Comparison of Comtrade and HMRC databases for selected commodities

Required libraries

##

```
library(RPostgreSQL)
## Loading required package: DBI
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages
                               0.2.4
## √ ggplot2 2.2.1
                   √ purrr
## \sqrt{\text{tibble } 1.4.1}
                    √ dplyr 0.7.4
## √ tidyr 0.7.2 √ stringr 1.2.0
           1.1.1
## √ readr
                     \sqrt{\text{forcats 0.2.0}}
## -- Conflicts -----
                                              ## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
library(dbplyr)
## Attaching package: 'dbplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      ident, sql
library(rjson)
library(DBI)
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      date
library(tibble)
library(olsrr)
## Attaching package: 'olsrr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:datasets':
##
##
      rivers
library(ggplot2)
library(ggExtra)
library(gridExtra)
```

```
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
## combine
```

Get the auxiliary data

```
source("get_HMRC_aux_data.R")
list1 <- get_HMRC_aux_data()
comcode <- data.frame(Reduce(rbind, list1[1]))
port <- data.frame(Reduce(rbind, list1[2]))
country <- data.frame(Reduce(rbind, list1[3]))
eu_list <- c("BE", "BG", "CZ", "DK", "DE", "EE", "IE", "EL", "ES", "FR", "HR", "IT", "CY", "LV", "LU", "HU", "MT",</pre>
```

Use this line to search for commodity codes using a keyword

```
(comname
              <- comcode[grep('CHICKEN', toupper(comcode$description)),])</pre>
##
       commoditycode parent
## 264
            02071110 020711
## 265
            02071130 020711
            02071190 020711
## 266
## 268
            02071210 020712
## 269
            02071290 020712
##
## 264
                                                                                                Fresh or chil
                                                                Fresh or chilled, plucked and drawn fowls of a
## 266 Fresh or chilled, plucked and drawn fowls of species Gallus domesticus, without heads, feet, necks, he
## 268
                                                                       Frozen fowls of species Gallus domesti
## 269
                               Frozen fowls of species Gallus domesticus, plucked and drawn, without heads,
```

—Partners codes

Poland: 616

Spain: 724

Brazil: 76

UK:826

—Three commodities codes

#Define commodity and partner country

Chicken: 02071

Cucumber: 070700

Beef: 160250

com_id <- "160250"

Set the partner country and the commodity.

Leave the rest to the code: no worries about arrivals or imports

```
part_id <- 76
\#What \ am \ I \ searching \ for \ commodity-wise
(comcode[str_detect(comcode$commoditycode,paste('^',com_id,sep='')),3])
## [1] "Prepared or preserved meat or offal of bovine animals (excl. sausages and similar products, finely ho
## [2] "Prepared or preserved meat or offal of bovine animals, uncooked, incl. mixtures of cooked meat or off
## [3] "Corned beef, in airtight containers"
## [4] "Meat or offal of bovine animals, prepared or preserved, cooked (excl. corned beef in airtight contain
  1. GET COMTRADE DATA
source("get_Comtrade_data.R")
#Comtrade SQL request
stime <- Sys.time()</pre>
df1 <- get_Comtrade_data(201401,201601,"default",com_id,as.character(part_id))
etime <- Sys.time()</pre>
print(etime-stime)
## Time difference of 1.961415 mins
1.1 Tidy Comtrade data
#Group by commodity code for the same good if necessary (different cuts for chicken...)
print(unique(df1$commodity_code))
```

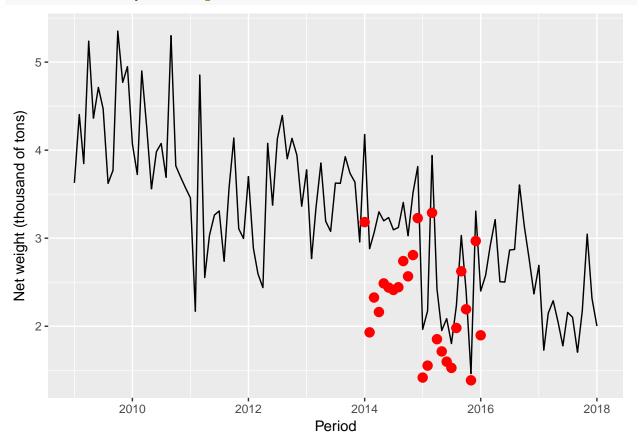
```
## [1] "160250"
df2 <- df1 %>% group_by(period,trade_flow,reporter,reporter_code,partner,partner_code) %>%
                summarize(net_weight_kg = sum(netweight_kg),
                trade_value_usd = sum(trade_value_usd)) %>% ungroup()
#Compute the price in usd per kg
df2 <- df2 %>% mutate(price_usd_kg = trade_value_usd/net_weight_kg)
#Turn period into a proper date
df2 <- df2 %>% mutate(period date = ymd(paste(period, "01", sep="")))
#Remove missing observations
df2 <- df2[complete.cases(df2),]
#Get the comtrade data for imports into the uk for the given commodity
comtrade_imports_into_uk <- df2 %>%
  filter(reporter=="United Kingdom") %>%
 filter(trade_flow=="Imports")
1.2 Get partner country alpha from the code
cname <- country[country$countryname==unique(df1$partner),2]</pre>
  2. GET HMRC DATA
source("get HMRC data.R")
source("get HMRC data imports.R")
stime <- Sys.time()</pre>
if(cname %in% eu list){
  print('It belongs to EU')
HMRC_import_food_data <- get_HMRC_data(arrivals)</pre>
}else{
  print('It does not belong to EU')
HMRC_import_food_data <- get_HMRC_data_imports(imports)</pre>
## [1] "It does not belong to EU"
## [1] "Medium cuppa?"
etime <- Sys.time()</pre>
print(etime-stime)
## Time difference of 7.139711 mins
(col names
                          <- t(as.data.frame(colnames(HMRC import food data))))
##
                                    [,1]
                                               [,2]
                                                      [,3]
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "comcode" "sitc" "record_type"
##
                                    [,4]
                                                    [,5]
                                                                 [,6]
                                   "cod_sequence" "cod_alpha" "coo_sequence"
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data)
##
                                    [,7]
                                                 [,8]
                                                                [,9]
                                   "coo_alpha" "account_date" "port_sequence"
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data)
##
                                    [,10]
                                                  [,11]
                                                                  [,12]
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "port_alpha" "flag_sequence" "flag_alpha"
##
                                    [,13]
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "country_sequence_coo_imp"
##
                                    [,14]
                                                             [,15]
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "country_alpha_coo_imp" "trade_indicator"
                                    [,16]
                                                 [,17]
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "container" "mode_of_transport"
##
                                    [,18]
                                                  [,19]
                                                                   [,20]
```

```
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "inland_mot" "golo_sequence" "golo_alpha"
                                                       [,22]
##
                                     [,21]
## colnames(HMRC import food data) "suite indicator" "procedure code"
                                     [,23]
                                               [,24]
                                                       [,25]
## colnames(HMRC_import_food_data) "cb_code" "value" "quantity_1"
                                     [,26]
##
## colnames(HMRC import food data) "quantity 2"
2.1 Tidy the data depending on EU/non-EU (arrivals/imports)
if(cname %in% eu_list){
#Filter the data for the selected commodity_code
tmp <- HMRC_import_food_data</pre>
#tmp1 <- tmp %>% filter(str_sub(smk_comcode,1,str_length(com_id)) == com_id)
tmp2 <- tmp[str_detect(tmp$smk_comcode,paste('^',com_id,sep='')),]</pre>
#Remove crazy year
current_year <- 2018</pre>
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% filter(as.numeric(smk_period_reference)<100*(current_year+1))</pre>
#Ignore some variables
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>%
select(-smk_coo_seq,-smk_coo_alpha) %>%
select(-smk_nature_of_transaction,-smk_mode_of_transport,-smk_no_of_consignments) %>%
select(-smk suite indicator,-smk sitc,-smk ip comcode) %>% select(-smk supp unit,-smk trade ind,-smk re
#Rename variables
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% rename(commodity code = "smk comcode")
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% rename(partner_code = "smk_cod_seq")
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% rename(partner_id = "smk_cod_alpha")
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% rename(period = "smk_period_reference")
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% rename(trade_value_spd = "smk_stat_value")
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% rename(netweight_kg = "smk_nett_mass")
#Sterling pounds to US dollars
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% mutate(trade_value_usd = trade_value_spd * 1.41) %>% select(-trade_value_spd)
}else{
#Filter the data for the selected commodity_code
tmp <- HMRC_import_food_data</pre>
tmp <- tmp %>% select(comcode,cod_sequence,cod_alpha,account_date,value,quantity_1)
tmp <- tmp %>% rename(commodity_code = "comcode")
tmp <- tmp %>% rename(partner_code = "cod_sequence")
tmp <- tmp %>% rename(partner_id
                                     = "cod alpha")
tmp <- tmp %>% rename(period tmp = "account date")
tmp <- tmp %>% rename(trade_value_spd = "value")
tmp <- tmp %>% rename(netweight_kg
                                       = "quantity 1")
#Filter the data for the selected commodity_code
tmp2 <- tmp[str_detect(tmp$commodity_code,paste('^',com_id,sep='')),]</pre>
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% mutate(period = paste(str_sub(period_tmp,4,7),str_sub(period_tmp,1,2),sep='')) %>% sel
tmp2$partner_id <- gsub('GB', 'UK', tmp2$partner_id)</pre>
#Remove crazy year
current_year <- 2018</pre>
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% filter(as.numeric(period)<100*(current_year+1))</pre>
#Sterling pounds to US dollars
tmp2 <- tmp2 %>% mutate(trade_value_usd = trade_value_spd * 1.41) %>% select(-trade_value_spd)
}
```

2.2 Keep going... No matter the HMRC table, the data is in tmp2

```
#Group by commodity code for the same good if necessary (different cuts for chicken...)
print(unique(tmp2$commodity_code))
```

3. Do the plots comparing both databases 3.1 Net weight in kg



3.2 Relative error

