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ZENTEMBOIOS 2015
 Oèpa 10
   (2xcosy +3x2y)dx +(x3-x2sing-y)dy=0, av y(0)=2
      Pg = 2x 60sy) + 3x24 = -2x sing +3x2 } py=0x Apa eiver
      Qx=3x2 - 2x sing
      · fx = P c=> fxdx= fpdx=> f(x,y)= f2xcosy+3x2ydx c=>
         5(x,y)= x2cosy + x3y + c1(y)
     ofy=Q <=> $\mathre{\pi}\mathre{\pi}\mathre{\pi}\mathre{\pi}\mathre{\pi}\cosy+x^3y+C_1(g))\y=x^3-x^2siny-y <=>
         -x2sing + x3+6/(q) = x3-x2sing-y = 6/(y) =-9
     Apa c,(y) = S-gdy = - = +c2
     Terlina $(x,y) = x2cosq + x3cq + - \frac{g^2}{2} + C2.
      Opens exw sai 4(0)=2, 4pa:
         f(xg)=2 c=) x2cos0+x3.0- = +6=2 c=)[c2=2-x2]
     Teding: f(x,g) = x^2 \cos y + x^3 g - \frac{y^2}{2} + z - x^2
 Ospia 20
    (x2-24)y = x4 av y(1)=0 ~ Mn AupiBis 4.6 p
     Lo (x2-2y2) du = xg c=)(x2-2y2)dy=xydx (=) xydx+(-x2+2y2)dy=0
        Py = x + Qx = -2x
    πρέπει να βρω με zw: (μ. Pldx + (μ. Qldy =0.
    Παρασηρώ οτι μ=μ(y): @x-Py = -2x2-x = -3

Άρα μ= -3 c=> lnμ=-3·lny c=> lnμ= lny-3c=> μ=y-3
     Tehna exu! (xy=2)dx + (-x2y=3+2y=1)dy=0
       -> Auprilias A.E appou Pg=-Zxg-3=@x
     loze
        · fx = Pc=) f(xg) = fxg-2dx = x2/2 + c, (g)
        · fy = Q (=) ( x2g-2 + G(q)) = -x2g-3+2g-1 (=) -x2g-3+G(q) = -x2g-3+2g-1
               == ((g)=2g-1 (=> (1(g)=)2g-1dg(=>(y)=)2. gdy=2lng+6
     Apa $(x, a) = x2y2+2lig+62, dums y(1)=0 apa:
              0 = x2 +2 la1+ C2 (=) C2 = -x2
     Tedina: f(xy) = x2g-2+2014-x2
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Вёна Зо
       og"+8q=2ex > Toquenin 2ns Ta Fins
            L) p2+9=0 € p=+30
                            Apa 4,=e30, 92=e-30 opus; pe como Euler:
                     4, = cos(3x) + LSIn(3x), 42 = cos(3x) - LSIN(3x)
                     g_3 = \frac{g_1 + g_2}{2} = \cos(3x), \quad g_4 = \frac{g_1 - g_2}{2i} = \sin(3x)
                   TEXING (30= C3 COS(3x) + G4 CON (3x)
            Tea gp!
                    Exw 2ex, Sadasa n=7, apa qp=2ex=qp'=qp".
                    Eco1: 40"+940=20+c=) Lex+96x=20*c=> 101ex=20*c=> 1===
          Tedina y=40+40= = = = + (2005(3x) + Cysin(3x)
     0 x 2 g " +3 x g 1 + 2 y = x 2 + x, x > 0 ~> Euler - Cauchy
               was considered the state of the
               Detw x=etc=)t=lnx (>) ag" + (b-a)g' + (g = MM) R(et)
               Apa: 19"+ 24'+ 184 = e2+ +e+
               Tua yo: p2 +2p+2=0
                                              L) A=4-8=-4
               Apa P1,2 = -2 ± c/4 = -1 ± i
                                9,=6-1+0±c, 42=6-1+01±c
                                     Aπο τύπο Euler καταλήγου στος απολούδα:
                                    40=40 to loss (1) + 400 to sin (1)
              Tra gp, n=2 is 1 # -1+c, 4pa Gérar gp=1e=4p
                                                                                                                                    4P= 102= 91=4P
             Fara: letizlet + 2 let = et == 1 = 3
              Apa 4p = 2et, 4p = 2et
                                         y= 3et + 3et + cet cost+ cue tsint
               Telina
                                           4= = x + = x2 + Gex -1 cos(hx) + Cyx -1 sin (lnx)
                                          y = = = (x+x2) + Cy (cos(lnx) + Cy (sinln(x))
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OEpa 40 (s(s2+55+4) = s(s+1)(s+4) -S(52+55+4) A (Sta) (Sty) 5(5+1)(5+4) + 5(5+1)(5+4) + 5(5+1) A52+5A5+4A+B52+4B5+152+15 5(5+1)(5+4) 52(A+B+5)+5(SA+4B+5)+(4A) (sta)(stal) (s(s48,44))=L-1(\(\frac{1}{5}\)+L-1(\(\frac{1}{5}\)\,\frac{1}{5})+L-1(\(\frac{1}{5}\)\,\frac{1}{5}\)  $=\frac{5}{2}L^{2}(\frac{1}{5})\frac{1}{4}L^{2}(\frac{1}{5+1})+\frac{5}{6}L^{2}(\frac{1}{5+4})=$   $=\frac{5}{2}+\frac{1}{5}e^{-x}+\frac{5}{6}e^{-4x}$ ii) 4"+84"+44=10, à nou 4(0)=4"(0)=0 L> L(q")+SL(q')+4L(q)=L(10) (=) s= Y + sy(0) + g'(0) + s(sY-y(0)) + 4 Y = 10 (=)  $s^2Y + ssY + 4Y = \frac{10}{s} = Y(s^2 + ss + 4) = \frac{10}{s} = Y = \frac{10}{s(s^2 + ss + 4)}$   $O_{\mu\nu\nu}s$   $L^{-1}(Y) = L^{-1}(\frac{10}{s(s^2 + ss + 4)}) = y = \frac{10}{s} + \frac{10}{s}e^{-x} + \frac{10}{s}e^{-4x}$