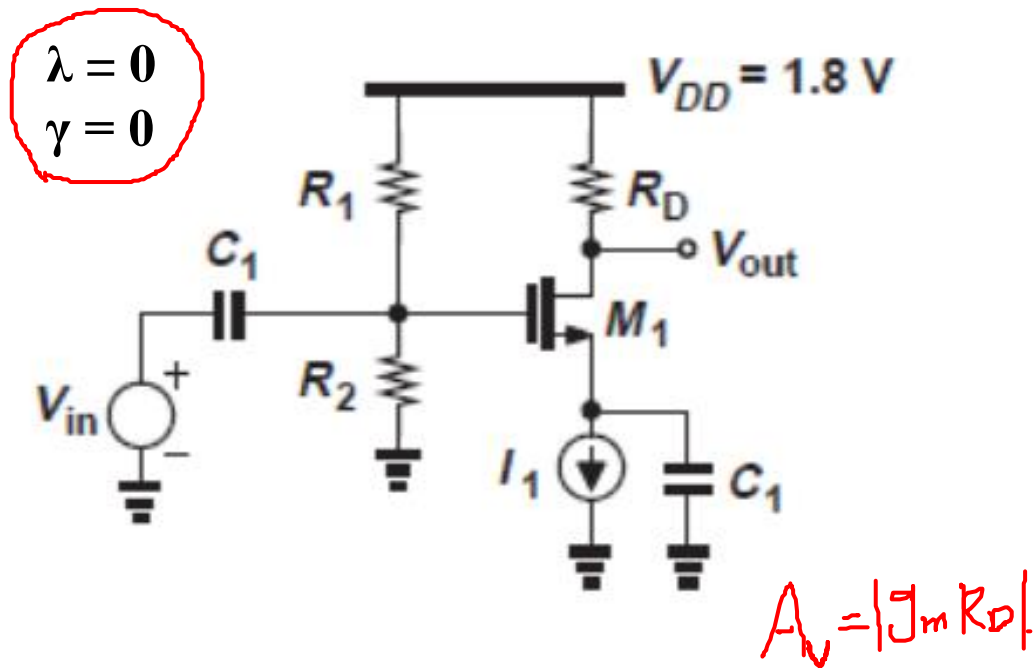
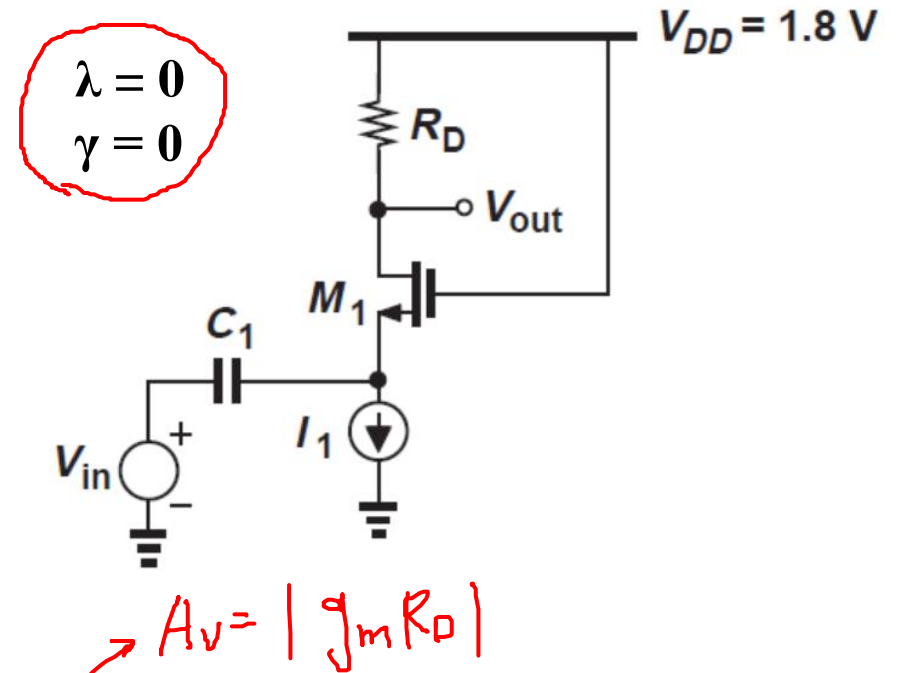


**Quiz 3.1** In the common-source stage shown below, the drain current of  $M_1$  is defined by the ideal current source  $I_1$  and remains independent of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ . Suppose  $I_1 = 1 \text{ mA}$ ,  $R_D = 500 \Omega$ .  $\mu_n C_{ox} = 200 \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ ,  $V_{th} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ .



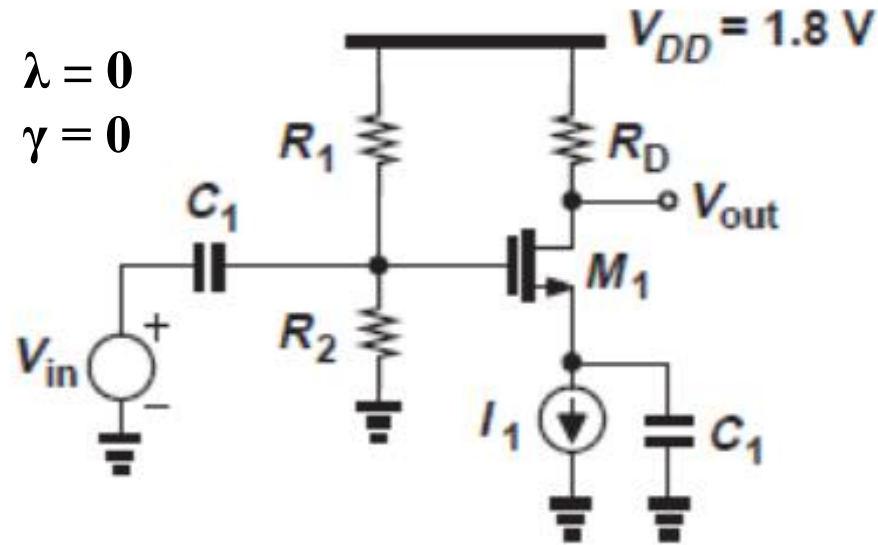
- Compute the value of  $W/L$  to obtain a voltage gain of 5.
- Choose the values of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  to place  $M_1$  200 mV away from the triode region while  $R_1 + R_2$  draws no more than 0.1 mA from the supply.

**Quiz 3.2** The CG amplifier shown below is biased by means of  $I_1 = 1 \text{ mA}$ .  $V_{th} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ .



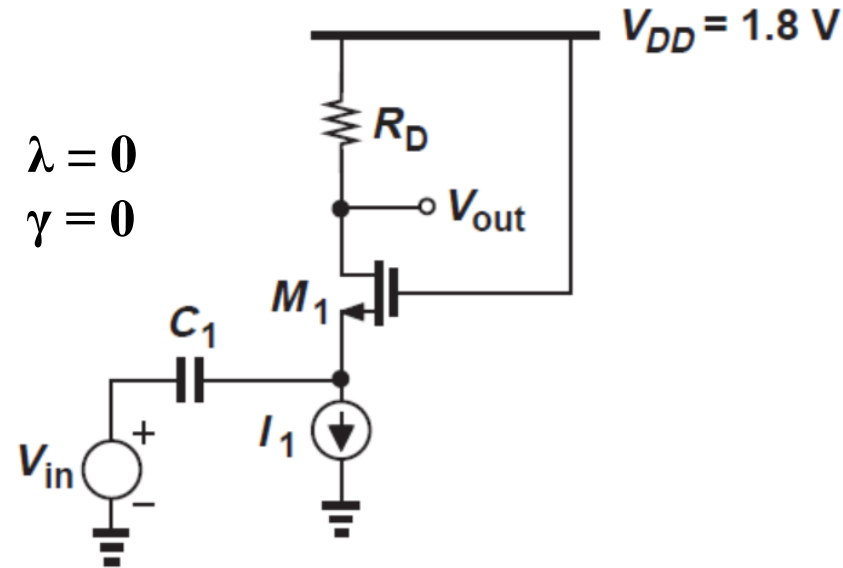
- What value of  $R_D$  places the transistor  $M_1$  100 mV away from the triode region?
- What is the required  $W/L$  if the circuit must provide a voltage gain of 5 with the value of  $R_D$  obtained in (a)?

**Quiz 3.1** In the common-source stage shown below, the drain current of  $M_1$  is defined by the ideal current source  $I_1$  and remains independent of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ . Suppose  $I_1 = 1 \text{ mA}$ ,  $R_D = 500 \text{ } \Omega$ .  $\mu_n C_{ox} = 200 \text{ } \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ ,  $V_{th} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ .



- Compute the value of  $W/L$  to obtain a voltage gain of 5.
- Choose the values of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  to place  $M_1$  200 mV away from the triode region while  $R_1 + R_2$  draws no more than 0.1 mA from the supply.

**Quiz 3.2** The CG amplifier shown below is biased by means of  $I_1 = 1 \text{ mA}$ .  $V_{th} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ .



- (a) What value of  $R_D$  places the transistor  $M_1$  100 mV away from the triode region?
- (b) What is the required  $W/L$  if the circuit must provide a voltage gain of 5 with the value of  $R_D$  obtained in (a)?