Review and analysis of CO2 photoreduction kinetics

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A walk through comparison of multi-start trust-region, genetic algorithm and particle swarm methods for estimating nonlinear CO2 photoreduction kinetic model coefficients

Number of pages = 13

Number of figures = 7

See excellent MATLAB documentation for more information for the trust-region method https://uk.mathworks.com/help/optim/ug/constrained-nonlinear-optimization-algorithms.html MATLAB R2018b used

Data reported by Tan

L.-L. Tan, W.-J. Ong, S.-P. Chai and A. R. Mohamed, Chemical Engineering Journal, 2017, 308, 248–255

- Extracted CH4 data at different partial pressures of CO2 from Figure 3 (a) using WebPlotDigitizer
- Extracted CH4 data at different partial pressures of H2O from Figure 3 (b) using WebPlotDigitizer

Copy and paste these settings to run the script below

(Partial pressure CO2 (bar), partial pressure H2O (bar), CH4 production (umol.gcat-1.h-1), I (mW/cm2), reported model coefficients and constraints used for mean median model in order of: k, alpha, KH2O and KCO2)

experimental_settings_PCO2 = [0 0.25 0.5 0.75 0.9 1.01]; experimental_settings_PH2O = 0.043; reported_CH4_production = [0 0.172 0.202 0.212 0.385 0.336];

```
I = 81;
reported_coefficients = [84.42 4.4E-2 8.070 1.93E-2];
lower_constraint = [0 0 0 0];
upper_constraint = [100 0.5 30 0.5];
```

Please enter data and experimental settings used to fit the model

```
% Copy and paste experimental settings, production data and reported coefficients
% as code - highlight text and click "Code" icon in "LIVE EDITOR" ribbon
experimental_settings_PCO2 = [0 0.25 0.5 0.75 0.9 1.01];
experimental_settings_PH2O = 0.043;
reported_CH4_production = [0 0.172 0.202 0.212 0.385 0.336];
I = 81;
reported_coefficients = [84.42 4.4E-2 8.070 1.93E-2];
lower_constraint = [0 0 0 0];
upper_constraint = [100 0.5 30 0.5];

pressure_settings = ones(numel(experimental_settings_PCO2),2);
pressure_settings(:,1) = pressure_settings(:,1).*experimental_settings_PCO2';
pressure_settings(:,2) = pressure_settings(:,2).*experimental_settings_PH2O;
```

Please enter values

- For number of loops median multi-start trust -region method will run
- Number of iterations per median loop
- Number of multi-start points

```
% Set the number of times the iteration of the algorithm iterations method
% will loop. Must be set to > 1 so that standard deviation and stats
% comparison is possible

number_for_std_deviation_calculation = 10;

% Set the number times the algorithm method will iterate
% within number of loops set above
number_method_iterations = 50;
```

Line changes optional - Median multi-start (MS)

trust-region method

- This is the median MS trust-region method
- After each MS iteration, the median of the coefficients estimated will be saved in an array

After each MS iteration, the values with the lowest error will be saved in an array

```
% Two site kinetic model
% b(1) = k, b(2) = alpha, b(3) = KH2O and b(4) = KCO2
Two_site_LH_model = @(b,pressure_settings)...
                     (b(1).*I.^b(2).*(b(3).*pressure\_settings(:,2).*b(4).*...
                     pressure_settings(:,1)))./...
                     ((1 + (b(3).*pressure_settings(:,2))...
                     + (b(4).*pressure_settings(:,1))).^2);
% Set number of starting points for multi-start algorithm
no multi start points = 10;
% Assign empty data array to record the median value after each loop of
% multi-start trust-region iterations is complete
multiple_MS_median_approach_values = [];
multiple_MS_error_approach_values = [];
all_MS_values = [];
% Assign empty data array to record the coefficient estimates for each
% multi-start solution
MS model values
MS_model_values_errors = [];
for std_deviation_run = 1:number_for_std_deviation_calculation
    for median run = 1:number method iterations
        % Randomly select intial starting point values between upper and
        % lower constraint values
        Random_starting_point_values = (upper_constraint-lower_constraint)....
                                        *rand(1,1) + lower_constraint;
        problem = createOptimProblem('lsqcurvefit','x0',...
                                     Random_starting_point_values, 'objective',...
                                     Two_site_LH_model,'lb',lower_constraint,...
                                     'ub',upper_constraint,'xdata',...
                                     pressure_settings,'ydata',...
                                     reported_CH4_production');
        ms = MultiStart('Display','off');
        [xMS,fvalMS] = run(ms,problem, no_multi_start_points);
        MS_model_values(median_run,1:numel(lower_constraint)) = xMS;
        MS_model_values_errors(median_run,1) = fvalMS;
    end
 % Lets collect the coefficient values based on median approach
 % for each round
 multiple_MS_median_approach_values(std_deviation_run,...
```

```
1:numel(lower_constraint)) = median(MS_model_values);

% Lets collect the coefficient values based on lowest error approach
% for each round
[M,I] = min(MS_model_values_errors);
multiple_MS_error_approach_values(std_deviation_run,...
1:numel(lower_constraint)) = MS_model_values(I,1:numel(lower_constraint));

% Let's collect all of the multistart values for plotting histograms later
all_MS_values = [all_MS_values;MS_model_values];
end
```

Line changes optional - Median genetic algorithm (GA)

method

- · This is the median GA method
- After each GA iteration, the median of the coefficients estimated will be saved in an array
- After each GA iteration, the values with the lowest error will be saved in an array

```
% Call GAmin function to assign sum of squares as objective function
fun_GA = @(b)minObj(b,pressure_settings,I,reported_CH4_production);
% Assign empty data array to record the GA values after each loop of
% multi-start trust-region iterations is complete
multiple_GA_median_approach_values = [];
multiple_GA_error_approach_values = [];
all_GA_values
                            = [];
% Assign empty data array to record the coefficient estimates for each
% GA solution
GA model values
GA_model_values_errors = [];
for std_deviation_run = 1:number_for_std_deviation_calculation
    for median_run = 1:number_method_iterations
        options = optimoptions('ga', 'Display', 'off');
        [xGA, fvalGA] = ga(fun_GA, 4, [], [], [], [], lower_constraint,...
                          upper_constraint,[],options);
        GA_model_values(median_run,1:numel(lower_constraint)) = xGA;
        GA_model_values_errors(median_run,1) = fvalGA;
```

```
end
% Lets collect the coefficient values based on median GA approach
% for each round
multiple_GA_median_approach_values(std_deviation_run,...
1:numel(lower_constraint)) = median(GA_model_values);
% Lets collect the coefficient values based on lowest error
% GA approach for each round

[M,I] = min(GA_model_values_errors);
multiple_GA_error_approach_values(std_deviation_run,...
1:numel(lower_constraint)) = GA_model_values(I,1:numel(lower_constraint));
% Let's collect all of the GA values for plotting histograms later
all_GA_values = [all_GA_values;GA_model_values];
end
```

Line changes optional - Median particle swarm (PS)

method

- This is the median PS method
- After each PS iteration, the median of the coefficients estimated will be saved in an array
- After each PS iteration, the values with the lowest error will be saved in an array

```
% Call PSmin function to assign sum of squares as objective function
fun_PS = @(b)minObj(b,pressure_settings,I,reported_CH4_production);
% Assign empty data array to record the GA values after each loop of
% multi-start trust-region iterations is complete
multiple_PS_median_approach_values = [];
multiple_PS_error_approach_values = [];
all_PS_values
                            = [];
% Assign empty data array to record the coefficient estimates for each
% GA solution
PS model values
                       = [];
PS_model_values_errors = [];
for std_deviation_run = 1:number_for_std_deviation_calculation
    for median_run = 1:number_method_iterations
        options = optimoptions('particleswarm', 'Display', 'off');
        [xPS,fvalPS] = particleswarm(fun_PS,4,lower_constraint,...
```

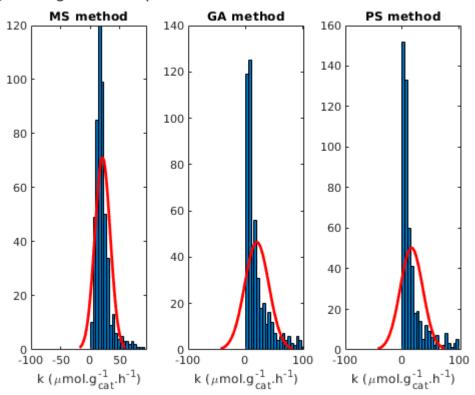
```
upper_constraint,options);
        PS_model_values(median_run,1:numel(lower_constraint)) = xPS;
        PS model values errors(median run,1) = fvalPS;
    end
 % Lets collect the coefficient values based on median GA approach
 % for each round
multiple_PS_median_approach_values(std_deviation_run,...
 1:numel(lower_constraint)) = median(PS_model_values);
 % Lets collect the coefficient values based on lowest error
 % GA approach for each round
 [M,I] = min(PS model values errors);
multiple_PS_error_approach_values(std_deviation_run,...
 1:numel(lower_constraint)) = PS_model_values(I,1:numel(lower_constraint));
 % Let's collect all of the GA values for plotting histograms later
all_PS_values = [all_PS_values;PS_model_values];
end
```

How do the different approaches compare?

· Lets compare the spread of coefficient values estimated using histograms

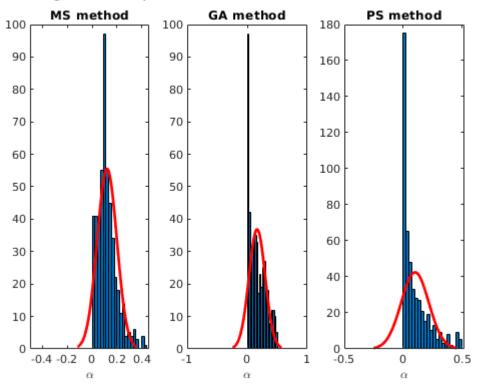
```
x_label = ["k (\sum_{g_{-1}}.h^{-1})" "\lambda g_{-1}" + ...
           "(bar^{-1})" "K_{CO_2} (bar^{-1})"];
% Set maximum histogram plot height, will need to increase for higher
% values set for: 'number_for_std_deviation_calculation' and/or
% 'number median iterations'
max_height=200;
figure;
% Plot histogram and median line for k coefficient estimates for different
% approaches
subplot(1,3,1);
histfit(all_MS_values(:,1),20); xlabel(x_label(1), 'FontSize', 20);
title('MS method')
subplot(1,3,2);
histfit(all_GA_values(:,1),20); xlabel(x_label(1), 'FontSize', 20);
title('GA method')
subplot(1,3,3);
histfit(all_PS_values(:,1),20); xlabel(x_label(1), 'FontSize', 20);
title('PS method')
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 1: Comparsion of estimated k coefficient values')
```

Fig S1-AlgIt 1: Comparsion of estimated k coefficient values



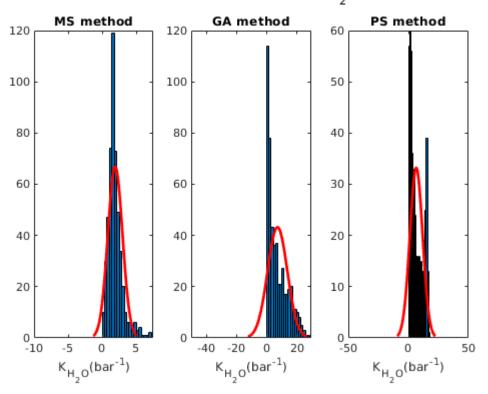
```
figure;
% Plot histogram and median line for alpha coefficient estimates for different
% approaches
subplot(1,3,1);
histfit(all_MS_values(:,2),20); xlabel(x_label(2), 'FontSize', 20);
title('MS method')
subplot(1,3,2);
histfit(all_GA_values(:,2),20); xlabel(x_label(2), 'FontSize', 20);
title('GA method')
subplot(1,3,3);
histfit(all_PS_values(:,2),20); xlabel(x_label(2), 'FontSize', 20);
title('PS method')
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 2: Comparsion of estimated \alpha coefficient values')
```





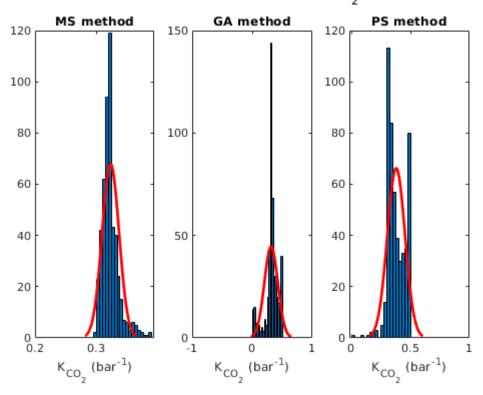
```
figure;
% Plot histogram and median line for KH2O coefficient estimates for different
% approaches
subplot(1,3,1);
histfit(all_MS_values(:,3),20); xlabel(x_label(3), 'FontSize', 20);
title('MS method')
subplot(1,3,2);
histfit(all_GA_values(:,3),20); xlabel(x_label(3), 'FontSize', 20);
title('GA method')
subplot(1,3,3);
histfit(all_PS_values(:,3),20); xlabel(x_label(3), 'FontSize', 20);
title('PS method')
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 3: Comparsion of estimated K_{H_20} coefficient values')
```

Fig S1-AlgIt 3: Comparsion of estimated K_{H_2O} coefficient values



```
figure;
% Plot histogram and median line for KCO2 coefficient estimates for different
% approaches
subplot(1,3,1);
histfit(all_MS_values(:,4),20); xlabel(x_label(4), 'FontSize', 20);
title('MS method')
subplot(1,3,2);
histfit(all_GA_values(:,4),20); xlabel(x_label(4), 'FontSize', 20);
title('GA method')
subplot(1,3,3);
histfit(all_PS_values(:,4),20); xlabel(x_label(4), 'FontSize', 20);
title('PS method')
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 4: Comparsion of estimated K_{CO_2} coefficient values')
```

Fig S1-AlgIt 4: Comparsion of estimated K_{CO_3} coefficient values

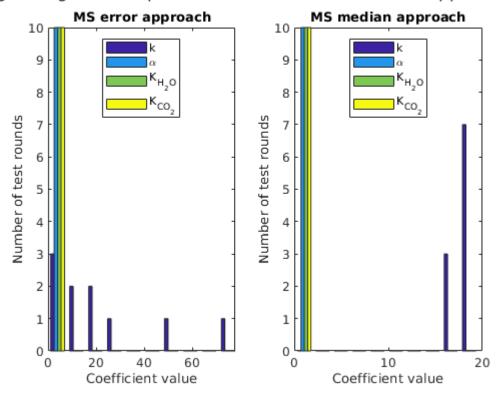


Does choosing the coeffients with the lowest error yield

reproducible results?

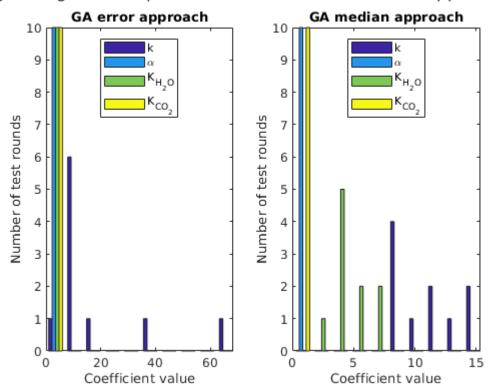
```
% Are the approaches repeatable?
figure;
subplot(1,2,1);
hist(multiple_MS_error_approach_values);
title('MS error approach');
xlabel('Coefficient value');
ylabel('Number of test rounds');
legend({'k', '\alpha', 'K_{H_20}', 'K_{CO_2}'}, 'Location', 'north');
subplot(1,2,2);
hist(multiple_MS_median_approach_values);
title('MS median approach');
xlabel('Coefficient value');
ylabel('Number of test rounds');
legend({'k', '\alpha', 'K_{H_20}', 'K_{CO_2}'}, 'Location', 'north');
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 5: Comparsion of MS median and error approaches')
```

Fig S1-AlgIt 5: Comparsion of MS median and error approaches



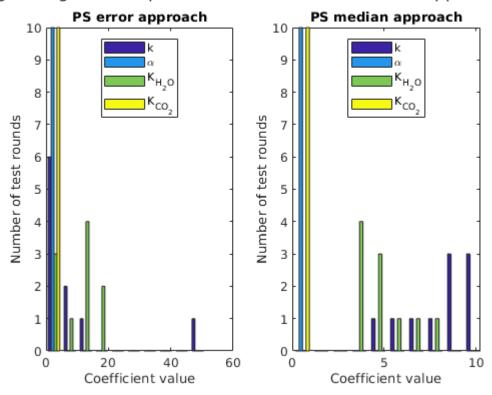
```
figure;
subplot(1,2,1);
hist(multiple_GA_error_approach_values);
title('GA error approach');
xlabel('Coefficient value');
ylabel('Number of test rounds');
legend({'k', '\alpha', 'K_{H_20}', 'K_{CO_2}'}, 'Location', 'north');
subplot(1,2,2);
hist(multiple_GA_median_approach_values);
title('GA median approach');
xlabel('Coefficient value');
ylabel('Number of test rounds');
legend({'k', '\alpha', 'K_{H_20}', 'K_{CO_2}'}, 'Location', 'north');
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 6: Comparsion of GA median and error approaches')
```

Fig S1-AlgIt 6: Comparsion of GA median and error approaches



```
figure;
subplot(1,2,1);
hist(multiple_PS_error_approach_values);
title('PS error approach');
xlabel('Coefficient value');
ylabel('Number of test rounds');
legend({'k', '\alpha', 'K_{H_20}', 'K_{CO_2}'}, 'Location', 'north');
subplot(1,2,2);
hist(multiple_PS_median_approach_values);
title('PS median approach');
xlabel('Coefficient value');
ylabel('Number of test rounds');
legend({'k', '\alpha', 'K_{H_20}', 'K_{CO_2}'}, 'Location', 'north');
sgtitle('Fig S1-AlgIt 7: Comparsion of PS median and error approaches')
```

Fig S1-AlgIt 7: Comparsion of PS median and error approaches



Sum of squares objective function