno = c.cno
         ) AND EXISTS (
               SELECT 1
               FROM grades g
               JOIN instructors i ON g.empno = i.empno
               WHERE g.cno = c.cno AND i.name = 'Prof. Evans'
   -> );
  John Doe
 Jane Smith
 Alice Johnson
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

# 10. Find the names of students whose advisor did not teach them any course.

#### Code:

SELECT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno

LEFT JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno AND g.empno = a.empno

WHERE g.empno IS NULL;

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT s.name
-> FROM students s
-> JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno
-> LEFT JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno AND g.empno = a.empno
-> WHERE g.empno IS NULL;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Find the names of students who have failed all their courses (failing is defined as a grade less than 60).

#### Code:

SELECT s.name

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

GROUP BY s.stno, s.name

HAVING MIN(g.grade) < 60 AND MAX(g.grade) < 60;

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

## **Output:**

```
mysql> SELECT s.name
-> FROM students s
-> JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno
-> GROUP BY s.stno, s.name
-> HAVING MIN(g.grade) < 60 AND MAX(g.grade) < 60;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Find the highest grade of a student who never took cs110.

```
Code:
```

```
SELECT MAX(g.grade)

FROM grades g

WHERE g.stno NOT IN (

SELECT g2.stno

FROM grades g2

JOIN courses c ON g2.cno = c.cno

WHERE c.cname = 'cs110'
)
```

GROUP BY g.stno;

Roll no: LO12 ADBMS Practical MSC DS & AI

#### 13. Find the names of students who do not have an advisor.

### Code:

SELECT s.name

FROM students s

LEFT JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno

WHERE a.empno IS NULL;

## Output:

```
mysql> SELECT s.name
-> FROM students s
-> LEFT JOIN advising a ON s.stno = a.stno
-> WHERE a.empno IS NULL;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

# 14. Find names of courses taken by students who do not live in Massachusetts (MA).

#### Code:

SELECT DISTINCT c.cname

FROM students s

JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno

JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno

WHERE s.state <> 'MA';

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT c.cname
   -> FROM students s
   -> JOIN grades g ON s.stno = g.stno
   -> JOIN courses c ON g.cno = c.cno
   -> WHERE s.state <> 'MA';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```